ANY TWO PAPERS.
The Sun reaches the homes of more readers than any two papers in Lowell. It has the support and confidence of the great mass of the people. It is therefore the best medium for advertising to use in reaching the people who spend money in Lowell.

THE LOWELL SUN

THE PEOPLE'S PAPER.
No corporation, stock company, syndicate, bank, or combine of any kind owns or controls The Sun or dictates its policy. It is the only paper in Lowell owned and conducted by one man, and he has dedicated it to the cause of the people forever.

22ND YEAR | LOWELL, MASS., MONDAY, MARCH 13, 1899. | 8 PAGES 1 CENT

TOWN CAPTURED

Pasig Taken by General Wheaton's Brigade

After a Hot Battle in Which the Enemy Was Driven Back With Severe Loss—The Resistance Was Desultory and Chiefly From Bands of Men Hidden in the Jungles—This is the First Step Towards Final Defeat of Rebels.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

MANILA, March 13.—11.55 a. m.—At daylight tonight, Brigadier-General Lloyd Wheaton's divisional brigade, consisting of the 20th United States infantry, the 22nd infantry, eight companies of the Washington volunteers, seven companies of the Oregon volunteers, three troops of the 4th United States cavalry and mounted battery of the 8th artillery, was drawn up on a ridge behind San Pedro Macati, a mile south of the town.

The advance was sounded at 6.30 a. m., the cavalry leading the column, at a smart trot, across the open to the right, eventually reaching a stump commanding the rear of Guadalupe.

Supported by the Oregons the advance force opened a heavy fire on the rebels. The response was feeble and desultory apparently coming from handfuls of men in every covert.

While the right column was swinging towards the town of Pasig the left advanced pouring volleys into the bush.

A small body of rebels made a determined stand at Guadalupe church but the enemy was unable to withstand the assault.

At 7.30 a. m., a river gunboat started towards Pasig. The rebels were first encountered by this vessel in the jungle near Guadalupe.

Steaming slowly, the gunboat poured a terrific fire from her gatling guns into the brush. For all of an hour the whirring of the rapid fire guns alternated with the booming of the heavier pieces on board.

In the meantime, Scott's battery ashore, was shelling the trenches and driving the enemy back. The artillery then advanced to the ridge of bamboo and drove a few of the enemys' sharpshooters away with volleys from their carbines. The artillery then advanced and met with little opposition.

In the meantime the infantry had been sent forward to extend the order, the Washington regiment resting on the bank of the river, each regiment deploying on reaching its station and furnishing its own supports.

The entire column then wheeled towards the river driving the enemy towards his supports and then advanced on Guadalupe. The artillery moved to a ridge commanding Pasig and Parteros.

By this time the enemy was in full flight along a line over a mile long and the firing was continued temporarily in order to give the troops a rest before making the attack on Pasig.

The enemy's loss was believed to be severe, but only eight Americans were wounded.

At this stage of the engagement it was raining heavily.

SOME CASUALTIES.
By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW YORK, March 13.—A special to this city from Manila gives the following list of casualties: Killed: James S. Kine, private, 20th Kansas; wounded: Privates L. F. Alger, Thomas Miller, Charles Davis, 20th U. S. Infantry; Corporal Charles Easley, 22d Infantry.

CAVITE WOMEN.

WANT TO TAKE PLACES OF MEN AND FIGHT.
By Associated Press to The Sun.

TACOMA, Wash., March 13.—Oriental papers brought by the steamer Victoria contain the following extract from the Republica Filipino, the Insurgents' paper:

"Splendid demonstrations of the Cavite women, without distinction of class or age, unanimously requested with enthusiasm to be permitted to take the place of men if the men perish in the struggle against the Americans for the defence of the independence of the Philippines. They say that irrespective of the weakness of their sex, the love of their country will make them strong and will animate them to keep combat against the Americans." A telegram published in the Republica says that a letter has been found in Baliway offering $5000 reward for the assassination of Aguinaldo.

GEN. MILES.

WILL BE IN BOSTON NEXT WEEK.
By Associated Press to The Sun.

BOSTON, March 13.—One week from today Boston will open wide her hospitable doors to the one man whose coming can rival in popular interest the visit of the president of the United States.

The nation's chief executive came in the sombre garb prescribed by tradition for the occupant of the White House but was surrounded by all the martial pomp and military display to which his high office entitled him.

The chief soldier of the nation will come resplendent in the gold and lace of the general commanding the army of the United States and will be surrounded by throngs of friends and admirers clad in habiliments of peace that will represent the highest circles—social political and professional—of the Bay State, which proudly claims him as her son.

Major-General Nelson A. Miles comes to Boston, not as a private citizen returning "home," but officially and hence to be officially recognized as the "first soldier of the land." The difference is a very decided one.

WAGES RESTORED.
By Associated Press to The Sun.

MANCHESTER, N. H., March 13.—The Manchester mills have raised price for weaving in No. 1 mill 10 per cent to take effect April 3, and all reduction in wages that went in to effect in January, 1898, will be restored.

THE GIRLS' DANCE.

The officers of the Girls' Battalion of the Lowell High School will hold their party April 6 at the Highland Club hall. The officers are: General manager, Miss Edith S. Richardson; assistant, Miss Martini McMahon; floor director, Miss Anna G. Feis; chief aid, Miss Raymah Robinson.

LOWELL SOLDIER HOME.

Clarence B. Livingstone, a graduate of the high school, class of '96, returned from Porto Rico Saturday after a continuous service since August 29 in the United States hospital corps.

He expressed himself as being unfavorably impressed with the customs of the island's inhabitants but says that the spirit of bustle characteristic of the American is becoming evident in the native population.

PETITION REFUSED.

The petition of the school teachers of Lowell for a reduction of fares in teachers schools during the day on the Lowell and Suburban road has been refused.

FROM A CHURCH

A Collector Arrested for Stealing Money

WILLIAM A. DOUCETTE PROVED DISHONEST.

Rev. Fr. Barry Put Detectives on His Trail.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BOSTON, March 13.—William Doucette, a pew rent collector at St. Cecilia's Catholic church, Back Bay, was arrested by two headquarters detectives during the 10.30 mass yesterday morning. He is now locked up in the Tombs. The charge against him is that of stealing $4,000 at divers times from Rev. Richard F. Barry and the parishioners of the church. The complainant in the case is Fr. Barry.

Doucette is 22 years old and lives at 206 Massachusetts ave. He is an adopted son of Mrs. Summers, who lives at that address. He is a salesman for a downtown firm and is an intelligent looking fellow. Heretofore he has had an excellent reputation. His arrest caused considerable surprise among the parishioners of the church and social circles where he has been very well known and highly esteemed.

He is said to be engaged to a daughter of a well-known member of the church and was to have been married in a short time.

Detectives caught him by marked bills. A great falling off in the receipts of the church caused the pastor to suspect him and the theft was easily traced to him.

BIG FIRE

DESTROYED HALF A BLOCK AT PORT DAWSON.
By Associated Press to The Sun.

SEATTLE, Wash., March 13.—Half a block of Port Dawson, Alaska, was destroyed by fire on February 13, the loss aggregating $50,000. The fire started in Rogers' bunk house, spread to Fish & Co.'s store and then continued south to the other buildings which were as dry as tinder. The flames were checked just before reaching Kelly & Co.'s store. A quantity of merchandise was stolen from the burned buildings. The business houses burned and their estimated losses were as follows: Fish & Co., general merchandise, $20,000 Rogers' bunk house, $2,500; Dr. Benson, a dentist, $2,500; Pullman restaurant, $5,000; Aimer Bros., groceries, $10,000; Schwartz and Rolleman, general merchandise, $5,000.

MILL AFIRE

BIG CONFLAGRATION AT SALISBURY, MD., THIS MORNING.
By Associated Press to The Sun.

SALISBURY, Md., March 13.—At 4 o'clock this morning fire broke out in Jackson's mill. The flames spread rapidly aided by a high wind which scattered the sparks in every direction and increased the violence of the flames. The fire department worked heroically but the flames got beyond their control and help was asked from Wilmington. The mill and the big lumber yard are now a glowing mass of fire. The flames spread to adjoining property and there was great apprehension that the entire lower part of the town would be destroyed.

James F. O'Donnell,
UNDERTAKER.
Telephone at Residence, Office, Stables,
MARKET ST. COR. WORTHEN.

MONEY DEPOSITED
On or before Monday, April 3, in the Savings Department of the
TRADERS' NATIONAL BANK,
will draw interest from April 1, at the rate per annum of 4 per cent. Compounded Semi-Annually.
FOREIGN DRAFTS At Market Rates
Middlesex St., Cor. Post Office avenue.
Bank Hours { Daily, 8. a. m. to 4 p. m. / Saturdays { 9 a. m. to 1 p. m. / 7 to 9 p. m.
UNITED STATES DEPOSITARY.
Agents for sale of U. S. Revenue Stamps.

A 25c. WINDOW. See the line of agate ware we are offering for 25 cents this week consisting of tea and coffee pots, sauce pans, stew kettles, etc. O'Brien Bros., Tea Dealers, 227 Central street. Telephone. Sign of the Gold T.

ALLAN LINER LOST

The Castilian Queen of the Fleet a Total Loss.

Struck Gannett Ledge Near Yarmouth, Nova Scotia—The Passengers Rescued by Tugs Yesterday—Derangement of Compass the Cause.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

HALIFAX, N. S., March 13.—The new Allan liner Castilian, bound for this port from Portland with passengers and a general cargo for Liverpool, went ashore at Gannet Rock, twelve miles southwest from Yarmouth, at 4.30 o'clock yesterday morning in a dense fog; the cause of the accident being the derangement of the compasses. The fifty passengers and most of her crew, with their baggage, were taken off in safety, the others remaining on the ship, which is in immediate danger of going to pieces.

Immediately after the vessel struck she began to make water. The best of discipline prevailed, the passengers returning to their berths, from whence they were later summoned to don life belts, which many were when they landed at Yarmouth from tugs last evening.

Two compartments aft filled with water. The place of the disaster is a few miles from where the Moravian of the Allan line was lost some years ago.

The first and second holds are full of water. The steamer is aground aft to the engine room, and there are six feet of water in the engine room. The steamer is bulged badly up from the saloon, and there are six fathoms of water under her aft.

The Castilian left Portland, Me., for Liverpool, at one o'clock Saturday afternoon. During the night the weather became hazy. The steamer was proceeding slowly. A vigilant lookout for buoys and other signals was maintained.

The strictest watch seems to have been kept, but suddenly, a few minutes before 3.30 o'clock, breakers were sighted on the port beam. The telegraph rang with orders to reverse the engines, but before the order could be obeyed the big liner struck on the edges, running up gently and with so little shock that the 60 passengers sleeping in their berths were not awakened.

The steamer was fifteen miles out of her course, with a fresh southwest wind which would increase the current. Four hundred head of cattle, 100 sheep and 100 horses are on board, and in good condition. A well-known Boston-Nova Scotia captain says a southwest wind always makes the current run swiftly.

Rockets were fired and every possible signal given for help.

When daylight came men were sent ashore and after driving nine miles tugs were sent to take off the passengers who were awaiting the work with life preservers on.

The Castilian has had a brief career. She was launched in January, ran her trials February 9 on the Clyde, left Liverpool February 24 and Halifax March 4 for Portland. She was the largest Allan liner afloat and was the pioneer of the new fleet of 10,000-ton ships the Allans are building for the Canadian trade. She was in charge of the Commodore-Captain of the line, Capt. Barrett, and this is probably his first accident. The passengers and crew of the wrecked steamship leave Yarmouth this morning for Halifax to catch the mail steamer Vancouver for England.

RELIEF STEAMER.

On receiving word of the wreck of the Castilian, the agents here at once made arrangements for the steamer Aberdeen to go to the scene of the wreck. She left this morning. The steamers City of Ghent and Delta will leave today to assist in salving the cargo, etc.

STRIKE SETTLED

Compromise in the Quincy Trouble.

THE STRIKERS HAVE WON A VICTORY.

Cutters to Resume Work Tomorrow at Latest.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

QUINCY, Mass., March 13.—The granite strike of 1899 has passed into history. At dawn this morning the final articles in the bill of prices were settled and the strike was declared off.

Throughout the night, the two committees had been wrestling with the various items in the bills submitted by the association and the union. The vital point, the minimum price per hour to be paid, was discussed for hours without any apparent hope for settlement. The men held to 30 cents and the manufacturers were willing to concede 27 1-2. For a long time both sides were obstinate, and more than once an adjournment was attempted, only to be voted down. Finally, at 3.40 in the morning, the men presented a proposition of 28 cents, and it was agreed to by the manufacturers.

Immediately a great cheer went up from both sides, and the members of the two committees vied with each other in making noise. This manifestation of joy relieved the great strain to which the men had been subjected all night, and they yelled and clapped their hands to the point of satiety.

While neither side is claiming a victory, it is conceded that the men have the best of the bargain.

ST. PATRICK'S DAY

HOW IT WILL BE CELEBRATED IN LOWELL.

The Cadet band will hold an Ivy Leaf party in Associate hall.

The Boys of '98 will hold forth in Columbia hall.

The Burkes and Mathews will observe the day by socials complimentary to members.

The Irish Benevolents will toast St. Patrick at a banquet table.

Lowell council, Knights of Columbus, will have a smoke talk and Joseph Smith, clerk of the police commission, will give an address.

As for informal observances there will be one at the rooms of all the rest of the local Irish organizations.

Masses will be celebrated and there will be panegyrics on St. Patrick at every Catholic church in the city. At St. Patrick's the service will be the most extensive and the city government has been invited to attend.

The minstrels of the Sacred Heart parish will hold an entertainment at the parochial school hall.

A dancing party managed by the Aetna social club will be held in Prescott hall.

CONDUCTOR KILLED.
By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW YORK, March 13.—Samuel Hudmill, a conductor of the Blue Line express, east bound from Philadelphia on the Central railroad of New Jersey, was knocked from the platform of a car and killed at Bayonne, N. J. Several cars passed over him.

HAD THREE WIVES

Jesse Fountain a Travelling Salesman

FOUND TO BE A BASE DECEIVER.

Has Three Wives, All Around Boston.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BOSTON, March 13.—Two pretty women, one the mother of two children, are expected to appear in Cambridge city court today to testify to a charge of alleged bigamy against Jesse W. Fountain, a pleasant-faced, athletic looking commercial traveller, who was arrested in Monson a few days ago and brought from Palmer to Cambridge jail Saturday by Chief Inspector James E. Murray of the Cambridge police force.

The story of Fountain's flight from Cambridge a year ago was told together with the formal complaints made by the two women, both of whom, though they live now in the western part of the state, formerly resided in Boston.

And it was here that the dual married life of Fountain was said to have begun.

Fountain's arrest in Monson last Thursday was a fortunate accident as viewed by the Cambridge police. Fountain has been a drummer latterly for Dunn & Co., soap manufacturers of New Haven, Conn. In this capacity he visited Monson Thursday and at the Boston & Albany station he was seen alighting from a train by James Rogers, a nephew of Gertrude (Rogers) Fountain, who claims to be wife No. 1.

The nephew recognized Fountain instantly and upon his information the arrest took place soon afterward. Then Chief Inspector Murray of Cambridge was notified and hastened to bring the prisoner back to Cambridge.

Chief Murray believes he has an excellent case against the prisoner and the circumstances, he says, make it one of the meanest on record.

DR. DICKINSON DEAD.
By Associated Press to The Sun.

CHICAGO, March 13.—Rev. W. C. Dickinson, D.D., a well known Presbyterian minister, died yesterday at his home in Evanstown.

THOMSON LINER OVERDUE.
By Associated Press to The Sun.

MONTREAL, March 13.—The Thomson line steamer Arona is still to be heard from and this is the 46th day she has been out, having sailed from Portland, Me., on the afternoon of January 27.

Putnam & Son

Our Hat Stock

is complete—all of the new shapes of Derbys and Fedoras are here—not one missing.

Fine Fur Fedoras,
in pearl, brown and black, handsomely trimmed, sold elsewhere at $1.00.
We supply you at 54 cents.

Ten Cases Just in Fur Derbys.
in black and brown, new and stylish shapes, well trimmed, sold at other houses for $1.00.
We supply you at 69 cents.

Fur Pearl Fedoras,
with wide white silk band and binding, sold at other houses for $1.25.
We supply you at 89 cents.

The Dunlap Block,
in the new and fashionable maple, brown trimming, sold at other houses for $2.25.
We supply you at $1.67.

Self Conforming Derbys,
all of the new shapes, in black and brown, elegantly trimmed, fully warranted, sold by other houses at $2.50 and $3.00.
We supply you at $1.93.

PUTNAM & SON
166 Central Street.

THAT THIS IS THE
AGE OF STEEL
Is Evident from Every FIRST CLASS CONSTRUCTION, whether BUILDings, BRIDGES, BATTLESHIPS OR
STEEL RANGES,
Steel radiates quickly, giving you immediate and full benefit of fire, and saving at least 25 per cent. in fuel. Requires no blacking. Always retains its lustre.
Like a locomotive jacket, always exposed, it looks well and wears better. For sale only at O'Heir & Co's.
Price from $30 to $200. CASH OR CREDIT. THE PEOPLE'S FAVORITE FURNITURE STORE.
A. E. O'HEIR & CO., 14, 16 and 18 Merrimack St.

CENSUS OFFICERS

Outline the Policy Governing Their Task.

POLITICAL INFLUENCE WILL NOT COUNT

Unless Applicants for Work are Competent.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WASHINGTON, March 13.—The policy that will govern the task of taking the census of 1900, was outlined in an official statement made Saturday by Director Merriam and Assistant Director Wines. Director Merriam starts for Minnesota this afternoon leaving Assistant Director Wines in charge. On Governor Merriam's return, Dr. Wines will go home to settle his private affairs. The statement of policy is in part as follows:

"As to prospective appointments to office, the services of no more staff officers can be utilized at present and there will be no others selected, certainly within 30 days. Prof. Henry Gannett, the well known geographer of the geological survey who was the political and statistical geographer of the last census, has been asked to take charge of the same work for the coming census and if the geological survey is willing to spare him sufficiently to do so, he will be entrusted with it and given an absolutely free hand. When the schedules come back in July, 1900, there will be a large force of employes appointed. All applications for office will receive consideration and a large number already have been received and placed on file. While the impression has gone abroad that the census is to be a refuge for incompetency, the truth and the actual facts is that all the applicants will be subject to an examination before appointment which will be as rigid as the examinations before the civil service commission. The political influence will not be sufficient to put an employe on the census pay roll of whose competency to do the work assigned him the director is not satisfied in advance. And furthermore, if any employe is found to be incompetent on trial, such employe will be discharged regardless of his or her political backing. After the general administrative officers are selected there must be 300 supervisors appointed and in their selection consultation will be had with senators and representatives in the respective states. It may be announced also that senators and representatives who do not belong to the republican party will receive the same fair treatment and consideration along this line that is given republicans. These supervisors will be appointed by the president and confirmed by the senate. None of these, as not contemplated, is to receive appointments, but the list will be ready for submission to the senate at the opening of the next session. The supervisors in turn will also appoint 40,000 enumerators to do the actual work throughout the country, but the list of appointments must first have the approval of the directors of the census. Assuming the population of the United States at this time to be 80,000,000 people, there must be 400,000 sheets issued for the population schedules alone. Adding to those the other schedules there will have to be in the aggregate not less than half a million such sheets in printed form issued. All this mass of paper will be manufactured and printed without delay.

"The chances are that a system of machine calculating which admits of counting facts in combination and which worked so well in the last census will be adopted for that of 1900. Taking all in all, the complete number of appointments that will be made during the course of the census will be over 45,000.

DEATHS.

QUINN—The many friends of Mrs. Isabella Quinn will be pained to hear of her death which occurred at her late home, 7 Oak street, Saturday afternoon at 4 o'clock, aged 63 years. Deceased is survived by five daughters, Mrs. Rose Gaffney, Mrs. McClernan, Catherine B., wife of P. J. O'Brien; Sister Veracunda of D'Arville academy, New York, and Miss Mary; also three sons, Lawrence, Peter, and M. J., of the Young Men's Catholic Institute. The deceased was an old resident of Lowell and a devout member of the Immaculate church. She had many virtues, traits of character which endeared her to every body. She passed away peacefully after receiving the rites of her church and surrounded by her family. Funeral Tuesday morning at 9 o'clock from the Immaculate Conception church.

SWEET—Dr. Edward Forrest Sweet of Boston, aged 32 years, son of Dr. O. Preston Sweet, also of that city, died at St. John's hospital Saturday night. He had been ill but a short time, having been taken with an attack of pneumonia Friday night at the Washington Tavern and removed to the hospital. The body was sent to Boston today.

FARR—Samuel Farr, Jr., who died Saturday at his home, 142 Market street aged 26 years, leaves besides a mother, two sisters, Isabella R., of this city and Mrs. Mary Davidson of Amherst, N. H. The deceased was a young man of very bright promise and highly respected in the community. He was a most devoted son and a fond and loving brother. The bereaved relatives have the heartfelt sympathy of numerous friends and relatives in and out of the city. Funeral tomorrow afternoon at 2.30 o'clock. Friends invited.

FUNERALS.

FARR—The funeral services of Fabyan J. Farr were held from his late residence, 5 Hazeltine street, yesterday afternoon. Rev. Hibbert J. Lockhart of Chelsea officiated and the bearers were Thomas R. Knight, W. J. Scott, and O. R. Barclay of the Odd Fellows and Mr. J. O. Storm. There was singing by Miss Edna M. Sawtell and Miss Jessie Noyes. A delegation from Mechanics lodge, I. O. O. F., attended and held ritualistic services at the grave. Interment was at the Edson cemetery.

HUNTRESS—The funeral services of Mrs. Julia A. Huntress, wife of Elisha Huntress, took place from her late residence at North Chelmsford yesterday afternoon. Rev. Robert Dunbar officiated and the bearers were F. F. Blodgett, W. Joslin, E. F. Small and J. Simpson. There was singing by Mr. and Mrs. Hubert Bearce, Mrs. Scribner and Mr. Arthur Slater. Interment in the Edson cemetery.

POLICE COURT

A LARGE GRIST OF DRUNKS AND SEVERAL SENT TO BRIDGEWATER.

There was an unusually big grist of drunks before Judge Hadley this morning in police court and in the list were many old timers.

One of the latter had been fourteen times before court for drunkenness since 1895 and was today sentenced to the state farm at Bridgewater. Among the other old drunk offenders sent to the same institution were John J. Hart, John Mulvey, John J. Jennings, Wm. H. Eagan and William Hammond. The latter appealed and was ordered in $200 for his appearance before the grand jury.

John Flemmings, drunkenness was sentenced to the Massachusetts reformatory.

George Brady, drunk, two months in jail.

The drunks fined $5 were: John Cuff, Frank Hart, Patrick McNamara, Jas Scullin, Christopher Whalen, and Owen McCaffrey. The latter in addition to the fine of $5 was ordered to give sureties in the sum of $100 to keep the peace for six months.

Patrick J. Ford, drunk, was fined $3.

Mary E. Goss, drunk, was ordered in $100 until Friday next for trial.

Samuel Cangilmar, barred with snowballing, had his case continued until the juvenile session of court on Friday.

Six simple drunks were released by court and five fere each fined $1.

ADJT GENERAL'S DENIAL.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WASHINGTON, March 13.—It was positively denied in the adjutant general's office today that any dispatch had been received last night from General Otis regarding a conference with General Lawton. It is well understood, however, that General Otis is only awaiting the arrival of the remainder of his reinforcements to inaugurate an active campaign. The war department according to its officials is awaiting with quite as much interest as the public some definite news from the Philippines which will show how General Otis intends to utilize General Lawton and his reinforcements in the campaign against the natives. It has been quite generally understood without official confirmation, however, that General Lawton on his arrival would be assigned to active command of operations in the field, leaving General Otis more time for the administrative duties of military government. The department says that it has not tied the command-military government. The department says that the only instructions sent him have been in general terms. General Lawton's training in Indian fighting has peculiarly fitted him for his present command.

"No Eye Like the Master's Eye."

You are master of your health, and if you do not attend to duty, the blame is easily located. If your blood is out of order, Hood's Sarsaparilla will purify it.

It is the specific remedy for troubles of the blood, kidneys, bowels or liver.

Kidneys—"My kidneys troubled me, and on advice took Hood's Sarsaparilla which gave prompt relief, better, appetite. My sleep is refreshing. It cured my wife also." MICHAEL BOYLE, 3473 Denny Street, Pittsburg, Pa.

Scrofulous Humor—"I was in terrible condition from the itching and burning of scrofulous humor. Grew worse under treatment of several doctors. Took Hood's Sarsaparilla and Hood's Pills. These cured me thoroughly." J. J. LITTLE, Fulton, N. Y.

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Never Disappoints

Hood's Pills cure liver ills; the non-irritating and only cathartic to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Why not rent a Piano until you are ready to buy? We rent good Doll, Baus & Stoddart Uprights at $4 to $5 per month, and allow one year's rent toward purchase.

Jacob Doll
216 MERRIMACK STREET,
LOWELL, MASS.

THE TAX HEARING

Capt. Manning a Mill Expert Testifies

ON VALUE OF WATER PLANTS.

He Didn't Juggle His Calculations.

The testimony of Capt. Charles H. Manning, a mechanical engineer in the tax hearing cases at the closing session was quite interesting. He is a resident of Manchester and is widely known as a mechanical expert.

Captain Manning, as he is widely known by title is an old naval officer and when placed on the retired list a few years ago, was a passed assistant engineer with the rank of lieutenant. For many years he was an instructor at the Annapolis naval academy.

"When the Spanish-American war broke out," he said, "I was called back into service first as senior assistant and some time later he acted at Key West. I found four monitors the Charlestown navy yard and then and eight or ten other vessels there awaiting repairs. I had the monitors repaired in the following week. I left the station in the latter part of August when yellow fever broke out and drove the fleet away."

The captain is also chairman of the committee on engineering at Harvard college, and a member of the board of visitors at the Lawrence Scientific school.

Objection was raised by City Solicitor Qua as to the reason for tearing down the mills in Manchester, on which he is engaged but this was preliminary to the question as to what value he placed upon the Tremont and Suffolk water plant, which he had examined.

"I place no value at all upon it," replied the witness. "The cost of running by water is high as compared with the cost of running by steam. To arrive at this conclusion I took the cost of water power form '96 to '97 I figured on the Tremont side 6½ mill powers, $300 rental, at $1950; supplus water at $5539; labor of one man for 52 weeks at —"

Mr. Qua objected. "Where were the figures obtained? From the books of the company?"

"They were given by Agent Thomas on slips of paper."

The objection was over-ruled. Witness continued: Labor of one man at $6.41 a week, $487.32; interest on loan for water wheel plant, $2510; interest on raceway loan, $2000; depreciation at 3 per cent. $1657.50; depreciation at 2 per cent. on raceways, $2000; oil and supplies, $93.64; repairs, $1081.61; insurance on $25,000, $374; taxes, $696; total, $17,340.10.

"The rate of insurance on a water plant is very low. It is not necessary to insure the wheelpits or raceways.

"I figured the cost on the Suffolk side at $17,205.29 and on the Lawrence section at $23,013.53, including the steam for slashing. It cost for developing 1191 powers of steam on the Tremont, $26,978 for coal; $4148.50 for wages; $422.-59 for supplies; $658.79 for repairs; $1800 for interest; $2250 for depreciation; $824.-40 for taxes; $450 for insurance; total, $37,351.11. The total cost for power by steam on the Suffolk I found to be $53.-851.07. This would make the total cost of producing all power for that year $143,775.23 or $21.02 per horse power.

"To install a new steam plant capable of producing the power required I estimate the cost at $220,220, allowing 10 per cent for leeway. It would cost $117,117.10 a year to run this plant, or $17.22 a horse power. But in a new mill not over 6100 horse power would be required in place of the 6800 required at present. The modern steam plant would save $31,057.83 a year over the cost of the present plant. The saving on a 6100 power basis would be $13,-732.66."

Mr. Qua went at considerable length into the question of the construction of a better water plant for purposes of comparison. He claimed that the building of five new raceways would be only half chargeable to the Tremont and Suffolk.

Mr. Dunbar asked where he obtained this information.

Mr. Qua asked whether it was not true and said that he would give the required information when papers and books withheld in the case were produced.

The court is not likely to know, then" said Mr. Dunbar.

Capt. Manning gave brief testimony at the afternoon session and Charles T. Main of Boston was recalled. He testified:

"There is no standard value of water power. The value depends upon many conditions. The power derived from water is in direct proportion to the head. The development would be in inverse proportion. The size of raceways affects the head more than length. The fall at the Lawrence is higher than at the Tremont and Suffolk. The average head is 21 feet. Under the same conditions, the development of the Lawrence plant would cost less than for the Tremont and Suffolk. The present water plant on the corporation is the best that could be put in under the circumstances."

In cross examination: The average efficiency of wheels is probably 5 per cent. higher than it was 20 years ago. There has been no marked improvement in water plants during recent years. The utility has increased in comparison to the cost. The efficiency of a wheel is the per cent. of theoretical power that you can get out of it. Examining this plant and putting in the best water power possible to produce the amount of water power now produced, I find a slight saving in favor of the water."

"In favor of the water?" asked Mr. Dunbar.

"In favor of the water," replied the witness. "I would put iron wheels into an ideal water plant," he continued, "and unless broken by ice, they would wear 50 years. Wooden headgates should last 25 years and steel feeders, if well taken care of, should wear 50 years. Foundations and tailraces of granite should last a long time."

The remainder of the session was devoted to technical evidence. The case was then adjourned until Tuesday morning.

FOR INDIGESTION TRY SEMLET TABLETS
All Druggists 10¢ 25¢ 50¢

PERIODS OF PAIN.

Menstruation, the balance wheel of woman's life, is also the bane of existence to many because it means a time of great suffering.

While no woman is entirely free from periodical pain, it does not seem to have been nature's plan that women otherwise healthy should suffer so severely. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the most thorough female regulator known to medical science. It relieves the condition that produces so much discomfort and robs menstruation of its terrors. Here is proof:

DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—How can I thank you enough for what you have done for me? When I wrote to you I was suffering untold pain at time of menstruation; was nervous, had headache all the time, no appetite, that tired feeling, and did not care for anything. I have taken three bottles of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, one of Blood Purifier, two boxes of Liver Pills, and to-day I am a well person. I would like to have those who suffer know that I am one of the many who have been cured of female complaints by your wonderful medicine and advice. —MISS JENNIE R. MILES, Leon, Wis.

If you are suffering in this way, write as Miss Miles did to Mrs. Pinkham at Lynn, Mass., for the advice which she offers free of charge to all women.

THREE MILLION

DOLLARS FOR THE CUBAN ARMY LOADED INTO TEN TRUCKS.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW YORK, March 11.—A squad of 30 picked men from Company B, 13th regulars under command of Captain Little went to the sub treasury today, and the $3,000,000 for the Cuban army was loaded into ten trucks. Two armed private guards, three soldiers and police were detailed to each truck. The trucks were driven to the government ing General Meigs and the money was transferred on it to the government transport Meade.

OPENED IRREGULAR.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW YORK, March 11.—Cotton: Futures opened irregular. March, 622; April, 619; May, 620; June, 618; July, 620; August, 621; September, 610; October, 611; November, 611; December, 613; January, 615.

KIPLING STILL GAINING.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW YORK, March 11.—All the information regarding the condition of Rudyard Kipling that Mr. Doubleday his friend, would communicate to the reporters today was that the sick man felt better today than he did yesterday. Mr. Doubleday would give no direct reply to questions as to how the night was, passed by Mr. Kipling, nor would he either confirm or deny the statement that the fact of little Josephine's death had been made known to her father. Mr. Doubleday's reticence and an appearance of anxiety that was observed in his demeanor has aroused the fear that Mr. Kipling's progress toward convalescing is not altogether satisfactory.

WHOLE TOWN BURNING.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., March 11.—A special to the Post-Dispatch says that Mountain Grove, a town on the Kansas City, Fort Scott & Memphis railroad, 65 miles southeast of Springfield, is burning and that the business portion is doomed.

A COAL COMBINE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

CHARLESTOWN, W. Va., March 11.—The Consolidation of the New River and Kanawha coal operators has been effected under the name of the New River and Kanawha Consolidated Coal and Coke company, composed of fifty operators representing an annual production of 4,000,000 in coal and coke. The members of this company were recently indicted by the Federal Grand Jury at Cincinnati for forming a combination contrary to the United States trust laws.

Demurrers to the indictments will be made in the Federal court at Cincinnati next Monday.

ARRIVES IN LIVERPOOL.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

LIVERPOOL, March 11.—The Cunard line steamer Pavonia, Captain Atkins, which sailed for Boston January 24 from this port and was towed into St. Michael's January 14, arrived here at 2.30 o'clock this morning in tow of two tugs.

ANOTHER BIG COMBINE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, March 11.—The Enquirer says there will soon be a combine under the New Jersey laws of all the sheet iron and roofing interests in the country; that an agent is here now securing an option on the large rolling mills at Newport, Ky., and that the new combine will include two mills at Pittsburg, one each at Chicago, Cleveland, St. Louis, Muncie, Ind., and Canton, Ohio.

Infants are effected by foods taken by the nursing mother.

Prof. W. B. Cheadle, of St. Mary's Hospital and author of a treatise on the feeding of infants, has shown by experiments that wasting diseases, will result from depriving children of fats and hypophosphites.

Dr. Thompson says Cod-liver oil is what such mothers and infants require. "Scott's Emulsion" is pure Norwegian Cod-liver oil with hypophosphites.

50c. and $1.00; all druggists.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

A $30,000 BLAZE

In the National and Providence Worsted Mill.

A DRYING MACHINE WAS OVERHEATED.

The Mill Employed 400 Hands.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., March 11.—A fire that is supposed to have been caused by the overheating of a drying machine in the No. 3 mill of the national and Providence Worsted Company, originating shortly after eight o'clock this morning, did about $30,000 damage, the loss being divided between wool and washing and drying machinery. The fire was confined to the lower floor of the building, the wash house and dry room, but went on the floor above was damaged by smoke as was yarn in the spinning room, third floor. The loss is fully covered by insurance.

There are 400 hands employed in the mill in which the fire was but no person was injured. Two alarms were sent in for the fire.

There will be no interruption in the work at the mill save for a few days in the room in which the fire was, and in the wool room.

McGUNNIGLE'S FUNERAL

SERVICES THIS FORENOON AT ST. PATRICK'S CHURCH BROCKTON.

The funeral of the late base ball manager William H. McGunnigle took place Saturday from his late home, 35 Arch street, Brockton, and was largely attended, many out-of-town people being present including the faithful base ball lieutenant and devoted friend of the departed—Mr. Jas. A. Cudworth of the Hotel Belvidere, this city. The remains were taken to St. Patrick's church, Brockton, where a solemn requiem mass was celebrated followed by interment in the Catholic cemtery in that place.

Concerning the illness which brought about Mr. McGunnigle's death it might here be stated, dates from the time over a year ago when he was the victim of an electric car accident at Salisbury square, Brockton. At that time his left leg was injured. It bothered him up to the time of his death, and toward the latter days of his life his whole left side was affected by a sort of paralysis and his left leg shortened materially.

At times he was quite well with the exception of this trouble, but about three weeks ago he was taken ill with the grip and this developed to pleuro-pneumonia. He sank gradually and it was plainly to be seen that the end was coming. The best of medical skill could not cure him and several days ago he became unconscious and remained so until the time of his death, which occurred at 5 o'clock last Thursday afternoon.

Since that time telegrams have been flying in from prominent base ball men from all over the country, offering consolation to the sorrowing widow.

Mr. McGunnigle had a few days ago reached 44 years of age, and until his accident had always enjoyed good health, as would be natural for a man who had spent so many years in active athletic work. He leaves a widow and a large family of children.

EDWARD GARRIGRN

POPULAR BASE BALL PLAYER BURIED THIS AFTERNOON.

The last sad rites over the remains of the late Edward Garrigan were held this afternoon at three o'clock in the Catholic cemetery. The interment was witnessed by several hundred people and besides relatives and personal friends of the deceased there was a large representation of base ball players present.

There were also present delegations from Court Merrimack F. of A., of which the deceased was a member; the spinning room of the Appleton mills where he was employed up to the time of his final illness, and the Lawrence winding room where he formerly worked.

The services at the grave consisted of the reading of the burial rites by Rev. John J. McHugh of St. Patrick's church.

The funeral took place at 2.30 o'clock from the home of the bereaved family, 61 Butterfield street and the cortege consisted of about 20 carriages. The Forester's delegation was present in regalia and two of its members assisted the bearers in conveying the casket to the hearse.

The floral tributes about the casket were many. Resting on the bier was a crescent inscribed "Cousin," the gift of the Dailey family. At the head of the casket was a design from the Emerald B. B. C. The design represented a "home" base with two base ball bats crossed and surmounted by a base ball in pink carnations centered on the base, which was supported by a mammoth mound of white carnations, lilies of the valley and various other flowers. The other tributes were: Large standing cross on mound, Mr. and Mrs. William Tighe; pillow, inscribed "At Rest" South End base ball club; spray of 24 pinks, Miss Annie Holland; spray of calla lilies, Mrs. Sarah McDermott; ten roses, Misses Frawley and Riley; sprays of pinks, Mr. and Mrs. T. F. Saunders, Mr. Tucke, Gilroy family and Miss Mollie Bailey; pillow inscribed "Shopmates" Appleton spinning room employes; pillow, "Farewell" Lawrence winding room; lyre, Murphy & Brady, and Maurice Johnson; wreath, Mr. and Mrs. Timothy F. Sullivan; spray of pinks and roses, Mrs. M. Maguire. The bearers were Daniel J. Murphy, Florence Murphy, John H. O'Brien and Cornelius Donovan.

MEDALS FOR THE CREW.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

LONDON, March 11—Lloyd's has presented medals to 18 members of the crew of the steamer Menominee, which arrived at New York on January 19th, after having rescued Captain Honeyman and twenty-two members of the crew of the British tramp steamer Glendower which was abandoned at sea in a sinking condition on January 12th while bound from Philadelphia to Sligo with a cargo of ironize.

CITY QUARANTINED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

AUSTIN, Tex., March 11.—Governor Sayers has declared quarantine against the City of Laredo and the counties of Webb and Encinal on account of the alarming prevalance of small pox there. About five hundred cases of small pox have been officially reported in Laredo county.

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and Substitutes are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Harmless and Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought
In Use For Over 30 Years.
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

SHE KILLED HERSELF

A Soldier's Wife Committed Suicide.

It is Believed That News of Her Husband's Illness Unsettled Mrs. Oake's Mind and While in That State She Committed the Rash Deed.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

AVON, Mass., March 11.—Mrs. Maria E. Oakes committed suicide at an early hour this morning at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Linton S. Grant by shooting herself through the heart. The family of Mr. Grant came here a few months ago from Derry, N. H., and Mrs. Oakes who for about a year had lived in their house, accompanied them here. Mrs. Oakes was about 26 years of age. She married George W. Oakes about ten years. When the war with Spain broke out, her husband enlisted in the Fifth Massachusetts Infantry and is now stationed at Camp Wetherell, S. C.

Mrs. Oakes was employed in a shoe manufacturing establishment in the town and until a few days ago was apparently in the best of spirits. The receipt of a letter from her husband a few days ago in which he stated that he was suffering from a severe cold greatly affected her and periods of melancholia followed.

This morning Mrs. Grant heard the sound of a pistol shot. That lady found Mrs. Oakes lying on the floor of a vacant room with blood flowing from a bullet hole in her left breast and an old fashioned Colts revolver lying by her side. A physician was summoned and he said Mrs. Oakes had died almost instantly. It is thought that constantly worrying over the absence of her husband, augmented by news of his illness, unsettled Mrs. Oakes' mind.

NEARLY KILLED

Sewer Rats Attacked Two Little Children.

VICTIMS NOT EXPECTED TO LIVE.

Legs Were Eaten Almost to the Bone.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BOSTON, March 11.—Sewer rats attacked two sleeping children this morning in a house in Dorchester and inflicted such wounds that the lives of the little ones are despaired of. A Mrs. Woodward left her two children, Elsie, aged three years, and Emma, aged one year, asleep in their bed while she went to the grocery store. Returning half an hour later she found Elsie's face covered with blood. Examination showed that the left cheek and ear had been partially eaten and the left hand and arm badly bitten. The younger child was lying beside her sister and was terribly bitten on the limbs, her right leg being eaten almost to the bone. A physician who was called stated that rats had caused the injuries to the children and that on account of their age their recovery was beyond hope.

STRICKEN FROM LIST.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW YORK, March 11.—The governors of the New York Stock Exchange have stricken the securities of the Bay State Gas Company of Delaware from the list. This action succeeds the recent refusal of the governors to list the additional issue of $50,000,000 common stock of the company, floated some weeks ago.

MISS DINGLEY MARRIED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

LEWISTON, Me., March 11.—The marriage of Miss Edith Dingley, daughter of the late Congressman Nelson Dingley of this city, to Col. James Cecil Hope of Washington, D. C., occurred at the home of the bride's mother in this city at noon today.

WALKED INTO THE RIVER.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW YORK, March 11.—A man supposed to be John Kelly, a deckhand on the barge, Iron State of Boston, was drowned this morning by walking off the end of a pier into the river. The man was under the influence of liquor.

Ecru Curtains

"Ecru curtains will not fade if washed in cold light suds made from Fairy Soap. Rinse in two clear waters and dry in shade."
—Mrs. Sarah Tyson Rorer.

FAIRY SOAP

Pure—White—Floating.

The Soap of the Century.

Sold everywhere in three convenient sizes for the toilet, bath and laundry.

FREE Send us your name, address, and five Fairy Soap wrappers, to nearest office below, and we will mail you free a copy of a beautiful painting in water colors entitled, "Fairy Tales," by the celebrated artist, Leon Moran. Size 13½x24 inches, without lettering, ready for framing.

THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY,
Chicago. St. Louis. New York. Boston. Philadelphia. Pittsburgh. Baltimore.

CARL D. BURTT, Assistant Teacher in the Lowell High School and Principal of the Evening High School.

THE POLICE ACTIVE

All Sorts of Offenders Taken in.

Officer Healey About to Sit up—The Vaughns Not Yet Bailed—Polish Card Players Pinched—Hotels Visited—"Peeping Tom" in the Highlands.

The condition of Reserve Officer John F. Healey who was so brutally assaulted by burglars a week ago yesterday is so much improved that it is expected that he will be able to sit up for a short time today or tomorrow. His improvement has been particularly rapid for the past three days and it is said an effort will be made to locate the two bullets which are still in his body. The wound in his head required 16 stitches.

The Vaughns are still in jail in default of bail in the sums of $1500 and $600, comparatively small under ordinary circumstances. In the event of getting bail they would be immediately rearrested on a charge of alleged assault on Officer Healey and alleged burglary of Dickinson's and Goodridge's establishments.

The two men were in good spirits when taken to jail Friday, Otto being particularly good natured. George suffered much pain from his injured hand and it is believed suffered internally as the result of recent illness and was therefore in no mood to be jolly. The defendant's counsel notified the jail officials that he did not want the prisoners taken out of jail for the purpose of identification and to allow them to see no one unless in his presence.

The police were kept busy Saturday night and Sunday for, a sure indication of returning prosperity, there were many drunks about. Yesterday they kept about the hotels, going in squads in citizens' clothing and making a thorough search of the premises. A report was started that one place was caught again but no arrests were made.

Officer John B. Crowley on Saturday afternoon arrested Michael F. Casey for alleged pocket-picking, his victim being Mrs. Mary Pierce of No. 9 Sayles street. Mrs. Pierce was shopping in Pollard's when she felt her pocketbook being removed and turning quickly she caught Casey in the act of putting it into his pocket. She accused him of the theft, and he admitted it, at the same time passing the book back to her with the request that she say nothing about it. He was immediately made captive by some of the male clerks and Officer Crowley was notified. To the officer, he said that it was his first offence and that he was tempted to the crime by seeing Mrs. Pierce put the purse in her pocket carelessly as she entered the store from Merrimack street. Mrs. Pierce says she entered from the Palmer street side. When searched, one $10 bill and one $5 bill was found in Casey's pockets and the police records show that he has previously been arrested for larceny.

Supt. Davis has inaugurated a system of photography of thieves and suspicious ones, not only for the purpose of keeping the rogues' gallery in good, up-to-date condition but to assist out-of-town officials in identifying strange criminals. William Fallon who snatched Marie Tremblay's pocketbook has been "mugged" and so has Powell Rea who is now doing 8 months. Rea objected to be photographed for "just going off on a little drunk," but the superintendent knows his business.

Bold sneak thieves were about Saturday and visited a number of down town stores early in the afternoon. Gookin Bros.' establishment on Prescott street was their first visit and while one engaged the attention of the only clerk on the lower floor, the other went into the office and opening the door of the safe found nothing. The same game was played at the stores of O'Heir & Co., the Singer company, Harry Raynes' and G. C. Prince's. At the hardware store of C. E. Adams & Co., in Middlesex street they took $1 from the money drawer. At some of these stores, three men called.

One of them is described as being 30 years old, smooth faced, swarthy complexion and dark hair. The second is said to be about 36 years old, has a rough skin, light complexion and a sandy moustache. An accurate description of the third could not be obtained.

A man named Alfred M. Deghen, was brought by Inspector Donaldson from Fall River on Saturday night, charged with larceny of a mileage book valued at $7. Lawyer D. J. Donahue was notified in advance of the prisoner's arrival and called on him at the jail. The man will be arraigned today.

Unroiel shaDorinforf Fall etaoin

"Dutchey" Decker and another youth who also gave his name as Decker were arrested from The Sun building late on Saturday night on suspicion. By climbing over a transom the boys had got into a back room in the building when discovered by Officer Ryan while on his rounds. They claimed to be there only to "bunk" for the night.

Saturday night Officer Noye arrested Peter J. Labelle, aged 18, for an assault on an unknown person. Labelle is a blacksmith and lives in Pearl street.

A young woman giving the name of Nellie A. Hammond and claiming Nashua, N. H., as her home was arrested Saturday night by Officer Frank Fox, who charges her with being a common night walker.

For some time the people of Little Canada have been greatly annoyed by boys throwing snow balls. Yesterday, Samuel Chovinard, aged 16 years who is said to be one of the chief offenders, was arrested and will be arraigned in the police court this morning on a charge of violating the city ordinances in such cases made and provided.

At 1.25 o'clock Sunday morning Lieut. Palmer, Sergeant Connors and Officer Atkinson raided a house in Williams street and surprised a gaming party of Poles. There were seven in the party and they were caught in the act with cards and money on a table around which they were seated. One of the number made his escape. The names of those who were caught are Frank Cornek, Joseph Christinac, Michael Norak, John Winetrki, Charles Copper and Andrew Meghosk. With the exception of one young man, all were bailed out. He declares that he was merely a spectator and did not know that his presence was a crime against the state. After five of the six captured men had been bailed, papers were made out to bail the sixth man but when the young fellow was taken from his cell to the guard room it was discovered that he was not the man whom the bailer was looking for. Later it developed that the man he was looking for had taken leg bail and the boy was returned to his cell.

Charles D. Oakley of Methuen, tripped and fell on Green street about noon on Saturday receiving a bad gash over his right eye. He was taken to the police station where his wound was dressed.

The police board organ after several apologies reads The Sun and discovers that Inspector Allen was the man who is entitled to special recognition for his good work in the Healey case. Considering its grand opportunities for getting news at the police station which no other paper has, the police board organ is "dead slow."

There is a dangerous character hanging about the Highlands terrorizing women and should he be captured and found guilty a stiff sentence should be given him. He has been seen, it is said peeping into houses on Branch, Coral and Nichols street. In one house a woman is on the verge of nervous prostration as a result of the marauder's visit. On Queen street, the wife of a well known merchant was unpardonably insulted by the villain.

Bartholomew Dunn, a Dunstable milkman, reports that he was held up by a lone highwayman while passing a stretch of woods between Tyngsboro and North Chelmsford, Friday morning. Dunn flashed a revolver and the highwayman flew.

FREE TO MEN

No money in advance. Weak, stunted, shrunken and feeble portions of the body quickly enlarged and strengthened. Medicines and instrument sent on trial. Medical indorsements. Particulars sent in plain sealed letter. Correspondence confidential.

ERIE MEDICAL CO., BUFFALO, N.Y.

Blood Poison

W. R. NEWMAN, Staunton, Va. says: "I was afflicted with Contagious Blood Poison, and the best doctors did me no good. In fact, I seemed to get worse all the while. I took almost every so-called blood remedy, but they did not reach the disease. At the advice of a friend, I then took S. S. S., and began to improve. I continued the medicine and it cured me completely, and for ten years I have never had a sign of the disease to return."

S.S.S. For The Blood

(Swift's Specific) is the only remedy which can eradicate Contagious Blood Poison. It is guaranteed *purely vegetable*. Book on self-treatment mailed free by Swift Specific Company, Atlanta, Ga.

PUBLIC SCHOOLS

Received Pupils of St. Patric's School Today

THE ACADEMY CLASS TO ENTER HIGH SCHOOL.

The Other Scholars Are Also Cared For.

The complications arising from the burning of St. Patrick's school were adjusted today when the pupils were provided for in the public schools. Sixteen pupils, as it had been arranged, resumed their studies in the High school while the pupils of the eighth and seventh grades as well as a portion of the scholars of the sixth and fifth class rooms entered the Green and Pawtucketville grammar schools. The other pupils have been instructed to apply to the schools nearest to their homes. Extra teachers have been supplied and in a short time it is expected that things will run smoothly.

Rev. Fr. O'Brien has stated that work on the rebuilding of the school will not begin until the loss is adjusted with the insurance men and that it is likely that the building will not be ready for occupancy until fall. Meanwhile the brothers are awaiting the arrival of the provincial, Brother Alexis, whose principal office is at Louisville, Ky. Bro. Alexis is daily expected to arrive and settle the matter of whether the brothers are to remain in this city pending the rebuilding of the school.

Scholars from the St. Patrick's parochial school have been applying this morning at all the public schools in the part of the city in which they reside in large numbers and many have been accommodated and are already at work in their new school homes. To accommodate the rest the old Bartlett school building will be opened for registration tomorrow morning at 8 o'clock and regular session of the school will be held thereafter as soon as it can be told from the registration what rooms and teachers will be needed. The Bartlett was chosen for the new school rather than the Mann in accordance with the opinion of the board of health that the sanitaries of the former were in better condition for use than the latter.

SOUTH ENDS.

WILL BE RUN AS AN INDEPENDENT BASE BALL TEAM IN 1899.

James P. Casey and John R. Shea will run the South Ends as an independent team. They completed arrangement on Saturday night for using the Fair Grounds on Saturdays from May 6 to September 9. The South Ends will play strong teams from out-of-town and will open the season on April 19. Mid-week games will also be played.

CITY HALL NOTES.

Supt. Doherty is busy at the Bartlett school renovating it preparatory to opening it tomorrow for the children of St. Patrick's boys' school.

The street committee will meet tomorrow afternoon at 4 o'clock.

A resolution will be introduced tomorrow night when the city council meets appropriating money to defray the expense of the burial of the body of Hospital Steward Leslie Hunting whose remains are now at Mt. Auburn cemetery Cambridge.

J. Whitelaw Duncan, the well known plumber of Church street is rejoicing over the birth of a ten pound son.

J. ADAMS BARTLETT, A Popular Resident of Chelmsford Centre.

J. ADAMS BARTLETT

ONE OF CHELMSFORD'S MOST POPULAR RESIDENTS.

Mr. J. Adams Bartlett of the firm of Bartlett & Dow, the well known and hustling firm of hardware dealers in Lowell, is one of Chelmsford's most popular and highly respected citizens, and The Sun today takes great pleasure in the publication of his portrait. The success of the recent sheet and pillow case party at the town hall was in a great measure due to the untiring efforts of Mr. Bartlett who was the efficient floor director on that occasion.

CHELMSFORD CENTRE NOTES.

Saturday the selectmen drew from the jury box the names of Walter S. Simons and Oliver M. Green who are to serve as jurors at the superior court in Lowell, the term beginning March 27.

The selectmen have appointed as tellers at the annual town meeting Arthur E. Reed, William P. Hall, George H. Ripley, John P. Scoboria.

At a citizens' caucus held in South Chelmsford Saturday evening to nominate local candidates for town offices Walter R. Winning, a present member of the board of selectmen, received a renomination; Alexander J. Park was nominated as a member of the school board and Walter Berry for constable.

R. F. Emerson, a well known resident, was prostrated Friday night an attack of illness resembling apoplexy.

Harry L. Merrill, who has been quite ill several months, has perceptibly lost ground in the last two weeks. His feeble condition enlists the deepest sympathy of those who know how patiently and bravely he has borne the many trials which have fallen to his lot.

Miss Katherine S. Donovan has presented to St. John's hospital $101.45, the proceeds of the comedy, "Rice Pudding" recently given in the Highland club hall.

M. L. Hamblet is confined by illness to his home.

Peter H. Donohoe is rejoicing at the birth of a son.

MAKES PEOPLE HUNGRY

Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is an appetite maker, and helps the stomach do its work right. It is the great blood cleanser, flesh-builder and nerve tonic. Best medicine in the world for the run-down, weak and debilitated.

Try a bottle and see for yourself how much good it will do.

Hostetter's Stomach Bitters

Chichester's English Diamond Brand.

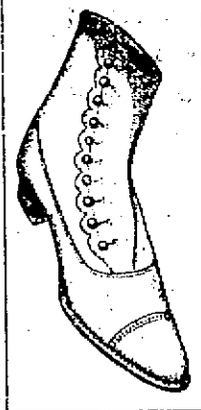
PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine. SAFE, always reliable. LADIES ask Druggist for Chichester's English Diamond Brand in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, PHILADA., PA. Sold by Geo. C. Goodwin & Co., Boston, Mass. General Agents.

MADAM ALBERTER CHESTER of Chicago, the most gifted Clairvoyant in the world, will be at Lowell, Room 28, Bon Marche building, on and after March 15, for 10 days only. Those willing to consult her on business will find it to their advantage to call. Many a home has been made happy and the clouds lifted from it by a visit to this gifted lady. Thousands can testify as to her great powers as a healing medium. The sick and suffering who have been treated, bless the day they met her. Hours from 9.30 a. m. to 12 m; 1 to 5 and 6 to 10 p. m. Sundays 10 a. m. to 3 p. m.

JUST CONSIDER

Before buying your Spring Shoes. The ladies delight is in the Triumfo $2.50 Shoes. These Shoes are creating a sensation among the ladies. Imported cork innersole, renders walking a pleasure. Sold only at the



Sunlight Shoe Store,

100 Central St.

High Grade Repairing.

W. S. Crady.

DR. WILLIAMS'

PINK PILLS FOR PALE PEOPLE

Nerve tonic—Blood Maker. Send for descriptive pamphlet. Sold by druggists everywhere. 50 cents per box—six for $2.50.

DR. WILLIAMS' MED. CO., Schenectady, N. Y.

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS—State House, Boston, March 11, 1899.—The Joint Committee on the Judiciary will give a hearing to parties interested in House Bills 682, 631, 891, 689, as to the assumption of the risks of danger by employees, and to amend the employers' liability act, at room No. 267, State House, on Wednesday, March 14, at 10.30 o'clock a. m. F. N. Williams, Chairman. Geo. S. Selfridge, Clerk of the Committee.

WANTED—Everybody to store their sleighs at Guyette's Sign and Carriage Shop, corner of Thorndike and Congress streets.

MADAM TRUE—CLAIRVOYANT.

She gives advice on all points of interest, such as love, marriage, courtship, divorce, business and transactions of all kinds. She tells whether sweetheart is true or false; gives their names in full, as well as your own name in full without asking questions. If she fails to do all she claims, or does not fully satisfy you, then you pay nothing. To call is to be convinced. Is this not fair? Could anything be fairer? (She receives ladies only.) Hours 9 a. m. to 8.30 p. m. Parlors located 79 Appleton street, next to Postoffice.

SAVOY THEATRE.

MONDAY EVENING, MAR. 13

10—VAUDEVILLE STARS—10.

Headed by the great

O. C. Seymour,

assisted by

Miss Minnie Dupree,

These artists are direct from Mr. Keith's Providence theatre. Excellent dancing and musical act and Mr. Seymour's wonderful jumping act. He jumps over an upright piano.

Edwin R. Lang,

The poetic tramp appearing as the Prince of Wales. Without doubt the greatest and best of all tramps. (Direct from Proctors' Leland Opera house Albany, N. Y.

Mr. and Mrs. Gene Hughes,

Delightful and refined sketch artists appearing in their highly amusing comedilette, "A Model Husband." (From Keith's, Philadelphia.)

Barrett and Learned,

High class Irish comedy sketch artists, will present their laughable comedy, "Fun in a Milliner's Shop." (From Keith's, Boston.)

St. Onge and Clay,

Screaming, comedy, bicycle experts, "The White Team."

Miss Marion Sawtelle,

Sprightly, singing comedienne. (Daughter of the late murdered Hiram Sawtelle.)

TWO HOURS OF FUN.

Evenings, - - 10c, 20c, and 30c.
Matinees (except Monday) 10c and 20c.
Matinees, 2.30; Evenings, 8.15.
Doors open 1.30 and 7.30.

MINARD'S "KING OF PAIN" LINIMENT

When suffering with **Rheumatic** Pains,
Sore feet, **Neuralgia** or **Chilblains,**
Use **Minard's Liniment,**
King of pain,
And **Rub It In.**

Minard's Liniment is the best selling liniment we have—this is the strongest indorsement that Minard's can have.
R. J. LANG & CO.,
City Hall Pharmacy.

O'Donnell & Gilbride Co.

AN ANTICIPATION SALE OF LACE CURTAINS AND PORTIERES

In anticipation of the usual spring house cleaning demand for Lace Curtains and Portieres, we were influenced last week to take advantage of an unusual opportunity to buy a vast quantity of curtains and portieres, at a special discount from regular rates. These goods will be placed on sale today and for the next 3 days, at least you may count on securing unusual values in Lace Curtains and Portieres.

150 pairs of Nottingham Curtains, an excellent quality at 98c a pair.

136 pairs of Nottingham Brussell effects. A great bargain at $1.49 a pair.

200 pairs of Muslin Ruffled Curtains, (nicely made). A special bargain at 45c a pair.

200 pairs of Ruffled Muslin Curtains, 2 1-2 yards long. An extraordinary value at 59c a pair.

50 pairs of Bobinet Ruffled Curtains at $1.19 a pair.

75 pairs of extra quality Bobinet Curtains at $1.98 a pair.

100 pairs of Irish Point Lace Curtains, the greatest value ever shown at $2.49 a pair.

100 pairs of extra quality Irish Point Curtains at $3.98 a pair.

200 pairs of Fish Net Ruffled Curtains, an excellent chamber curtain to 79c a pair.

155 pairs of a heavier Fish Net Ruffled Curtains at 98c a pair.

PORTIERES.

75 pairs of Tapestry Portieres, full width, you would pay in the regular way $2.75. Special price $1.98 a pair.

60 pairs of a heavier grade of Tapestry Portiere, sold in the regular way $5.00. Special price $3.69 a pair.

45 Couch Covers made to sell at $5.00. Special price $3.98 each.

37 Odd Portieres in half pairs you can buy at 50 cents on the dollar.

We have one of the Best Upholstery Departments in New England. Styles the Newest. Prices the lowest. Come in and see our stock,

O'DONNELL & GILBRIDE CO.

MERRIMACK, PALMER AND MIDDLE STREETS.

Dr. Sweet's Visit Postponed.

OWING to the death of his son, Edmund F. Sweet, at St. John's Hospital, Saturday night, Dr. Sweet will have to postpone his visit to the American House till March 20th, when he will be ready to attend to those desiring his services. Then he will be at the American House till further notice.

Every Man has his Prejudice

and every woman her bias, but they all agree that Dows' Tonic Liniment quickly loosens stiff joints, cures lame back, rheumatic and neuralgic pains. 389 Central St.

WANTED—Girls in our looping and finishing departments. Pickering Knitting Co.

Teague & Teague

MEN'S FURNISHERS.

SPRING '99.

New Hats,
New Neckwear.
New Shirts.

TEAGUE & TEAGUE

MEN'S FURNISHERS,

COR. CENTRAL AND MIDDLE STS.

GO CARTS

To go through the streets with your baby is a great improvement over a carriage when the child is strong enough to sit up.

FOR INFANTS

Of course, we recommend the carriage, of which we have a very nice assortment from $4.50 upwards.

TABLES.

We have a handsome line just opened up. For style and price they are all right.

HAT RACKS.

We have a few of those 50 cent hat racks we are closing out for 25 cents.

GAYNOR & CO.

35 Prescott Street.

G. O. Taylor Whiskies, impart strength and vigor.

THE LOWELL SUN
JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor.
SUN BUILDING, LOWELL, MASS.
Member of the Associated Press.
$5.00 Per Year. 25c. Per Month

CHEATED

The merchant who pays for advertising and doesn't get it cries out that advertising doesn't pay. He is wrong. Advertising pays if you get it. If you pay for any commodity that is never delivered, you lose money on it, just the same as you lose on advertising that you pay for but never get.

When merchants learn to buy their advertising space in the newspapers as they buy their merchandise—by measure and weight—it will pay them. Buy space by the inch per thousand of circulation and see that you get what you pay for. Then you will never be cheated in advertising and it will pay you. The Sun will give you more advertising for your money than any other paper in Lowell.

LOWELL'S GREATEST NEWSPAPER.

Druggists' licenses are the last resort of the liquor dealers. But in this they will also be beaten.

Speaker Reed has entered literature in a very able article on General Sheridan published in the current number of the Cosmopolitan magazine.

The present legislature is making some extra work for that of next year by passing a lot of fool bills that will have to be repealed on the earliest opportunity.

The German emperor's message of sympathy to Rudyard Kipling was probably sent on account of Kipling's poem, "The Truce of the Bear," as there is considerable jealousy between Germany and Russia.

Ex-Governor Altgeld of Illinois is put forward as a candidate for mayor of Chicago against Mayor Harrison on the democratic side. There is danger that by this splitting up the party in the windy city, a republican may have a chance to slip in.

Officer Palmer's officious manner of grabbing the elder Vaughn and marching him to the police box when Officer Kane had arrested him reminded us of Sampson demanding the surrender of Cervera's fleet after it had been vanquished by Schley.

The police are now apparently getting on the to the men who have been committing depredations in our city for some time. Every good citizen should help them in the work until absolute security for life and property shall have been restored.

The next step in order at Manila if this country is to pursue the regular course of conquest in colonization is to offer a reward for Aguinaldo's head. It will be remembered that England has repeatedly resorted to this efficacious method of overcoming rebels and Spain we believe, adopted it against the Cubans in her effort to subdue them.

Whoever started the story that Secretary Alger would resign mistook alike the man and the situation. Alger is as close a friend of the president as any other member of the cabinet and Alger by remaining serves as a scapegoat. They are both guilty of gross mismanagement as the present controversies in the war department amply show. When incompetent men are placed in command in such cases they soon get that which they control all tied up in a knot. That is the condition of the war department today and it will never be remedied until a capable man is put in Alger's place.

John Bowers, the civilian, who followed up and arrested William Fallon for snatching a purse from a little girl on the street, deserves recognition of some kind. We would advocate a medal by the Humane society if such deeds came under the category for which honors are awarded; but that being inadmissible, it seems the police board should provide some suitable token as a mark of appreciation. Had the culprit escaped the police would probably never have been able to find him out. It is well to encourage such protection of the weak by citizens in general.

THE LEADING ISSUES.

There is much speculation in various quarters as to what the issues of the next presidential campaign will be but with the rate at which bloated trusts are forming all over the country mostly for the purpose of wringing extortionate prices from the people it seems that there will be, there can be no more important issue than whether this nation is to be preyed upon indefinitely by the trusts or whether the policy of its government shall continue to foster such oppressive agencies.

The democratic party will make the trusts one of the leading issues and the republican party, in anticipation of the wrath to come will probably put a plank in its platform condemning trusts but the party is today composed of such combinations, from them it receives the corruption money with which to buy elections and in return it gives the trusts government protection.

The trusts would rather give money enough to have their friends elected than have to buy the votes of others after election. There are in this country at present ninety trusts capitalized at $3,751,518,000.

Is it any wonder that our state legislatures and even congress itself are controlled by these iniquitous combines.

Boss Croker is to have a Jeffersonian banquet presided over by Perry Belmont. It is no wonder that prominent democrats have refused to attend such a banquet because from all accounts it will be an outrage on the memory of Jefferson. Mr. Bryan has refused to attend because he was to be restricted as to what he should talk about, the desire being to avoid discussing the money question and the policy of expansion, on both of which Croker is opposed to the majority of the democratic party and unable to maintain his position against the logic of Mr. Bryan on these questions. Croker will soon lose his pull if he continues to run counter to the democratic party despite the fact that he happened to dictate the nomination of the first mayor of the Greater New York.

Captain Atkin of the Pavonia while he succeeded in bringing his good ship safely to shore seemed at times to have less faith in her chances for safety than her crew and passengers. When the captain weakens in such a case it is hard for the passengers to keep up confidence. The mistake which Captain Atkin made appears to be the giving expression to his inmost fears that his ship would be lost. That surely was a very grave mistake and one which no man should make unless he saw death inevitable which was far from being the case at any time during the Pavonia's terrible experience while drifting disabled at the mercy of the wind and waves.

CURRENT COMMENT.

Columbus Press Post—Perhaps Mr. McKinley is opposed to hauling down the flag because all the flags in this country are manufactured by the beating trust.

Chicago Record—The chief difficulty seems to be that the insurgents fail to agree with General Otis' optimistic view regarding the ease and celerity with which the insurrection is to be put down.

Chicago News—If it is true that the North Pole has been discovered the president might win popular approval by appointing Alger custodian of it at a larger salary than he is now receiving.

Washington Times—If Mr. Alger will subscribe to any good clipping bureau he can get a thousand documents a day to prove to him just what the people think of him, and just what they want him to do.

Philadelphia Record—The roll of the Cuban army shows that half of the 50,000 men on the lists were officers, and they insist upon officers' pay. The insurgent establishment seems to have been organized very much on the same lines as is the Republican state machine. It is known that the machine always had more officials than private machinists, and a hungrier gang never infested a State since the locusts overran Egypt.

LOCAL MILL NEWS.

H. E. Perham, treasurer of the Kitson Machine Co., accompanied by Mrs. Perham, left last week for a trip to Southern California, to be absent until sometime in April.

The Massachusetts cotton mills, Lindale, Georgia, shipped on March 1, 1500 bales of cotton goods to China, Japan and Africa. The mills are now running double turn for a time to catch up with orders.

Thomas E. Ainley of Lowell, Mass., has taken the position of overseer of carding with the Amsterdam Woolen Co., Amsterdam, N. Y.

George S. Gilman of the Lowell Machine shop, Lowell, Mass., has accepted the position of general foreman of the American Bolt company.

C. E. Dow, formerly with the Metallic Drawing Roll Co., Indian Orchard, but for the past two years general manager of the American Bolt Co., Lowell, Mass. has resigned that position.

UP GO WAGES.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., March 13.—An official announcement was made Saturday to the effect that the Warner Bros.' company, manufacturers of corsets, has made a general advance in wages of from 10 to 20 per cent. Fourteen hundred hands are employed.

that cough or throat trouble may go to your lungs. What does that mean?

HALE'S HONEY OF HOREHOUND AND TAR

Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar isn't claimed to cure consumption, but it will often prevent it. A positive cure for a cough. Sold by druggists.

Pike's Toothache Drops cure in 1 minute.

LABOR MATTERS

CRY OF PATRIOTISM.

EMPLOYED FOR THE PROTECTION OF CORPORATE CRIME.

Pharisaical Philanthropists Who Have Need to Throw Away Their Telescopes—A Slavery In Our Country Worse Than Ever Cursed Cuba.

Some time ago I saw a pathetic picture in a Cleveland newspaper. The cut showed a number of poor people of Havana sleeping on the benches in a public park. It was intended to portray the terrible hardships endured by the Cubans and extract sympathy and silver from the American citizen. The situation is such as to excite profoundest pity in the impulsive and unthinking, and it certainly is deplorable. But stop a minute and reflect a moment. These hybrid tramps of Havana are playing in great luck. Just compare their seemingly forlorn lot with that of our own homeless ones. In these United States, the land of liberty, the "home" of the free, the poor are not even allowed to sleep on the park benches. If they try it, they are run in. Besides, the Cuban climate has its advantages in winter for the pauper population.

Wouldn't it be just as well to think of our own starving and freezing fellow citizens and do a little inexpensive weeping before we lose any sleep because of these lazy and lousy Cuban savages?

We are told that the people in Cuba are starving. Last summer a young woman starved to death in Cleveland! We are told that in Cuba there are human beings without shelter—in a tropical climate. Last month an aged woman froze to death in the very heart of this civilized—aye, charitable—city! Why is it that the cry of distress which comes from a distant shore so easily stirs the heart to sympathy? Ah, my pharisaical philanthropists, you have need to cast away your telescopes and take up magnifying glasses!

In "free" America we make laws that make men vagrants and then punish them for vagrancy. I am second to none in my love for this land, and my Americanism is of the very best brand. It is because of this love and this Americanism, because of my pure patriotism and lofty loyalty that I give utterance to such sentiments. My Americanism does not demand that I shall indorse statutory injustice and authorized tyranny; that I shall approve iniquitous laws framed by low bred lawyers and administered by pie-yune politicians. I love my country, but, God help me, I love my fellows more. I am brave enough and honest enough to say with George Francis Train, "Am for country right, but d—n country wrong!"

And I say to you now, with no chance of challenge, that there is in the United States today a worse slavery, a more cruel bondage, than that with which Spain ever cursed Cuba in the day of her pride and power. Would you have the evidence? Go to the workshops and the mines where the weary toilers drudge through the day for a pauper's pittance. Go to their hopeless homes where want and woe have been before, where weak women shiver in fireless rooms and children cry for a paltry crust. Go to our great factories where delicate girls give their life from day to day to feel the maw of the monster of greed. Go find the children shoving in the shop instead of studying at school. And for further evidence look in at the prison and the poorhouse, the hospital or the morgue.

Yet I love my country with every vital drop within my veins. That's the trouble. I think more of my own country than I do of Cuba. My patriotism is of the practical sort. To me patriotism is more than a meaningless word, an empty sentiment. Patriotism and charity are closely allied, and it is true that both begin at home. So I would strike the shackles of industrial slavery from the limbs of the brothers of my blood and feed a fellow citizen before I would furnish to the Cubans firearms wherewith they may murder one another or send a shipload of overcoats to a lot of naked niggers in equatorial Africa.

This cry of "Patriotism!" is too often the weapon of tyranny, the bulwark of the money barons, the refuge of robbery. The tyrant shrieks "Treason!" when the tongue of the worker would voice his woes. "Shame upon you to complain!" he is told. "Don't you know that this is the best and most blessed country on all this planet of pain? Don't you know that it is a sanctuary for all the world's slaves, the promised land of all oppressed peoples? This is the greatest and most glorious government that ever existed, and nothing under our grand old flag can go wrong. See? Shut up, and be glad that you're allowed to live."

It is this doctrine of dogged and silent submission, this gospel of content, garnished with the misunderstood words "liberty," "loyalty" and "patriotism," that prevents the betterment of the condition of the common people. Truly these be terms to conjure with.

I have no use for that patriotism which is the protection of corporate crime.

Mine is the patriotism of protest.—Gatling Gun.

Lattimer Indictments Quashed.

District Attorney Martin of Luzerne county, Pa., announces one year after the famous Lattimer trial that the 19 indictments for murder and the 30 indictments for felonious wounding found against Sheriff James Martin and his 68 deputies have been quashed. Entries of nolle prosequi were made in each case last September, but it was kept secret at the time, chiefly for fear of the effect the news might have on friends and relatives of the miners killed. There is now no danger of an outbreak, and accordingly the announcement is made.—Williamsport (Pa.) Grit.

BLOOD WILL TELL.

Two Different Applications of This Expression to Existing Conditions.

"Blood will tell. It tells for unity and for duty. It tells for valor, which it also attests. It tells for fortitude, which it also approves. It tells for sacrifice, which it also reflects and inspires. It tells for the leveling of walls of separation, which it should remove. It tells for the wiping out of party lines, which it should efface. Yes, blood will tell—and it has told. It has told the American people that they must face the responsibility of a nation, in a world of nations. It has told our race that it must rise to obligation as well as to opportunity. It has told them that if in the midst of arms laws are not silent, that at least, when law is attacked by arms, armies must carry out law. It has told them that, while democracy is a great thing and while republicanism is a great thing, country is more than party; that the sovereignty which the republic has in its collective people, as truly as monarchy has in any reigning house, is more than constitutionalism, with its restrictions and infinitely more than quibbles, fetiches or devices or doctrinarism or hair splitting about constitutionalism. This is the story that blood tells—to a people greater than their president, but well represented by him at this time, and greater than their senate, which they peremptorily expect and demand shall represent them at this time."

The paragraph quoted above is from a leading editorial in the Brooklyn Eagle anent the crisis in the Philippines. Some abstract truths are most forcibly stated; and perhaps the time will come when they may be applied to domestic affairs in a manner that would startle their author.

"Blood will tell. It tells for unity and duty; it tells for valor which it also attests; it tells for fortitude which it also proves; tells for sacrifice which it also reflects and inspires; it tells for the leveling of walls of separation which it should remove; it tells for the wiping out of party lines which it should efface. Yes, blood will tell, and it has told." at Homestead, at Hazleton, at Pana, at Chicago and on dozens of minor fields of labor's battles. "It has told the American people that they must face the responsibility of a nation," not only in a world of nations, but in its dealings with 70,000,000 of people. It has told our race that it must rise to the dignity of justice as well as to the strength of power. It has told them that if in the midst of strife there is a prostitution of authority, that at least when justice is assaulted by force of arms, force may be resorted to to make the law just. It has told them that while Democracy is a great thing and while Republicanism is a great thing humanity is more than gold; that the sovereignty which the republic has, in its collective people, as truly as monarchy has in any reigning house, is more than constitutionalism with its restrictions and infinitely more than quibbles, fetiches or devices or doctrinarism or hair splitting about constitutionalism, in the momentous affairs that concern the lives and liberty of those who create the nation's wealth and who constitute its strength. If we are to have no hair splitting of constitutionalism when it comes to the execution of the schemes of organized wealth, will we permit quibbles or fetiches or devices or doctrinairism or constitutionalism with its restrictions to stand in the way of the enforcement of those policies that may be necessary to secure an equitable distribution of the results of our productive forces and resources, to secure to every man the full enjoyment of the results of his own toil? Blood will tell, and it has told in many stirring scenes in the great world drama. Blood has marked the mile posts on the highway of progress, and the blood that has been shed in labor's cause, and the misery and suffering which thousands of human beings endure in this country today that a pampered few may revel in the luxuries of princes will tell in the great struggle for industrial freedom and a higher civilization.—Louisville (Ky.) Dispatch.

Tanning Poor People's Skins.

A London cablegram says: "Discovery has been made here of an extraordinary traffic that has recently grown up in human skin. Reputable jewelers admit that they have made belts and card-cases from human skin. Tanners say that they have recently prepared quantities of it after the fashion of alligators' and monkeys' skins. Women boast of having articles made of the stuff in their possession, and it is said that nicely tanned human skin recently formed a novel though considerable portion of the trousseau of a fashionable bride. The skin is procured from the bodies of the indigent poor that are not claimed by their relatives and friends. These bodies are turned over to the various scientific institutions for dissection, and impecunious students started the scheme by selling the skins to tanners and jewelers. Being scarce, the skin brings a high price, and as it is now a fad there is a steady demand for it."

The cablegram doesn't explain the scarcity of poor people's skin, but it must be because most of them are thoroughly skinned before they die.

No Unemployed.

Practically there are no unemployed in New Zealand. That is to say, the unemployed difficulty—the grave problem, based on the presence in a community of large bodies of ablebodied men unable to obtain work—does not exist. Such seems to be the plain fact in New Zealand, without the least indulgence in hyperbole.

No corporation or individual can own enormous tracts of land or other real estate unless he pays the "penalty of success." The railway and telegraph lines are owned by the government. The graduated land tax has been in operation for some time, and the friends of the government claim that it works admirably.

OPPOSED TO COMPETITION.

A Charity Organization Officer Who Is "Afeard of His Job."

A bill now before the legislature authorizes the board of estimate and apportionment of this city to expend $25,000 for the purchase of coal for the poor of Greater New York. This bill was prompted by the recent revelation of suffering that exists in New York whenever the weather becomes intensely cold. It was offered in a philanthropic spirit and would no doubt have become a law had not sudden and unexpected opposition sprung up, and this from no less philanthropic a body than the Charity Organization society.

The representative of this society, General Secretary Edward T. Devine, protested against the passage of the bill because he thought private effort succeeded in this work much better than any public distribution of coal could possibly succeed. Furthermore, he said, private charity would act cheerfully so long as the city did not take up the work.

This is rather staggering at first, but when you pause to consider the peculiar character of this wealthy organization its opposition becomes explicable. If the state were to undertake all care of its poor, a cozy number of very fine gentlemen would be out of their jobs, and a magnificent building with splendid furnishings would be "to let," and several very fat funds would actually be distributed among the poor without any "rake off" of salaries or investigation fees.

We have the utmost respect for the aims and objects of the Charity Organization society. We know that most men who contribute to its wealth do so in order to shirk the moral obligation to give to those who need and to investigate for themselves in order that they may give judiciously. Nevertheless a great deal of the money really reaches its destination and accomplishes good. But Mr. Fleischmann, the Broadway baker who feeds all who ask for his charity and does not investigate or keep them waiting while a physician determines whether they are really hungry, is a philanthropist of a higher order than the Charity Organization society.

It would be a credit to the enlightenment and humanity of this state were its government to establish its own charities—a bakery, a milk store, a coalyard and a grocery store upon the Fleischmann plan and not upon the Charity Organization plan. And then if Mr. Edward T. Devine were still aching to devote his life to the cause of the poor he could be employed at $10 a week to tie up packages.—New York Journal.

Sweatshops in New York.

There hardly is a block in the tenement district of the east side where thousands of garments for the soldiers in the field—overcoats, blouses and trousers—have not been made during the last ten months. Thousands of these garments now are being made under conditions which cannot fail to infect the clothing with all sorts of dangerous and loathsome diseases.

And, too, prices have gone down. Where once the subcontractor got $1 for a complete overcoat with cape he now gets only 95 cents. For this pittance the operators must do the basting, sewing, buttonholing, trimming, pressing, lining and finishing, which includes the hooks and eyes and the sewing on of 17 buttons.

The government pays $0.40 for the completed overcoat. Only 95 cents of this goes for labor, and so miserable is the wage and so slow the work that only the poorest, the lowest beings in the social scale, will do it. They take the coats home from the shops of subcontractors, who in turn get them from contractors who have influence at Washington.

World reporters saw some of these coats in sweatshops. They lay in piles on floors that reeked with filth. Men, women and children huddled together so closely that their elbows touched as they toiled. The air was nauseating, for there was no ventilation. Great stoves, used to heat the pressing irons, vitiated the air even faster than human lungs.

In some of these places the workers sleep and eat, toiling 16 and 18 hours and then sleeping till tired nature shall have recuperated, only to begin another day's toil.—New York World.

The Social Problem.

The social problem is a problem of how so to organize the world that all men may be equally secure in the material means and social resources needful for a complete life. The hope of the social reformer is to open wide the gates of opportunity so that every creature, from the least to the greatest, may make his life a moral adventure and a joy and exhaust his possibilities in the thing he can best do. All that is good in civilization must be for the equal use of all in order that each man may make his life most worth while to the common life and to himself, and there must be equal freedom for each to choose the work that will best fulfill his serving capacity and individuality. —Professor George D. Herron.

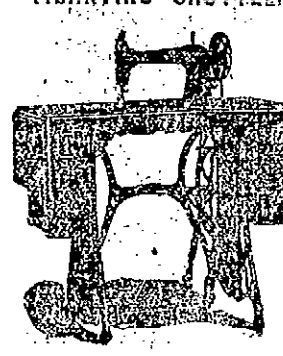
MRS. WINSLOWS' SOOTHING SYRUP

Has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

THE FARRAGUT HOUSE
Henry W. Garrity, Prop.
CENTRAL ST., LOWELL, MASS.
Opposite Old Boston & Maine Depot.
The house is now under a new management, thoroughly refitted and refurnished, with all the modern improvements, steam heat and electric call bells in each room. Electric cars pass the door every few minutes. Choice cigars in sample room. Special rates to the profession.
M. H. Carey (Clerk) H. Garrity.

7 SUTHERLAND SISTERS' HAIR GROWER
Is the only preparation that will restore the hair to its original healthfulness.
—AT ALL DRUGGISTS—

BUY THE NEW
High Arm Singer
VIBRATING SHUTTLE.



Points to Remember
IF YOU BUY A SINGER,

YOU GET THE BEST. There is as great a difference in the cost of making a sewing machine as there is in making a watch. A cheap watch will indicate time with fair accuracy for a short time; fairly good stitching can be done on some of the old patterns of cheap sewing machines, when they are new, but they always work hard, are noisy, and soon wear out.

Every Singer machine is tested by actual sewing at the factory; it is always ready for every kind of stitching and will do better work and do it longer than any other, because it is of better design and construction.

Test These Assertions by a Free Trial.

YOU will receive careful instruction from a competent teacher at your home.
YOU can obtain necessary accessories directly from the company's offices.
YOU will get prompt attention in any part of the world, as our offices are everywhere. We give careful attention to all genuine Singer machines, no matter where they were purchased.
YOU will be dealing with the leading sewing machine manufacturers in the world, having an unequaled experience and an unrivaled reputation—the strongest guarantee of excellence. Singer machines are sold only by our employees; they cannot be obtained through dealers or department stores totally unable to render the service specified above, and whose guarantee is therefore worthless.

THE SINGER MANUFACTURING COMPANY,
175 Middlesex St., Lowell.

Notice. For the next 15 days, A. M. Bertrand, the tailor, will make his $22 Suits for $15; his $28 Suits for $20; his $35 suits for $23. Trousers from $4 upwards. Cleaning, pressing and repairing done at short notice.
A. M. BERTRAND, 24 Middle St.
Few doors from the corner of Central St.

CALIFORNIA.
Homes in Myles Standish Colony. 6 per cent. guaranteed investments on best security. Home seekers' Excursion to California personally conducted by William E. Smythe and Colonel S. H. Leavitt. Call or write for particulars to
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MISS HELEN WRIGHT.
Will resume her classes on and after Nov. 9th at No. 7 Bank Building, Shattuck street. Instruction given in Free Hand Drawing flat copy, and Models, Water and Oil colors, and China Decorations.

Knowledge of the future is power for the present.
Know your future and guide yourself accordingly. You can do so by consulting THE GREAT AND ONLY THE ORIGINAL
Edward Paxton,
The world's Greatest Trance, Test, Business and Independent Slate Writing Medium,
CLAIRVOYANT.
He has success where others fail.
Mediums are born, not made. He is not a medium by choice, but a medium because fate has so decreed it. He comes from a family of mediums for his ancestors, who were all powerful mediums, have for generations handed him down their combined knowledge and power, in predicting and helping those in trouble; so he received the rich inheritance of the golden experience and knowledge of generations.
HE ASKS NO QUESTIONS, BUT READS YOUR LIFE LIKE AN OPEN BOOK, AND BEFORE YOU CAN UTTER A WORD HE TELLS YOU YOUR NAME IN FULL.
Names of your friends, enemies or rivals; whether husband, wife or sweetheart is true or false; if so, giving names in full. He tells name in full of the one you will marry also gives advice on how to gain the love of the one you most desire. How to overcome enemies and rivals. How best to prosper in business, whether best to buy, sell or trade, where best to locate, how to gain lost or stolen goods, wills or mislaid deeds, absent friends and buried treasures. Gives advice on points of interest, such as love, marriage, courtship, divorce, business speculations and transactions of all kinds. In fact, he guarantees perfect satisfaction or no charge is made. No money accepted in advance nor do you pay a cent until reading is entirely over. Then if you are not satisfied, you pay nothing.
Parlors quiet and retired. 186 Appleton St.
Large brick house, cor. of South St.

SEEDS
For Farm, Garden and Lawn. Every variety, pure and fresh, grown in the season of 1898, expressly for our own trade.
CATALOGUES
Profusely illustrated, giving prices, cultural directions, etc., now ready.
FREE TO ALL.
GARDEN AND LAWN SUPPLIES
of every description, constantly in stock.
BARTLETT & DOW
216 CENTRAL STREET.

FRANK JONES BREWING CO.
(LIMITED)
PORTSMOUTH N. H.
Golden Cream India Pale Ale
AND PORTER.
OUR WHOLESALE AGENTS IN —LOWELL ARE—
JOHN LENNON & CO.,
—AND—
PETER H. DONOHUE & CO.
They keep a full line of our goods in hogsheads, barrels and half barrels. Many dealers claim to run Jones' ale who do not.
The following is a complete list of those who use the same. Jones' Ale is used exclusively by
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(LIMITED.)

MONARCH MIXED PAINTS,
ABSOLUTELY PURE.
Color card free.
W. T. S. BARTLETT
The Up-Town Hardware Store,
663 MERRIMACK ST.

Plasters Like Dough
are always needed. The best kind are the right kind; the right kind are Dows' old-fashioned kind. He has made them for forty years. 20 and 25 cts. each. 359 Central St.

JOHN W. McEVOY, 127 Central St.
Opposite American House,
COUNSELLOR—AT—LAW.

COURTNEY & COURTNEY,
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DR. DONOHUE DENTIST, PIONEER BLOCK

The Wonderful New Drink.
GLORIA
IS NOT A MEDICINE.
You better drink GLORIA in "ninety nine."
Knock 'round the earth a longer time.
GLORIA gives you vigor and health,
Thereby aiding pleasure to wealth,
You know not what good feelings are
Until you drink the "GLORIA."
Don't get foolish, don't get gay,
This new drink is here to stay.
Take some GLORIA home tonight,
Make you sleep and feel all right.
Saints and sinners all drink GLORIA.
5 CENTS A GLASS.
S. Bartlett, Agt., 160 Middlesex St.

Late WILLIAM H. McGUNNIGLE, Veteran Base Ball Captain and Manager.

CAPT. McGUNNIGLE

A Great Man In Base Ball.

CAPTAIN AND MANAGER OF GREAT ABILITY

Won Several Championships in His Time.

The recent death and burial of the late veteran base ball manager, William H. McGunnigle, formerly of the champion Lowells, brings to mind incidents in connection with his career on the base ball diamond.

"Capt." McGunnigle, as he was familiarly known, began to play ball about 30 years ago. He was a catcher then and he also had the usual pitching ability which every young player possesses to a greater or less degree. He belonged to the Old Howards of Brockton, played with them through 1874 and then went to Fall River, where he became known as a widely known player of the minor league class. His talents as an all-round player attracted attention, and his rise was rapid till in 1878 and 1879 he figured as the star right fielder and change pitcher with the Buffalo, N. Y., leaguers, of which club the regular twirler was the famous "Jeems" Galvin. In '79 he pitched for his team against the Brocktons, then including Ed. Shauneesy, Gene Stoughton, Donovan, Kent Howard, Bobby Fair, Owen F. Canary, Quinn, McLaughlin and others on the old Court street grounds, Brockton. Of the above Stoughton and McLaughlin are now residents of Lowell. It was in these two years that he wore the Clipper medal as the best of the country's right fielders. He is credited in the traditions of the game with having made one catch while in Buffalo that was at least equal to Cochnaur's sensational catch at Taunton in 1897 and was the same kind of play—catching a home run hit just as it was going over the fence.

After considerable experience, some of it in the west, McGunnigle returned to Brockton and in 1885 started a base ball team with Henry S. Bicknell as a side partner. Grounds were secured at Grove and Main streets, Brockton, and a team was organized for the New England league. The best known member, perhaps, outside of McGunnigle himself, was the brilliant James A. Cudworth now of the Hotel Belvidere, Lowell, who never had a superior as a judge of difficult fly balls hit right in the glare of the sun. The team prospered and some money was made. The team finished second.

In 1886 a company was formed to carry on the game in Brockton. Mr. Bicknell remained in it and McGunnigle was the manager. The venture this second year was not financially successful.

In the team during that year appeared such players as Cudworth, Conway McCarthy, Coughlin, 3b., Owney Patton, s.s., "Big Jim" Davis, 3b., Billy Hawes of Lowell, and Canavana, 1b., Meister, 2b., Charlie Willie, c., Dan Burke, rf., McGunnigle, Tuckerman, Ellworth and others, along with Willis as the twirling force.

McGunnigle, after getting through for the time with Brockton, won several championships as a manager. The most sensational was during his management of the Brooklyns in the American association. That resulted in a banquet being tendered him when he returned to Brockton in the fall. A band met him at the railroad station, and amid red fire and marching escort he was driven to the Hotel Belmont that city, where he was the toast of all present and the theme for congratulatory telegrams from well-known lovers of the game all over the country.

In 1892 he took the management of the Brocktons after the starters of the team dropped out, and finished the season at Highland park, that city, as right fielder, pitcher and manager. His averages were, in the middle of August, when the team had nearly finished its season: .212 for batting and .828 for fielding. He played regularly no more after that season. In 1896 he managed the Louisville leaguers for awhile and after that abandoned base ball as a business, though he retained a keen interest in the sport.

William H. McGunnigle was one of the cleverest base ball men in many ways that ever stepped before a base ball loving public. In his best days he had the game reduced to an exact science. He played ball with his brains. He was not a man of powerful physique not a slugger at the bat or a fast thrower; not remarkable for the fashion in which he could make wonderful catches. When he went into the pitchers' box he had comparatively little speed and away back in 1885 his arm was so nearly gone that it was only by throwing his body with it that he could get speed on the ball he delivered. Yet for several years after that he was a dangerous foe in a game against even the best of minor league teams.

How did he hold his base ball eminence during this time? Simply through the possession of a firstclass base ball brains. He knew a player's strong points and weaknesses after he had once faced him. He could deliver an apparently easy ball to a home run batsman, time after time, when he was pitching, that would result in a fly or a weak grounder because he knew just where to put the ball so that the batsman's favorite weakness was consulted in the ball's height and curve.

He was a terror to opposing pitchers. Getting a good position on the coaching lines he would follow the movements of the twirler for a few moments and then would return to the players' bench, at least three times out of five, with a theory as to the pitcher's signs that was more or less correct sufficiently near the truth at all events to greatly aid his own batsmen and to rattle the enemy, who would soon get the idea that "Mac" knew every move of the pitcher in advance.

He seldom hit the ball for more than a base—in one season we recall but one long hit that he made and that a two-bagger—but with men on bases he had a wonderful facility for "sizing up" a good ball or waiting for a base on called balls. If he hit the ball it would be very likely to pop just over the heads of the infields, advancing the men another base and perhaps sending in runs. He was skilful, too, in working the pitchers for bases on balls, and so between these two points of excellence he was a timely man to have at the bat in an emergency.

He was a great schemer as a captain and manager. With ordinary sharp men in any team that he control he was able to conceive and have carried out points of play that had seldom or never been tried before. Any crew of players in McGunnigle's control was a team to be feared. Nobody knew what they would do if the game became close.

McGunnigle was severely injured in 1886 while playing with Brockton against Lawrence. The famous "Dick" Conway of Lowell who was pitching for Lawrence, and he had been shooting the ball close to the batsmen to drive them away from the plate. There was no rule then which gave a man a base when hit by the pitcher, and the fast pitchers were therefore dangerous to a degree, a batsman's only hope of escape being to dodge.

Conway, with McGunnigle at the bat, sent a lightning drive right at his head. It struck the batsman fairly with a crash that could be heard in the grand stand, and he dropped as if shot. He was taken home in a practically senseless state, and the effects of the awful blow that he received lingered with him for a considerable time.

McGunnigle had a standing as an actual player of baseball for a period of perhaps 25 years—a record that few men ever equalled. As a manager he made his last appearance at the head of the Louisville league team in 1895. He got some good work out of the club, started the players on a winning streak, and got a great reception. When he walked out into the field before 9000 people at one Sunday game he was cheered to the echo, and treated as royally as a Melba or an Eames in an American Opera house. But there were too many interests working against him; others "wanted his job," and Mr. McGunnigle after a few weeks' service had to drop out. He got the short end of the deal with the Louisville club in ways about which the general public knew nothing.

Capt. McGunnigle's playing record after he became noted in professional circles included Buffalo, 1878 and 1879, and then he was out of baseball until 1888, when he played in Saginaw, Mich., acting as captain and manager part of the time. He played in 1881 in Bay City, Mich., catching some games, one of the pitchers that he received being John Clarkson, afterwards of the "$10,000 beauties." Clarkson and Kelly, of Chicago and Boston. In 1885-6 he was in Brockton and the next year in Lowell, where he won the New England League championship. In '88 and '89 he managed the Brooklyn American association team, the team coming in second the first year and first the second year. He remained with Brooklyn in 1890 and part of '91, and then went to Pittsburg, where he remained part of the season. At Pittsburg he lifted the team somewhat in the race.

In 1892 he managed the Brocktons the latter half of the season, and the team won 12 straight games after he took hold, and finished the season in a respectable position in the New England League. He then dropped out of base ball till 1896, when he had a brief experience as manager of the Louisvilles.

WIRE CLOTH MANUFACTURERS.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BUFFALO, N. Y., March 13.—The wire cloth manufacturers of the United States formed an association in this city on Thursday under the name of the Wire Cloth Manufacturers' Association of America. H. S. Swinerne of Clinton, Mass., was elected president. A uniform price list was unanimously adopted.

ROBERT HOWARD

SPEAKS ON SOUTHERN MILLS BEFORE INDUSTRIAL COMMISSION.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WASHINGTON, March 13.—Robert Howard, ex-secretary of the National Spinners' union, was before the Industrial commission Saturday. He said that the southern mills could not be seriously considered as competitors of the northern mills because they produced a different class of articles and because southern workmen could not be pressed to expedition as could the northern operatives. He quoted a foreman in a southern mill as saying that if he should tell an operative in his institution to hasten her work she was liable to be after him with a shotgun.

Mr. Howard told of the difficulties encountered in getting legislation providing for weekly payments to laborers. The manufacturers had opposed the measure on the ground that it was a species of socialism and that it would produce drunkenness. The measure, however, had proved a success and instead of causing an increase of drunkenness, it had proved a promoter of temperance. There was not so much temptation to spend money for liquor when received weekly as when the entire month's wages were received in a lump sum.

DRACUT

IN THE POLICE PATROL OF THE TOWN.

The board of selectmen of Dracut held their regular meeting Saturday afternoon, and considerable business was transacted. John Hutchinson, the present police officer at the Navy Yard, was reappointed. Edward Kennedy was chosen police officer for Dracut Centre in place of Officer Jacquin, and George Tucker was appointed at Collinsville in place of Frank I. Hill, the present incumbent.

Besides the appointment of the regular police officers several special officers were appointed at the different villages.

John Smith, Collis Smith and Henry Varnum were appointed game and fish wardens.

Mr. Edward St. Ledger, jr., secretary of the Dracut Democratic committee has been appointed registrar of voters, for a term of three years in place of Nicholas Gallagher, who at the recent town meeting was elected selectman.

A BITTER FIGHT.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, March 13.—A special from Akron, Ohio, says:

A bitter fight will be instituted at Cleveland next Wednesday when the independent telephone companies will meet to form a combine to make war on the Central union and Bell telephone companies. The independent concerns represent a capital stock of $8,000,000.

HARVARD-YALE CONFERENCE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., March 12.—F. R. Nourse, and J. F. Roche, jr., representing the Harvard athletic association and Thomas R. Fisher, 2nd, and James Magee, representing the Yale athletic association, met in conference at the Massasoit House Saturday afternoon, to arrange for the dual contest between the athletic associations of their respective colleges. Before the meeting, Manager Magee of the Yale association said that the meet would be held in New Haven, probably on May 13.

DEBILITY

Why Drag Through Life Without Strength or Ambition?

It is Not Natural for Man or Woman to Feel Continually Tired.

Learn a Way to Get the Full Quota of Nourishment from Your Food.

This Accomplished, a Good Appetite and Restful Sleep Soon Follow.

Vinol Will Do This for Debilitated Men and Women.

We Guarantee that this Delicious Wine of Cod Liver Oil Will Accomplish What We Claim for It.

We Refund the Cost to All Who Buy Vinol, and Are Not Satisfied.

Men, women, and children, who drag their weary limbs through life without strength and without hope, deserve the pity of all, if they do not know of Vinol. No one, however, deserves pity who has the chance of getting over such troubles by living where Vinol can be procured. We know that Vinol brings good health to the afflicted. It acts beneficially on the stomach, and aids the digestive organs to perform their natural functions as they should.

Vinol we are positive will give strength and health to the weak and debilitated from disease or particularly from old age. If there is any case where this is not accomplished, we will refund the cost of the medicine in every instance.

Mr. F. H. Story, 240A School Street, Somerville, Mass., writes: "I have been confined to my house most of the winter. Tried cod liver oil; could not take it. I would indeed rather finish my days in bed than take into my stomach anything that has such a horrible taste and smell. Then I took Vinol, and I can say I am now gaining flesh and strength every day; and I am again eating and sleeping as a well man should. I feel like a boy again."

ELLINGWOOD & CO.,

Pharmacists,

Barristers Hall, Morrimac, Cor. Central St., and 255 Central, Cor. Middlesex St.

COURT OF INQUIRY

Had Mayor Smith as the Chief Witness.

Says He Received No Complaints About the Beef Furnished the Soldiers, But Some of the Beef Was Not in Good Condition.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

CHICAGO, March 13.—The army court of inquiry which is investigating the beef question began the taking of testimony today having finished the examination of the plants at the stock yards where the meat is prepared for consumption. From the best information obtainable, the court will confine its inquiries while in this city to these points:

1. The kind of beef used in preparing "roast beef."

2. The process of canning, the purpose being to determine whether the nutriment is extracted from the meat.

3. The disposition of condemned animals.

4. The explanation of contracts from the packers.

It is believed the court will be able to cover these phases by Monday or Tuesday, as the witnesses are to be confined with perhaps two or three exceptions to the packers and their employers.

Major Jesse Lee, who is looking after the interests of General Miles, occupied a chair with the board of inquiry.

The first witness called was Major Fred Smith, chief commissary of the department of the Great Lakes. It was the duty of Major Smith to purchase all the supplies used by soldiers both in camp in the various parts of this country and also the supplies used in Cuba and Porto Rico.

Major Smith was on General Shafter's staff during the entire Cuban campaign. He said:

"I never heard of any complaints being received at headquarters on the subject of rations. I had in charge the unloading of the beef that was brought to Cuba on the transports Mississippi and Port Victor. I saw it every day and it made very favorable impression on me. I thought the beef of excellent quality and had no reason to change my mind during all the time I continued to issue it."

Colonel Davis asked: "Was any of the meat tainted or had decomposition set in?"

"No, sir," was the reply. "There were no requests made to exchange meat."

Major Lee asked: "So far as you know, the canned roast beef or boiled beef was entirely satisfactory to the troops?"

"I did not state that in my testimony; I said that so far as I knew, no official complaints or written complaints were made."

"Was it practicable to have furnished refrigerated beef fresh to the troops in their operations before the surrender?"

"Yes, sir."

"Was any effort made to so furnish it?"

"Not to my knowledge."

In answer to question from Major Lee the witness said that he had heard that some of the meat was not in first class condition when it reached the camps, but always thought that was due to the negligence to the division commissaries themselves.

"Do you wish the court to infer that the unsatisfactory condition of the meat was due to the neglect of these officers or to the conditions under which they had to get the beef out there?"

"I presume it was due to the conditions and the difficulty of transportation."

"If under the terms of the contract that beef was to last 72 hours, were there any facilities in these camps around Santiago to enable the troops to carry out that provision of the contract?"

"No, sir."

"Do you believe it was a possible thing for that beef to last 48 or 72 hours?"

"No, sir; I do not."

GOSSIP OF LONDON

Many Invitations for Hon. Joseph Choate.

A STATUE TO KING ALFRED.

Campaign Against "Deadly Low Flash."

By Associated Press to The Sun.

LONDON, March 11.—London has been favored with ideal spring weather during the past week and there has been a marked diminution of influenza.

The Marquis of Salisbury caught a bad cold while returning from Windsor on the occasion of the formal presentation of the United States ambassador, Mr. Joseph Choate to the queen and he has been confined to his house ever since. The premier is unable to preside at the cabinet meeting or to held the usual reception of the members of the diplomatic corps. Thus Mr. Choate has not yet formally called at the foreign office.

Mr. and Mrs. Choate have been inundated with invitations to social events which are about to take place. All the ambassadors have left their cards.

QUEEN AND PRINCE ABSENT.

The absence of the queen and prince of Wales respectively from the opening drawing room and levee of the season has given rise to much criticism and a great deal of grumbling among society people. As one of the papers says, "this is one of the duties belonging to the throne and the heir and the public, who pay the piper, expect royal music."

Another paper says: "Outside of the charmed circle of the Marlboroughs and Manchesters, there is a very smart American set in London now. Ladies Ablinger and Oxford, Mrs. Offley Sorrester, whose daughters were the belles of the Riviera last year; Mrs. Blake, Mrs. Alfred Paris, who is holding the most pleasant weekly receptions in Chesham street, and Mesdames Bachelor and Freeman Schulze of Philadelphia.

London will lose one of its most popular beauties during the trip of Lady Mary Sackville to visit Mr. and Mrs. George J. Gould next month.

The newspapers here still pay considerable attention to the progress towards recovery made by Rudyard Kipling. The Times on Friday, prominently publishes a set of verses after the style of "The Barrack-Room Ballads," and supposed to be from "Tommy Atkins" to Kipling on his illness." The last verse ran:

"But we 'ardly 'oped you'd turn his flank; they said you 'ardly could,
But the news has come this morning,
and I'm writing 'ete to say,
There's no British sun more happy than
your old friend; Thomas A."

"DEADLY LOW FLASH."

The bill of Mr. Harold James Reckitt Liberal, member for the Brigg division of Lincolnshire, raising the flash-point of petroleum from 73 to 100 is the result of a bitter campaign waged by certain evening papers against the "deadly low flash." It comes before the house of commons next Wednesday and will meet with strong opposition. Its opponents contending that the originators of the agitation against the American oils are the Scotch petroleum refiners. Moreover it is shown that many of the accidents during the past year were not due to American oil but to Russian oil, whose test point is 103. The bill, it is declared, seeks to compel the public to use oils which apparently have been but little favored by the people up to now and favors Russia at the expense of America. Three representatives of an American syndicate are over here negotiating for a combination of the English and American oil mills.

They expect to carry the scheme through and in about three month's time there will be the biggest trust ever formed on this side of the Atlantic involving capital to the amount of about $75,000,000. The idea is that each side abandoned competition on the other's ground and come to a working arrangement regarding the continental business, especially that of south Europe, in oil and seed-cake. The oil milling industry here is confined to Hull, Liverpool and London. Hull is the principal centre but Liverpool has the largest concern of the kind in the world.

KING ALFRED'S STATUE.

The Lord Mayor of London, Sir John Voce Moore, presided at a meeting held at the Mansion House this week, to further the proposed national commemoration in 1901 of the one thousandth anniversary of the death of King Alfred. The queen has given the movement her patronage and the memorial will take the form of a bronze statue of King Alfred, to be erected in his royal city of Winchester. The United States Ambassador wrote regretting that his visit to the queen at Windsor on the day of the meeting prevented his attendance.

The secretary, who is a former mayor of Winchester, announced that a committee had been formed in America to co-operate with the movement here and that its members include Colonel John Hay, the secretary of state; Bishop Potter and the presidents of Yale and Johns Hopkins universities.

King Alfred being the founder of Great Britain's maritime supremacy, a naval display will be held, and the largest armored cruiser in the world, to be launched in 1901, will be christened King Alfred.

Wolvesey Castle, the ancient residence of the English kings near Winchester, will be secured as a memorial museum. The sum 30,000 pounds sterling is asked for to carry out the whole scheme.

THE SHAMROCK.

W. Fife jr., the yacht designer, has been in London frequently during the past few weeks studying the lines of the Shamrock as she grows into shape. He has not modified his plans in the slightest detail, so he is evidently as pleased with her appearance as an actual boat as he was with the designs. The workmen have now succeeded in surmounting the worst difficulties in working the manganese plates, several of which were ruined during the first attempts to do so. But the work is now proceeding smoothly, though slowly. It is expected, however, that the yacht could be ready if desired by the end of May. The name Golden Rod, which it is said will be given to the America's cup defender, is rather startling to Englishmen, most of whom never heard of the American flower. The Yachting World says:

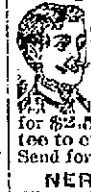
"No fault can be found with the name; but, all the same it is unpleasantly suggestive of a beating for Sir Thomas Lipton."

The owner of the Shamrock returns from the Rivera on March 16, when the date of the launch of the cup challenger will be fixed.

NERVITA PILLS

Restores VITALITY LOST VIGOR AND MANHOOD

Cures Impotency, Night Emissions and wasting diseases, all effects of self-abuse, or excess and indiscretion. A nerve tonic and blood builder. Brings the pink glow to pale cheeks and restores the fire of youth. By mail 50c per box, 6 boxes for $2.50; with a written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Send for circular. Address,



NERVITA MEDICAL CO.
Clinton &[illegible]

For sale by Ellingwood & Co., Druggists, Lowell, Mass.

A FACTORY FIRE

Gutted Plant Owned by John C. Rhodes.

LOSSES ARE COVERED BY INSURANCE.

Flames Started From Spontaneous Combustions.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., March 11.—Two alarms of fire were rung in early this morning, calling out two-thirds of the local department for a fire in the eyelet factory of John C. Rhodes & Co., on Front street. The fire originated and was confined to a wooden ell in which was carried on the varnishing and finishing of the product. The structure was gutted. The flames started in the bushing room from spontaneous combustion. A night force of workmen were at work at the time, the company being so driven with orders that it was necessary to work two gangs. The fire communicated to the next building north, occupied by S. S. Paine & Bro., dealers in flue, who suffered the greatest loss from water. J. C. Rhodes & Co.'s loss will reach $3,000 while Paine & Bro., will lose about $50. Both losses are covered by insurance.

HIS 33RD. YEAR

AS BISHOP CELEBRATED BY REV. JOHN J. WILLIAMS.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BOSTON, March 11.—Today is the 33d anniversary of the consecration of Archbishop John J. Williams as bishop of Boston. The event was elebrated at the Cathedral of the Holy Cross on Washington street this morning when solemn high mass was celebrated, at which the archbishop assisted. The officiating clergymen were the priests connected with the cathedral. There was no sermon but at the close of the mass, the venerable prelate gave the episcopal blessing to the congregation.

Archbishop Williams is nearly 77 yrs. of age, having been born in this city on April 27, 1822. He was ordained to the priesthood in 1845, and all the years of his ministerial life have been spent in his native city.

When the diocese of Boston was created an archdiocese in 1875, Bishop Williams was consecrated archbishop. The ceremony took place in the cathedral, which is a monument to his zeal and energy.

When the archbishop reached the 50th anniversary of his ordination to the priesthood, in May, 1895, the occasion was made memorable in the annals of the church. Religious services of great splendor were held in the cathedral, at which Cardinal Gibbons and archbishops from all parts of the country attended.

Priests and people also joined in honoring the archbishop at a banquet, which was held in Music Hall, at which, in addition to the prelates of the church, there were present to congratulate the archbishop upon reaching the golden jubilee of his ordination to the priesthood the governor of the commonwealth and other prominent national, state and city officials.

CYRUS K. RUSSELL

LARGELY ATTENDED FUNERAL SATURDAY AFTERNOON.

The funeral of the late Cyrus K. Russell took place Saturday from his late home, 763 Merrimack street and was very largely attended by representative business men including prominent members of the Lowell Grocers' Association. Rev. Bowley Greene, pastor of the Worthen Street Baptist church conducted the services in a very impressive manner. There was singing by a male quartet of favorite hymns of the deceased "Nearer My God, to Thee," and "Sweet Bye and Bye." The funeral arrangements were in charge of Mr. William W. Richardson, the well known Liberty Square grocer and the pall bearers were member of the Lowell Grocers' Association. The interment was in the family lot, Lowell cemetery. Among the floral tributes there were the family offering of beautiful cut flowers and a large wreath from the Grocers' Association.

A FANATIC'S DEED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

LONDON, March 11.—A gravestone mason, living at Twickenham, has caused a sensation by cutting the throats of his wife and two children and then cutting his own throat. All four are dead. The only motive for the crimes was that the man was a fanatic and had been medically ordered to eat meat.

SURPRISE PARTY.

Miss Isabelle Wilson was given a surprise party at her home, 17 South Loring street Friday night, about 20 members being present from the graduating class of the Lincoln school of Chelmsford street. The evening was enjoyed by games, songs with piano accompaniments by Miss Wilson. Master Clarence Bacon presented Miss Wilson with a handsome bracelet, a gift from the class. Although Miss Wilson was taken entirely by surprise, she thanked them in a most becoming manner. Refreshments were served and Miss Wilson was assisted in entertaining by Miss Lillian Harriman and Miss Maude Coburn.

Rev. and Mrs. George F. Kenngott have a little daughter at their home.

YOUR BREAD

Making will always be successful if you use

Diamond

MEDAL FLOUR.

It is very rich in the healthful phosphates, and all of ripe, sound, hard wheat. Makes sweet, light, delicious Bread, Cake, Gems, etc.

Daily Capacity 4500 Barrels

Sold by the Best Grocers Everywhere

J. W. ROBERTS & COMP'Y,

Receivers of this Brand

81-85 South Market Street, Boston, Mass.

THE MEANEST MAN

SOUGHT AND FOUND ANOTHER NEWSBOY VICTIM.

"The meanest man in Lowell" the scoundrel who about three weeks ago stole the few hardearned pennies of the newsboy mentioned in The Sun at that time, again sought a poor little newsboy as the victim for his thirst Friday night, stealing eight cents from the hand of little "Nick" Shea, one of the best known of the newsboy fraternity at the corner of Central and Hurd streets. The little fellow was counting his money at the time and the thief who is described by the boy as being unusually tall and having a light mustache swooped down on him and snatching the money ran through Hurd street to Warren street where he was lost to the crowd that followed. He was later seen in a saloon by the boys who seem to entertain a fear of him as they did not even report the finding of the man to the police.

NOURSE MILL

WAS BADLY GUTTED BY FIRE TODAY.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WOONSOCKET, R. I., March 11.—The Social manufacturing company's Nourse cotton mill was the scene of a fire this morning that resulted in a loss on building, machinery and cotton goods that will reach $12,000 if not $15,000. Between 300 and 400 hands of both sexes were at work in the mill when the fire was discovered. There was no panic, however, the girls leaving the mill in an orderly manner and many of the men remaining to help the firemen.

The fire was probably caused by friction generated in a mule head. The loss was mainly by water. Over 2000 bales of cotton cloth, valued at $140 a bale, stored in the cellar, were soaked with water and will have to be dried. The loss is covered by insurance.

Supt. Cunnock thinks that all will be in readiness to begin running the mill by Monday noon. The mill has been running night and day.

MISS BRENNAN'S CASE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BOSTON, March 11.—The attorney general had a conference today with Mayor Crowley and City Solicitor Quy of Lowell on the famous case of the young lady, Miss Brennan, who was appointed assistant superintendent of state aid as the commissioners' claim, in defiance of civil service rules. The matter was referred to the attorney general by the civil service board and that official asked to hear the mayor's side of the matter, the latter having declined to remove her when requested to do so. The attorney general can only proceed by indictment in the matter if he can determine who is responsible for her remaining in the office and is convinced that she is there illegally. At the conference hte attorney general gave no notice of intension to proceed to extreme measures. Mayor Crowley gave five reasons for thinking Miss Brennan was entitled to retain her position and was informed that the attorney general would consider them.

HOT FIRE THE WIRE.

The cut down in the wages of the employes of Stevens' linen works in Dudley, Mass., will be restored April 1.

Manager Brooke of the Yale university baseball association today characterized as false the report that there is serious friction between the Yale and Brown managements in connection with the base ball schedule.

The New Hampshire legislature adjourned today.

There was no choice on the 46th ballot for United States senator in Pennsylvania today.

A deal is pending whereby the American Steel and Wire company, recently organized to control wire nail product, may absorb the Belfont Iron Works company's nail and rolling mill and blast furnace of Ironton, the Ashland steel plant, the Norton Iron Works company's rolling and nail mills, rod mill and blast furnace at Ashland and the Ashland coal and iron railroad of that place.

COTTOLENE

is a combination of two pure natural products—choice beef suet and refined cotton-seed oil, as pure and golden as the southern sunshine which produces it—making a shortening and frying fat unequaled in healthfulness, cleanliness, flavor and digestible qualities. Endorsed by eminent physicians, recommended by cooking experts, used by thousands of discriminating housewives in preference to lard and other cooking fats. Once tried, always used.

The genuine is sold everywhere in one to ten pound yellow tins, with our trade-marks, "Cottolene" and steer's head in cotton-plant wreath—on every tin. Not guaranteed if sold in any other way. Made only by

THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY,

Chicago. St. Louis. New York. Montreal.

MARLBORO STRIKE

Appeal to the Unions Hereabouts.

A FEW WEEKS MORE WILL BRING VICTORY

Funds Needed to Maintain the Struggle.

A representative of the Marlboro strikers was in town Saturday soliciting funds to enable them to hold out for a few weeks longer, confident that by so doing they will win a victory over those who attempt to deprive the laborers of their right to organize. Their cause is a good one and deserves the support of all true friends of labor. It is all very well to talk of free shops. The phrase sounds well but by free shops is meant shops in which the employes cannot join any union, the which membership in a union will not be recognized or tolerated. The manufacturers are organized in this fight but they deny their employes the privilege of organizing for mutual protection. The Marlboro manufacturers should be beaten because if they succeed, their plans and policy will be adopted in other cities. Their action is a menace to laborers in general. How would it be in our mills if the operatives were forbidden to join a union, if no delegation representing organized labor were to be recognized?

The Marlboro strikers have justice on their side and on that they are strong, but the money is on the other side and they appeal to the friends of justice in neighboring cities to aid them in this struggle. They have issued the subjoined appeal and any subscriptions sent to The Sun office for the Marlboro strikers will be duly acknowledged and forwarded to the proper parties:

STRIKERS' APPEAL.

Fellow Workers of All Trades: The Union Shoe Workers of Marlboro, Mass., about 3000 in number, are obliged to call upon their fellow unionists, and all sympathizers throughout the country for financial assistance. For many years our unions and our employers have met on equal terms and settled prices and conditions of labor, but November 10, 1898, our manufacturers posted notices requiring each person to renounce the union and sign individual agreements for one year at prices reduced from 15 per cent. to 40 per cent.

Our members have unanimously decided to refuse to surrender their right to maintain organization and Nov. 14, 1898, the union men and women unanimously ceased work to remain out until such time as the employers will recognize them as unionists. If the hundreds of thousands of organized wage workers will make a small weekly contribution, we shall be able to hold out indefinitely. We ask our affiliated trades to circulate these subscriptions by reliable parties each week in factories, quarries or other places and keep them goin geach week until our victory is won. All favors, small or large, will be thankfully received. Send all money to John J. Dalton, 128 Main street, treasurer relief committee, Marlboro, Mass, and send notice of remittance to B. F. Dorsey, 193A Main street, Marlboro, Mass.

As the S. H. Howe Shoe Company, J. A. Frye, Rice & Hutchins, and John O'Connell & Sons, have boycotted organized labor, we deem it the duty of all labor unions to withdraw their patronage from all shoe dealers who sell shoes made by either of the above mentioned unfair firms. Please appoint committees at once to wait upon your shoe dealers with the above object in view. Thanking all in anticipation of their generous assistance, we remain in the noble cause of labor,

John Connell No. 8,
Boot & Shoe Workers' Union.

To all affiliated Trades: The undersigned heartily endorse the above appeal and on behalf of our national union which is now facing a crisis we beg unionists of all trades to circulate these petitions weekly and Godspeed our worthy members in Marlboro, Mass., in their determined struggle to maintain their organization.

Boot and Shoe Workers' Union,
John F. Tobin, General President.
Horace M. Eaton, General Secretary and Treasurer.

Headquarters American Federation of Labor, 425 G St., N. W.,
Washington, D. C., Jan. 4, 1899.

John F. Tobin, President Boot and Shoe Workers' Union:

Dear Sir and Brother: Replying to yours for verification regarding our interview with Mr. Howe of the firm of S. H. Howe & Co., of Marlboro, Massachusetts, I beg leave to say that your statements are founded upon facts as follows: During the convention of the American Federation of Labor at Kansas City, I wired Mr. Howe asking for an interview with a view to adjusting the shoe workers' trouble. Mr. Howe wired his assent but subsequently withdrew it and then wired his willingness to meet me personally. Desirous of being of some assistance to the Boot and Shoe Workers' union, I consented to meet Mr. Howe even upon this condition. The interview lasted three hours. During this time Mr. Howe adroitly endeavored to convey expressions of friendliness to the boot and shoe workers and disinterestedness toward organized labor, but he persisted in enforcing the reduction of wages and refused to even confer with a committee of his striking employes.

Yes, he even went so far as to say that he would only recognize those few who had violated their faith to their fellow workmen by returning to work during the trouble. How absurd or hostile to labor such an attitude is, needs no demonstration at my hands. Yes: he even refused to allow the state board of arbitration to consider, much less make an effort to adjust the difficulty.

While Mr. Howe declared that he would not have the state board of arbitration endeavor to effect a settlement, he declared that he was one of those personally responsible in calling for the state police for the purpose, as he euphoniously styled it, "to protect the interests of all." While he endeavored to qualify or modify his utterances at the banquet of the Shoe and Leather association of Massachusetts, the paper which he submitted clearly showed that he asserted it as his purpose to wreck the power of the Shoe Workers' union and destroy the American Federation of Labor.

If ever workers were justified in a contest and were deserving of the financial aid and practical support of organized labor and a sympathetic public the shoe workers of Marlboro certainly are.

The shoe manufacturers of Marlboro are antagonistic to organized labor, and certainly Mr. Howe convinced me that he is one of the most cunning of them all. Sincerely hoping that victory may come to our shoe workers of Marlboro, I am fraternally yours,

Samuel Gompers.

President American Federation of Labor.

Representatives of the strikers are in this city soliciting aid and it is hoped they will meet a generous response. Already many of the local unions have contributed liberally to the strikers.

REAL ESTATE

TRANSACTIONS FOR WEEK ENDING March 11.

LOWELL.

Nathaniel Peabody to Chas. A. Richardson, land with buildings on Ludlam street, $1.

D. Mandy Prescott to John J. Downing, land with buildings on Meade street, $1.

Chas. W. Webster to Azro H. Schoolcraft, a lot of land on Trotting Park road, $1.

James Clegg to Sarah Ann Swallow, lot of land on Sydney street, $1.

John Brady to Betsy Brady, land with buildings on Clare street, $1.

Morris Rubin to Nathan A. Carp, land with buildings on Bartlett street, $1.

Frank L. Brogan to Claudia Lefebvre, lot of land on Perkins street, $1.

Aeneas McAlvin to Daniel H. Varnum, lot of land on Varnum street, $1.

WESTFORD.

Geo. D. Kimball to John A. Healey, lot of land, $1.

TEWKSBURY.

Wm. H. Wiggin to Chas. H. Searle, land with buildings in Wigginville, $1.

TYNGSBORO.

Olive C. Plaisted et al., to Asa R. Plaisted et al., lot of land $1.

WILMINGTON.

Ira E. Burnham et ux., to Harriet Pierpoint, land with buildings, $1600.

DRACUT.

L. R. J. Varnum et al. to Jennie G. Manchester, lot of land at Mt. Pleasant, $1.

Mary J. Wilson to John Marren, lot of land on new Meeting House road, $300.

Dudley L. Page, trustee, to George Quinlin, lot of land at Elsmere, $1.

L. R. J. Varnum et al. to Chas. H. Jones, lot of land at Mt. Pleasant.

BILLERICA.

Thomas F. McElligott et al to James Copeland, land with buildings on Maple street, $1.

REPORT OF DEATHS

FOR THE WEEK ENDING MARCH 11, 1899.

2—Bridget Kelley, 50, peritonitis.
3—Henry H. Barnes, 83, acute gastritis.
Robert Ledford, 26, peritonitis.
4—Margaret Lugan, 46, hepatitis.
5—Sidney Davis, 84, cardiac debility.
Eliza Walker, 78, pneumonia.
Susan Walsh, 63, cerebral apoplexy.
Cornelius F. Hart, 39, phthisis.
Olivine Fleury, 5, cer. meningitis.
Hickles Govostes, 9 mos, cap. bronchitis.
6—Harriet P. Langley, 77, heart failure.
Sarah Kearnes, 70, old age.
Elizabeth Ray, 7, marasmus.
7—Johanna Hilellihey, 63, pneumonia.
Ann McKane, 49, peritonitis.
David Murphy, 23, pulm. hemorrhage.
Thomas Lyons, 27, tuberculosis.
Abraham Lappin, 1 mo., tuberculosis.
——— McAleer, 10 min., cyanosis.
8—George W. Lane, 46, consumption.
Mary Mullin, 26, colitis.
Cecil F. Nichols, 3, accidental drowning.
Joseph Marouski, 1, bronchitis.
9—Cyrus K. Russell, 83, cerebral anaemia.
Mary Gately, 53, pneumonia.
Felix Fortin, 19, fracture of skull.
James Driscoll, 41, phthisis.
Edward J. Garrigan, 24, tuberculosis.
Thomas F. Golden, 16, phthisis.
10—Fabyan J. Farr, 46, phthisis.
GIRARD P. DADMAN, City Clerk.

LOWELL GENERAL HOSPITAL.

Following are additional subscriptions to the hospital:

A. C. Wheelock	$50.00
James Whittet	5.00
Mrs. R. P. Coburn	3.00
Daniel M. Leary	5.00
Levi S. Sprague	25.00
J. W. B. Shaw	5.00
James U. Gage	5.00
A Friend	15.00
Carl G. Pihl	5.00
Edward N. Burke	25.00
Josiah B. French	5.00
Edmund R. Fletcher	100.00
Frederick Ayer	25.00
James W. Bennett	5.00
Mrs. Kate S. Martin	5.00
Mrs. Elvira R. Hutchins	5.00
	$288.00
Previously acknowledged	1073.00
Total	$1361.00

CRESCENT CLUB.

The Crescent club held a social on Saturday evening at its club house in the Highlands and about 25 members and a few invited friends were present. A phonograph exhibition was given by W. H. Dodge. The club's quartette contributed to the evening's enjoyment. Refreshments were served and the affair was voted a success.

FIRST STREET LANDSLIDE.

About 6.30 o'clock last evening a landslide on First street in the vicinity of Llewellyn street completely covered the tracks of the Lowell, Lawrence & Haverhill street railway. Passengers to and from Lowell had to be transferred from cars on either side of this miniature mountain of gravel until a clearance was made. Verily, it is about time something should be done to this dangerous hill in the way of protection for public safety demands it.

BASE BALL.

Unless the players who make up the New York team last year show more alacrity in returning the contracts sent to them, Manager John B. Day will not have enough men on his practice trip south to make up a nine.

One of the Cleveland scribby cats is undoubtedly on the document that was sent to Louis Sockalexis, the erstwhile Indian phenom., and this is not surprising. The only wonder is that the club offered Sox a contract at all. If the people of Cleveland are so forgiving toward the club, as the club has been toward the Indian, there will be good times in base ball the coming season, for the "throw-down" that Sox gave the club was about equal to the "throw-down" that the club gave the people of Cleveland.

Next year Jesse Burkett thinks there will be a great big revolution in base ball and there will come into existence from the troubles in the National league another league, which will be known as the American Association of professional base ball clubs, of which so much has been written and talked this winter. He feels sure that will be the outcome and Cleveland will be represented in that organization. He laughs at the proposition that another team will be put into Cleveland with the National League franchise and says if the crack team of last year could not make the game pay there a team of less ability surely could not.

There promises to be a regular cat and parrot matinee when the time comes for the appointment of a captain for the Brooklyn team. The old Brooklyn players want Grifith to direct them while the former Orioles, Keeler, Jennings, Kelley and McGraw are holding out for Kelley. The greatest weakness of the consolidated team is apt to come from internal jealousies.

Manager Selee of the Bostons says that the new bulk rule will require catchers who can line the ball down to second base with the speed of a shot and the accuracy of a rifle. He thinks that in Bergen and Clarke he has two such catchers.

Burkett has signed with Cleveland and it is said has obtained an increase in salary.

Captain Duffy has decided to leave with the Boston team on March 21.

Manager Dusty Wright has got together a good team for Paterson, N. J. It contains some men who are well known in this section, "Hi" Ladd, the Fall River left fielder; Tommie Niland, of Lynn who is slated to play third; Pitcher Tom Flanigan, who did good work in Fall River; Gochnaur, formerly of Brockton, who is to play second, and Catcher Duncan, formerly of Portland, Fall River and Springfield.

Pres. Soden received contracts yesterday from Bergen, Willis, Yager and Smith.

Fred Doe stands an excellent chance of making the league staff as he has the support of several league managers, among the rest Burns of Chicago, Selee of Boston and Irwin of Washington.

Washington will abandon the idea of placing Mercer on third base. An endeavor will be made to secure Irwin of the Chicks or Dave Cross. Washington also wants an experienced pitcher and has such seasoned men as Mercer and McGuire to offer for desirable players. Padden will probably captain the team.

HIGGINSON DECLINES PROMOTION.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WASHINGTON, March 13.—Rear Admiral Higginson, who commanded the Massachusetts during the late war, has declined the promotion offered him by the department, on the ground that his services have not been of such conspicuous merit as to warrant it.

KNIGHTS OF COLUMBUS.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

HARTFORD, Conn., March 13.—The Times is authority for the statement that members of the order of the Knights of Columbus in this city and throughout the state are much exercised over the announcement that the National council of the order, at its recent meeting in New Haven had voted $50,000 from the funds of the order to endow a chair in the Catholic University at Washington.

CREDIT TO ALL

IT PAYS

a clothier not to make money at certain months of the year. We, at least, go on that principle. With Spring goods coming in daily, we put forth every effort to dispose of our heavy weight garments. A glance at our windows will show you how good a bargain you can buy at very little money.

Ladies' Jackets, Capes, Skirts and Waists
Men's, Boys and Children's Clothing,

Not a garment that is not reduced, most of them about half and less of what they were a month ago. Of course "On Credit," if you want accommodation. Always remember this store is your store, and Credit is your right.

Caesar Misch
ODD - FELLOWS - BLOCK
78 MIDDLESEX ST., LOWELL.
A. STRAUSS, Manager.

DON'T FORGET THE

GREAT SPECIAL SALE

New

Spring Wrappers,

—AT—

JOHN DRAIN

111 CORHAM STREET.

A Bunch of Violets Free with every $1.0 Purchase. Come, Everybody.

TEETH

DR. BICKELL & SON insert teeth without plate. Only dentists in New England who have an Electric Mallet for filling teeth with gold without pain. Gold fillings do not come out when made by this process. Beware of dentists claiming to use Dr. Bickell's New Method of Painless Extraction—as we reserve the exclusive right in Lowell to our own office. Best teeth from $5 to $10 a set, and Dr. Bickell will pay $1000 reward to any person who proves that any dentist in Lowell uses any better quality teeth than Dr. Bickell & Son. No charge for extracting when teeth are to be made. All work warranted. Thirty years' experience. DR. BICKELL & SON, the Painless Dentists, Rooms 34, 35, 36 Runels' building, cor. Merrimack and Bridge streets. Office hours: 9.00 a. m. to 6.00 p. m. Not in evenings.

DEST TEETH $8 TO $10 A SET.

CLEARANCE SALE! During the month of February we will sell $6, $7 and $8 Dress Suit Cases for $5. Our $3.50 Cases will be sold for $2. Big reductions will be made on all our Leather Novelties, Trunks, Bags, Pocketbooks.

P. F. DEVINE, 88 Merrimack Street, Branch of Lowell Trunk Manufactory.

The Easy Food
Easy to Buy,
Easy to Cook,
Easy to Eat,
Easy to Digest.
Quaker Oats
At all grocers in 2-lb. pkgs. only

WHEN IN DOUBT, TRY
STRONG AGAIN! Scarine Pills

They have stood the test of years, and have cured thousands of cases of Nervous Disease, such as Debility, Dizziness, Sleeplessness and Varicocele, atrophy, &c. They clear the brain, strengthen the circulation, make digestion perfect, and impart a healthy vigor to the whole being. All drains and losses are checked *permanently*. Unless patients are properly cured, their condition often worries them into insanity, Consumption or Death. Mailed sealed. Price $1 per box; 6 boxes, with iron-clad legal guarantee to cure or refund the money, $5.00. Send for free book. Address, PEAL MEDICINE CO., Cleveland, O.

Sold at Goodale's Drug Store, the best and cheapest place in Lowell for drugs and medicines, 217 CENTRAL STREET.

WANTED.

WANTED—A kitchen girl at 119 Middlesex St.

WANTED—Young attractive lady, one that can speak French, to travel, one that has some knowledge of palmistry and card reading. Call at once at the Farragut House parlor. L. A. Hickson.

WANTED—Razors to concave and hone. No need to take other while shaving after having them sharpened by Gonzales, the grinder. Every job warranted. 124 Gorham street.

WANTED—A tract of land, 4 to 10 acres, suitable for development and building purposes. Address giving particulars, New England Suburban Improvement Co., Milford, Mass.

WANTED—An unfurnished front room in St. Peter's parish. Call for Miss O'Day, 98 John street.

WANTED—100 boys call at Room 19, St. Lawrence hotel to sell London Champion Silver Polish at 5c. a package. Prize given to the one selling the most. Gold watch or suit of clothes.

WANTED—Board and rooms in private family by a young man. Address Nihol, Sun office.

WANTED—Clerk (an man or woman to qualify as correspondent. Salary $900. Enclose references and self-addressed stamped envelope to Secretary, care Sun.

WANTED—Ladies to make sapolio patches at home; $8 to $10 weekly; no canvassing; reply envelope for sample and particulars. Foster Manufg Co., 823 West 29th street, New York.

WANTED—You to know that we pay cash for second hand furniture. Send postal; we will call. Fogg & Co., 60 Middlesex street.

WANTED—Agents, both sexes, with and without experience. For particulars call between 12 and 2, and 7 and 9 p. m., at No. 196 Suffolk street, City. J. D. Laprise, Gen. Agt.

WANTED—Two Ladies and three Gentlemen of experience to handle an article of genuine merit. Apply 179 West Merrimack St.

WANTED—Agents, young women, good money. Lowell Chemical Co., 86 Middle street.

PROFITABLE WORK offered agents in every town to secure subscriptions to The Ladies' Home Journal and the Saturday Evening Post. Good pay for good work. We want agents to work thoroughly and with business system to cover each section with our illustrated little booklets and other advertising matter. How well some of our agents have succeeded is told in a little booklet we would like to send you—portraits of some of our best agents, with the story of how they made it pay. The Curtis Publishing Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

LADIES to do plain sewing at home. $1.50 per day; four months' work guaranteed; send stamped addressed envelopes for particulars. Utopian Supply Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

3 DEALERS and boarders wanted at Central Restaurant, 455 Central street, opposite Union street. Price low. Meals at all hours.

WANTED—Girl to do general housework at 82 Rock street.

LADIES WANTED To attend the Lowell Dress Cutting Schools, opened day and evening. First evening free at 58 Merrimack street, room 16, opposite Dickson Bros.' tea store. Nesmith's Block and 876 Central street, near Opera House. First class dress makers and milliners will be employed for teaching. M. J. Greaves, Principal. Hours from 9 a. m. to 9 p. m.

WANTED—50 young and old men to bring their old clothes to Fred P. Low's Dye House and Clothes Cleaning establishment at 477 Merrimack street, where he can make your old suit as good as new for a small sum.

LOST AND FOUND.

FOUND—A bunch of keys at corner of Cross and Adams street. Owner can have same by calling at Sun office.

LOST—A double black shawl, between the old Boston & Maine depot and the corner of Bridge and Seventh streets. Finder return to Farragut House.

LOST—A pocketbook containing a sum of money. Finder will please leave at 199 Broadway.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

Middlesex, ss.

PROBATE COURT.

To the heirs at law, next of kin, and all other persons interested in the estate of BRIDGET A. KELLEY, late of Lowell, in said County, deceased.

Whereas, certain instruments purporting to be the last will and testament—and a codicil—of said deceased has been presented to said Court, for probate, by James F. Sullivan, who prays that letters testamentary may be issued to him, the executor therein named, without giving a surety on his official bond.

You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court to be held at Lowell, in said County of Middlesex on the twenty first day of March, A. D., 1899, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any you have, why the same should not be granted.

And said petitioner is hereby directed to give public notice thereof, by publishing this citation once in each week, for three successive weeks, in the Lowell Sun, a newspaper published in Lowell, the last publication to be one day at least, before said Court, and by mailing postpaid, or delivering a copy of this citation to all known persons interested in the estate, seven days at least before said Court.

Witness, Charles J. McIntire, Esquire, Judge of said Court, this sixth day of March, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

S. H. FOLSOM, Register.

Notice is hereby given that the subscriber has been duly appointed administratrix of the estate of Mary Scanlan, alias Mary Scanlen, late of Billerica, in the County of Middlesex, deceased, intestate, and has taken upon herself that trust by giving bond as the law directs. All persons having demands upon the estate of said deceased are required to exhibit the same; and all persons indebted to said estate are called upon to make payment to Annie F. Scanlan, Adm. North Billerica, Mass., Feb. 25, 1899.

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS—State House, Boston, March 10, 1899.—The Committee on Cities will give a hearing to parties interested in a petition of Jerome F. Manning with accompanying bill (House No. 601) "to discontinue and abolish the existing Board of Assessors in the City of Lowell, and create and establish a new Board of Assessors in place thereof, and for other purposes, at Room No. 414, State House, on Tuesday, March 14th, at 10.15 o'clock a. m. Loyd H. Chamberlain, chairman; Edward P. Sands, Clerk of the Committee.

PETER H. SAVAGE.
Undertaker and Funeral Director
169 WORTHEN ST.
Telephone connection 164-4. Calls night or day promptly attended to. Carriages furnished for weddings and christenings.

PETER J. BRADY, GROCER
NEW STORE:
Cor. Gorham and South Highland Streets.
Choice Teas, Coffees, and Spices
Try our New Brands of Flour, the Best in the City, "The King Arthur," "Crown of Gold," and "Banquet."

OPEN EVENINGS,
Monday and Saturday.

Alcohol,
Ammonia,
Bay Rum,
Benzine.
Best Quality.

C. B. COBURN & CO.
63 TO 67 MARKET ST.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—The largest and best equipped restaurant in N. H. within one half hours' ride from Lowell, across the street from depot, wine rooms good for $30 a day; ladies' private parlor; furniture and everything in it strictly first class. Colored chef, gentleman waiters and plenty of business; satisfactory reasons given for selling. Price ($9000) one thousand dollars. R. [illegible] Tice.

FOR SALE—Lot of land on Highland avenue 3000 feet, by Lewis D. Gumb, 914 Gorham street.

FOR SALE—In N. H. good farm of 150 acres; lots of fruit, wood and timber; two good barns, good 10 room house; running water at house and barn. Price only $900. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

FOR SALE—My residence, 479 Westford street. Fred G. Miller.

FOR SALE—Near Massachusetts mills, two tenement house and barn, all modern improvements; pays 16 per cent. Price $3000. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

CALL at 259 Market street to buy or sell second-hand furniture.

FOR SALE—In Particheterville, two tenement house and store, always rented. Price $2300. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

FOR SALE—Ten R-I-P-A-N-S for 5 cents at druggists. One gives relief.

FOR SALE—Good boarding house of 12 rooms. Well furnished; 25 boarders, good location. Price $350. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

LADIES—Chichester English Pennyroyal Pills (Diamond Brand) are the best, safe, reliable. Take no other. Send 4c. in stamps for particulars, "Relief for Ladies," in letter by return mail. At druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

FOR SALE—In Centralville, near Bridge street, 7 room cottage house, good barn, large lot of land. Price $1600. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

MENTHOL CREAM Shampoo is used in all leading hair-dressing and bath parlors in New England. Menthol Cream Shampoo removes dandruff and all humors of the scalp. It contains alcohol, glycerine and menthol, it gives a rich, creamy lather and when used in the bath will remove pimples, etc., leaving the skin clear and soft. 35c. per bottle. Sold by leading druggists.

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LADIES—My Monthly Regulator has brought happiness to hundreds of anxious women. I have never had a single failure; no other doctor can say this. Longest cases relieved in from 2 to 4 days without fail. No pain, no danger, no interference with work; price $2 by mail or at office. Consultation free. All letters truthfully answered. Dr. Tolman Co., 170 Tremont street, Boston.

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We are ready to do our part if you are. We know that we can save big money for you if you will call and leave your clothing with us. Hundreds of gentlemen's suits of clothes are in the wardrobe, and are just as good as new as far as wear is concerned, and after passing through our Dye House we will change them to any color that you want at a very small cost to you. Now is the time to bring them in for the spring season. Economy is wealth, and we will help you get wealthy if you let us. Remember it is not what you make, it is what you save that brings happiness. This is the New Years advice of the

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TO LET—New second flats, 621 Broadway, $8.00 per month.

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That can show ability for successful effort; can make an arrangement with a great corporation that will pay $5,000 yearly and expenses. Substantial people of ability solicited. Address Post Office Box 1561, New York.

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And deliver it in cases to all parts of the city. There is no better Ale in the market than Betz's Celebrated Ales. We also keep on draught all the leading brands of Ales, Lager and Porter. Choicest line of foreign and domestic liquors and cigars.

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Price of Gas with the discount off for prompt payments, is

$1.00 ONE THOUSAND FEET.

First class Cooking Stoves set up and repaired at a low rate per year, piping included. Cost broken screened and delivered at $4.50 per chaldron. $2.25 per half chaldron, cash. No charge made for the use of meters. No charge made for running supply pipes from street mains to consumer's cellar. Orders left at office promptly attended to.

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Florist and nursery man, also landscape gardner. Floral designs for all occasions. Choice cut flowers always on hand. Plants, trees, shrubs, etc. Westford street cars pass our conservatories.

CONCRETE layer and dealer in coal tar and pitch. Orders solicited for putting down sidewalks, garden walks, warehouse and stable floors, street pavements, etc., etc., also asphalt (gravel) roofing. 153 Highland Avenue, Lowell, Mass.

A CARD.

A final cleaning up of all our winter lines of Footwear for ladies, that were formerly $2.00 to close at

$1.50 a Pair.

We do this to make room for our spring goods that are due on the 15th.

J. J. LONERGAN,
215 DUTTON ST.

PREPARATIONS FOR A STAGE PRODUCTION.

What Goes On In the Mysterious Regions "Behind the Scenes" Prior to the First Performance.

[Copyright, 1899.]

The average theater goer, as he sits comfortably in his reserved seat and watches the first performance of some great dramatic work, often wonders in a vague sort of way how such smoothness and nicety of action were ever attained by mortal man. From the first rise of the curtain to the fall of the drop every line has been spoken and every movement has been ordered with the accuracy and precision of a double jeweled chronometer. Never a hitch is there from first to last. But as our complacent theater goer sits and watches the play for which he has paid his dollar or two he has indeed very little idea of the weeks and weeks of toil and study and worry and revising which had to take place before the actor could add his last little quota to the gayety of nations.

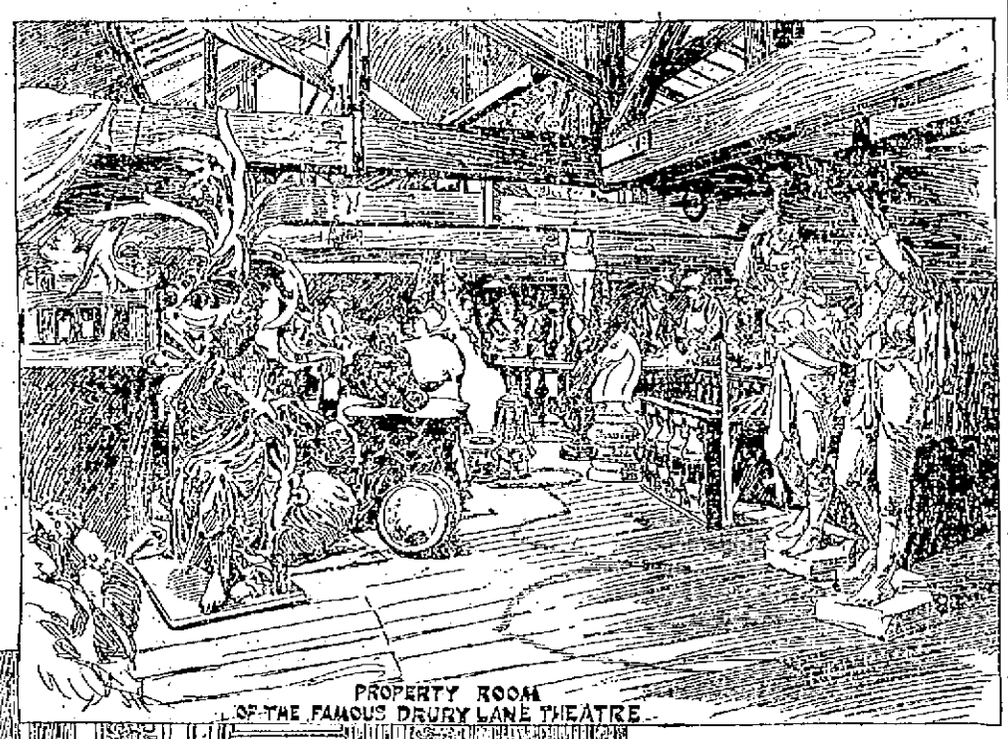
But the actor himself knows only too well the amount of work that was necessary before he could so airily tear a passion to pieces for the delectation of his light hearted audience. In fact, if that imaginative and sadly misled young lady, the stagestruck girl, were once led behind the scenes by some kindly hand and shown just how the ordinary everyday dress rehearsal is conducted she would soon see that they say such things and they do such things that she would never want to go there any more! She would suddenly realize that the entire duty of even the brightest theatrical star is not to beam effulgently over the footlights and send out her autograph to an ever increasing army of admirers.

Theatrical people, fortunately, make it a point to see that only those persons who have some particular reason for doing so shall witness that laborious and painful preparatory work which necessarily precedes the production of a new play. For this reason a glimpse behind the scenes will be of especial interest to those who have never known the use of rouge and wig.

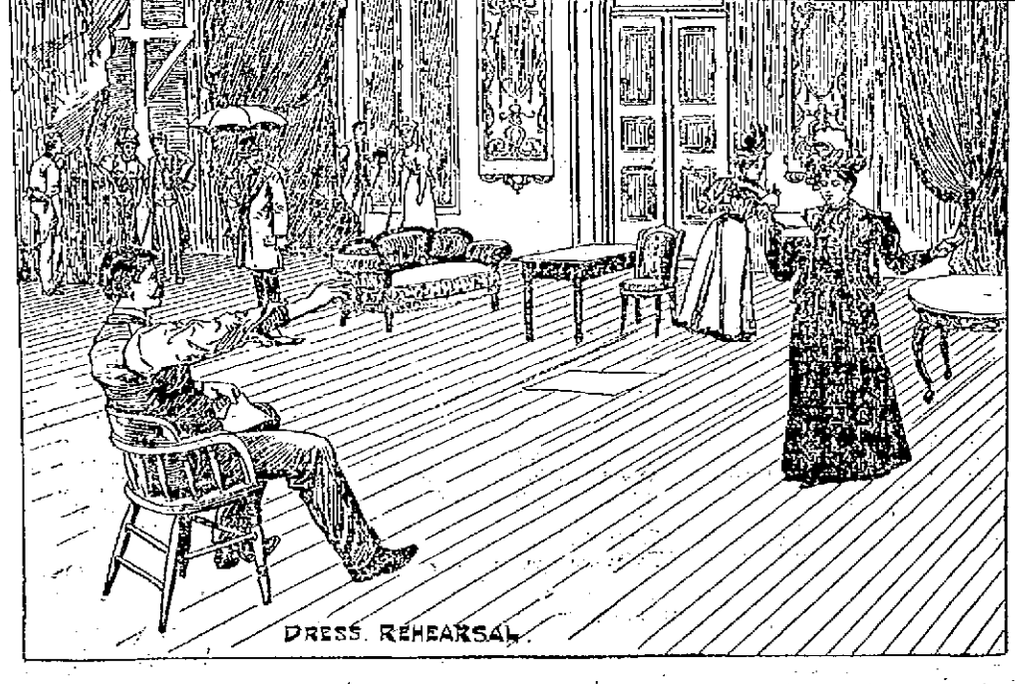
In the first place, a visit behind the scenes of a big theater is invariably disillusioning, interesting as the initial incursion into that once considered realm of enchantment may prove. If the dress rehearsal for some big performance chances to be taking place during this first visit, the intruder will find everything behind the footlights in a state of confusion and activity.

The first thing which will strike the visitor is the surprisingly shabby appearance of the stage scenery when viewed at short range. The lordly mansion of the Capulets will be nothing more than a crudely daubed piece of canvas, and the white swan on which the departing Lohengrin floats so mysteriously away is nothing more than a ridiculous lithe-necked box on wheels, well decorated with very earthly goose feathers. The visitor will venture into the property room with expectant heart, for there, he knows, he will be sure to find the bloody dagger with which Lady Macbeth does her nightly deed of horror, and the Venetian four poster on which the irate Othello strangles the perjured Desdemona, and the anvil that rings so merrily in "Robin Hood," and the great golden goblets from which the Pirates of Penzance have always taken such liberal and yet strangely unintoxicating potions, and indeed the one hundred and one things which mingled comedy and tragedy, tears and laughter, have endeared to those people who have a fondness for seeing the mirror held up to nature.

What the visitor really sees will be in all probability a great, confused, heterogeneous mass of lumber, among which he will distinguish perhaps the sawmill used in "Blue Jeans" and the real gristmill from "The Man Without a Country," a luxurious parlor chair or two piled incongruously on a plain kitchen table, firearms and swords and piles of tin armor for the Roman soldiery, false faces of all sizes and descriptions, rustic looking tree trunks made of boards with painted rags glued to them and a hundred and one outlandish looking pieces of stage furniture. The golden goblets from which the alcoholically inclined chorus drink their foaming beverage are, alas, found to be nothing more substantial than paper, and the delectable young chicken over which the theatrical lunch party smacks its collective lips is found to be a mere creation of stuffed kid or cloth. Unlovely looking pieces of wooden statuary stand carelessly about, strangely hideous without the softening lights of the stage electrician flowing over them. And this same stage electrician, by the way, is a very important man behind the scenes, playing a far greater part in the mounting of a drama than the unthinking spectator ever dreams. The master of the lights spends many an hour of study and experiment in trying the effect of different hues and shades on the different scenes of the play under production. Sometimes it is found that a sickly green light will produce a beautiful enough moonlight effect, but the leading lady protests with much vigor that she is never going to face an audience with her erstwhile roselike complexion bathed in any such universal verdancy. So the master of the lights has to begin all over again and find some more acceptable hue to represent his moonlight, or have the heavens shed a special beam of more acceptable coloring over the unrelenting leading lady.



PROPERTY ROOM OF THE FAMOUS DRURY LANE THEATRE.



DRESS REHEARSAL.

Unless the visitor has wandered into an exceptionally well conducted playhouse he will discover that the different dressing rooms allotted to the leading lady and her colleagues are by no means such luxurious apartments as the outside world dreams. In these rooms will be seen rows and rows of gorgeous looking gowns, but far from being as gorgeous looking as they seem when draped on the heroine while she is being pursued by the villain before the footlights for the amusement of her insatiable audience. Wigs, cosmetics, slippers, shoes, crowns richly dight with glass diamonds, turbans and a theatrical trunk or two will be found scattered promiscuously about.

The bare and dingy rooms in which the ever fascinating chorus girls are made to dress will be viewed with a gentle shock by the visitor, to whom it will seem outrageous that such visions of pink tighted loveliness should have to adorn themselves in a grotto of such dismal hideousness.

When the actual rehearsal starts and the big curtain is rung up before the darkened or dimly lighted house, the really interesting moments of the visit begin. The orchestra at such rehearsals is usually represented by merely the leader of that organization, who presides at the piano and thumps the keyboard and calls out, none too gently, directions to the chorus or the soloist at the same time. If the rehearsal is one of an opera, the ravings and the lecturings to which that poor chorus is subjected are wonderful and terrible to behold. When the leader has grown tired of giving directions and reprimands for the hundredth time, the stage manager comes to the front and takes his turn and pitches into that same much abused chorus for not dressing the stage properly. They are grouped over again, and once more the leader strikes up the old air, and once more a few dozen very tired young ladies—but not always so awfully young—glibly rattle off the same old lightsome ditty and go through the same old fetching movements. Stage managers, as a rule, are not the best tempered beings in the world, and the reason for it is soon understood. Some unfortunate player will insist on standing in the wrong place. She is shifted and shuffled about for the twentieth time and is at last made to cover her own appointed ground only after a big chalk mark has been made showing where she is supposed to stand. Then wrong entrances and exits are made, and once more the manager waxes wrathy and them, hustles them, roars at them, drives them about the stage like a lot of frightened sheep and shows them how to carry a tin spear without giving the impression that this same spear is an attenuated infernal machine.

If there is any dancing in the piece being prepared, the service of the ballet master is demanded. He is nearly always a Frenchman, and for the enlightenment of the young women who stand about with their skirts pinned up he nimbly gyrates with a strange and beautiful abandon which few enough of his short skirted pupils can successfully emulate. Then, after some repainting of scenery and a few more alterations in the lights and a few hours' debating as to costumes and cues and going over the whole play a few more times, the new performance is voted to be almost ready for presentation. After a dress rehearsal or two the first night arrives, and with it brings the long haired newspaper critics and the rest of the great unwashed, who jauntily sum up the merits and demerits of the new production and go on their careless way rejoicing.

But few of us ever dream of the infinite toil and labor that has taken place behind the curtain before that new play is presented to its first audience.

EVANS COOK.

Von der Ahe and Keeler.

Should Chris Von der Ahe drop out of baseball he would be missed by the many jokers who have all told stories at his expense. The latest that is going the rounds refers to a meeting recently between Von der Ahe and Billy Keeler, who was the League's champion batsman last year.

"Hey, Chris!" said a baseball crank who had Keeler in tow. "Don't you know this fellow?"

"Nein," answered the German, with a puzzled look. "What is he?"

"This is Billy Keeler, Chris, the champion hitter of the country."

Von der Ahe stuck out his hand mechanically and without the semblance of a smile remarked:

"Keeler, many's der time I wished I never saw you! Dem home runs und dem tree baggers on der St. Louis grounds made me feel like I vas dead, ain't it? Keeler, I don't know you any more if you make any more of dem bad hits over my fences. It ain't right, Keeler, it ain't right. I've got other troubles, you bet!"

To Find Out Athletes.

When students face the registrar of Northwestern university at the beginning of next semester, they will be asked to fill what Dr. Hollister calls "athletic blanks." On these the students will be required to write a minute account of the athletics they have ever taken part in. By this way the trainer hopes to find many good athletes who would otherwise go through the school year without being known.

THE BASEBALL SEASON.

Outlook For a Prosperous Year—The Brooklyn and Boston Teams Compared—Why New York Should Have a Winning Nine. Edward Hanlon.

[Copyright, 1899.]

Another baseball season will open in a few weeks, and the air is now filled with all sorts of rumors. There has never been a winter prior to the one just ended when so many and such vast deals were put through or attempted. For weeks past baseball politics has been in a state of effervescence, and the public has been kept on the edge to know what would be the next thing sprung by the magnates.

Of course the biggest coup was the purchase of the Baltimore club by Brooklyn, thus giving to the latter city what will probably prove to be the strongest team in the League. Baltimore and Boston last year had a very even fight for the pennant, with the latter winning out in the finish. It is more than likely this season the Brooklyn team, which will consist of the pick of the two clubs, will be able to give the Bostons a fight that will be memorable in baseball annals. Such being the case, it is of interest to compare the relative strength of the two teams.

The new Brooklyn outfield will consist of Griffin, Jones and Keeler. Against them will be pitted Duffy, Hamilton and Stahl. As regards Keeler and Stahl, the problem is easy. The former is the League's champion bat, and the best fielder in his position in the country. Griffin is a much better fielder than Hamilton, whereas in other respects they are about on even terms, with the Bean Eater a shade the better base stender. Jones is a much better thrower and fielder than the Boston captain and besides has the advantage of being several years younger. He has not had so much experience in the League, being a comparative newcomer in the ranks, but is quicker than his opponent. Duffy, however, at present is the better bat. On the whole Brooklyn seems to have the better of the argument as regards the outfield.

On comparing the infielders the superiority of Brooklyn is not so marked. Kelly is, of course, an experiment at first base, but he is quick to learn and knows all the fine points of the game. He is also a heavier batsman than Tenney, the champions' first base man. Kelly is also a right handed thrower, while Tenney is a "southpaw."

At second base it looks like a stand off between Daly and Lowe. The Bostonian, while not a grand stand or showy player, uses his head at all times and is a splendid team man. Daly can throw better than Lowe and is certainly as equal in stick work. Herman Long, the crack short stop of the Boston aggregation, and Hugh Jennings, who will cover the same territory for Brooklyn, are probably the best two players at this position in the country. Both are very fast fielders. Last year Long had a little the better of the argument because Jennings' arm bothered him, but now that trouble is removed. In batting and base running they rank about equal, so that they ought to have a very pretty fight for the honors.

Collins, the Boston third base man, is an artist in his position and is everywhere regarded as the king pin of them all. However, he will have to exert himself to excel Dahlen, who will cover that point for Brooklyn. The latter has been playing short for several years in Chicago, though previous to that time he was a third base man. Both men are very graceful players and can cover a lot of territory, though whether Dahlen can equal Collins' lightning throws is to be seen. He is a better batsman and base runner than the Bostonian and has the advantage of more experience in League baseball. All in all, Brooklyn seems to have the advantage in hitting ability, in the infield, though slightly behind in fielding.

The pitching department of both teams is very strong. Hanlon relies on McJames, Kennedy, Nops, Maul, Hughes and Dunn. If to these he can add Joe Corbett, he will have a great advantage over his opponents. The Boston battery consists of Nichols, Klobedanz, Willis, Lewis and others.

The star catcher of the League, Bergen, is a member of the Boston team, and he has to help him out Yeager, Lake and others. Brooklyn can boast no particular star, but includes such reliable men as Grim, Ryan and A. Smith.

Close students of the game, including Hanlon and Vonderhorst, who have studied the make up of the team, assert that Brooklyn will carry off the pennant this season, though they grant that it will by no means be a walkover. They assert that Brooklyn has the heaviest hitting nine in the League, besides having pitching and catching material, though Boston is conceded the stronger in fielding.

However, there are several other teams that must be reckoned with when figuring out a champion. Cincinnati and Philadelphia are always dangerous. Pittsburg has a great team, and any of these by judicious strengthening can give the others a great fight. New York is always a strong finisher, and with about three additions and good management might be backed for a winner with a good deal of confidence. The new manager, Mr. John B. Day, is out with a statement, however, that no new players will be signed for some time and that the captain will not be chosen until after some practice has been taken at Charleston.

The reason for this unwillingness of President Freedman to strengthen the Giants is believed to arise from the fact that he is preparing to get out of baseball after this season. The only thing that keeps him connected with the sport is the $10,000 salary that is attached to the post, and it is not believed that he can influence a sufficient number of stockholders to vote it to him again. He is owner of a majority of the stock, so can get elected to the presidency, but that will not appeal to him when only a small salary goes with it, and it takes a two-thirds vote of the magnates to decide that point.

On the other hand, every magnate, player and baseball crank in the country would like to see the New York team very strong and in a leading position. They all recognize that that city is the best baseball town in the country. An ordinary gate there in a good year when the Giants were factors in the race was 3,000, even on off days, whereas on a Saturday the attendance was between 10,000 and 12,000 and on a holiday was several thousands more than the last number, so that a club, even if it only made expenses in other cities, by playing a few profitable games in the metropolis could wind up the season with a comfortable balance in the bank.

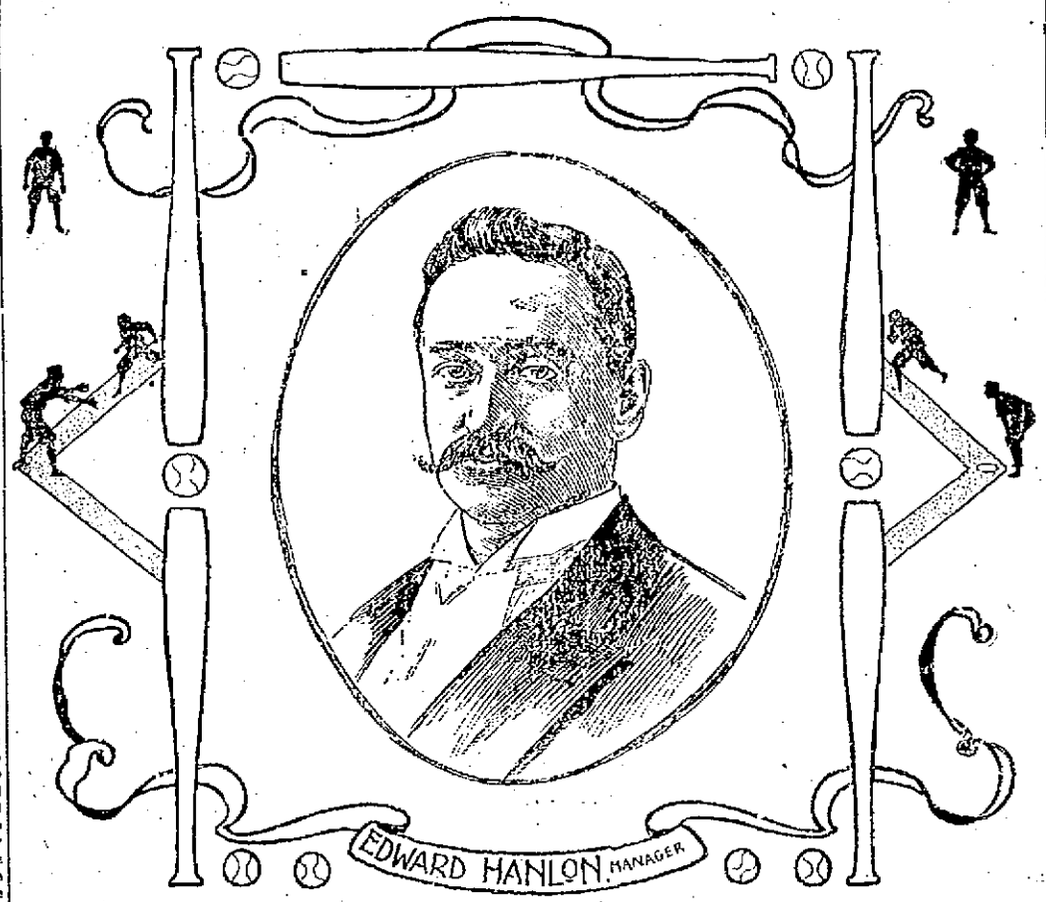
It is probable that very little or no kicking for more salary will be done this season by players before signing their contracts. They are beginning to realize that the magnates generally say what they mean and are very independent, so that it is better to submit to their offers rather than waste time making a fuss.

Everybody seems to appreciate by this time the fact that if public interest is to be stimulated and kept up the game must be made livelier. The only way to effect this is by making hitting more of a feature and easier for the batsmen. With the great improvement in the fielding and pitching departments hitting has fallen off in the past few years. Some of the rule makers seem to think that the change should be effected by handicapping the pitcher, whereas the majority of managers and others connected with the game are crying for a livelier ball. At present it is too dead. If more rubber were put into it to make it livelier, there would be more run getting, and that's what the public likes to see.

The most interesting character in the baseball world today is Edward Hanlon, ex-manager of the Baltimores, who will have charge of the new Brooklyn team this season.

Hanlon is the Napoleon of baseball. It is an old saying that the manager of a successful team is a great manager for that reason only—in a word, that it is the team that makes the manager and not the manager the team. Hanlon has proved the untruthfulness of this. He took hold of the Baltimores when they were regarded as "cast offs" and made them triple winners of the pennant. He has the confidence and respect of his men, two elements without which no manager can be successful. He not only knows how to make good men work well together so as to insure success, but he can also pick out men rejected by others and bring out the latent ability in them and make them stars of the first magnitude. He is the ideal leader of a baseball team.

LEO ETHERINGTON.



STORIES OF THE STAGE.

"A man named Ferguson kept a saloon next door to Ford's theater," said Frank Drew to a reporter in Washington, "and the actors used to congregate there. After the assassination of President Lincoln Ford's theater was closed, and business at Ferguson's was very dull. Ferguson testified at the coroner's inquest that Booth had drunk three glasses of whisky at his bar just before he entered the theater to kill Lincoln. After Ford's was closed the actors there were out of work, and they used to sit in Ferguson's place and wait for an angel to come in and buy drinks. A day or two after the inquest a tall, fine looking gentleman came into the saloon and said to Ferguson:

"'I beg your pardon! Is this Mr. Ferguson?'

"'Yes, sir.'

"'I see by the papers, Mr. Ferguson, that you gave evidence before the coroner's jury that Booth had three drinks of whisky here just before the assassination of the president.'

"'Yes, sir.'

"'Be kind enough to let me have a drink, will you?'

"Ferguson went behind the bar and placed a tumbler before the stranger.

"'I wouldn't swear,' said Ferguson, 'that that is not the very tumbler Booth drank from, but I will swear that this is the identical bottle from which he poured the whisky.'

"The stranger poured out a drink, swallowed it and then asked very soberly:

"'Was it the same kind of whisky?'

"'It was.'

"'Then I forgive Booth. If I were to drink three glasses of that, I would go home and kill my grandmother!'

"The stranger walked out, and Ferguson called up all hands and treated them and begged them never to tell the story."

While Walter Perkins and his "My Friend From India" company were waiting recently at a railway junction a runaway horse came careering along, dragging a box wagon with a farmer in it. Perkins dashed to the rescue, seized the checkrein and brought the horse to a standstill. The farmer slowly climbed from his seat, thoughtfully examined the harness and the wagon, climbed up again and resumed the reins.

"You'd orter be more keerful, young feller," said he, biting off a big mouthful of tobacco, "how you grab that check. His bit pulls kinder tight." And he drove away.

Perkins says he is through with the hero business now.

A well dressed negro descended from the upper regions of Koster & Bial's Music hall, in New York, the other night and timidly asked the doorman for a return check.

"No return checks are issued," replied that official.

"It's a very important matter," said the gentleman of color. "I want to get some peanuts for a lady."

He was permitted to pass out.

Playwright David Belasco was entering the Garrick theater in New York the other night when a diminutive newsboy rushed up to him and shouted: "Wuxtry! Terrible accident to President McKinley!"

"Dear me!" said Belasco, fumbling in his pocket for change. "What kind of an accident did he meet with?"

"Nearly drowned, sir!" replied the urchin, his eyes dancing with fun. "He fell through a mattress into the spring."

Belasco gave him a nickel.

Many actresses and beauties make very fair incomes out of the sales of their photographs. Few of the public have any idea of the sums paid by photographers for "sole selling rights." Dickens is credited with having been the first notability to exact a fee for the privilege of taking his portrait. A photographer kept bothering him for sittings, and Dickens asked and obtained $250 as an honorarium. On learning of Dickens' triumph Fanny Kemble refused to sit for less than $250, and then Ada Cavendish demanded and received $1,500. Mary Anderson toward the close of her career used to receive $500 a sitting. Recently a firm of Parisian photographers arranged with Sara Bernhardt for a series of sittings at $250 apiece.

A newspaper correspondent at Manila writes: "I visited the Filipino theaters. The actors, management and audience were natives. An opera was in progress, 'The Murdered King.' The scenes were clever imitations of European scenemakers', and the costumes of the actors might grace their betters. A dash of comedy enlivened such parts as the death scene and the funeral, and the comedy lead had the house from start to finish. The hundreds of natives present were hugely entertained by the Tagal jokes and properly impressed with the work of the heavy tragedian. I have seen worse plays with Seabrooke in the title role. The Filipino circus is another popular resort. The native talent is of a clever order and the entertainment is unique. Tumblers, wrestlers, jugglers, clowns and contortionists do their acts creditably and salaam off the ring in real circus style. The native dancing women have a specialty of their own. They do not kick high enough to make an extra demand for front seats, but their movements are graceful and sinuous, while their skirts, though moderately abbreviated, are bright and picturesque."

Saw Several Dixons.

Jack Everhardt has been telling that hook story of his again and has saddled it on Oscar Gardner this time. When Gardner fought Tommy Dixon, Everhardt was seconding him.

"In one of the rounds," says Everhardt, "Gardner gets a hook on the chin that sets him groggy, and he's staggy all the rest of the round. When he comes back to the seat, he's like a dazed man. I says to him, 'What kind of a fight is this you're putting up—swinging any old way?'

"'Never mind,' says he; 'I'll hit one of that flock yet.'

"He was seeing about eight Dixons."

Blind Tom is now making a farewell tour of the world at the head of his concert company.

AMUSEMENT NOTES.

W. S. Gilbert, the librettist, is said to have so little ear for music that he cannot distinguish harmony from discord.

Anna Held has begun the study of Jatte's comedy, "Papa's Wife," adapted in English by Harry B. Smith, in which she will appear next season.

One of the pronounced hits of Della Fox's "The Little Host" is a bit of comedy work by H. D. Blakeman. As a white farmhand and also as an Ethiopian in the first act he is said to display rare ability.

A recent occurrence in a Boston theater has called attention once more to that perpetual theatrical nuisance, the encore fiend. In a musical comedy one of the performers, a young woman, did a dance that, while it pleased the audience greatly, subjected her to a very great physical strain. It was always encored, but after one representation the performer usually was able to decline further recalls. But one evening the audience was exceptionally infested with encore fiends. The result was that she was mercilessly compelled to repeat the dance five times, and only after she had succumbed to the strain and collapsed could the noisy nuisance be induced to allow the performance to proceed. The girl was out of the cast, under the care of a physician, for a week after this ordeal.

Aubrey Boucicault is to appear in a play adapted from the French called "A Court Scandal," in which the central figure is Richelieu as a youth of 16.

Nat C. Goodwin is said to be studying Macbeth, Othello, King Lear and other tragic characters.

The latest story of theatrical device is the tale of an "Uncle Tom" manager who sought to escape personal disaster by skipping out, owing all salaries. Members of the company put the bloodhounds on his trail. They caught up with him, and he stole the dogs and started another show.

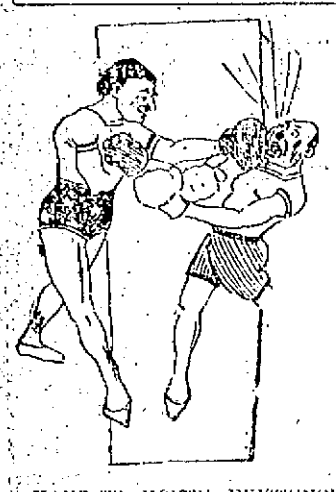
Marie Tempest will shortly play the role of a boy in a Chinese musical comedy in London.

Neil Burgess is lamenting the death of Cold Molasses, the horse so prominent in his "County Fair."

It is announced that Irving and Terry will make a five months' tour of this country next season.

Another name has been added to the dramatic dictionary, "Why Walker Went West."

The news comes from Germany that Mme. Modjeska has made a new translation of "Mazeppa" and will play the title role, which is still associated with the name of Adah Isaacs Menken.



A HAND TO MOUTH EXISTENCE.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

THE SUN ON SALE IN BOSTON.

The five o'clock edition of The Sun is on sale at the news stand in the Union Station, Boston.

STEAMSHIP TICKETS AND DRAFTS.

Sold on the Cunard, Dominion, White Star, American, Anchor, Allan, French and German lines to and from Boston, New York, Queenstown and Liverpool. Drafts issued for any amounts on all parts of Ireland at Murphy's agency, 18 Appleton street.

PILGRIM BAKING POWDER CO.

We are the local agents for the Pilgrim Baking Powder Co. of Boston. Dickson Bros., the Big Pen Dealers, 98 Merrimack street.

LOCAL NEWS.

BURN WILSON'S COAL.

Smokers enjoy Old Hundred Cigars.

Good goods and low prices at Merrills.

Sadie Lucas of this city is confined to her home by illness.

Elegant rubber tired hacks at O'Donnell's. Telephone 430-4.

Evening classes now forming. Miss Hard's school, Hildreth building.

New spring goods at Gorman & Sullivan's, tailors, 25 Palmer street.

Mrs. Sarah Hand of Boston, formerly of Lowell, is reported as being quite ill.

Sullivan's down town coal office at O'Brien's tea store, 227 Central street. Telephone, 713-2—679-5.

Mr. Cooper of Merrimack Square has gone to New York to select the very latest imported fashions in Ladies' Spring Tailor Made Suits, Coats, etc.

Mr. John Gaffney, the well known foreman of T. Costello, is smoking the most fragrant of Porto Ricans and inviting his friends to join him. It is a boy.

Miss Kittie Baird of the firm of M. A. Baird & Co., is in New York selecting spring millinery. They can be found at the old stand, 14 Merrimack square. Notice of opening later.

REMOVED FROM OFFICE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

TOPEKA, Kan., March 13.—Governor Stanley today issued an order removing from office, state commissioner of insurance Webb McNall.

A COACHMAN'S WILL.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BOSTON, March 13.—The will of the late James Keough, a coachman, has been allowed probate by Judge McKim in the Suffolk probate court and it gives his life savings, amounting to $28,100 to public charities.

Keough was employed by Martin Brimmer for many years as coachman. He died, leaving no heirs at law.

A TEA PARTY.

A pleasant tea party was given Saturday evening by Miss Ames at her home on Andover street in honor of her guest, Miss Trask of New York. A delightful musical program was given. Vocal solos were rendered by Miss Ames and Miss Irene Pindar; violin solos, Mrs. Alexander Hebbs; whistling solo, Miss Isabella Faulkner.

The dining room was decorated with smilax which was twined from the centre chandelier to the end of the table where it was caught by bunches of violets, white vasebuds and jonquils. Mrs. Frederick T. Walsh and Miss Ludlam were assisted in pouring by a force of a dozen young ladies.

LIQUOR MEN

WANT TO HAVE A WHOLESALE HOUSE AT PELHAM, N. H.

A wholesale liquor house is said to be established at Pelham, N. H., so as to deliver orders easily to this city. Boston wholesale houses are said to have their agents actively at work soliciting orders in this city for delivery after May 1.

MUSIC HALL.

Moving Pictures of the Pope. Music Hall yesterday afternoon and evening held two very large and enthusiastic audiences, the occasion being the first public exhibitions in this city of the marvelous American biograph, which faithfully reproduces those much-talked of and extensively heralded moving pictures of His Holiness, Pope Leo XIII; and a score or more of thrilling and realistic views depicting prominent scenes in our late Spanish-American war and other events of timely and important interest.

That the pictures are the largest and most distinct ever shown is a fact borne out by the exhibition, which bears out much more than has been said in advance by the management. These pictures are certainly nothing short of marvelous and are only the more remarkable from the fact that the views of Pope Leo XIII and other religious celebrities are the only ones ever produced in this manner, and it certainly was a wonderful privilege the biograph company received, that of portraying the wonderful head of the Catholic church and in all probability is the nearest favor to a personal interview with the pope that any audience will ever have.

THE CREW LOST.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

ALEXANDRIA, Va., March 13.—The Potomac river steamer Wakefield which has arrived here, reports that the schooner Annie E. Reynolds from Plymouth, N. C., for Alexandria, was wrecked near Point Lookout on Chesapeake Bay during Tuesday night's storm and Captain H. L. Hill and a crew of six men are said to be lost. The schooner was loaded with lumber. A trunk, belonging to one of the crew and a piece of timber on which a sailor had written the supposed fate that awaited the vessel were washed ashore.

Dr. Coburn DENTIST 81 MERK ST.

LAWYER McEVOY

Delivered Very Instructive Address

BEFORE THE TRADES AND LABOR COUNCIL

On Employers' Liability for Employers' Injuries.

The Trades and Labor Council at the regular meeting held yesterday afternoon appointed a committee of three to wait upon the newspapers and invite them to open a subscription column in aid of the Marlboro strikers. The only other business transacted was of a routine nature.

LAWYER McEVOY'S ADDRESS.

After the business John W. McEvoy, Esq., gave the members an instructive address upon "The Liability of an employer to his employes."

Lawyer McEvoy said in part that no greater tribute could be paid the great state of Massachusetts than the progress it had made in labor legislation. Beginning almost within the present generation with an act reducing the hours of labor there is now a large col-

JOHN W. McEVOY, Esq.

lection of various enactments intended to ameliorate the condition of the men, women and children who toil in our mercantile and manufacturing establishments.

In this respect Massachusetts leads all other states, and is second only to Great Britain. But our old commonwealth can still add lustre to its present and remove the reflections on its past by adopting legislation which will as near as possible define the duties of an employer in caring for the safety of his employes, and limit so far as practicable the extent to which a servant shall be deemed to accept the dangers of his employment.

Mr. McEvoy here defined actionable negligence, and its essential ingredients, and discussed the origin of the principles at common law applicable to the relation of employer and employe and those to be applied in actions under the employer's liability act. He said there was too much latitude allowed judges in interpreting the law from the standpoint of their own prejudices and too much weakness displayed by them in adhering to old precedents that should become obsolete with the rapidly changing conditions of the present.

There is no certain test for negligence, and no special rule by which it can be defined. It depends on circumstances of time, place and person, and it is manifestly absurd to confine the servant to the same rule of conduct in the management of the complicated machinery and appliances of today as was held to be the standard in the handling of the simple and crude mechanism of the past. The decisions of our Massachusetts courts are much cited and admired, but they have been severely and justly criticised for the sympathetic interest they have taken in guarding corporations charged with neglecting the physical protection of its employes. This may not be truly said of the court as presently constituted, but until some further statutory provisions are made our supreme court will continue to be hampered by precedents from which it would doubtless like to be relieved.

It is a rule of common law to abide by former precedents where substantially the same point comes up again for determination, and this rigid adherence gave rise to courts of equity as it did to the employer's liability law. Common law being unwritten and indefinite, there is too much discretion allowed judges in interpreting the law, and moulding it with their own prejudices. Especially should this power be curbed where it involves the life and limb of helpless operatives toward whom the city or state may be compelled to discharge obligations that reckless employers should be made to assume.

The decisions of English courts had become so notoriously in favor of wealthy employers that in 1877 the British parliament, composed almost entirely of that class, appointed a committee to consider what legislation was required to curtail the judge making power, and equalize the conditions between master and servant. As a result of this committee's labor, the employer's liability act was passed in 1880, and offensive judicial legislation thereby received a setback. In 1887 our legislature substantially enacted the British act, and much benefit has since accrued to the working men and women of the state. But the act is too limited in its scope and though it modified the extreme and ridiculous position which our courts took on the doctrine of fellow servants, there still remains the unequal and unjust theory of assumption of risks.

The theory is, in effect, that a servant who knows, or might by the exercise of reasonable care know that his employment is dangerous in any particular, whether from defective machinery, defective methods of work, insufficient help, the negligence of fellow servants, or any other cause, accepts the risks of being hurt without being able to recover at law any damages therefor, without any question as to whether the damage arose from the negligence of the master or not. This doctrine is rigorously enforced in the courts of this commonwealth, although having no foundation on any express will of the people. It is merely a theory invented and enforced by judges who intend evidently to perpetuate it until the legislature steps in, and defines the duty in terms incapable of being misconstrued. It is founded upon a musty old maxim, "Volenti non fit injuria," an injury is not done to the unwilling.

To speak of a man as volens, or willing, who assumes the perils and hazards of a dangerous employment under the coercive influence of obtaining bread and butter for himself and family is trifling with law and reason.

I would have a law passed providing compensation for all accidents received in the course of employment, whether any negligence on the part of either employer or employe could be proved or not. Similar legislation was passed two years ago in Great Britain and last year bills were introduced to the same effect in the legislature of New York state. Its provisions are based on the principle that compensation for injuries is nothing but part of the legitimate cost of the product and that consequently they should be paid by the consumer in the first instance. The objection that the employes might grow careless is obviated by the method adopted for adjusting the amounts and manner of payment. The constitutionality of the New York bill has been passed upon favorably by an eminent New York attorney.

Even France and Germany have adopted measures in this direction and every effort should be made to have our own state maintain its reputation for progress by enacting similar legislation. Such a measure would doubtless encounter great opposition from corporate interests but their losses could be adjusted by a system of insurance and the better feeling it would engender in the help. It would afford great protection to the employe and be a source of security to him and his family.

The Trades and Labor Councils can do much that is beneficial for the present and future welfare of the laboring man in the way that I have endeavored to indicate. But to obtain these results there must be concerted action and unity of purpose. There can be no question, but that the state has the right to legislate for the protection of the lives and limbs of its citizens by preventing unnecessary exposure and the assumption of unreasonable risks, but the state itself will not do this without the intervention of those interested.

At the conclusion of the address, Mr. McEvoy was interrogated as to existing conditions in several of the local corporations and he replied in a comprehensive manner. Upon motion he was extended a rising vote of thanks.

MR. CONNELLY EXPLAINS.

Mr. Thomas F. Connelly, secretary of the Carders' and Picker's union, has issued the following address to the union.

Fellow Members:—The regular monthly meeting of our union will be held at Lamoikers' hall on Tuesday evening, March 14, when the financial report of the union will be placed before you.

We are pleased to note that our local mill managers have fallen into line and agreed to restore in full the wage schedules that were in force prior to January 17, 1899.

It is true that the cotton industry is rapidly improving with every prospect that it will continue so, but it is also true that it is due to the well organized trade unions of Fall River that we are to receive a full restoration of our old wages at this time; it is also true that all mill operatives who are working for fully wages and will not support the union of their trade are greater foes to the onward march of the labor cause than any tyrant employer.

A vigorous canvass is now being made among the textile workers to increase the membership of the several unions and from present indications we are sanguine that the time is not far distant when every textile union will be able to count the dollars in its treasury by the thousands. A well filled treasury is to a labor union what Dewey's guns were to the Spaniards at Manila, an irrisistable argument.

The meeting will be open to every employe of the card and picker rooms and we urge every member to strive to bring at least one of those to our meetings who have thus far been wandering aimlessly through the wilderness of individualism for it is by unity of purpose only that our people will reach the goal to which we aspire, namely, fair treatment, reasonable working hours and wages that will maintain us who are the actual producers of wealth as we deserve.

DRAWING SCHOOL GRADUATES.

The graduates of the evening drawing school which closed Friday night are as follows:

Mechanical department, Kenneth James McKittrick, Charles Jenkins, George Eliot Kershaw, Arthur Harrison, Ralph Hayden, Ralph W. Gouldine, and James W. Buchanan; architectural department, G. P. Kimball, P. A. Burris, G. L. Walker, P. W. Huntington, E. V. Dozois, J. G. Marshall, E. C. Draper and Victor Perreault; free hand drawing, Fred Eliot Hindle; Willard Augustus Parker, Arthur Bickford Stroud, Emma Gertrude Bolte and Edith Clara Merchant; practical design four years' course, Cora Buckland and John Brennan.

BIRTHDAY PARTY.

Mrs. McCoy of 5 Ware street celebrated the anniversary of her birth Saturday at her home. Friends called in large numbers and the following entertainment program was given: Instrumental selections, Mrs. C. E. Woodbury; vocal solo, Mr. E. A. Cheney; duet, Mrs. Gordon and Mr. E. A. Cheney; instrumental music by Mrs. Harriet Shirley. Among the guests was Chief of the fire department, E. S. Hosmer.

BOWLING NEWS.

Although four of the members of Company G rolled into the 400s at the Armory Saturday and the C rollers of 400 scores only numbered three, the latter won. Score:

Company C—Livingston, 386; Varnum 386; Richardson, 476; Peters, 403; Kittredge, 366; total, 2122.

Company G—Fullweather, 413; Prescott, 369; Driscoll, 429; Brock, 426; Durrant, 403; totals, 2040.

LADIES Relief at Last DR. MARTEL'S French Female Pills

Prized by thousands of satisfied ladies as safe, always reliable and without an equal. Ask druggist for Dr. Martel's French Female Pills in metal box with French Flag on top in Blue, White and Red. Insist on having the genuine. "Relief for Women" mailed (sealed) in plain sealed letter with testimonials and particulars. Address FRENCH DRUG CO., 381 and 383 Pearl St., N. Y.

DOMINION LINE. Fast Twin Screw Passenger Service

BOSTON to QUEENSTOWN and LIVERPOOL.

Average passage under seven days. Sailing from Fitchburg R. R. Docks as follows:

S. S. "DOMINION"
Sails WEDNESDAY, Feb. 22, at 8 a. m.

S. S. "NEW ENGLAND"
Sails WEDNESDAY, March 1, at 12:30 p. m.

S. S. "CANADA"
Sails March 15, at 1 p. m.

Saloon passage $60 and upwards. Second cabin $40; round trip $76; Steerage $28.50.

For passage, plans and information apply at the company's office, 103 State street, Boston, or in Lowell to

Dennis Murphy, Agt., 18 Appleton street; J. F. O'Donnell, Market, corner Worthen streets; C. H. Leeds, 5 Bridge street. O. A. Bertrand, 150 Gorham street.

New Book Stand in Basement—New Bargains. - - We Fit Corsets. See the P. N. 505, $1.00

THE BON MARCHE DRY GOODS CO.

THE BIG STORE BEING MADE BIGGER.

Extensive alterations fast nearing completion. Entire change made on all three floors. Latest modern storeimprovements for the convenience of our patrons done at a great expense to us. Our pay will be your appreciation. Call in this week, secure a bargain and at the same time get an idea of what we are going to look like a week from Friday next.

HERE ARE A FEW THINGS TO DRAW YOU HITHER:

BOOK DEPT.

This department, now located in basement, foot of new stairway (left).

Full half pound packages Fine Irish Linen Writing Paper for 10 cents.

Full 1 lb packages Irish Linen Writing Paper, ruled and plain, now only 19 cents.

Full pound packages of paper and envelopes, fine quality, 25 cents each.

DOMESTIC DEPT.

Quo Vadis, by Sienkiewicz, bound in linen, our price, 19 cents each.

This department also moved down stairs, foot of new stairway (right.)

1 bale yard wide Unbleached Cotton, in one to 10 yards, only 4 cents yard.

40 inch Unbleached Sheeting to go now at 6 1-4 cents yard.

Unbleached Sheeting, 6 1-4 yards wide for only 12 1-2 cents yard.

DOMESTIC DEPT.

Bleached Sheeting, full 9-4 wide, for only 15 cents yard.

LINEN DEPT.

This department now located in the basement; take new stairway, front of main entrance.

LINEN DEPT.

Bleached and Unbleached Turkish Towels for 5 cents each.

Hemstitch Towels, bleached huck and fancy, only 10 cents each.

Bleached Turkish Towels, large size and very heavy, 19 cents each.

Linen Huck Towels, large size slightly imperfect, 12 1-2 cents each.

WASH GOODS,

This Dept. Now Located in New Part in Basement.

Fancy P K's, the latest thing for waists, skirts and suits, only 12 1-2 cents a yard.

Wide wale P K or English Wetts, (white only) 19 cents a yard.

Fine Zephyr effect Ginghams, in natty styles, a bargain at 9 cents a yard.

Sea Island Percales, full yard wide, new patterns, 2 to 10 yards, 7 1-2 cents and 9 cents a yard.

We have a table of organdies worth from 8 cents to 37 cents they now go at 5c to 15c a yard.

New P. K. Dilly cloth, heavy texture, 32 inches. Stylish for waists, at 12 1-2 cents a yard.

GLASS WARE.

Special Item for This Week. See Special Counter.

Etched Tankard Pitchers, 3 quarts size, only 69c each.

Fancy colored Bon Bon Dishes, only 10c each.

Imitation Cut Glass Butter Dishes at 10c each.

Imitation Cut Glass, 4-piece table set (creamer, sugar, butter and spoon) 35c set.

Imitation Cut Glass Salts and Peppers, sterling silver tops, 12c. each.

Imitation Cut Glass Vinegar Jugs, only 10c.

CANDY DEPT.

If you want some Candy cheap (not cheap Candy), come to our Ribbon Dept. and get it at your own price (so to speak). We must close it out this week.

PETTICOATS FOR LADIES.

Having to move these goods this week we will at this time call your attention to a few specials to induce you to find the new location.

Just in. A few dozens of fancy Colored Skirts, in plaid effects, 49 cents each.

The new Metallic Rubber Effect circle flounce skirts, just as good as the $3.00 ones for service, $1.98.

A special lot Black Satine and fancy stripe skirts to go at 79 cents.

SOROSIS SHOES FOR WOMEN, $3.50. NEW IDEA PAPER PATTERNS, All Kinds, All Sizes, 10C.

ANOTHER VICTORY

The Burkes Scored Just in Time.

WEST FITCHBURG TEAM WAS BEATEN

High School Team Won in Lawrence.

The West Fitchburg basket ball team went down in defeat before the Burkes in Associate Hall Saturday night.

The game was the fastest and at the same time the roughest witnessed here this season. It took the Burkes some time to "size up" the game of their opponents and when the locals saw it was a case of "roughing" with the visitors, they went right in to win.

The visitors are a strong team and are credited with a victory over the strong Hudson team.

Their only scoring in Saturday night's game was in the first half minute of play when they threw a goal. The Burkes scored two goals in the second half. Kelleher played a brilliant game and figured in all the scoring. The first goal was thrown after he had carried the ball the entire length of the hall, tossing it to "Pete" Regan who was in waiting for it and dropped it into the basket. The second goal was a dandy for Kelleher. He again took the ball down the side of the hall and with the score a tie and only ten seconds left in which to score, he threw a basket and brought victory to the Burkes. Regan, Neville and Tierney played their usual game.

O'Neil took a rest as his arm is not yet in such a condition as to permit of his playing. Healey took his place and at times played a cleverer game. He is able to play and should jump into the game with the spirit and dash that characterize the play of the others. If he does that he will hold up his end all right.

The visitors played a good, fast game and the two teams are very evenly matched and will play a grand game whenever they meet. The summary:

Burkes.	Y.M.C.U.
Regan, lf	rg, Sullivan
Tierney, capt. rf	lg, Godley
Healey, c	c, Harper
Kelleher, rg	lf, Orr
Neville, lg	rf Looney capt.
Rooney, sub	sub, Burns

Score—Burkes, 4; Y.M.C.U., 2. Baskets scored from floor, Godley, Regan, Kelleher. Goals and referee—J. J. McCarty. Timekeepers—Coughlin and Hayes. Time of game—Two 20-minute halves.

The Burkes second team and the Y.M.C.A. second team will play in Associate hall Thursday night.

The Mathews and the High Schools will play in Associate Hall Saturday night.

Playing a team of All basket ball players and a referee is no easy task to perform but according to all accounts from the rooters of the Lowell High school who accompanied that team to Lawrence Saturday night to play the High's of the down river city, that is what the Lowell boys did and they won, though not without a great effort to which the local team was inspired by Capt. Bob Willie. In the first half the Lawrence team was a puzzle to their opponents scoring six points to one by the latter. In the second however, the game was played in its entirety by the Lowells who met the rushes and passing of the locals with surpassing quickness and science. The code of signals of the Lowells worked like a charm and the result was that 12 points and a victory were scored in this half by the team from this city.

The summary:

Lowell High.	Lawrence High.
Loughlin, lf	rg, Buchold, Taylor
Pierson, rf	lg, C. E. Morrison (capt.)
Crowe, c	c, Brewster
(Capt.) White, lg	rf Bedell
Willinsky, rg	lf, Townsend

Score—Lowell High, 13, Lawrence High 10. Goals—Scored by Willinsky 2, Pierson 2, Loughlin, Townsend 2, Brewster, Bedell. Points on fouls—Scored by Pierson 3 Townsend 2. Referees—F. P. Shaw (Lowell), Fox (Lawrence). Timekeepers—Clifton Hedrick (Lowell), Hescott (Lawrence). Time—20 minute halves.

CRISP GOSSIP.

Easter Sunday will be two weeks from Sunday next.

An elderly man created lots of fun for a number of people on Merrimack Square yesterday, although he did not enjoy the joke at all. He slipped and in trying to save himself opened wide his mouth. It was just his luck that his false teeth should drop out and be broken.

Public funerals are expensive. The cost of the funeral of the late Nelson Dingley, whose body was conveyed to his home up in Lewiston, Me., was about $1500. The special train provided for the delegation appointed to represent the both houses cost nearly $3500. The singers at the funeral charged $60 for their services. The undertaker knowing that the entire bill was to be paid from the federal treasury sent in a bill of $500. Other charges, equally exhorbitant, are noted, but the matter of expense is not the only objectionable feature of the affair. People might not be inclined to find fault if these funeral parties, in honor of distinguished legislators, were conducted decently and in order, but when it is known that the government is required to pay for liquors to keep the congressional delegates in good spirits on these junkets, there is occasion for emphatic protest. It is said that "out of respect for the dead statesman's total abstinence ideas," Congressman Boutelle managed to keep the Dingley funeral train free from liquid refreshments as far as Portsmouth in New Hampshire but when that city was reached a large purchase of whiskey and champagne was made "by direction of a prominent statesman."

An unusually large number of empty tenements are noticed about the Southern section of the city.

A bill has been reported to the legislature in behalf of the committee on taxation which imposes a tax on legacies, successions and certain other transfers. It is a very important bill, and goes even further than the bill of last year, which was referred to the general court. This bill provides that a tax on its clear market value shall be imposed on legacies of real and personal property not exceeding $50,000 of one per cent., exceeding $50,000 to $100,000 of two per cent. exceeding $100,000 to $500,000 of three per cent. exceeding $500,000 to $1,000,000 four per cent., exceeding $1,000,000 to $5,000,000, six per cent., exceeding $5,000,000 to $10,000,000, eight per cent exceeding $10,000,000, ten per cent. The tax is to be distributed among the cities and towns according to population and applied first to the payment of existing debts the residue for ordinary purposes.

I think my friend, the redoubtable John L. Sullivan, is in training for a diplomatic career. Certainly he seems to have ideas that should recommend him to the people at Washington. When asked his opinion the other day regarding the Filipinos, the robust John robustly replied: "We'll always have trouble with that bunch of heathens. I hear they are cannibals and if they catch a white man they boil him and eat him. Will Aguinaldo stand for that? This Aguinaldo is nothing but a fresh kind of citizen? Not in a thousand. kid and he's making a monkey of himself and the rest of the Filipinos. The way to make peace in the islands is to exterminate the whole push." I shall be pleased to give John L. a letter of introduction to General Otis at any time if he thinks it would help him.

A judicial decision on the hotel sandwich is said in Lowell to be a long felt want. In Lawrence the sandwich has been adjudged a delusion and a snare.

BLAISDELL WAS DEFAULTED.

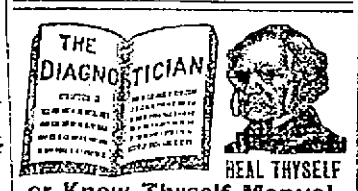
By Associated Press to The Sun.

BOSTON, March 13.—The Suffolk county grand jury reported Saturday in the Superior criminal court for the March sitting. There were fifty true bills and twenty no bills, both lists being unusually large. Among the true bills appears the names of Robert Scott, charged with manslaughter in causing the death of a seaman by throwing him down the hold of a vessel in Charlestown.

An indictment was returned against H. F. Blaisdell, president of the saddlery firm of Charles Atkinson, which did business for a time in this city, for receiving stolen money. Charles Atkinson, the treasurer of the concern, was convicted some time ago upon an indictment in which he was charged with embezzlement in 11 counts and was sentenced for the offence. It was further claimed that he did not receive all the benefit from the transaction and it was this fact that led to the arrest of Blaisdell.

When Blaisdell was called for he failed to respond and was defaulted. He was out on $1000 bail.

Uniformity is essential in all medicinal articles, and never more so than in liquors. Therein is the superiority of the G. O. Taylor Old Bourbon and Pure Rye Whiskey. Ask your physician to test it. C. H. Graves & Sons, sole proprietors, Boston, Mass. Never sold in bulk; always in sealed bottles.



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A 24-page pamphlet by a Humanitarian and eminent medical author.

This is a unique Vade Mecum of Medical Science for MEN ONLY, whether married, unmarried, or about to marry; young, middle aged or old. Price 25 cents (stall, sealed; sent free for 60 days. Address The Peabody Medical Institute, No. 4 Bulfinch St., Boston, Mass. Chief Consulting Physician, graduate of Harvard Medical College, class 1867, late surgeon 5th Mass. Reg. Vols., the most eminent specialist in ALWAYS CURES America, who ALWAYS CURES Where Others Fail. Consultation in person or by letter, free and strictly confidential.

The fame the Peabody Medical Institute has attained has subjected it to a test as high only a meritorious institution could undergo.—Boston Journal.

The Peabody Medical Institute has many imitators, but no equals.—Boston Herald.

Weak Men Made Vigorous

What PEFFER'S NERVIGOR Did!

It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men regain lost manhood; old men recover youthful vigor. Absolutely Guaranteed to Cure Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power either sex, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects self-abuse or excesses or indiscretion. Wards off insanity and consumption. Don't let druggist impose a worthless substitute on you because it yields a larger profit. Insist on having PEFFER'S NERVIGOR, or send for it. Can be carried in vest pocket. Prepaid, plain wrapper, $1 per box, or 6 for $5, with A Written Guarantee to cure or Refund Money. Pamphlet free. PEFFER MEDICAL ASS'N, Chicago.

Sold by Ellingwood & Co., cor. Central and Merrimack Sts.

Cook, Taylor & Co.

CENTRAL STREET.

We bought last week from a prominent New York Importing House at less than auction prices 10,000 yards of Black Satin Duchesse. They are all silk, extra fine quality and have an elegant lustre. They come 22, 24 and 27 inches wide, and are worth 89c, $1 and $1.25 yard, but we shall offer them today and while they last at but 49c, 59c, and 69c a yard.

This is by far the greatest satin bargain ever offered in Lowell.

Black Dress Goods.

Today we open up our New Spring line of Black Dress Goods, comprising all the latest novelties, striped effects, Mohairs, Brilliantines and other popular weaves in all grades, qualities and prices.

SPECIAL.—10 pieces black silk Mohair Crepon, handsome goods with a rich lustre, regular $1.75 and $2 quality at $1.25 and $1.50 a yard.

DEWEY'S VICTORIES

MUSIC HALL

W. H. BOODY, Manager.

4 days commencing Sunday, March 12. Sunday, Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday. Daily Matinees at 2:30 p. m.

The world famous Moving Pictures

American Biograph

As shown at Keith's, Boston. Including those marvelous pictures of His Holiness, Pope Leo XIII. Benefit Pawtuckeville new Catholic Church Fund. Prices 10 and 20 cents; no higher.

3 nights and 3 matinees, commencing Thursday matinee, March 16. JEROME'S

Black Crook Extravaganza

Headed by MINNIE CLINE.

Seats now on sale.

POLICE NOTICE.

Office of the Board of Police, Lowell, Mass., March 11, 1899.

Notice is hereby given to all licensed expressmen, job wagon men, hack and coupe drivers, and fish peddlers, that their licenses will expire March 31, 1899. If these persons desire to obtain licenses for any of these businesses for the year 1899-1900, they must make application at this office not later than March 24, 1899.

By order of the BOARD OF POLICE.

Joseph Smith, Clerk.

NEW SPRING GOODS

Consider yourself personally invited to spend as much time as you like in examining our goods, even if you never buy a cents worth. The store is a store; yet it is also an exhibition.

LOUIS ALEXANDER,

Formerly of Fifth Avenue, New York,

IMPORTER AND TAILOR,

65 CENTRAL STREET.

PAUL O. KABLE, Assistant.

ANY TWO PAPERS.
The Sun reaches the homes of more readers than any two papers in Lowell. It has the support and confidence of the great mass of the people. It is therefore the best medium for advertisers to use in reaching the people who spend money in Lowell.

THE LOWELL SUN

THE PEOPLE'S PAPER.
No corporation, stock company, syndicate, bank, or combine of any kind owns or controls The Sun or dictates its policy. It is the only paper in Lowell owned and conducted by one man, and he has dedicated it to the cause of the people forever.

22ND YEAR | LOWELL, MASS., MONDAY, MARCH 13, 1899. | 8 PAGES 1 CENT

REBELS BEATEN

SUN LATEST FIVE O'CLOCK.

PASIG IS CAPTURED

City Taken by Gen. Wheaton's Brigade.

After a Hot Battle in Which the Enemy Was Driven Back With Severe Loss—The Resistance Was Desultory and Chiefly From Bands of Men Hidden in the Jungles—This is the First Step Towards Final Defeat of Rebels.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

MANILA, March 13.—11.55 a. m.—At daylight tonight, Brigadier-General Lloyd Wheaton's divisional brigade, consisting of the 20th United States Infantry, the 22nd Infantry, eight companies of the Washington volunteers, seven companies of the Oregon volunteers, three troops of the 4th United States cavalry and mounted battery of the 6th artillery, was drawn up on a ridge behind San Pedro Macati, a mile south of the town.

The advance was sounded at 6.30 a. m., the cavalry leading the column, at a smart trot, across the open to the right, eventually reaching a clump commanding the rear of Guadalupe.

Supported by the Oregons the advance force opened a heavy fire on the rebels. The response was feeble and desultory apparently coming from handfuls of men in every covert.

While the right column was swinging towards the town of Pasig the left advanced pouring volleys into the bush.

A small body of rebels made a determined stand at Guadalupe church but the enemy was unable to withstand the assault.

At 7.30 a. m., a river gunboat started towards Pasig. The rebels were first encountered by this vessel in the jungle near Guadalupe.

Steaming slowly, the gunboat poured a terrific fire from her gatling guns into the brush. For all of an hour the whirring of the rapid fire guns alternated with the booming of the heavier pieces on board.

In the meantime, Scott's battery ashore, was shelling the trenches and driving the enemy back. The artillery then advanced to the ridge of bamboo and drove a few of the enemys' sharpshooters away with volleys from their carbines. The artillery then advanced and met with little opposition.

In the meantime the infantry had been sent forward to extend the order, the Washington regiment resting on the bank of the river, each regiment deploying on reaching its station and furnishing its own supports.

The entire column then wheeled towards the river driving the enemy towards his supports and then advanced on Guadalupe. The artillery moved to a ridge commanding Pasig and Parteros.

By this time the enemy was in full flight along a line over a mile long and the firing was continued temporarily in order to give the troops a rest before making the attack on Pasig.

The enemy's loss was believed to be severe, but only eight Americans were wounded.

At this stage of the engagement it was raining heavily.

SOME CASUALTIES.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW YORK, March 13.—A special to this city from Manila gives the following list of casualties: Killed: James S. Kine, private, 20th Kansas; wounded: Privates L. F. Alger, Thomas Miller, Charles Davis, 20th U. S. Infantry; Corporal Charles Easley, 22d Infantry.

ALLAN LINER LOST

The Castilian Queen of the Fleet a Total Loss.

Struck Gannett Ledge Near Yarmouth, Nova Scotia—The Passengers Rescued by Tugs Yesterday—Derangement of Compass the Cause.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

HALIFAX, N. S., March 13.—The new Allan liner Castilian, bound for this port from Portland with passengers and a general cargo for Liverpool, went ashore at Gannet Rock, twelve miles southwest from Yarmouth, at 4.30 o'clock yesterday morning in a dense fog, the cause of the accident being the derangement of the compasses. The fifty passengers and most of her crew, with their baggage, were taken off in safety, the others remaining on the ship, which is in immediate danger of going to pieces.

Immediately after the vessel struck she began to make water. The best of discipline prevailed, the passengers returning to their berths, from whence they were later summoned to don life belts, which many wore when they landed at Yarmouth from tugs last evening.

Two compartments aft filled with water. The place of the disaster is a few miles from where the Moravian of the Allan line was lost some years ago.

The first and second holds are full of water. The steamer is aground aft to the engine room, and there are six feet of water in the engine room. The steamer is bulged badly up from the saloon, and there are six fathoms of water under her aft.

The Castilian left Portland, Me., for Liverpool, at one o'clock Saturday afternoon. During the night the weather became hazy. The steamer was proceeding slowly. A vigilant lookout for buoys and other signals was maintained.

The strictest watch seems to have been kept, but suddenly, a few minutes before 3.30 o'clock, breakers were sighted on the port beam. The telegraph rang with orders to reverse the engines, but before the order could be obeyed the big liner struck on the edges, running up gently and with so little shock that the 50 passengers sleeping in their berths were not awakened.

The steamer was fifteen miles out of her course, with a fresh southwest wind which would increase the current. Four hundred head of cattle, 100 sheep and 100 horses are on board, and in good condition. A well-known Boston-Nova Scotia captain says a southwest wind always makes the current run swiftly.

Rockets were fired and every possible signal given for help.

When daylight came men were sent ashore and after driving nine miles tugs were sent to take off the passengers who were awaiting the work with life preservers on.

The Castilian has had a brief career. She was launched in January, ran her trials February 9 on the Clyde, left Liverpool February 24 and Halifax March 4 for Portland. She was the largest Allan liner afloat and was the pioneer of the new fleet of 10,000-ton ships the Allans are building for the Canadian trade. She was in charge of the Commodore-Captain of the line, Capt. Barrett, and this is probably his first accident. The passengers and crew of the wrecked steamship leave Yarmouth this morning for Halifax to catch the mail steamer Vancouver for England.

RELIEF STEAMER.

On receiving word of the wreck of the Castilian, the agents here at once made arrangements for the steamer Aberdeen to go to the scene of the wreck. She left this morning. The steamers City of Ghent and Delta will leave today to assist in salving the cargo, etc.

VESSEL INJURED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

MONTREAL, March 13.—Capt. J. J. Riley, the marine insurance expert, who was a passenger on the Castilian when here last night that he believed the vessel could be saved. The Allans carry their own insurance on all their vessels.

INSURGENT MOROS

Murdered the Spanish Governor and Assistants.

A CHURCH AND OTHER BUILDINGS DESTROYED

Spaniards Taken by Them as Prisoners.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

TACOMA, Wash., March 13.—Advices by the steamer Victoria confirm the story that the insurgent Moros, of Palawan island, one of the insurgent group north of Borneo, murdered the Spanish governor of Palawan, residing at Port Royalist, and killed his assistants. His head was severed from his body and carried back into the hills to incite a rebellion among the natives, who had previously feared Spain's power. A church and other Spanish buildings were burned, after which the rebellious Moros, retreated to the hills of Palawan, carrying with them several dozen men, women and children, all Spaniards, as prisoners.

The Spanish mail steamship which called at Port Royalist after the massacre, did nothing except to make inquiries. Captain Pfort, of the steamer Labuan, brought away the governor's wife, several other women and children a priest and twelve soldiers who were landed at Sandakan.

CATALINA IS AGROUND.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

LONDON, March 13.—The Spanish steamer Catalina, which sailed from Barcelona, on March 8, for Havana, is ashore at Valencia in a critically unsafe position. Her passengers and crew have been landed.

A BIG FIRE.

ATCO, N. J., March 13.—Fire today did $30,000 worth of damage to the Atco glass works. The flames originated in the engine room. There were ten thousand boxes of window glass in the warehouse valued at about $25,000. Loss of buildings $5,000, partially insured.

A CAVE IN.

Quite a cave-in of a portion of Dutton street in front of the First Trinitarian church was occasioned by the storm last night. Officer Buchanan, upon seeing the cave-in this morning, placed a barrel in the street to warn teamsters.

TAKEN TO HAVERHILL.

Inspector Durgin of Haverhill came to this city this noon and returned home with Henry L. Pollard, a well known young man of Lowell who is wanted in that city for the alleged obtaining of money under false pretences by means of checks.

COLD WAVE COMING.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BOSTON, March 13.—A special bulletin sent out by the Weather Bureau, says a cold wave will reach this section tonight or tomorrow morning. The temperature will fall about 20 degrees.

A BOLD HOLD-UP

Eleven Masked Men Entered Power House

AND BLEW OPEN THE SAFE.

They Secured $175 in Cash.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WAVERLY, N. Y., March 13.—A hold-up in true western bandit style occurred here at two o'clock this morning. Eleven masked men entered the power house of the Waverly, Sayrer and Athens traction company and ordered the three employees to hold up their hands, bound them securely and placed them in an empty car where they secured them by ropes. Then leaving one man to guard them, they blew open the safe in the office and secured $175 in cash.

About four o'clock one of the employes succeeded in freeing his hands and the others were quickly cut loose. The police were summoned but there is no clue. To judge by their work, the robbers were professionals.

BLOODY TRAGEDY

MURDER AND SUICIDE OF A THEATRICAL COUPLE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

VANCOUVER, B. C., March 13.—A bloody tragedy is reported from Nanaimo. Dave Evans shot Libbie White dead and committed suicide in their room at a hotel. Both were public entertainers, Evans being a wrestler and Libbie White a singer. Unrequited love is supposed to have been the cause of the tragedy.

PROF. HOPPING RESIGNS

AFTER THIRTY-EIGHT YEARS SERVICE AT YALE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., March 13.—Prof. James Mason Hoppin, Yale '40, announced today his resignation of the professorship of the History of Art in the Yale School of Fine Arts.

This closes thirty-eight years of continuous service in Yale university. His first connection with the college was as professor of Homiletics and Pastoral Theology in the Divinity School. This professorship he held for eighteen years.

Twenty years ago he took up the professorship which he has just laid down.

Prof. Hoppin's published writings on art subjects have been numerous and valuable.

JOHNNY GRIFFIN DEAD.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW YORK, March 13.—John T. Grillin, in his day a clever featherweight, died in a West Sixtieth street boarding house early yesterday morning. His body is now in the morgue, and, unless some of his friends care for it, it is likely to find a resting place in Potter's field.

A few weeks ago Grillin injured himself quite seriously, and was taken to the Bellevue hospital. He refused to remain there, however, for any length of time, and suddenly collapsed at his boarding house yesterday morning. He became unconscious and died before medical attendance could reach him.

RUDYARD KIPLING IMPROVES.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW YORK, March 13.—Rudyard Kipling passed a good night and felt considerably refreshed this morning.

Mr. Doubleday said today that Mr. Kipling showed decided improvement over yesterday. There is a belief that the patient will now make even faster progress towards good health than before, as each day the author's sleep and rest become more refreshing to him.

LAWYER HAMBLET

Died This Morning After Protracted Illness.

RESPECTED MEMBER OF MIDDLESEX BAR

Man of Upright Life Without Vice.

M. L. Hamblett, one of the oldest and most respected members of the Middlesex bar, died this morning at his home, 359 Walker street, aged 58 years. Mr. Hamblett had been ailing for some time. He was a man of upright life without any vices. His practice was extensive and confined to probate and other legal business of a civil nature. He was of a reserved disposition but of sterling character which those who knew him intimately fully appreciated.

Martin Luther Hamblett was the son of Leonard and Lucy Hamblett, and was born in Worcester, Vt., August 20, 1841. He was educated in the public schools of Worcester, the Union high school of Montpelier, the Royalton academy in Royalton, the University of Michigan at Ann Arbor. At the latter place he received the degree of L.L.B. in the class of 1870 and remained a additional year as a post-graduate.

He continued his law studies with Park Colby and Heaton & Reed, at Montpelier and was admitted to the bar at Detroit April 18, 1870. He was admitted to the bar in this state in December, 1872. The same year he was admitted to the Middlesex county bar. He settled in Lowell and was asociated with Joshua N. Marshall, with whom he remained for many years under the firm name of Marshall & Hamblett. This firm was dissolved a few years ago when Mr. Hamblett resumed in his old offices in the Hildreth building. Mr. Hamblett married January 8, 1874 Mary Elizabeth Kemp.

The Lowell bar association will take action on Lawyer Hamblett's death tomorrow and will appoint a delegation to attend the funeral.

CHINESE REBELS

Administered Bad Defeat to Imperial Forces

AND CAPTURED CITY OF SCHOCHUN

Five Hundred Rebels Were Killed.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

TACOMA, Wash., March 13.—The steamer Victoria brings news from Nankin that 12,000 Chinese rebels have crossed the Annui borders into Honan, there joining the rebels, their combined forces numbering over 20,000. Thus combined, they marched against and captured Ehouchun, the second city of the Annui province, badly defeating General Kuno and the Imperial forces. They secured large quantities of arms and have sent out a body of raiders into Honan to secure ammunition. The telegraph lines in north Annui have been cut and the Imperial troops are gradually being hemmed in. The latter have re-occupied but not captured Kuyang. Five hundred rebels and many soldiers were killed in the battle in North Klangsu between the rebels and the combined forces of Generals Kuo, Wu and Liu. Several leaders were taken, but the main body of the rebels escaped and started for Annui.

STONES THROWN

THROUGH THE WINDOWS OF GEO. DUFAULT'S HOUSE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

MARLBORO, Mass., March 13.—Soon after the family of George Dufault, an employe in one of the shoe factories here, had retired last night, several stones were thrown through a window of the room in which they had been sitting during the evening. The window was smashed to fragments but as no one was in the room at the time, no further damage was done. Several young men who were detained on suspicion were permitted to go after they had been questioned, as nothing could be learned to connect them with the act.

DEAD BODY.

OF A MAN FOUND IN A BROOK.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WORCESTER, Mass., March 13.—The dead body of a man evidently an Italian, was found early this morning in a brook at Sawyer's mills, Boylston. The body was taken to Clinton and an examination of the head made by Medical examiner G. L. Tobey. He found no bruises or indication of foul play. But Dr. Baker, the Worcester medical examiner, was sent for and a thorough autopsy of the whole body will be made this afternoon. The brook in which the body was found is a small one and does not appear probable that the man drowned himself.

THAT THIS IS THE

AGE OF STEEL

Is Evident from Every FIRST CLASS CONSTRUCTION, whether BUILDings, BRIDGES, BATTLESHIPS OR

STEEL RANGES

Steel radiates quickly, giving you immediate and full benefit of fire, and saving at least 25 per cent. in fuel. Requires no blacking. Always retains its lustre.

Like a locomotive jacket, always exposed, it looks well and wears better. For sale only at O'Heir & Co's.

Price from $30 to $200. CASH OR CREDIT. THE PEOPLE'S FAVORITE FURNITURE STORE,

A. E. O'HEIR & CO., 14, 16 and 18 Merrimack St.

James F. O'Donnell,
UNDERTAKER.
Telephone at Residence, Office, Stables.
MARKET ST. COR. WORTHEN.

MONEY DEPOSITED
On or before Monday, April 3, in the Savings Department of the
TRADERS' NATIONAL BANK.
will draw interest from April 1,
at the rate per annum of 4 per cent. Compounded Semi-Annually.
£ FOREIGN DRAFTS At Market Rates
Middlesex St., Cor. Post Office avenue.
Bank Hours { Daily, 8, a. m. to 4 p. m. / Saturdays { 8 a. m. to 1 p. m. / 7 to 9 p. m.
UNITED STATES DEPOSITARY.
Agents for sale of U. S. Revenue Stamps.

A 25c. WINDOW. See the line of waste ware we are offering for 25 cents this week consisting of tea and coffee pots, sauce pans, stew kettles, etc. O'Brien Bros., Tea Dealers, 227 Central street. Telephone. Sign of the Gold T.

Putnam & Son

Our Hat Stock

is complete—all of the new shapes of Derbys and Fedoras are here—not one missing.

Fine Fur Fedoras,
in pearl, brown and black, handsomely trimmed, sold elsewhere at $1.00.
We supply you at 54 cents.

Ten Cases Just in Fur Derbys.
in black and brown, new and stylish shapes, well trimmed, sold at other houses for $1.00,
We supply you at 69 cents.

Fur Pearl Fedoras,
with wide white silk band and binding, sold at other houses for $1.25,
We supply you at 89 cents.

The Dunlap Block,
in the new and fashionable maple, brown trimming, sold at other houses for $2.25,
We supply you at $1.67.

Self Conforming Derbys,
all of the new shapes, in black and brown, elegantly trimmed, fully warranted, sold by other houses at $2.50 and $3.00,
We supply you at $1.93.

PUTNAM & SON
166 Central Street.

THE SUN LATEST!

5 O'CLOCK

FROM A CHURCH

A Collector Arrested for Stealing Money

WILLIAM A. DOUCETTE PROVED DISHONEST.

Rev. Fr. Barry Put Detectives on His Trail.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BOSTON, March 13.—William Doucette, a pew rent collector at St. Cecilia's Catholic church, Back Bay, was arrested by two headquarters detectives during the 10.30 mass yesterday morning. He is now locked up in the Tombs. The charge against him is that of stealing $1,000 at divers times from Rev. Richard F. Barry and the parishioners of the church. The complainant in the case is Fr. Barry.

Doucette is 22 years old and lives at 200 Massachusetts ave. He is an adopted son of Mrs. Summers, who lives at that address. He is a salesman for a downtown firm and is an intelligent looking fellow. Heretofore he has had an excellent reputation. His arrest caused considerable surprise among the parishioners of the church and social circles where he has been very well known and highly esteemed.

He is said to be engaged to a daughter of a well-known member of the church and was to have been married in a short time.

Detectives caught him by marked bills. A great falling off in the receipts of the church caused the pastor to suspect him and the theft was easily traced to him.

BIG FIRE

DESTROYED HALF A BLOCK AT PORT DAWSON.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

SEATTLE, Wash., March 13.—Half a block of Port Dawson, Alaska, was destroyed by fire on February 14, the loss aggregating $50,000. The fire started in Rogers' bank house, spread to Fish & Co.'s store and then continued south to the other buildings which were as dry as tinder. The flames were checked just before reaching Kelly & Co.'s store. A quantity of merchandise was stolen from the burned buildings. The business houses burned and their estimated losses were as follows: Fish & Co., general merchandise, $30,000 Rogers' bank house, $2,500; Dr. Benson, a dentist, $2,500; Pullman restaurant, $5,000; Almer Bros., groceries, $10,000; Schwartz and Rodleman, general merchandise, $5,000.

MILL AFIRE

BIG CONFLAGRATION AT SALISBURY, MD., THIS MORNING.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

SALISBURY, Md., March 13.—At 4 o'clock this morning fire broke out in Jackson's mill. The flames spread rapidly aided by a high wind which scattered the sparks in every direction and increased the violence of the flames. The fire department worked heroically but the flames got beyond their control and help was asked from Wilmington. The mill and the big lumber yard are now a glowing mass of fire. The flames spread to adjoining property and there was great apprehension that the entire lower part of the town would be destroyed.

CAVITE WOMEN

WANT TO TAKE PLACES OF MEN AND FIGHT.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

TACOMA, Wash., March 13.—Oriental papers brought by the steamer Victoria contain the following extract from the Republica Filipino, the insurgents' paper:

"Splendid demonstrations of the Cavite women, without distinction of class or age, unanimously requested with enthusiasm to be permitted to take the place of men if the men perish in the struggle against the Americans for the defence of the independence of the Philippines. They say that irrespective of the weakness of their sex, the love of their country will make them strong and will animate them to keep combat against the Americans." A telegram published in the Republica says that a letter has been found in Railway offering $3500 reward for the assassination of Aguinaldo.

WAGES RESTORED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

MANCHESTER, N. H., March 13.—The Manchester mills have raised price for weaving in No. 1 mill 10 per cent to take effect April 3, and all reduction in wages that went in to effect in January, 1898, will be restored.

THE GIRLS' DANCE.

The officers of the Girls' Battalion of the Lowell High School will hold their party April 6 at the Highland Club hall. The officers are: General manager, Miss Edith S. Richardson; assistant, Miss Martial McMahon; floor director, Miss Anna G. Fels; chief aid, Miss Raymah Robinson.

LOWELL SOLDIER HOME.

Clarence B. Livingstone, a graduate of the high school, class of '96, returned from Porto Rico Saturday after a continuous service since August 29 in the United States hospital corps.

He expressed himself as being unfavorably impressed with the customs of the island's inhabitants but says that the spirit of bustle characteristic of the American is becoming evident in the native population.

PETITION REFUSED.

The petition of the school teachers of Lowell for a reduction of fares in teachers schools during the day on the Lowell and Suburban road has been refused.

CONDUCTOR KILLED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW YORK, March 13.—Samuel Rudmill, a conductor of the Blue Line express, east bound from Philadelphia on the Central railroad of New Jersey, was knocked from the platform of a car and killed at Bayonne, N. J. Several cars passed over him.

STRIKE SETTLED

Compromise in the Quincy Trouble.

THE STRIKERS HAVE WON A VICTORY.

Cutters to Resume Work Tomorrow at Latest.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

QUINCY, Mass., March 13.—The granite strike of 1899 has passed into history. At dawn this morning the final articles in the bill of prices were settled and the strike was declared off.

Throughout the night, the two committees had been wrestling with the various items in the bills submitted by the association and the union. The vital point, the minimum price per hour to be paid, was discussed for hours without any apparent hope for settlement. The men held to 30 cents and the manufacturers were willing to concede 27 1-2. For a long time both sides were obstinate, and more than once an adjournment was attempted, only to be voted down. Finally, at 3.40 in the morning, the men presented a proposition of 28 cents, and it was agreed to by the manufacturers.

Immediately a great cheer went up from both sides, and the members of the two committees vied with each other in making noise. This manifestation of joy relieved the great strain to which the men had been subjected all night, and they yelled and clapped their hands to the point of safety.

While neither side is claiming a victory, it is conceded that the men have the best of the bargain.

ST. PATRICK'S DAY

HOW IT WILL BE CELEBRATED IN LOWELL.

The Cadet band will hold an Ivy Leaf party in Associate hall.

The Boys of '98 will hold forth in Columbia hall.

The Burkes and Mathews will observe the day by socials complimentary to members.

The Irish Benevolents will toast St. Patrick at a banquet table.

Lowell council, Knights of Columbus, will have a smoke talk and Joseph Smith, clerk of the police commission, will give an address.

As for informal observances there will be one at the rooms of all the rest of the local Irish organizations.

Masses will be celebrated and there will be panegyrics on St. Patrick at every Catholic church in the city. At St. Patrick's the service will be the most extensive and the city government has been invited to attend.

The minstrels of the Sacred Heart parish will hold an entertainment at the parochial school hall.

A dancing party managed by the Aurora social club will be held in Prescott hall.

POLICE COURT

A LARGE GRIST OF DRUNKS AND SEVERAL SENT TO BRIDGEWATER.

There was an unusually big grist of drunks before Judge Hadley this morning in police court and to the list were many old timers.

One of the latter had been fourteen times in the court for drunkenness since 1895 and was today sentenced to the state farm at Bridgewater. Among the other old drunk offenders sent to the same institution were John J. Hurl, John Mulvey, John J. Jennings, Wm. H. Fagan and William Hammond. The latter appealed and was ordered in $200 for his appearance before the grand jury.

John Flemmings, drunkenness was sentenced to the Massachusetts reformatory.

George Brady, drunk, two months in jail.

The drunks fined $5 were: John Cuff, Frank Hart, Patrick McNamara, Jas. Sullin, Christopher Whalen, and Owen McCaffrey. The latter in addition to the fine of $5 was ordered to give sureties in the sum of $100 to keep the peace for six months.

Patrick J. Ford, drunk, was fined $1.

Mary E. Goss, drunk, was ordered in $100 until Friday next for trial.

Samuel Cagnibar, barged with snowballing, had his case continued until the juvenile session of court on Friday.

Six simple drunks were released by court and five fore each fined $1.

Peter J. Labelle was found not guilty of assaulting L. McMahon and was discharged.

Nellie Hammond was adjudged guilty of being a night walker and was sentenced fifteen months at Sherburne.

Frank Cornek, Joseph Christinco, Michael Norak, John Winetrki, Charles Coper and Andrew Mechusk, for being present at a game of cards on the Lord's Day were each fined $5.

Michael F. Casey, for stealing a purse from Mary E. Peirce in the store of A. G. Pollard & Co.'s was sentenced four months in jail.

Joseph Glover, charged with neglect of child, was placed on probation until April 13.

William Hughes, charged with vagrancy, had his case continued until March 14.

Lillian Smith, stubborn child, continued until the juvenile session next Friday.

A. D. C. Ghent charged with embezzlement from T. H. Kelly, had his case dismissed having settled civil damages.

MORTALITY OF LOWELL FOR WEEK ENDING MARCH 11, 1899.

Population, 88,641; total deaths, 33; deaths under five, 5; acute lung diseases, 5.

Death rate for the week: 17.6 against 26.0, and 35.25 for previous two weeks.

Infectious diseases reported for the week: Scarlet fever, 5; membraneous croup, 1; measels, 25.

G. O. Taylor Wahkles relieve throat and lung trouble

GENERAL NELSON A. MILES, Soon to be the Guest of Adjutant General Dalton at Boston.

BEATS THE WORLD

Stupendous Undertaking at South Trinidad.

BIGGEST ROLL LIFT EVER MADE

Millions of Pounds of Steel to be Employed.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BOSTON, March 13.—Among the numerous great engineering undertakings in connection with the south terminal station and its connections is that of building the massive roll lift bridge now under construction across Fort Point channel on the line of the Plymouth division of the consolidated system. After a long and careful study of the location by the railroad officials and numerous consultations with those having an expert knowledge of bridge construction it was decided to apply the roll lift principle to the draw of the span as promising the least delay in the opening and the closing for passing vessels.

Owing to the frequent service over the line of the road and the embarrassment that has resulted through the weakness of the old bridge, it was concluded that the new bridge should be of the utmost stability and of the best possible design as guarantees against the interruption of traffic on this busy division of the system.

The enormous size of the lifts will be appreciated when it is learned that the ends are 155 feet above high water mark when the draw is up. Into their construction will enter 3,160,000 pounds of steel, while the weight of metal on the north side of the channel will be 4,361,000 pounds, largely composed of girders weighing 100,000 pounds each. In the transportation of these massive pieces of steel there will be employed 25 cars; each with its capacity of 80,000 pounds, the equipment being the same as that used in hauling the heaviest ordnance of the United States government. In setting these huge ribs of steel a novel method will be employed. First, they will be cased upon barges, and floated out to the piers and when the tide falls it will be arranged that they will settle into their prospective resting places.

Not the least interesting part of this famous bridge, which will be the largest of its kind in the world is the plan designed for lifting and lowering the draw. In the process counter weights will be an important element, their total weight being 1,700,000 pounds. In the operation electricity will be employed.

The draw proper will be divided into three sections, each section carrying three tracks. This will provide facilities for the operation of all the trains that are likely to be run on this division of the system for the next 100 years.

An important feature of the construction are the six great granite piers that have been built in the channel. These represent 5850 cubic feet of masonry, while in the abutments 2000 cubic feet have been used. Each of the piers is 165 feet long and 31 feet high.

No definite time has been set for the completion of this gigantic span, but it is the opinion of the engineers in charge that it will not be ready for use until some time next fall.

JULIUS VOGEL DEAD.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

LONDON, March 13.—Sir Julius Vogel, the colonial statesman and writer is dead.

PLANTING THE BIBLE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BOSTON, March 13.—Advices have been received here to the effect that the first steps in Porto Rico have been taken by the American Bible society whose agent, Rev. Andrew J. McKim, has begun the work of planting the bible in the island.

GEN. MILES.

WILL BE IN BOSTON NEXT WEEK.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BOSTON, March 13.—One week from today Boston will open wide her hospitable doors to the one man whose coming can rival in popular interest the visit of the president of the United States.

The nation's chief executive came in the sombre garb prescribed by tradition for the occasion of the White House but was surrounded by all the martial pomp and military display to which his high office entitled him.

The chief soldier of the nation will come resplendent in the gold and lace of the general commanding the army of the United States and will be surrounded by throngs of friends and admirers clad in habiliments of peace that will represent the highest circles—social political and professional—of the Bay State, which proudly claims him as her son.

Major-General Nelson A. Miles comes to Boston, not as a private citizen returning "home," but officially and Bonce to be officially recognized as the "first soldier of the land." The difference is a very decided one.

400 HUNDRED DROWNED

IN THE RECENT HURRICANE OFF THE COAST OF QUEENSLAND.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BRISBANE, Queensland, March 13.—A search steamer which has just returned here from Cooktown on the Endeavor river, this colony, reports that three schooners and eighty luggers were lost and that four hundred colored persons and eleven whites were drowned during the recent hurricane that swept the northeast coast of Queensland.

25TH ANNIVERSARY

OF FIFTH ST. BAPTIST CHURCH OCCURS THIS WEEK.

The 25th anniversary of the Fifth Street Baptist church will occur on March 17 and religious services appropriate to such an occasion were held yesterday with a large congregation participating, for few churches have enjoyed more continued prosperity than the Fifth Street Baptist. Remarks reminiscent were eloquently made by Rev. T. J. B. House, the first pastor of the flourishing parish whose foundations he so soundly laid. Then Deacons Floyd, Tibbetts, Davis and Leighton who have ever been identified with the success of the parish delivered addresses and the present zealous pastor also spoke.

THE CHURCHES

FIRST TRINITARIAN.

Rev. George F. Kenigott of the First Trinitarian church last night preached a special sermon to the members of Washington Commandery, Golden Cross. The preacher took his text from Luke x. 25-37, the parable of the Good Samaritan.

PIN HOCKEY

GREAT GAME PLAYED BY P. A. A. AND VESPERS.

The third game of a series of pin hockey games by the Providence Athletic association of Providence, R. I., and the Vespers of Lowell played Saturday at Providence resulted in a tie, the score being 35 to 35. The Rhode Island team had won the other two games and the thought of another victory for their opponents spurred the Vespers on when defeat seemed certain, the score when the game was half played being 11 to 1 for Providence. The teams:

P. A. A.	VESPERS.
H. D. Wilcox, (capt.)	F. Bean (capt.)
H. H. Biddell	Fred Knapp
Dr. P. H. Keefe	Fred H Grover
Dr. J. F. Lennon	A. D. Butterfield
(Dr. E. W. Carroll)	

Wirth, Timekeeper—James A. Rogers. The officials were: Referee—Philip Scorese—Carl Eschle, C. M. Warner.

Ex-Mayor William F. Courtney was down town today and is looking fine, considering the siege of illness which he has gone through.

A group picture of forty-eight altar boys of St. Patrick's church was taken this morning at a local photographer's. The boys were arrayed in their cassocks and surplices.

HAD THREE WIVES

Jesse Fountain a Travelling Salesman

FOUND TO BE A BASE DECEIVER.

Has Three Wives, All Around Boston.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BOSTON, March 13.—Two pretty women, one the mother of two children, are expected to appear in Cambridge city court today to testify to a charge of alleged bigamy against Jesse W. Fountain, a pleasant-faced, athletic looking commercial traveller, who was arrested in Monson a few days ago and brought from Palmer to Cambridge jail Saturday by Chief Inspector James E. Murray of the Cambridge police force.

The story of Fountain's flight from Cambridge a year ago was told together with the formal complaints made by the two women, both of whom, though they live now in the western part of the state, formerly resided in Boston.

And it was here that the dual married life of Fountain was said to have begun.

Fountain's arrest in Monson last Thursday was a fortunate accident as viewed by the Cambridge police. Fountain has been a drummer latterly for Dunn & Co., soap manufacturers of New Haven, Conn. In this capacity he visited Monson Thursday and at the Boston & Albany station he was seen alighting from a train by James Rogers, a nephew of Gertrude (Rogers) Fountain, who claims to be wife No. 1.

The nephew recognized Fountain instantly and upon his information the arrest took place soon afterward. Then Chief Inspector Murray of Cambridge was notified and hastened to bring the prisoner back to Cambridge.

Chief Murray believes he has an excellent case against the prisoner and the circumstances, he says, make it one of the meanest on record.

DR. DICKINSON DEAD.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

CHICAGO, March 13.—Rev. W. C. Dickinson, D.D., a well known Presbyterian minister, died yesterday at his home in Evanslown.

THOMSON LINER OVERDUE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

MONTREAL, March 13.—The Thomson line steamer Arona is still to be heard from and this is the 45th day she has been out having sailed from Portland, Me., on the afternoon of January 27.

FOUND IN CANAL

BODY OF MRS. JAMES KENNEDY OF LAWRENCE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

LAWRENCE, March 13.—Yesterday morning the body of Mrs. James Kennedy, who disappeared from home last Saturday evening, was found in the North canal. She is believed to have committed suicide. She was 40 years of age. She leaves a widower and five children.

RELATIVES IN LOWELL.

Mrs. Maria Lether, who was recently shot and killed in Lawrence by a man named John Roberts, who claims she was his wife, had friends here in Lowell, where a cousin, Mrs. Burns of Riverside avenue, resides.

MAN KILLED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NASHUA, March 13.—Frank Baker, aged about 50 years, was struck by the 9.13 a. m. passenger train at Elmwood, Hancock Junction, Saturday, and was almost instantly killed. He was conveyed to the Emergency hospital in this city where he died. It is not known whether the occurrence was an accident or suicide as inquiries of the circumstances made by newspapermen of the engineer and fireman received misleading replies. The victim is a resident of Marlow, N. H.

THE WEATHER.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BOSTON, March 13.—For Boston and vicinity: Generally fair weather tonight; fair Tuesday; colder; northerly winds.

PENSION CHANGES.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WASHINGTON, March 13.—The following pension changes, resulting from the issue of February 28th are announced:

Massachusetts.

Original widows, etc.—Caroline E. Eaton, Taunton, $8; Lucy A. Richards, $6; John Carroll, West Brookfield, $6; James W. Bance, Groveland, $6.

Increase—John A. Pettsinger, Westfield, $14 to $17.

Weymouth, $8; Rosalie R. Drummett, Cochitate, $12; Maria F. Stetson, Dan-versport, $8; Anna M. Grenton, Malden, $12.

ADJT GENERAL'S DENIAL.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WASHINGTON, March 13.—It was positively denied in the adjutant general's office today that any dispatch had been received last night from General Otis regarding a conference with General Lawton. It is well understood, however, that General Otis is only awaiting the arrival of the remainder of his reinforcements to inaugurate an active campaign. The war department according to its officials is "awaiting with quite as much interest as the public some definite news from the Philippines which will show how General Otis intends to utilize General Lawton and his reinforcements in the campaign against the natives. It has been quite generally understood without official confirmation, however, that General Lawton on his arrival would be assigned to active command of operations in the field, leaving General Otis more time for the administrative duties of military government. The department avers that it has not tied the command military fast orders and that the only instructions sent him have been in general terms. General Lawton's training in Indian fighting has peculiarly fitted him for his present command.

FOR INDIGESTION TRY SEMI TABLETS All Druggists 10¢ 25¢ 50¢

CENSUS OFFICERS

Outline the Policy Governing Their Task.

POLITICAL INFLUENCE WILL NOT COUNT

Unless Applicants for Work are Competent.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WASHINGTON, March 13.—The policy that will govern the task of taking the census of 1900, was outlined in an official statement made Saturday by Director Merriam and Assistant Director Wines. Director Merriam starts for Minnesota this afternoon leaving Assistant Director Wines in charge. On Governor Merriam's return, Dr. Wines will go home to settle his private affairs. The statement of policy is in part as follows:

"As to prospective appointments to office, the services of no more staff officers can be utilized at present and there will be no others selected, certainly within 30 days. Prof. Henry Gannett, the well known geographer of the geological survey who was the political and statistical geographer of the last census, has been asked to take charge of the same work for the coming census and if the geological survey is willing to spare him sufficiently to do so, he will be entrusted with it and given an absolutely free hand. When the schedules come back in July, 1900, there will be a large force of employes appointed. All applications for office will receive consideration and a large number already have been received and placed on file. While the impression has gone abroad that the census is to be a refuge for incompetency, the truth and the actual facts is that all the applicants will be subject to an examination before appointment which will be as rigid as the examinations before the civil service commission. The political influence will not be sufficient to put an employe on the census pay roll of whose competency to do the work assigned him the director is not satisfied in advance. And furthermore, if any employe is found to be incompetent on trial such employe will be discharged regardless of his or her political backing. After the general administrative officers are selected there must be 300 supervisors appointed and in their selection consultation will be had with senators and representatives in the respective states. It may be announced also that senators and representatives who do not belong to the republican party will receive the same fair treatment and consideration along this line that is given republicans. These supervisors will be appointed by the president and confirmed by the senate. None of these, as not contemplated, is to receive appointments, but the list will be ready for submission to the senate at the opening of the next session. The supervisors in turn will also appoint 40,000 enumerators to do the actual work throughout the country, but the list of appointments must first have the approval of the directors of the census. Assuming the population of the United States at this time to be 80,000,000 people, there must be 400,000 sheets issued for the population schedules alone. Adding to these the other schedules there will have to be in the aggregate not less than half a million such sheets in printed form issued. All this mass of paper will be manufactured and printed without delay.

"The chances are that a system of machine calculating which admits of counting facts in combination and which worked so well in the last census will be adopted for that of 1900. Taking all in all, the complete number of appointments that will be made during the course of the census will be over 45,000.

DEATHS.

QUINN—The many friends of Mrs. Isabella Quinn will be pained to hear of her death which occurred at her late home, 7 Oak street, Saturday afternoon at 4 o'clock, aged 63 years. Deceased is survived by five daughters, Mrs. Rose Gaffney, Mrs. McKiernan, Catherine B., wife of P. J. O'Brien; Sister Veronanda of D'Arville academy, New York, and Miss Mary; also three sons, Lawrence, Peter, and M. J., of the Young Men's Catholic Institute. The deceased was an old resident of Lowell and a devout member of the Immaculate church. She had many virtues, traits of character which endeared her to every body. She passed away peacefully after receiving the rites of her church and surrounded by her family. Funeral Tuesday morning at 9 o'clock from the Immaculate Conception church.

SWEET—Dr. Edward Forrest Sweet of Boston, aged 32 years, son of Dr. O. Preston Sweet, also of that city, died at St. John's hospital Saturday night. He had been ill but a short time, having been taken with an attack of pneumonia Friday night at the Washington Tavern and removed to the hospital. The body was sent to Boston today.

FARR—Samuel Farr, Jr., who died Saturday at his home, 142 Market street aged 26 years, leaves besides a mother, two sisters, Isabella R., of this city and Mrs. Mary Davidson of Amherst, N. H. The deceased was a young man of very bright promise and highly respected in the community. He was a most devoted son and a fond and loving brother. The bereaved relatives have the heartfelt sympathy of numerous friends and relatives in and out of the city. Funeral tomorrow afternoon at 2.30 o'clock. Friends invited.

FARRELL—Mrs. Elizabeth Farrell, aged 41 years, died yesterday morning at her home, 92 Common street. She was the wife of Francis Farrell. Funeral tomorrow morning from St. Patrick's church.

THOMAS—Catherine, infant daughter of Patrick and Nellie Thomas, died this morning at her parents home, 413 Adams street.

CORBY—Margaret, daughter of Wm. and Mary Corby died at her parents home, 8 Crosby street, yesterday. She was three years and six months old. The funeral took place this afternoon and burial was in the Catholic cemetery.

MURPHY—Michael Murphy, aged 45 years, died yesterday at his home, 9 Andover street. He was unmarried.

FUNERALS.

FARR—The funeral services of Fabyan J. Farr were held from his late residence, 5 Hazeltine street, yesterday afternoon, Rev. Hibbert J. Lockhart of Chelsea officiated and the bearers were Thomas R. Knight, W. J. Scott, and O. H. Barclay of the Odd Fellows and Mr. H. O. Storm. There was singing by Miss Edna M. Sawtell and Miss Jessie Noyes. A delegation from Mechanics lodge, I. O. O. F., attended and held ritualistic services at the grave. Interment was at the Edson cemetery.

HUNTRESS—The funeral services of Mrs. Julia A. Huntress, wife of Elisha Huntress, took place from her late residence at North Chelmsford yesterday afternoon. Rev. Robert Dunbar officiated and the bearers were F. F. Blodgett, W. Joslin, E. P. Small and J. Simpson. There was singing by Mr. and Mrs. Hubert Bearce, Mrs. Scribner and Mr. Arthur Slater. Interment in the Edson cemetery.

McDERMOTT—The funeral of Mrs. Mary McDermott took place yesterday afternoon from her late home at 29 Walnut street, and was largely attended, the cortege consisting of about 26 carriages. The remains were taken to St. Peter's church, where services over the body were held by Rev. Edward P. Saunders. There was a large congregation present and singing by the choir was very effective. Solos were rendered at intervals by Misses Louise J. McLaughlin and Lilla Cook and Mr. James E. Donnelly. Burial was in the Catholic cemetery in charge of Undertaker Davey and the bearers were Jas. Higgins, James Sparks, Patrick O'Brien, Thomas Brennan and Thomas Kane.

TURCOTTE—Joseph U. Turcotte, brother of Louis P. Turcotte, died yesterday morning aged 46 years, at 194 Middlesex street, his home. Mr. Turcotte had suffered from a heart trouble more or less for several years but his recent illness was brief. He is survived by his wife and a daughter. The funeral will take place Wednesday morning from St. Joseph's church at 9 o'clock.

PASSED GIBRALTAR.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

GIBRALTAR, March 13.—The United States hospital ship Relief from New York on March 3rd, for Manila has arrived here.

MANY FIRES.

CAUSED BY A GANG OF INCENDIARIES IN WILKESBARRE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., March 13.—The people residing in the town of Ashley near here are terrorstricken over the work of a gang of incendiaries. On Saturday they set fire to valuable property causing a loss of $20,000 and early this morning they fired the large public school building. The building was entirely destroyed together with two dwellings. Loss, $25,000, insured for $14,000.

THE OLD WAY

Of Treating Dyspepsia and Indigestion by Dieting a Dangerous and Useless One.

We say the old way, but really it is a very common one at the present time and many dyspeptics and physicians as well consider the first step to take in attempting to cure indigestion is to diet either by selecting certain foods and rejecting others or to greatly diminish the quantity usually taken; in other words, the starvation plan is by many supposed to be the first essential.

The almost certain failure of the starvation cure for dyspepsia has been proven time and again, but still the moment dyspepsia makes its appearance, a course of dieting is at once advised.

All this is radically wrong. It is foolish and unscientific to recommend dieting starvation to a man suffering from dyspepsia, because indigestion itself starves every organ and every nerve and every fibre in the body.

What the dyspeptic wants is abundant nutrition, which means plenty of good, wholesome, well cooked food and something to assist the weak stomach to digest it. This is exactly the purpose for which Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are adapted and this is the method by which they cure the worst cases of dyspepsia; in other words the patient eats plenty of wholesome food, and Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets digest it for him. In this way the system is nourished and the overworked stomach rested, because the tablets will digest the food whether the stomach works or not. One of those tablets will digest 3,000 grains of meat or eggs.

Your druggist will tell you that Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets is the purest and safest remedy for stomach troubles and every trial makes one more friend for this excellent preparation. Sold at 50 cents for full sized package at all drug stores.

A little book on stomach diseases mailed free by addressing F. A. Stuart Co., Marshall, Mich.

"No Eye Like the Master's Eye."

You are master of your health, and if you do not attend to duty, the blame is easily located. If your blood is out of order, Hood's Sarsaparilla will purify it.

It is the specific remedy for troubles of the blood, kidneys, bowels or liver.

Kidneys—"My kidneys troubled me, and on advice took Hood's Sarsaparilla which gave prompt relief, better appetite. My sleep is refreshing. It cured my wife also." MICHAEL BOYLE, 3473 Denny Street, Pittsburg, Pa.

Scrofulous Humor—"I was in terrible condition from the itching and burning of scrofulous humor. Grew worse under treatment of several doctors. Took Hood's Sarsaparilla and Hood's Pills. These cured me thoroughly." J. J. LITTLE, Fulton, N. Y.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Never Disappoints

Hood's Pills cure liver ills; the non irritating and only cathartic to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Why not rent a Piano until you are ready to buy? We rent good Doll, Baus & Stoddart Uprights at $4 to $5 per month, and allow one year's rent toward purchase.

Jacob Doll

216 MERRIMACK STREET, LOWELL, MASS.

CARL D. BURTT, Assistant Teacher in the Lowell High School and Principal of the Evening High School.

THE POLICE ACTIVE

All Sorts of Offenders Taken in.

Officer Healey About to Sit up—The Vaughns Not Yet Bailed—Polish Card Players Pinched—Hotels Visited—"Peeping Tom" in the Highlands.

The condition of Reserve Officer John F. Healey who was so brutally assaulted by burglars a week ago yesterday is so much improved that it is expected that he will be able to sit up for a short time today or tomorrow. His improvement has been particularly rapid for the past three days and it is said an effort will be made to locate the two bullets which are still in his body. The wound in his head required 16 stitches.

The Vaughns are still in jail in default of bail in the sums of $1500 and $600, comparatively small under ordinary circumstances. In the event of getting bail they would be immediately rearrested on a charge of alleged assault on Officer Healey and alleged burglary of Dickinson's and Goodridge's establishments.

The two men were in good spirits when taken to jail Friday, Ollie being particularly good natured. George suffered much pain from his injured hand and it is believed suffered internally as the result of recent illness and was therefore in no mood to be jolly. The defendant's counsel notified the jail officials that he did not want the prisoners taken out of jail for the purpose of identification and to allow them to see no one unless in his presence.

The police were kept busy Saturday night and Sunday for, a sure indication of returning prosperity, there were many drunks about. Yesterday they kept about the hotels, going in squads in citizens' clothing and making a thorough search of the premises. A report was started that one place was caught again but no arrests were made.

Officer John B. Crowley on Saturday afternoon arrested Michael F. Casey for alleged pocket-picking, his victim being Mrs. Mary Pierce of No. 9 Sayles street. Mrs. Pierce was shopping in Pollard's when she felt her pocketbook being removed and turning quickly she caught Casey in the act of putting it into his pocket. She accused him of the theft, and he admitted it, at the same time passing the book back to her with the request that she say nothing about it. He was immediately made captive by some of the male clerks and Officer Crowley was notified. To the officer, he said that it was his first offence and that he was tempted to the crime by seeing Mrs. Pierce put the purse in her pocket carelessly as she entered the store from Merrimack street. Mrs. Pierce says she entered from the Palmer street side. When searched, one $10 bill and one $5 bill was found in Casey's pockets and the police records show that he has previously been arrested for larceny.

Supt. Davis has inaugurated a system of photography of thieves and suspicious ones, not only for the purpose of keeping the rogues' gallery in good, up-to-date condition but to assist out-of-town officials in identifying strange criminals. William Fallon who snatched Marie Tremblay's pocketbook has been "mugged" and so has Powell Rea who is now doing 8 months. Rea objected to be photographed for "just going off on a little drunk," but the superintendent knows his business.

Bold sneak thieves were about Saturday and visited a number of down town stores early in the afternoon. Gookin Bros.' establishment on Prescott street was their first visit and while one engaged the attention of the only clerk on the lower floor, the other went into the office and opening the door of the safe found nothing. The same game was played at the stores of O'Heir & Co., the Singer company, Harry Raynes' and G. C. Prince's. At the hardware store of C. E. Adams & Co., in Middlesex street they took $1 from the money drawer. At some of these stores, three men called.

One of them is described as being 30 years old, smooth faced, swarthy complexion and dark hair. The second is said to be about 35 years old, has a rough skin, light complexion and a sandy moustache. An accurate description of the third could not be obtained.

A man named Alfred M. Deghen, was brought by Inspector Donaldson from Fall River on Saturday night, charged with larceny of a mileage book valued at $7. Lawyer D. J. Donahue was notified in advance of the prisoner's arrival and called on him at the jail. The man will be arraigned today.
Untotel shaDormfort Fall etnoin

"Duteney" Decker and another youth who also gave his name as Decker were arrested from The Sun building late on Saturday night on suspicion. By climbing over a transom the boys had got into a back room in the building when discovered by Officer Ryan while on his rounds. They claimed to be there only to "bunk" for the night.

Saturday night Officer Noye arrested Peter J. Labelle, aged 18, for an assault on an unknown person. Labelle is a blacksmith and lives in Pearl street.

A young woman giving the name of Nellie A. Hammond and claiming Nashua, N. H., as her home, was arrested Saturday night by Officer Frank Fox, who charges her with being a common night walker.

For some time the people of Little Canada have been greatly annoyed by boys throwing snow balls. Yesterday, Samuel Chovinard, aged 16 years who is said to be one of the chief offenders, was arrested and will be arraigned in the police court this morning on a charge of violating the city ordinances in such cases made and provided.

At 1.25 o'clock Sunday morning Lieut. Palmer, Sergeant Connors and Officer Atkinson raided a house in Williams street and surprised a gaming party of Poles. There were seven in the party and they were caught in the act with cards and money on a table around which they were seated. One of the number made his escape. The names of those who were caught are Frank Coruck, Joseph Christinac, Michael Norak, John Winetrki, Charles Copper and Andrew Meghosk. With the exception of one young man, all were bailed out. He declares that he was merely a spectator and did not know that his presence was a crime against the state. After five of the six captured men had been bailed, papers were made out to bail the sixth man but when the young fellow was taken from his cell to the guard room it was discovered that he was not the man whom the bailer was looking for. Later it developed that the man he was looking for had taken leg bail and the boy was returned to his cell.

Charles D. Oakley of Methuen, tripped and fell on Green street about noon on Saturday receiving a bad gash over his right eye. He was taken to the police station where his wound was dressed.

The police board organ after several apologies reads The Sun and discovers that Inspector Allen was the man who is entitled to special recognition for his good work in the Healey case. Considering its grand opportunities for getting news at the police station which no other paper has, the police board organ is "dead slow."

There is a dangerous character hanging about the Highlands terrorizing women and should he be captured and found guilty a stiff sentence should be given him. He has been seen, it is said peeping into houses on Branch, Coral and Nichols street. In one house a woman is on the verge of nervous prostration as a result of the marauder's visit. On Queen street, the wife of a well known merchant was unpardonably insulted by the villain

Bartholomew Dunn, a Dunstable milkman, reports that he was held up by a lone highwayman while passing a stretch of woods between Tyngsboro and North Chelmsford, Friday morning. Dunn flashed a revolver and the highwayman flew.

FREE TO MEN

No money in advance. Weak, stunted, shrunken and feeble portions of the body quickly enlarged and strengthened. Medicines and instrument sent on trial. Medical indorsements. Particulars sent in plain sealed letter. Correspondence confidential.

ERIE MEDICAL CO., BUFFALO, N.Y.

Blood Poison

W. R. Newman, Staunton, Va. says: "I was afflicted with Contagious Blood Poison, and the best doctors did me no good. In fact, I seemed to get worse all the while. I took almost every so-called blood remedy, but they did not reach the disease. At the advice of a friend, I then took S. S. S., and began to improve. I continued the medicine and it cured me completely, and, for ten years I have never had a sign of the disease to return."

S.S.S. For The Blood

(Swift's Specific) is the only remedy which can eradicate Contagious Blood Poison. It is guaranteed *purely vegetable*. Book on self-treatment mailed free by Swift Specific Company, Atlanta, Ga.

PUBLIC SCHOOLS

Received Pupils of St. Patric's School Today

THE ACADEMY CLASS TO ENTER HIGH SCHOOL.

The Other Scholars Are Also Cared For.

The complications arising from the burning of St. Patrick's school were adjusted today when the pupils were provided for in the public schools. Sixteen pupils, as it had been arranged, resumed their studies in the High school while the pupils of the eighth and seventh grades as well as a portion of the scholars of the sixth and fifth class rooms entered the Green and Pawtucketville grammar schools. The other pupils have been instructed to apply to the schools nearest to their homes. Extra teachers have been supplied and in a short time it is expected that things will run smoothly.

Rev. Fr. O'Brien has stated that work on the rebuilding of the school will not begin until the loss is adjusted with the insurance men and that it is likely that the building will not be ready for occupancy until fall. Meanwhile the brothers are awaiting the arrival of the provincial, Brother Alexis, whose principal office is at Louisville, Ky. Bro. Alexis is daily expected to arrive and settle the matter of whether the brothers are to remain in this city pending the rebuilding of the school.

Scholars from the St. Patrick's parochial school have been applying this morning at all the public schools in the part of the city in which they reside in large numbers and many have been accommodated and are already at work in their new school homes. To accommodate the rest the old Bartlett school building will be opened for registration tomorrow morning at 8 o'clock and regular session of the school will be held thereafter as soon as it can be told from the registration what rooms and teachers will be needed. The Bartlett was chosen for the new school rather than the Mann in accordance with the opinion of the board of health that the sanitaries of the former were in better condition for use than the latter

SOUTH ENDS.

WILL BE RUN AS AN INDEPENDENT BASE BALL TEAM IN 1899.

James P. Casey and John R. Shea will run the South Ends as an independent team. They completed arrangement on Saturday night for using the Fair Grounds on Saturdays from May 6 to September 9. The South Ends will play strong teams from out-of-town and will open the season on April 19. Mid-week games will also be played.

CITY HALL NOTES.

Supt. Doherty is busy at the Bartlett school renovating it preparatory to opening it tomorrow for the children of St. Patrick's boys' school.

The street committee will meet tomorrow afternoon at 4 o'clock.

A resolution will be introduced tomorrow night when the city council meets appropriating money to defray the expense of the burial of the body of Hospital Steward Leslie Hunting whose remains are now at Mt. Auburn cemetery Cambridge.

J. Whitelaw Duncan, the well known plumber of Church street is rejoicing over the birth of a ten pound son.

J. ADAMS BARTLETT, A Popular Resident of Chelmsford Centre.

J. ADAMS BARTLETT

ONE OF CHELMSFORD'S MOST POPULAR RESIDENTS.

Mr. J. Adams Bartlett of the firm of Bartlett & Dow, the well known and hustling firm of hardware dealers in Lowell, is one of Chelmsford's most popular and highly respected citizens, and The Sun today takes great pleasure in the publication of his portrait. The success of the recent sheet and pillow case party at the town hall was in a great measure due to the untiring efforts of Mr. Bartlett who was the efficient floor director on that occasion.

CHELMSFORD CENTRE NOTES.

Saturday the selectmen drew from the jury box the names of Walter S. Simons and Oliver M. Green who are to serve as jurors at the superior court in Lowell, the term beginning March 27.

The selectmen have appointed as tellers at the annual town meeting Arthur E. Reed, William P. Hall, George H. Ripley, John P. Scoboria.

At a citizens' caucus held in South Chelmsford Saturday evening to nominate local candidates for town offices Walter R. Winning, a present member of the board of selectmen, received a renomination; Alexander J. Park was nominated as a member of the school board and Walter Berry for constable.

R. F. Emerson, a well known resident, was prostrated Friday night an attack of illness resembling apoplexy.

Harry L. Merrill, who has been quite ill several months, has perceptibly lost ground in the last two weeks. His feeble condition enlists the deepest sympathy of those who know how patiently and bravely he has borne the many trials which have fallen to his lot.

Miss Katherine S. Donovan has presented to St. John's hospital $101.45, the proceeds of the comedy, "Rice Pudding" recently given in the Highland club hall.

M. L. Hamblet is confined by illness to his home.

Peter H. Donohoe is rejoicing at the birth of a son.

MAKES PEOPLE HUNGRY

Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is an appetite maker, and helps the stomach do its work right. It is the great blood cleanser, flesh-builder and nerve tonic. Best medicine in the world for the run-down, weak and debilitated.

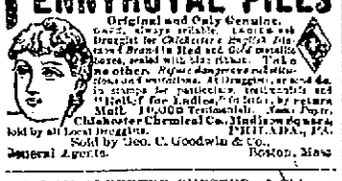
Try a bottle and see for yourself how much good it will do.

Hostetter's Stomach Bitters

Chichester's English Diamond Brand.

PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine.



Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, PHILADA., PA.

Sold by Geo. C. Goodwin & Co., Boston, Mass

MADAM ALBERTER CHESTER of Chicago, the most gifted Clairvoyant in the world, will be at Lowell, Room 23, Ideal Marche building, on and after March 15, for 10 days only. Those wishing to consult her on business will find it to their advantage to call. Many a home has been made happy and the clouds lifted from it by a visit to this gifted lady. Thousands can testify as to her great powers as a healing medium. The sick and suffering who have been treated, bless the day they met her. Hours from 9.30 a. m. to 12 m; 1 to 5 and 6 to 10 p. m. Sundays 10 a. m. to 3 p. m.

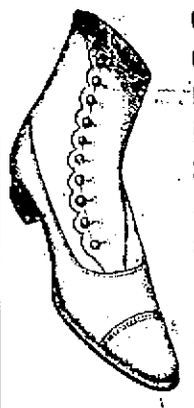
DR. WILLIAMS' PINK PILLS FOR PALE PEOPLE

Nerve tonic—Blood Maker. Send for descriptive pamphlet. Sold by druggists everywhere, 50 cents per box—six for $2.50.

Dr. Williams' Med. Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

JUST CONSIDER

Before buying your Spring Shoes. The ladies delight is in the Trionfo $2.50 Shoes. These Shoes are creating a sensation among the ladies. Imported cork innersole, renders walking a pleasure. Sold only at the



Sunlight Shoe Store,

100 Central St.

High Grade Repair Shop.

W. S. Grady.

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS—State House, Boston, March 11, 1899.—The Joint Committee on the Judiciary will give a hearing to parties interested in House Bills 329, 631, 651, 652, as to the assumption of the risks of danger by employees, and to amend the employees' liability act, at room No. 227, State House, on Wednesday, March 15, at 10.30 o'clock a. m. F. N. Williams, Chairman, Geo. S. Selfridge, Clerk of the Committee.

WANTED—Everybody to store their sleighs at Guyette's Sign and Carriage Shop, corner of Thorndike and Congress streets.

MADAM TRUE—CLAIRVOYANT.

She gives advice on all points of interest, such as love, marriage, courtship, divorce, business and transactions of all kinds. She tells whether sweetheart is true or false; gives their names in full, as well as your own name in full without asking questions. If she fails to do all she claims, or does not fully satisfy you, then you pay nothing. To call is to be convinced. Is this not honest? Could anything be fairer? (She receives ladies only.) Hours 9 a. m. to 8.30 p. m. Parlors located 29 Appleton street, next to Postoffice.

SAVOY THEATRE.

MONDAY EVENING, MAR. 13

10—VAUDEVILLE STARS—10.

Headed by the great

O. C. Seymour,

assisted by

Miss Minnie Dupree,

These artists are direct from Mr. Keith's Providence theatre. Excellent dancing and musical act and Mr. Seymour's wonderful jumping act. He jumps over an upright piano.

Edwin R. Lang,

The poetic tramp appearing as the Prince of Wales. Without doubt the greatest and best of all tramps. (Direct from Proctors' Leland Opera house Albany, N. Y.

Mr. and Mrs. Gene Hughes,

Delightful and refined sketch artists appearing in their highly amusing comedlette, "A Model Husband." (From Keith's, Philadelphia.)

Barrett and Learned,

High class Irish comedy sketch artists, will present their laughable comedy, "Fun in a Milliner's Shop." (From Keith's, Boston.)

St. Onge and Clay,

Screaming, comedy, bicycle experts, "The White Team."

Miss Marion Sawtelle,

Sprightly, singing comedienne. (Daughter of the late murdered Hiram Sawtelle.)

TWO HOURS OF FUN.

Evenings, - - - 10c, 20c, and 30c.
Matinees (except Monday) 10c and 20c.
Matinees, 2.30; Evenings, 8.15.
Doors open 1.30 and 7.30.

MINARD'S "KING OF PAIN" LINIMENT

When suffering with **Rheumatic** Pains,
Sore feet, **Neuralgia** or **Chilblains,**
Use **Minard's Liniment,**
King of pain,
And **Rub It In.**

Minard's Liniment is the best selling liniment we have—this is the strongest indorsement that Minard's can have.
R. J. LANG & CO.,
City Hall Pharmacy.

MINARD'S "KING OF PAIN" LINIMENT

O'Donnell & Gilbride Co.

AN ANTICIPATION SALE OF LACE CURTAINS AND PORTIERES

In anticipation of the usual spring house cleaning demand for Lace Curtains and Portieres, we were influenced last week to take advantage of an unusual opportunity to buy a vast quantity of curtains and portieres, at a special discount from regular rates. These goods will be placed on sale today and for the next 3 days, at least you may count on securing unusual values in Lace Curtains and Portieres.

150 pairs of Nottingham Curtains, an excellent quality at 98c a pair.

136 pairs of Nottingham Brussell effects. A great bargain at $1.49 a pair.

200 pairs of Muslin Ruffled Curtains, (nicely made). A special bargain at 45c a pair,

200 pairs of Ruffled Muslin Curtains, 2 1-2 yards long. An extraordinary value at 59c a pair.

50 pairs of Bobinet Ruffled Curtains at $1.19 a pair.

75 pairs of extra quality Bobinet Curtains at $1.98 a pair.

100 pairs of Irish Point Lace Curtains, the greatest value ever shown at $2.49 a pair.

100 pairs of extra quality Irish Point Curtains at $3.98 a pair.

200 pairs of Fish Net Ruffled Curtains, an excellent chamber curtain to 79c a pair.

155 pairs of a heavier Fish Net Ruffled Curtains at 98c a pair.

PORTIERES.

75 pairs of Tapestry Portieres, full width, you would pay in the regular way $2.75. Special price $1.98 a pair.

60 pairs of a heavier grade of Tapestry Portiere, sold in the regular way $5.00. Special price $3.69 a pair.

45 Couch Covers made to sell at $5.00. Special price $3.98 each.

37 Odd Portieres in half pairs you can buy at 50 cents on th dollar.

We have one of the Best Upholstery Departments in New England. Styles the Newest. Prices the lowest. Come in and see our stock,

O'DONNELL & GILBRIDE CO.

MERRIMACK, PALMER AND MIDDLE STREETS.

Dr. Sweet's Visit Postponed.

OWING to the death of his son, Edmund F. Sweet, at St. John's Hospital, Saturday night, Dr. Sweet will have to postpone his visit to the American House till March 20th, when he will be ready to attend to those desiring his services. Then he will be at the American House till further notice.

Every Man has his Prejudice

and every woman her bias, but they all agree that Dows' Tonic Liniment quickly loosens stiff joints, cures lame back, rheumatic and neuralgic pains. 359 Central St.

WANTED—Girls in our looping and finishing departments. Pickering Knitting Co.

Teague & Teague

MEN'S FURNISHERS.

SPRING '99.

New Hats,
New Neckwear.
New Shirts.

TEAGUE & TEAGUE

MEN'S FURNISHERS,

COR. CENTRAL AND MIDDLE STS.

GO CARTS

To go through the streets with your baby is a great improvement over a carriage when the child is strong enough to sit up.

FOR INFANTS

Of course, we recommend the carriage, of which we have a very nice assortment from $4.50 upwards.

TABLES.

We have a handsome line just opened up. For style and price they are all right.

HAT RACKS.

We have a few of those 50 cent hat racks we are closing out for 25 cents.

GAYNOR & CO.

35 Prescott Street.

G. O. Taylor Whiskies, Impart strength and vigor.

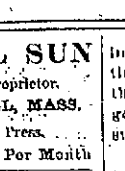
THE LOWELL SUN
JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor.
SUN BUILDING, LOWELL, MASS.
Member of the Associated Press.
$5.00 Per Year. 25c. Per Month

CHEATED

The merchant who pays for advertising and doesn't get it cries out that advertising doesn't pay. He is wrong. Advertising pays if you get it. If you pay for any commodity that is never delivered, you lose money on it, just the same as you lose on advertising that you pay for but never get.

When merchants learn to buy their advertising space in the newspapers as they buy their merchandise—by measure and weight—it will pay them. Buy space by the inch per thousand of circulation and see that you get what you pay for. Then you will never be cheated in advertising and it will pay you. The Sun will give you more advertising for your money than any other paper in Lowell

LOWELL'S GREATEST NEWSPAPER



Druggists' licenses are the last resort of the liquor dealers. But in this they will also be beaten.

Speaker Reed has entered literature in a very able article on Genral Sheridan published in the current number of the Cosmopolitan magazine.

The present legislature is making some extra work for that of next year by passing a lot of fool bills that will have to be repealed on the earliest opportunity.

The German emperor's message of sympathy to Rudyard Kipling was probably sent on account of Kipling's poem, "The Truce of the Bear," as there is considerable jealousy between Germany and Russia.

Ex-Governor Altgeld of Illinois is put forward as a candidate for mayor of Chicago against Mayor Harrison on the democratic side. There is danger that by this splitting up the party in the Windy city, a republican may have a chance to slip in.

Officer Palmer's officious manner of grabbing the elder Vaughn and marching him to the police box when Officer Kane had arrested him reminded us of Sampson demanding the surrender of Cervera's fleet after it had been vanquished by Schley.

The police are now apparently getting on the to the men who have been committing depredations in our city for some time. Every good citizen should help them in the work until absolute security for life and property shall have been restored.

The next step in order at Manila if this country is to pursue the regular course of conquest in colonization is to offer a reward for Aguinaldo's head. It will be remembered that England has repeatedly resorted to this effacious method of overcoming rebels and Spain we believe, adopted it against the Cubans in her effort to subdue them.

Whoever started the story that Secretary Alger would resign mistook alike the man and the situation. Alger is as close a friend of the president as any other member of the cabinet and Alger by remaining serves as a scapegoat. They are both guilty of gross mismanagement as the present controversies in the war department amply show. When incompetent men are placed in command in such cases they soon get that which they control all tied up in a knot. That is the condition of the war department today and it will never be remedied until a capable man is put in Alger's place.

John Bowers, the civilian, who followed up and arrested William Fallon for snatching a purse from a little girl on the street, deserves recognition of some kind. We would advocate a medal by the Humane society if such deeds came under the category for which honors are awarded; but that being inadmissible, it seems the police board should provide some suitable token as a mark of appreciation. Had the culprit escaped the police would probably never have been able to find him out. It is well to encourage such protection of the weak by citizens in general.

THE LEADING ISSUES.

There is much speculation in various quarters as to what the issues of the next presidential campaign will be but with the rate at which bloated trusts are forming, all over the country mostly for the purpose of wringing extortionate prices from the people it seems that there will be, there can be no more important issue than whether this nation is to be preyed upon indefinitely by the trusts or whether the policy of its government shall continue to foster such oppressive agencies.

The democratic party will make the trusts one of the leading issues and the republican party, in anticipation of the wrath to come will probably put a plank in its platform condemning trusts but the party is today composed of such combinations; from them it receives the corruption money with which to buy elections and in return it gives the trusts government protection.

The trusts would rather give money enough to have their friends elected than have to buy the votes of others after election. There are in this country at present ninety trusts capitalized at $3,764,518,000.

Is it any wonder that our state legislatures and even congress itself are controlled by these iniquitous combines.

Boss Croker is to have a Jeffersonian banquet presided over by Perry Belmont. It is no wonder that prominent democrats have refused to attend such a banquet because from all accounts it will be an outrage on the memory of Jefferson. Mr. Bryan has refused to attend because he was to be restricted as to what he should talk about, the desire being to avoid discussing the money question and the policy of expansion, on both of which Croker is opposed to the majority of the democratic party and unable to maintain his position against the logic of Mr. Bryan on these questions. Croker will soon lose his pull if he continues to run counter to the democratic party despite the fact that he happened to dictate the nomination of the first mayor of the Greater New York.

Captain Atkin of the Pavonia while he succeeded in bringing his good ship safely to shore seemed at times to have less faith in her chances for safety than her crew and passengers. When the captain weakens in such a case it is hard for the passengers to keep up confidence. The mistake which Captain Atkin made appears to be the giving expression to his utmost fears that his ship would be lost. That surely was a very grave mistake and one which no man should make unless he saw death inevitable which was far from being the case at any time during the Pavonia's terrible experience while drifting disabled at the mercy of the wind and waves.

CURRENT COMMENT.

Columbus Press Post—Perhaps Mr. McKinley is opposed to hauling down the flag because all the flags in this country are manufactured by the bunting trust.

Chicago Record—The chief difficulty seems to be that the insurgents fail to agree with General Otis' optimistic view regarding the ease and celerity with which the insurrection is to be put down.

Chicago News—If it is true that the North Pole has been discovered the president might win popular approval by appointing Alger custodian of it at a larger salary than he is now receiving.

Washington Times—If Mr. Alger will subscribe to any good clipping bureau he can get a thousand documents a day to prove to him just what the people think of him, and just what they want him to do.

Philadelphia Record—The roll of the Cuban army shows that half of the 50,000 men on the lists were officers, and they insist upon officers' pay. The insurgent establishment seems to have been organized very much on the same lines as is the Republican state machine. It is known that the machine always had more officials than private machinists, and a hungrier gang never infested a State since the locusts overran Egypt.

LOCAL MILL NEWS.

H. E. Perham, treasurer of the Kitson Machine Co., accompanied by Mrs. Perham, left last week for a trip to Southern California, to be absent until sometime in April.

The Massachusetts cotton mills, Lindale, Georgia, shipped on March 1, 1500 bales of cotton goods to China, Japan and Africa. The mills are now running double turn for a time to catch up with orders.

Thomas E. Ainley of Lowell, Mass., has taken the position of overseer of carding with the Amsterdam Woolen Co., Amsterdam, N. Y.

George S. Gilman of the Lowell Machine shop, Lowell, Mass., has accepted the position of general foreman of the American Bolt company.

C. E. Dow, formerly with the Metallic Drawing Roll Co., Indian Orchard, but for the past two years general manager of the American Bolt Co., Lowell, Mass. has resigned that position.

UP GO WAGES.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., March 13.—An official announcement was made Saturday to the effect that the Warner Bros.' company, manufacturers of corsets, has made a general advance in wages of from 10 to 20 per cent. Fourteen hundred hands are employed.

that cough or throat trouble may go to your lungs. What does that mean?

HALE'S HONEY OF HOREHOUND AND TAR

Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar isn't claimed to cure consumption, but it will often prevent it. A positive cure for a cough. Sold by druggists.
Pike's Toothache Drops cure in 1 minute.

LABOR MATTERS

CRY OF PATRIOTISM.

EMPLOYED FOR THE PROTECTION OF CORPORATE CRIME.

Pharisaical Philanthropists Who Have Need to Throw Away Their Telescopes—A Slavery in Our Country Worse Than Ever Cursed Cuba.

Some time ago I saw a pathetic picture in a Cleveland newspaper. The cut showed a number of poor people of Havana sleeping on the benches in a public park. It was intended to portray the terrible hardships endured by the Cubans and extract sympathy and silver from the American citizen. The situation is such as to excite profoundest pity in the impulsive and unthinking, and it certainly is deplorable. But stop a minute and reflect a moment. These hybrid tramps of Havana are playing in great luck. Just compare their seemingly forlorn lot with that of our own homeless ones. In these United States, the land of liberty, the "home" of the free, the poor are not even allowed to sleep on the park benches. If they try it, they are run in. Besides, the Cuban climate has its advantages in winter for the pauper population.

Wouldn't it be just as well to think of our own starving and freezing fellow citizens and do a little inexpensive weeping before we lose any sleep because of these lazy and lousy Cuban savages?

We are told that the people in Cuba are starving. Last summer a young woman starved to death in Cleveland! We are told that in Cuba there are human beings without shelter—in a tropical climate. Last month an aged woman froze to death in the very heart of this civilized—aye, charitable—city! Why is it that the cry of distress which comes from a distant shore so easily stirs the heart to sympathy? Ah, my pharisaical philanthropists, you have need to cast away your telescopes and take up magnifying glasses!

In "free" America we make laws that make men vagrants and then punish them for vagrancy. I am second to none in my love for this land, and my Americanism is of the very best brand. It is because of this love and this Americanism, because of my pure patriotism and lofty loyalty that I give utterance to such sentiments. My Americanism does not demand that I shall indorse statutory injustice and authorized tyranny; that I shall approve iniquitous laws framed by low lived lawyers and administered by pleasure politicians. I love my country, but, God help me, I love my fellows more. I am brave enough, and honest enough to say with George Francis Train, "Am for country right, but d—n country wrong!"

And I say to you now, with no chance of challenge, that there is in the United States today a worse slavery, a more cruel bondage, than that with which Spain ever cursed Cuba in the day of her pride and power. Would you have the evidence? Go to the workshops and the mines where the weary toilers drudge through the day for a pauper's pittance. Go to their hopeless homes where want and woe have been before, where weak women shiver in fireless rooms and children cry for a paltry crust. Go to our great factories where delicate girls give their life from day to day to feel the maw of the monster of greed. Go find the children slaving in the shop instead of studying at school. And for further evidence look in at the prison and the poorhouse, the hospital or the morgue.

Yet I love my country with every vital drop within my veins. That's the trouble. I think more of my own country than I do of Cuba. My patriotism is of the practical sort. To me patriotism is more than a meaningless word, an empty sentiment. Patriotism and charity are closely allied, and it is true that both begin at home. So I would strike the shackles of industrial slavery from the limbs of the brothers of my blood and feed a fellow citizen before I would furnish to the Cubans firearms wherewith they may murder one another or send a shipload of overcoats to a lot of naked niggers in equatorial Africa.

This cry of "Patriotism!" is too often the weapon of tyranny, the bulwark of the money barons, the refuge of robbery. The tyrant shrieks "Treason!" when the tongue of the worker would voice his woes. "Shame upon you to complain!" he is told. "Don't you know that this is the best and most blessed country on all this planet of pain? Don't you know that it is a sanctuary for all the world's slaves, the promised land of all oppressed peoples? This is the greatest and most glorious government that ever existed, and nothing under our grand old flag can go wrong. See? Shut up, and be glad that you're allowed to live."

It is this doctrine of dogged and silent submission, this gospel of content, garnished with the misunderstood words "liberty," "loyalty" and "patriotism," that prevents the betterment of the condition of the common people. Truly these be terms to conjure with.

I have no use for that patriotism which is the protection of corporate crime.

Mine is the patriotism of protest.—Gatling Gun.

Lattimer Indictments Quashed.

District Attorney Martin of Luzerne county, Pa., announces one year after the famous Lattimer trial that the 19 indictments for murder and the 30 indictments for felonious wounding found against Sheriff James Martin and his 68 deputies have been quashed. Entries of nolle prosequi were made in each case last September, but it was kept secret at the time, chiefly for fear of the effect the news might have on friends and relatives of the miners killed. There is now no danger of an outbreak, and accordingly the announcement is made.—Williamsport (Pa.) Grit.

BLOOD WILL TELL.

Two Different Applications of This Expression to Existing Conditions.

"Blood will tell. It tells for unity and for duty. It tells for valor, which it also attests. It tells for fortitude, which it also approves. It tells for sacrifice, which it also reflects and inspires. It tells for the leveling of walls of separation, which it should remove. It tells for the wiping out of party lines, which it should efface. Yes, blood will tell—and it has told. It has told the American people that they must face the responsibility of a nation, in a world of nations. It has told our race that it must rise to obligation as well as to opportunity. It has told them that if in the midst of arms laws are not silent, that at least, when law is attacked by arms, armies must carry out law. It has told them that, while democracy is a great thing and while republicanism is a great thing, country is more than party; that the sovereignty which the republic has in its collective people, as truly as monarchy has in any reigning house, is more than constitutionalism, with its restrictions and infinitely more than quibbles or fetiches or devices or doctrinarism or hair splitting about constitutionalism. This is the story that blood tells—to a people greater than their president, but well represented by him at this time, and greater than their senate, which they peremptorily expect and demand shall represent them at this time."

The paragraph quoted above is from a leading editorial in the Brooklyn Eagle anent the crisis in the Philippines. Some abstract truths are most forcibly stated, and perhaps the time will come when they may be applied to domestic affairs in a manner that would startle their author.

"Blood will tell. It tells for unity and duty; it tells for valor which it also attests; it tells for fortitude which it also proves; tells for sacrifice which it also reflects and inspires; it tells for the leveling of walls of separation which it should remove; it tells for the wiping out of party lines which it should efface. Yes, blood will tell, and it has told," at Homestead, at Hazleton, at Pana, at Chicago and on dozens of minor fields of labor's battles. "It has told the American people that they must face the responsibility of a nation," not only in a world of nations, but in its dealings with 70,000,000 of people. It has told our race that it must rise to the dignity of justice as well as to the strength of power. It has told them that if in the midst of strife there is a prostitution of authority, that at least when justice is assulted by force of arms, force may be resorted to to make the law just. It has told them that while Democracy is a great thing and while Republicanism is a great thing humanity is more than gold; that the sovereignty which the republic has, in its collective people, as truly as monarchy has in any reigning house, is more than constitutionalism with its restrictions and infinitely more than quibbles, fetiches or devices or doctrinarism or hair splitting about constitutionalism, in the momentous affairs that concern the lives and liberty of those who create the nation's wealth and who constitute its strength. If we are to have no hair splitting of constitutionalism when it comes to the execution of the schemes of organized wealth, will we permit quibbles or fetiches or devices or doctrinarism or constitutionalism with its restrictions to stand in the way of the enforcement of those policies that may be necessary to secure an equitable distribution of the results of our productive forces and resources, to secure to every man the full enjoyment of the results of his own toil? Blood will tell, and it has told in many stirring scenes in the great world drama. Blood has marked the mile posts on the highway of progress, and the blood that has been shed in labor's cause, and the misery and suffering which thousands of human beings endure in this country today that a tampered few may revel in the luxuries of princes will tell in the great struggle for industrial freedom and a higher civilization.—Louisville (Ky.) Dispatch.

Tanning Poor People's Skins.

A London cablegram says: "Discovery has been made here of an extraordinary traffic that has recently grown up in human skin. Reputable jewelers admit that they have made belts and cardcases from human skin. Tanners say that they have recently prepared quantities of it after the fashion of alligators' and monkeys' skins. Women boast of having articles made of the stuff in their possession, and it is said that nicely tanned human skin recently formed a novel though considerable portion of the trousseau of a fashionable bride. The skin is procured from the bodies of the indigent poor that are not claimed by their relatives and friends. These bodies are turned over to the various scientific institutions for dissection, and impecunious students started the scheme by selling the skins to tanners and jewelers. Being scarce, the skin brings a high price, and as it is now a fad there is a steady demand for it."

The cablegram doesn't explain the scarcity of poor people's skin, but it must be because most of them are thoroughly skinned before they die.

No Unemployed.

Practically there are no unemployed in New Zealand. That is to say, the unemployed difficulty—the grave problem, based on the presence in a community of large bodies of ablebodied men unable to obtain work—does not exist. Such seems to be the plain fact in New Zealand, without the least indulgence in hyperbole.

No corporation or individual can own enormous tracts of land or other real estate unless he pays the "penalty of success." The railway and telegraph lines are owned by the government. The graduated land tax has been in operation for some time, and the friends of the government claim that it works admirably.

OPPOSED TO COMPETITION.

A Charity Organization Officer Who Is "Afraid of His Job."

A bill now before the legislature authorizes the board of estimate and apportionment of this city to expend $25,000 for the purchase of coal for the poor of Greater New York. This bill was prompted by the recent revelation of suffering that exists in New York whenever the weather becomes intensely cold. It was offered in a philanthropic spirit and would no doubt have become a law had not sudden and unexpected opposition sprung up, and this from no less philanthropic a body than the Charity Organization society.

The representative of this society, General Secretary Edward T. Devine, protested against the passage of the bill because he thought private effort succeeded in this work much better than any public distribution of coal could possibly succeed. Furthermore, he said, private charity would act cheerfully so long as the city did not take up the work.

This is rather staggering at first, but when you pause to consider the peculiar character of this wealthy organization its opposition becomes explicable. If the state were to undertake all care of its poor, a cozy number of very fine gentlemen would be out of their jobs, and a magnificent building with splendid furnishings would be "to let," and several very fat funds would actually be distributed among the poor without any "rake off" of salaries or investigation fees.

We have the utmost respect for the aims and objects of the Charity Organization society. We know that most men who contribute to its wealth do so in order to shirk the moral obligation to give to those who need and to investigate for themselves in order that they may give judiciously. Nevertheless a great deal of the money really reaches its destination and accomplishes good. But Mr. Fleischmann, the Broadway baker who feeds all who ask for his charity and does not investigate or keep them waiting while a physician determines whether they are really hungry, is a philanthropist of a higher order than the Charity Organization society.

It would be a credit to the enlightenment and humanity of this state were its government to establish its own charities—a bakery, a milk store, a coalyard and a grocery store upon the Fleischmann plan and not upon the Charity Organization plan. And then if Mr. Edward T. Devine were still aching to devote his life to the cause of the poor he could be employed at $10 a week to tie up packages.—New York Journal.

Sweatshops in New York.

There hardly is a block in the tenement district of the east side where thousands of garments for the soldiers in the field—overcoats, blouses and trousers—have not been made during the last ten months. Thousands of these garments now are being made under conditions which cannot fail to infect the clothing with all sorts of dangerous and loathsome diseases.

And, too, prices have gone down. Where once the subcontractor got $1 for a complete overcoat with cape he now gets only 95 cents. For this pittance the operators must do the basting, sewing, buttonholing, trimming, pressing, lining and finishing, which includes the hooks and eyes and the sewing on of 17 buttons.

The government pays $0.40 for the completed overcoat. Only 95 cents of this goes for labor, and so miserable is the wage and so slow the work that only the poorest, the lowest beings in the social scale, will do it. They take the coats home from the shops of subcontractors, who in turn get them from contractors who have influence at Washington.

World reporters saw some of these coats in sweatshops. They lay in piles on floors that reeked with filth. Men, women and children huddled together so closely that their elbows touched as they toiled. The air was nauseating, for there was no ventilation. Great stoves, used to heat the pressing irons, vitiated the air even faster than human lungs.

In some of these places the workers sleep and eat, toiling 16 and 18 hours and then sleeping till tired nature shall have recuperated, only to begin another day's toil.—New York World.

The Social Problem.

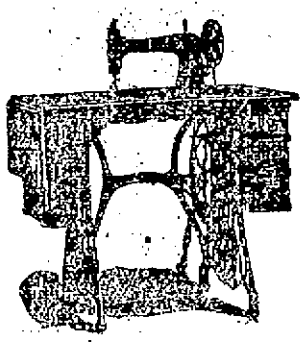
The social problem is a problem of how so to organize the world that all men may be equally secure in the material means and social resources needful for a complete life. The hope of the social reformer is to open wide the gates of opportunity so that every creature, from the least to the greatest, may make his life a moral adventure and a joy and exhaust his possibilities in the thing he can best do. All that is good in civilization must be for the equal use of all in order that each man may make his life most worth while to the common life and to himself, and there must be equal freedom for each to choose the work that will best fulfill his serving capacity and individuality. —Professor George D. Herron.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP
has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

THE FARRAGUT HOUSE
Henry W. Garrity, Prop.
CENTRAL ST., LOWELL, MASS.
Opposite Old Boston & Maine Depot.
The house is now under a new management, thoroughly refitted and refurnished, with all the modern improvements, steam heat and electric call bells in each room. Electric cars pass the door every few minutes. Choice cigars in sample room. Special rates to the profession.
M. H. Carey (Clerk.) H. Gervais.

7 SUTHERLAND SISTERS' HAIR GROWER
Is the only preparation that will restore the hair to its original healthfulness.
—AT ALL DRUGGISTS—

BUY THE NEW
High Arm Singer
VIBRATING SHUTTLE.



Points to Remember
IF YOU BUY A SINGER,
YOU GET THE BEST. There is as great a difference in the cost of making a sewing machine as there is in making a watch. A cheap watch will indicate time with fair accuracy for a short time; fairly good stitching can be done on some of the old patterns of cheap sewing machines, when they are new, but they always work hard, are noisy, and soon wear out.
Every Singer machine is tested by actual sewing at the factory: it is always ready for every kind of stitching and will do better work and do it longer than any other, because it is of better design and construction.

Test These Assertions by a Free Trial:
YOU will receive careful instruction from a competent teacher at your home.
YOU can obtain necessary accessories directly from the company's offices.
YOU will get prompt attention in any part of the world, as our offices are everywhere. We give careful attention to all genuine Singer machines, no matter where they were purchased.
YOU will be dealing with the leading sewing machine manufacturers in the world, having an unequaled experience and an unrivaled reputation—the strongest guarantee of excellence. Singer machines are sold only by our employees; they cannot be obtained through dealers or department stores totally unable to render the service specified above, and whose guarantee is therefore worthless.

THE SINGER MANUFACTURING COMPANY,
175 Middlesex St., Lowell.

Notice. For the next 15 days, A. M. Bertrand, the tailor, will make his $22 Suits for $15; his $25 Suits for $20; his $30 suits for $23. Trousers from $4 upwards. Cleaning, pressing and repairing done in short notice.
A. M. BERTRAND, 24 Middle St.
Few doors from the corner of Central St.

CALIFORNIA.
Homes in Mylon Standish Colony. 6 per cent. guaranteed investments on best security. Home seekers' Excursion to California personally conducted by William F. Stapleton and Colonel B. H. Leavitt. Call or write for particulars to
GEO. D. KIMBALL & CO.,
61 Central street, Lowell, Mass.

DRAWING AND PAINTING
MISS HELEN WRIGHT.
Will resume her classes on and after Nov. 9th, at No. 7 Bank Building, Shattuck street. Instruction given in Free Hand Drawing flat copy, and Models. Water and Oil colors, and China Decorations.

Knowledge of the future is power for the present.
Know your future and guide yourself accordingly. You can do so by consulting THE GREAT AND ONLY THE ORIGINAL
Edward Paxton,
The world's Greatest Trance, Test, Business and Independent Slate Writing Medium,
CLAIRVOYANT.
He has success where others fail.
Mediums are born, not made. He is not a medium by choice, but a medium because fate has so decreed it. He comes from a family of mediums for his ancestors, who were all powerful mediums, have for generations handed him down their combined knowledge and power, in predicting and helping those in trouble; so he received the rich inheritance of the golden experience and knowledge of generations.
HE ASKS NO QUESTIONS, BUT READS YOUR LIFE LIKE AN OPEN BOOK, AND BEFORE YOU CAN UTTER A WORD HE TELLS YOU YOUR NAME IN FULL.
Names of your friends, enemies or rivals; whether husband, wife or sweetheart is true or false; if so, giving names in full. He tells name in full of the one you will marry also gives advice on how to gain the love of the one you most desire. How to overcome enemies and rivals. How best to prosper in business, whether best to buy, sell or trade, where best to locate, how to gain lost or stolen goods, wills of mislaid deeds, absent friends and buried treasures. Gives advice on points of interest, such as love, marriage, courtship, divorce, business, speculations and transactions of all kinds. In fact, he guarantees perfect satisfaction or no charge is made. No money accepted in advance nor do you pay a cent until reading is entirely over. Then if you are not satisfied, you pay nothing.
Parlors quiet and retired 186 Appleton St.
Large brick house, cor. of South St.

SEEDS
For Farm, Garden and Lawn. Every variety, pure and fresh, grown in the season of 1898, expressly for our own trade.
CATALOGUES
Profusely illustrated, giving prices, cultural directions, etc., now ready.
FREE TO ALL.
GARDEN AND LAWN SUPPLIES
of every description, constantly in stock.
BARTLETT & DOW
216 CENTRAL STREET.

FRANK JONES BREWING CO.
(LIMITED.)
PORTSMOUTH N. H.
Golden Cream India Pale Ale
AND PORTER.
OUR WHOLESALE AGENTS IN —LOWELL ARE—
JOHN LENNON & CO.,
—AND—
PETER H. DONOHUE & CO.
They keep a full line of our goods in hogsheads, barrels and half barrels.
Many dealers claim to run Jones' ale who do not.
The following is a complete list of those who use the same. Jones' Ale is used exclusively by
JOHN LENNON & CO.
PETER H. DONOHOE & CO.
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It can also be found at the following places:
JOHN H. BURKE & CO.
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FRANK BRADY & CO.
FRANK BARNARD.
FRANK JONES BREWING CO.
(LIMITED.)
MONARCH MIXED PAINTS,
ABSOLUTELY PURE.
Color card free.
W. T. S. BARTLETT
The Up-Town Hardware Store,
653 MERRIMACK ST.
Plasters Like Dough
are always needed. The best kind are the right kind; the right kind are Dows' old-fashioned kind. He has made them for forty years. 20 and 25 cts. each. 359 Central St.
JOHN W. McEVOY, 127 Central St.
Opposite American House.
COUNSELLOR-AT-LAW.
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MEATS AND PROVISIONS
DR. DONOHUE HOME DENTIST RUNELS BLOCK
The Wonderful New Drink.
GLORIA
IS NOT A MEDICINE.
You better drink GLORIA in "ninety nine,"
Knock 'round the earth a longer time.
GLORIA gives you vigor and health,
Thereby adding pleasure to wealth.
You know not what good feelings are
Until you drink the "GLORIA."
Don't get foolish, don't go; go,
This new drink is here to stay.
Take some GLORIA home tonight,
Make you sleep and feel all right.
Saints and sinners all drink GLORIA.
5 CENTS A CLASS.
S. Bartlett, Agt., 160 Middlesex St.

Late WILLIAM H. McGUNNIGLE, Veteran Base Ball Captain and Manager.

CAPT. McGUNNIGLE

A Great Man in Base Ball.

CAPTAIN AND MANAGER OF GREAT ABILITY

Won Several Championships in His Time.

The recent death and burial of the late veteran base ball manager, William H. McGunnigle, formerly of the champion Lowells, brings to mind incidents in connection with his career on the base ball diamond.

"Capt." McGunnigle, as he was familiarly known, began to play ball about 30 years ago. He was a catcher, then and he also had the usual pitching ability which every young player possesses to a greater or less degree. He belonged to the Old Howards of Brockton, played with them through 1874 and then went to Fall River, where he became known as a widely known player of the minor league class. His talents as an all-round player attracted attention, and his rise was rapid till in 1878 and 1879 he figured as the star right fielder and change pitcher with the Buffalo, N. Y., leaguers, of which club the regular pitcher was the famous "Jeems" Galvin. In '79 he pitched for his team against the Brocktons, then including Ed. Shaunessy, Gene Stoughton, Donovan, Kent Howard, Bobby Fair, Owen P. Canary, Quinn, McLaughlin and others on the old Court street grounds, Brockton. Of the above Stoughton and McLaughlin are now residents of Lowell. It was in these two years that he were the Clipper medal as the best of the country's right fielders. He is credited in the traditions of the game with having made one catch while in Buffalo that was at least equal to Hornaour's sensational catch at Taunton in 1897 and was the same kind of play—catching a home run hit just as it was going over the fence.

After considerable experience, some of it in the west, McGunnigle returned to Brockton and in 1885 started a base ball team with Henry S. Bicknell as a side partner. Grounds were secured at Grove and Main streets, Brockton, and a team was organized for the New England league. The best known member, perhaps, outside of McGunnigle himself, was the brilliant James A. Cudworth now of the Hotel Belvidere, Lowell, who never had a superior as a judge of difficult fly balls hit right in the glare of the sun. The team prospered and some money was made. The team finished second.

In 1886 a company was formed to carry on the game in Brockton. Mr. Bicknell remained in it and McGunnigle was the manager. The venture this second year was not financially successful.

In the team during that year appeared such players as Cudworth, Tommy McCarthy, Coughlin, 3b., Owney Patton, s.s., "Big Jim" Davis, 2b., Billy Hawes of Lowell, and Campana, lb., Meistry, 2b., Charlie Willie, p., Dan Burke, rf., McGunnigle. Tuckerman, Dilworth, and others, along with Willis as the twirling force.

McGunnigle, after getting through for the time with Brockton, won several championships as a manager. The most sensational was during his management of the Brooklyns in the American association. That resulted in a banquet being tendered him when he returned to Brockton in the fall. A band met him at the railroad station, and amid red fire and marching escort he was driven to the Hotel Belmont that city, where he was the toast of all present and the theme for congratulatory telegrams from well-known lovers of the game all over the country.

In 1892 he took the management of the Brocktons after the starters of the team droppped out, and finished the season at Highland park, that city, as right fielder, pitcher and manager. His averages were in the middle of August, when the team had nearly finished its season; .242 for batting and .828 for fielding. He played regularly no more after that season. In 1896 he managed the Louisville leaguers for awhile and after that abandoned base ball as a business, though he retained a keen interest in the sport.

William H. McGunnigle was one of the cleverest base ball men in many ways that ever stepped before a base ball loving public. In his best days he had the game reduced to an exact science. He played ball with his brains. He was not a man of powerful physique not a slugger at the bat or a fast thrower; not remarkable for the fashion in which he could make wonderful catches. When he went into the pitchers' box he had comparatively little speed and away back in 1885 his arm was so nearly gone that it was only by throwing his body with it that he could get speed on the ball he delivered. Yet for several years after that he was a dangerous foe in a game against even the best of minor league teams.

How did he hold his base ball eminence during this time? Simply through the possession of a first-class base ball brains. He knew a player's strong points and weaknesses after he had once faced him. He could deliver an apparently easy ball to a home run batsman, time after time, when he was pitching, that would result in a fly or a weak grounder because he knew just where to put the ball so that the batsman's favorite weakness was consulted in the ball's height and curve.

He was a terror to opposing pitchers. Getting a good position on the coaching lines he would follow the movements of the twirler for a few moments and then would return to the players' bench, at least three times out of five, with a theory as to the pitcher's signs that was more or less correct—sufficiently near the truth at all events to greatly aid his own batsmen and to rattle the enemy, who would soon get the idea that "Mac" knew every move of the pitcher in advance.

He seldom hit the ball for more than a base—in one season we recall but one long hit that he made and that a two-bagger—but with men on bases he had a wonderful facility for "sizing up" a good ball or waiting for a base on called balls. If he hit the ball it would be very likely to pop just over the heads of the infields, advancing the men another base and perhaps sending in runs. He was skilful, too, in working the pitchers for bases on balls, and so between these two points of excellence he was a timely man to have at the bat in an emergency.

He was a great schemer as a captain and manager. With ordinary sharp men in any team that he control he was able to conceive and have carried out points of play that had seldom or never been tried before. Any crew of players in McGunnigle's control was a team to be feared. Nobody knew what they would do if the game became close.

McGunnigle was severely injured in 1886 while playing with Brockton against Lawrence. The famous "Dick" Conway of Lowell who was pitching for Lawrence, and he had been shooting the ball close to the batsmen to drive them away from the plate. There was no rule then which gave a man a base when hit by the pitcher, and the fast pitchers were therefore dangerous to a degree, a batsman's only hope of escape being to dodge.

Conway, with McGunnigle at the bat, sent a lightning drive right at his head. It struck the batsman fairly with a crash that could be heard in the grand stand, and he dropped as if shot. He was taken home in a practically senseless state, and the effects of the awful blow that he received lingered with him for a considerable time.

McGunnigle had a standing as an actual player of baseball for a period of perhaps 25 years—a record that few men ever equalled. As a manager he made his last appearance at the head of the Louisville league team in 1896. He got some good work out of the club, started the players on a winning streak, and got a great reception. When he walked out into the field before 5000 people at one Sunday game he was cheered to the echo, and treated as royally as a Melba or an Eames in an American Opera house. But there were too many interests working against him; others "wanted his job," and Mr. McGunnigle after a few weeks' service had to drop out. He got the short end of the deal with the Louisville club in ways about which the general public knew nothing.

Capt. McGunnigle's playing record after he became noted in professional circles included Buffalo, 1878 and 1879, and then he was out of baseball until 1883, when he played in Saginaw, Mich., acting as captain and manager part of the time. He played in 1884 in Bay City, Mich., catching some games, one of the pitchers that he received being John Clarkson, afterwards of the "$10,000 beauties," Clarkson and Kelly, of Chicago and Boston. In 1885-'6 he was in Brockton and the next year in Lowell, where he won the New England League championship. In '88 and '89 he managed the Brooklyn American association team, the team coming in second the first year and first the second year. He remained with Brooklyn in 1890 and part of '91, and then went to Pittsburg, where he remained part of the season. At Pittsburg he lifted the team somewhat in the race.

In 1892 he managed the Brocktons the latter half of the season, and the team won 12 straight games after he took hold, and finished the season in a respectable position in the New England League. He then dropped out of base ball till 1896, when he had a brief experience as manager of the Louisvilles.

WIRE CLOTH MANUFACTURERS.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BUFFALO, N. Y., March 13.— The wire cloth manufacturers of the United States formed an association in this city on Thursday under the name of the Wire Cloth Manufacturers' Association of America. H. S. Swinscoe of Clinton, Mass., was elected president tary. A uniform price list was unanimously adopted.

ROBERT HOWARD

SPEAKS ON SOUTHERN MILLS BEFORE INDUSTRIAL COMMISSION.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WASHINGTON, March 13.—Robert Howard, ex-secretary of the National Spinners' union, was before the Industrial commission Saturday. He said that the southern mills could not be seriously considered as competitors of the northern mills because they produced a different class of articles and because southern workmen could not be pressed to expedition as could the northern operatives. He quoted a foreman in a southern mill as saying that if he should tell an operative in his institution to hasten her work she was liable to be after him with a shotgun.

Mr. Howard told of the difficulties encountered in getting legislation providing for weekly payments to laborers. The manufacturers had opposed the measure on the ground that it was a species of socialism and that it would produce drunkenness. The measure, however, had proved a success and instead of causing an increase of drunkenness, it had proved a promoter of temperance. There was not so much temptation to spend money for liquor when received weekly as when the entire month's wages were received in a lump sum.

DRACUT

IN THE POLICE PATROL OF THE TOWN.

The board of selectmen of Dracut held their regular meeting Saturday afternoon and considerable business was transacted. John Hutchinson, the present police officer at the Navy Yard, was reappointed. Edward Kennedy was chosen police officer for Dracut Centre in place of Officer Jacques, and George Tucker was appointed at Collinsville in place of Frank I. Hill, the present incumbent.

Besides the appointment of the regular police officers several special officers were appointed at the different villages.

John Smith, Collie Smith and Henry Varnum were appointed game and fish wardens.

Mr. Edward St. Ledger, jr., secretary of the Dracut Democratic committee has been appointed registrar of voters, for a ter maf three years in place of Nicholas Gallagher, who at the recent town meeting was elected selectman

A BITTER FIGHT.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, March 13—A special from Akron, Ohio, says:

A bitter fight will be instituted at Cleveland next Wednesday when the independent telephone companies will meet to form a combine to make war on the Central union and Bell telephone companies. The independent concerns represent a capital stock of $8,000,000.

HARVARD-YALE CONFERENCE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., March 13.—F. R. Nourse, and J. F. Roche, Jr., representing the Harvard athletic association and Thomas R. Fisher, 2nd, and James Magee, representing the Yale athletic association, met in conference at the Massasoit House Saturday afternoon, to arrange for the dual contest between the athletic associations of their respective colleges. Before the meeting, Manager Magee of the Yale association said that the meet would be held in New Haven, probably on May 13.

DEBILITY

Why Drag Through Life Without Strength or Ambition?

It is Not Natural for Man or Woman to Feel Continually Tired.

Learn a Way to Get the Full Quota of Nourishment from Your Food.

This Accomplished, a Good Appetite and Restful Sleep Soon Follow.

Vinol Will Do This for Debilitated Men and Women.

We Guarantee that this Delicious Wine of Cod Liver Oil Will Accomplish What We Claim for It.

We Refund the Cost to All Who Buy Vinol, and Are Not Satisfied.

Men, women, and children, who drag their weary limbs through life without strength and without hope, deserve the pity of all, if they do not know of Vinol. No one, however, deserves pity who has the chance of getting over such troubles by living where Vinol can be procured. We know that Vinol brings good health to the afflicted. It acts beneficially on the stomach, and aids the digestive organs to perform their natural functions as they should.

Vinol we are positive will give strength and health to the weak and debilitated from disease or particularly from old age. If there is any case where this is not accomplished, we will refund the cost of the medicine in every instance.

Mr. F. H. Story, 240A School Street, Somerville, Mass., writes: "I have been confined to my house most of the winter. Tried cod liver oil; could not take it. I would indeed rather finish my days in bed than take into my stomach anything that has such a horrible taste and smell. Then I took Vinol, and I can say I am now gaining flesh and strength every day; and I am again eating and sleeping as a well man should. I feel like a boy again."

ELLINGWOOD & CO.,

Pharmacists,

Barristers Hall, Merrimac, Cor. Central St., and 255 Central, Cor. Middlesex St

COURT OF INQUIRY

Had Mayor Smith as the Chief Witness.

Says He Received No Complaints About the Beef Furnished the Soldiers, But Some of the Beef Was Not in Good Condition.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

CHICAGO, March 13.—The army court of inquiry which is investigating the beef question began the taking of testimony today having finished the examination of the plants at the stock yards where the meat is prepared for consumption. From the best information obtainable, the court will confine its inquiries while in this city to these points:

1. The kind of beef used in preparing "roast beef."

2. The process of canning, the purpose being to determine whether the nutriment is extracted from the meat.

3. The disposition of condemned animals.

4. The explanation of contracts from the packers.

It is believed the court will be able to cover these phases by Monday or Tuesday, as the witnesses are to be confined with perhaps two or three exceptions to the packers and their employers.

Major Jesse Lee, who is looking after the interests of General Miles, occupied a chair with the board of inquiry.

The first witness called was Major Fred Smith, chief commissary of the department of the Great Lakes. It was the duty of Major Smith to purchase all the supplies used by soldiers both in camp in the various parts of this country and also the supplies used in Cuba and Porto Rico.

Major Smith was on General Shafter's staff during the entire Cuban campaign. He said:

"I never heard of any complaints being received at headquarters on the subject of rations. I had in charge the unloading of the beef that was brought to Cuba on the transports Mississippi and Fort Victor. I saw it every day and it made very favorable impression on me. I thought the beef of excellent quality and had no reason to change my mind during all the time I continued to issue it."

Colonel Davis asked: "Was any of the meat tainted or had decomposition set in?"

"No, sir," was the reply. "There were no requests made to exchange meat.

Major Lee asked: "So far as you know, the canned roast beef or boiled beef was entirely satisfactory to the troops?"

"I did not state that in my testimony; I said that so far as I knew, no official complaints or written complaints were made."

"Was it practicable to have furnished refrigerated beef fresh to the troops in their operations before the surrender?"

"Yes, sir."

"Was any effort made to so furnish it?"

"Not to my knowledge."

In answer to question from Major Lee the witness said that he had heard that some of the meat was not in first class condition when it reached the camps, but always thought that was due to the negligence to the division commissaries themselves.

"Do you wish the court to infer that the unsatisfactory condition of the meat was due to the neglect of these officers or to the conditions under which they had to get the beef out there?"

"I presume it was due to the conditions and the difficulty of transportation."

"If under the terms of the contract that beef was to last 72 hours, were there any facilities in these camps around Santiago to enable the troops to carry out that provision of the contract?"

"No, sir."

"Do you believe it was a possible thing for that beef to last 48 or 72 hours?"

"No, sir; I do not."

GOSSIP OF LONDON

Many Invitations for Hon. Joseph Choate.

A STATUE TO KING ALFRED.

Campaign Against "Deadly Low Flash."

By Associated Press to The Sun.

LONDON, March 11.—London has been favored with ideal spring weather during the past week and there has been a marked diminution of influenza.

The Marquis of Salisbury caught a bad cold while returning from Windsor on the occasion of the formal presentation of the United States ambassador, Mr. Joseph Choate to the queen and he has been confined to his house ever since. The premier is unable to preside at the cabinet meeting or to held the usual reception of the members of the diplomatic corps. Thus Mr. Choate has not yet formally called at the foreign office.

Mr. and Mrs. Choate have been inundated with invitations to social events which are about to take place. All the ambassadors have left their cards.

QUEEN AND PRINCE ABSENT.

The absence of the queen and prince of Wales respectively from the opening drawing room and levee of the season has given rise to much criticism and a great deal of grumbling among society people. As one of the papers says, "this is one of the duties belonging to the throne and the heir and the public, who pay the piper, expect royal music."

Another paper says: "Outside of the charmed circle of the Marlboroughs and Manchesters, there is a very smart American set in London now. Ladies Abinger and Oxford, Mrs. Offby Somerset, whose daughters were the belles of the Riviera last year; Mrs. Blake, Mrs. Alfred Paris, who is holding the most pleasant weekly receptions in Chesham street, and Mesdames Bachelier and Freeman Schultze of Philadelphia.

London will lose one of its most popular beauties during the trip of Lady Mary Sackville to visit Mr. and Mrs. George J. Gould next month.

The newspapers here still pay considerable attention to the progress towards recovery made by Rudyard Kipling. The Times on Friday prominently publishes a set of verses after the style of "The Barrack-Room Ballads," and supposed to be from "Tommy Atkins" to Kipling on his illness." The last verse ran:

"But we 'ardly 'oped you'd turn his flank; they said you 'ardly could,
But the news has come this morning,
and I'm writing 'ere to say,
There's no British sun more happy than
your old friend, Thomas A."

"DEADLY LOW FLASH."

The bill of Mr. Harold James Reckitt liberal, member for the Brigg division of Lincolnshire, raising the flash-point of petroleum from 73 to 100 is the result of a bitter campaign waged by certain evening papers against the "deadly low flash." It comes before the house of commons next Wednesday and will meet with strong opposition, its opponents contending that the originators of the agitation against the American oils are the Scotch petroleum refiners. Moreover it is shown that many of the accidents during the past year were not due to America oil but to Russian oil, whose test point is 103. The bill, it is declared, seeks to compel the public to use oils which apparently have been but little favored by the people up to now and favors Russia at the expense of America. Three representatives of an American syndicate are over here negotiating for a combination of the English and American oil mills.

They expect to carry the scheme through sold in about three month's time there will be the biggest trust ever formed on this side of the Atlantic involving capital to the amount of about $75,000,000. The idea is that each side abandoned competition on the other's ground and come to a working arrangement regarding the continental business, especially that of south Europe, in oil and seed-cake. The oil milling industry here is confined to Hull, Liverpool and London. Hull is the principal centre but Liverpool has the largest concern of the kind in the world.

KING ALFRED'S STATUE.

The Lord Mayor of London, Sir John Voce Moore, presided at a meeting held at the Mansion House this week, to further the proposed national commemoration in 1901 of the one thousandth anniversary of the death of King Alfred. The queen has given the movement her patronage and the memorial will take the form of a bronze statue of King Alfred, to be erected in his royal city of Winchester. The United States Ambassador wrote regretting that his visit to the queen at Windsor on the day of the meeting prevented his attendance.

The secretary, who is a former mayor of Winchester, announced that a committee had been formed in America to co-operate with the movement here and that its members include Colonel John Hay, the secretary of state; Bishop Potter and the presidents of Yale and Johns Hopkins universities.

King Alfred being the founder of Great Britain's maritime supremacy, a naval display will be held, and the largest armored cruiser in the world, to be launched in 1901, will be christened King Alfred.

Wolvesey Castle, the ancient residence of the English kings near Winchester, will be secured as a memorial museum. The sum 30,000 pounds sterling is asked for to carry out the whole scheme.

THE SHAMROCK.

W. Fife Jr., the yacht designer, has been in London frequently during the past few weeks studying the lines of the Shamrock as she grows into shape. He has not modified his plans in the slightest detail, so he is evidently as pleased with her appearance as an actual boat as he was with the designs. The workmen have now succeeded in surmounting the worst difficulties in working the manganese plates, several of which were ruined during the first attempts to do so. But, the work is now proceeding smoothly, though slowly. It is expected, however, that the yacht could be ready if desired by the end of May. The name Golden Rod, which it is said will be given to the America's cup defender, is rather startling to Englishmen, most of whom never heard of the American flower. The Yachting World says:

"No fault can be found with the name; but, all the same it is unpleasantly suggestive of a beating for Sir Thomas Lipton."

The owner of the Shamrock returns from the Rivera on March 16, when the date of the launch of the cup challenger will be fixed.

NERVITA PILLS Restores VITALITY LOST VIGOR AND MANHOOD

Cures Impotency, Night Emissions and wasting diseases, all effects of self-abuse, or excess and indiscretion. A nerve tonic and blood builder. Brings the pink glow to pale cheeks and restores the fire of youth. By mail 50c per box, 6 boxes for $2.50; with a written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Send for circular. Address,

NERVITA MEDICAL CO.,
Clinton &[illegible]

For sale by Ellingwood & Co., Druggists, Lowell, Mass.

A FACTORY FIRE

Gutted Plant Owned by John C. Rhodes.

LOSSES ARE COVERED BY INSURANCE.

Flames Started From Spontaneous Combustions.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., March 11.—Two alarms of fire were rung in early this morning, calling out two-thirds of the local department for a fire in the eyelet factory of John C. Rhodes & Co., on Front street. The fire originated and was confined to a wooden ell in which was carried on the varnishing and finishing of the product. The structure was gutted. The flames started in the bushing room from spontaneous combustion. A night force of workmen were at work at the time, the company being so driven with orders that it was necessary to work two gangs. The fire communicated to the next building north, occupied by S. S. Paine & Bro., dealers in line, who suffered the greatest loss from water. J. C. Rhodes & Co.'s loss will reach $3,000 while Paine & Bro., will lose about $50. Both losses are covered by insurance.

HIS 33RD. YEAR

AS BISHOP CELEBRATED BY REV. JOHN J. WILLIAMS.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BOSTON, March 11.—Today is the 33d anniversary of the consecration of Archbishop John J. Williams as bishop of Boston. The event was celebrated at the Cathedral of the Holy Cross on Washington street this morning when solemn high mass was celebrated, at which the archbishop assisted. The officiating clergymen were the priests connected with the cathedral. There was no sermon but at the close of the mass, the venerable prelate gave the episcopal blessing to the congregation.

Archbishop Williams is nearly 77 yrs. of age, having been born in this city on April 27, 1822. He was ordained to the priesthood in 1845, and all the years of his ministerial life have been spent in his native city.

When the diocese of Boston was created an archdiocese in 1875, Bishop Williams was consecrated archbishop. The ceremony took place in the cathedral, which is a monument to his zeal and energy.

When the archbishop reached the 50th anniversary of his ordination to the priesthood, in May, 1895, the occasion was made memorable in the annals of the church. Religious services of great splendor were held in the cathedral, at which Cardinal Gibbons and archbishops from all parts of the country attended.

Priests and people also joined in honoring the archbishop at a banquet, which was held in Music Hall, at which, in addition to the prelates of the church, there were present to congratulate the archbishop upon reaching the golden jubilee of his ordination to the priesthood the governor of the commonwealth and other prominent national, state and city officials.

CYRUS K. RUSSELL

LARGELY ATTENDED FUNERAL SATURDAY AFTERNOON.

The funeral of the late Cyrus K. Russell took place Saturday from his late home, 763 Merrimack street and was very largely attended by representative business men including prominent members of the Lowell Grocers' Association. Rev. Bowley Greene, pastor of the Worthen Street Baptist church conducted the services in a very impressive manner. There was singing by a male quartet of favorite hymns of the deceased "Nearer My God, to Thee," and "Sweet Bye and Bye." The funeral arrangements were in charge of Mr. William W. Richardson, the well known Liberty Square grocer and the pall bearers were member of the Lowell Grocers' Association. The interment was in the family lot, Lowell cemetery. Among the floral tributes there were the family offering of beautiful cut flowers and a large wreath from the Grocers' Association.

A FANATIC'S DEED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

LONDON, March 11.—A gravestone mason, living at Twickenham, has caused a sensation by cutting the throats of his wife and two children and then cutting his own throat. All four are dead. The only motive for the crimes was that the man was a fanatic and had been medically ordered to eat meat.

SURPRISE PARTY.

Miss Isabelle Wilson was given a surprise party at her home, 17 South Loring street Friday night, about 20 members being present from the graduating class of the Lincoln school of Chelmsford street. The evening was enjoyed by games, songs with piano accompaniments by Miss Wilson. Master Clarence Bowen presented Miss Wilson with a handsome bracelet, a gift from the class. Although Miss Wilson was taken entirely by surprise she thanked them in a most becoming manner. Refreshments were served and Miss Wilson was assisted in entertaining by Miss Lillian Harriman and Miss Mamie Coburn.

Rev. and Mrs. George F. Kenngott have a little daughter at their home.

YOUR BREAD

Making will always be successful if you use

Diamond

MEDAL FLOUR.

It is very rich in the healthful phosphates, and all of ripe, sound, hard wheat. Makes sweet, light, delicious Bread, Cake, Gems, etc.

Daily Capacity 4500 Barrels

Sold by the Best Grocers Everywhere.

J. W. ROBERTS & COMP'Y,

Receivers of this Brand

81-83 South Market Street, Boston, Mass.

THE MEANEST MAN

SOUGHT AND FOUND ANOTHER NEWSBOY VICTIM.

"The meanest man in Lowell" the scoundrel who about three weeks ago stole the few hardearned pennies of the newsboy mentioned in The Sun at that time, again sought a poor little newsboy as the victim for his thirst Friday night, stealing eight cents from the hand of little "Nick" Shea, one of the best known of the newsboy fraternity at the corner of Central and Hurd streets. The little fellow was counting his money at the time and the thief who is described by the boy as being unusually tall and having a light mustache swooped down on him and snatching the money ran through Hurd street to Warren street where he was lost to the crowd that followed. He was later seen in a saloon by the boys who seem to entertain a fear of him as they did not even report the finding of the man to the police.

NOURSE MILL

WAS BADLY GUTTED BY FIRE TODAY.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WOONSOCKET, R. I., March 11.—The Social manufacturing company's Nourse cotton mill was the scene of a fire this morning that resulted in a loss on building, machinery and cotton goods that will reach $12,000 if not $15,000. Between 300 and 400 hands of both sexes were at work in the mill when the fire was discovered. There was no panic, however, the girls leaving the mill in an orderly manner and many of the men remaining to help the firemen.

The fire was probably caused by friction generated in a mule head. The loss was mainly by water. Over 2000 bales of cotton cloth, valued at $140 a bale, stored in the cellar, were soaked with water and will have to be dried. The loss is covered by insurance.

Supt. Connock thinks that all will be in readiness to begin running the mill by Monday noon. The mill had been running night and day.

MISS BRENNAN'S CASE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BOSTON, March 11.—The attorney general had a conference today with Mayor Crowley and City Solicitor Qua of Lowell on the famous case of the young lady, Miss Brennan, who was appointed assistant superintendent of state aid as the commissioners' claim, in defiance of civil service rules. The matter was referred to the attorney general by the civil service board and that official wished to hear the mayor's side of the matter, the latter having declined to remove her when requested to do so. The attorney general can only proceed by indictment in the matter if he can determine who is responsible for her remaining in the office and is convinced that she is there illegally. At the conference the attorney general gave no notice of intention to proceed to extreme measures. Mayor Crowley gave his reasons for thinking Miss Brennan was entitled to retain her position and was informed that the attorney general would consider them.

HOT FRO THE WIRE.

The cut down in the wages of the employes of Stevens' linen works in Dudley, Mass., will be restored April 1.

Manager Brooke of the Yale university baseball association today characterized as false the report that there is serious friction between the Yale and Brown managements in connection with the base ball schedule.

The New Hampshire legislature adjourned today.

There was no choice on the 46th ballot for United States senator in Pennsylvania today.

A deal is pending whereby the American Steel and Wire company, recently organized to control wire nail product, may absorb the Belfont Iron Works company's nail and rolling mill and blast furnace of Ironton, the Ashland steel plant, the Norton Iron Works company's rolling and nail mills, rod mill and blast furnace at Ashland and the Ashland coal and iron railroad of that place.

COTTOLENE

is a combination of two pure natural products—choice beef suet and refined cotton-seed oil, as pure and golden as the southern sunshine which produces it—making a shortening and frying fat unequaled in healthfulness, cleanliness, flavor and digestible qualities. Endorsed by eminent physicians, recommended by cooking experts, used by thousands of discriminating housewives in preference to lard and other cooking fats. Once tried, always used.

The genuine is sold everywhere in one to ten pound yellow tins, with our trade-marks, "Cottolene" and steer's head in cotton-plant wreath—on every tin. Not guaranteed if sold in any other way. Made only by

THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY,

Chicago. St. Louis. New York. Montreal.

MARLBORO STRIKE

Appeal to the Unions Hereabouts.

A FEW WEEKS MORE WILL BRING VICTORY

Funds Needed to Maintain the Struggle.

A representative of the Marlboro strikers was in town Saturday soliciting funds to enable them to hold out for a few weeks longer, confident that by so doing they will win a victory over those who attempt to deprive the laborers of their right to organize. Their cause is a good one and deserves the support of all true friends of labor. It is all very well to talk of free shops. The phrase sounds well but by free shops is meant shops in which the employes cannot join any union, in which membership in a union will not be recognized or tolerated. The manufacturers are organized in this fight but they deny their employes the privilege of organizing for mutual protection. The Marlboro manufacturers should be better because if they succeed, their plans and policy will be adopted in other cities. Their action is a menace to laborers in general. How would it be in our mills if the operatives were forbidden to join a union. If no delegation representing organized labor were to be recognized?

The Marlboro strikers have justice on their side and on that they are strong, but the money is on the other side and they appeal to the friends of justice in neighboring cities to aid them in this struggle. They have issued the subjoined appeal and any subscriptions sent to The Sun office for the Marlboro strikers will be duly acknowledged and forwarded to the proper parties:

STRIKERS' APPEAL.

Fellow Workers of All Trades: The Union Shoe Workers of Marlboro, Mass., about 3000 in number, are obliged to call upon their fellow unionists, and all sympathizers throughout the country for financial assistance. For many years our unions and our employers have met on equal terms and settled prices and conditions of labor, but November 10, 1898, our manufacturers posted notices requiring each person to renounce the union and sign individual agreements for one year at prices reduced from 15 per cent. to 40 per cent.

Our members have unanimously decided to refuse to surrender their right to maintain organization and Nov. 14, 1898, the union men and women unanimously ceased work to remain out until such time as the employers will recognize them as unionists. If the hundreds of thousands of organized wage workers will make a small weekly contribution, we shall be able to hold out indefinitely. We ask our affiliated trades to circulate these subscriptions by reliable parties each week in factories, quarries or other places and keep them goin gench week until our victory is won. All favors, small or large, will be thankfully received. Send all money to John J. Dalton, 128 Main street, treasurer relief committee, Marlboro, Mass, and send notice of remittance to B. P. Dorsey, 195A Main street, Marlboro, Mass.

As the S. H. Howe Shoe Company, A. Frye, Eliot & Hutchins, and John O'Connell & Sons, have boycotted organized labor, we deem it the duty of all labor unions to withdraw their patronage from all shoe dealers who sell shoes made by either of the above mentioned unfair firms. Please appoint committees at once to wait upon your shoe dealers with the above object in view. Thanking all in anticipation of their generous assistance, we remain in the noble cause of labor.

John Connell No. 8.
Boot & Shoe Workers' Union.

To all affiliated Trades: The undersigned heartily endorse the above appeal and on behalf of our national union which is now facing a crisis we beg unionists of all trades to circulate these petitions weekly and thus aid our worthy members in Marlboro, Mass., in their determined struggle to maintain their organization.

Boot and Shoe Workers' Union.
John F. Tobin, General President.
Horace M. Eaton, General Secretary and Treasurer.

Headquarters American Federation of Labor, 423 G St., N. W.
Washington, D. C., Jan. 4, 1899.

John F. Tobin, President Boot and Shoe Workers' Union:

Dear Sir and Brother: Replying to yours for verification regarding our interview with Mr. Howe of the firm of S. H. Howe & Co., of Marlboro, Massachusetts, I beg leave to say that your statements are founded upon facts as follows: During the convention of the American Federation of Labor at Kansas City, I wired Mr. Howe asking for an interview with a view to adjusting the shoe workers' trouble. Mr. Howe wired his assent but subsequently withdrew it and then wired his willingness to meet me personally. Desirous of being of some assistance to the Boot and Shoe Workers' union, I consented to meet Mr. Howe even upon this condition. The interview lasted three hours. During this time Mr. Howe adroitly endeavored to convey expressions of friendliness to the boot and shoe workers and disinterestedness toward organized labor, but he persisted in enforcing the reduction of wages and refused to even confer with a committee of his striking employes.

Yes, he even went so far as to say that he would only recognize those few who had violated their faith to their fellow workmen by returning to work during the trouble. How absurd or hostile to labor such an attitude is, needs no demonstration at my hands. Yes; he even refused to allow the state board of arbitration to consider, much less make an effort to adjust the difficulty.

While Mr. Howe declared that he would not have the state board of arbitration endeavor to effect a settlement, he declared that he was one of those personally responsible in calling for the state police for the purpose, as he euphoniously styled it, "to protect the interests of all." While he endeavored to qualify or modify his utterances at the banquet of the Shoe and Leather association of Massachusetts, the paper which he submitted clearly showed that he asserted it as his purpose to wreck the power of the Shoe Workers' union and destroy the American Federation of Labor.

If ever workers were justified in a contest and were deserving of the financial aid and practical support of organized labor and a sympathetic public the shoe workers of Marlboro certainly are.

The shoe manufacturers of Marlboro are antagonistic to organized labor, and certainly Mr. Howe convinced me that he is one of the most cunning of them all. Sincerely hoping that victory may come to our shoe workers of Marlboro, I am fraternally yours,

Samuel Gompers.
President American Federation of Labor.

Representatives of the strikers are in this city soliciting aid and it is hoped they will meet a generous response. Already many of the local unions have contributed liberally to the strikers.

REAL ESTATE

TRANSACTIONS FOR WEEK ENDING March 11.

LOWELL.

Nathaniel Peabody to Chas. A. Richardson, land with buildings on Ludlam street, $1.

D. Moody Prescott to John J. Downing, land with buildings on Meade street, $1.

Chas. W. Webster to Azro H. Schoolcraft, a lot of land on Trotting Park road, $1.

James Clegg to Sarah Ann Swallow, lot of land on Sydney street, $1.

John Brady to Bezey Brady, land with buildings on Clare street, $1.

Morris Rabbe to Nathan A. Carp, land with buildings on Bartlett street, $1.

Frank L. Brogan to Claudia Leblanc, lot of land on Perkins street, $1.

Ardash McAlvin to Daniel H. Varnum, lot of land on Varnum street, $1.

WESTFORD.

Geo. D. Kimball to John A. Henley, lot of land, $1.

TEWKSBURY.

Wm. H. Wiggin to Chas. H. Searle, land with buildings in Wigginville, $1.

TYNGSBORO.

Olive C. Pinisted et al., to Asa R. Pinisted et al., lot of land $1.

WILMINGTON.

Eva H. Burnham et ux., to Harriet Pierpont, land with buildings, $1000.

DRACUT.

L. R. J. Varnum et al. to Jennie G. Manchester, lot of land at Mt. Pleasant, $1.

Mary J. Wilson to John Marren, lot of land on new Meeting House road, $100.

Dudley L. Page, trustee, to George Caquin, lot of land at Elmwere, $1.

L. R. J. Varnum et al. to Chas. H. Jones, lot of land at Mt. Pleasant,

BILLERICA.

Thomas F. McElligott et al to James Copeland, land with buildings on Maple street, $1.

REPORT OF DEATHS

FOR THE WEEK ENDING MARCH 11, 1899.

2—Bridget Kelley, 50, peritonitis.
3—Henry H. Barnes, 83, acute gastritis.
Honest Ledford, 26, peritonitis.
4—Margaret Hagan, 45, hepatitis.
6—Sidney Davis, 81, cardiac debility.
Eliza Walker, 78, pneumonia.
Susan Walsh, 63, cerebral apoplexy.
Cornelius P. Hurl, 39, phthisis.
Olivine Fleury, 5, cer. meningitis.
Hickles Govostes, 9 mos, cap. bronchitis.
6—Harriet P. Langley, 77, heart failure.
Sarah Kearnes, 70, old age.
Elizabeth Ray, 7, marasmus.
7—Johanna McHerlihey, 63, pneumonia.
Ann McKane, 49, peritonitis.
David Murphy, 29, pulm. hemorrhage.
Thomas Lyons, 27, tuberculosis.
Abraham Lappin, 1 mo., tuberculosis.
——— McAleer 10 min., cyanosis.
8—George W. Lane, 45, consumption.
Mary Mullin, 25, colitis.
Cecil F. Nichols, 3, accidental drowning.
Joseph Marouski, 1, bronchitis.
9—Cyrus K. Russell, 83, cerebral anaemia.
Mary Gately, 53, pneumonia.
Felix Forth, 10, fracture of skull.
James Driscoll, 41, phthisis.
Edward J. Garrigan, 24, tuberculosis.
Thomas F. Golden, 16, phthisis.
10—Fabyan J. Furr, 46, phthisis.

GERARD P. DADMAN, City Clerk.

LOWELL GENERAL HOSPITAL.

Following are additional subscriptions to the hospital:

A. C. Wheelock	$50.00
James Whittet	5.00
Mrs. R. P. Coburn	3.00
Daniel M. Leary	5.00
Levi S. Sprague	25.00
J. W. H. Shaw	5.00
James C. Hage	5.00
A Friend	15.00
Carl G. Pihl	5.00
Edward N. Burke	25.00
Joshua H. French	5.00
Edmund B. Fletcher	100.00
Frederick Ayer	25.00
James W. Bennett	5.00
Mrs. Kate S. Martin	5.00
Mrs. Elvira R. Hutchins	5.00
	$288.00
Previously acknowledged	1073.00
Total	$1361.00

CRESCENT CLUB.

The Crescent club held a social on Saturday evening at its club house in the Highlands and about 25 members and a few invited friends were present. A phonograph exhibition was given by W. H. Dodge. The club's quartette contributed to the evening's enjoyment. Refreshments were served and the affair was voted a success.

FIRST STREET LANDSLIDE.

About 8.30 o'clock last evening a landslide on First street in the vicinity of Llewellyn street completely covered the tracks of the Lowell, Lawrence & Haverhill street railway. Passengers to and from Lowell had to be transferred from cars on either side of this miniature mountain of gravel until a clearance was made. Verily, it is about time something should be done to this dangerous hill in the way of protection for public safety demands it.

BASE BALL.

Unless the players who made up the New York team last year show more alacrity in returning the contracts sent to them, Manager John B. Day will not have enough men on his practice trip south to make up a nine.

One of the Cleveland salary cuts is undoubtedly on the document that was sent to Louis Sockalexis, the erstwhile Indian phenom, and this is not surprising. The only wonder is that the club offered Sox a contract at all. If the people of Cleveland are as forgiving toward the club as the club has been toward the Indian, there will be good times in base ball the coming season, for the throw-down that Sox gave the club was about equal to the throw-down that the club gave the people of Cleveland.

Next year Jesse Burkett thinks there will be a great big revolution in base ball and there will come into existence from the troubles in the National league another league which will be known as the American Association of professional base ball clubs, of which so much has been written and talked this winter. He feels sure that will be the outcome and Cleveland will be represented in that organization. He laughs at the proposition that another team will be put into Cleveland with the National League franchise and says if the crack team of last year could not make the game pay there a team of less ability surely could not.

There promises to be a regular cat and parrot matinee when the time comes for the appointment of a captain for the Brooklyn team. The old Brooklyn players want Griffin to direct them while the former Orioles, Keeler, Jennings, Kelley and McGraw are holding out for Kelley. The greatest weakness of the consolidated team is apt to come from internal jealousies.

Manager Selee of the Bostons says that the new balk rule will require catchers who can line the ball down to second base with the speed of a shot and the accuracy of a rifle. He thinks that in Bergen and Clarke he has two such catchers.

Burkett has signed with Cleveland and it is said has obtained an increase in salary.

Captain Duffy has decided to leave with the Boston team on March 21.

Manager Rasty Wright has got together a good team for Paterson, N. J. It contains some men who are well known in this section, "Hi" Ladd, the Fall River left fielder; Tommie Niland, of Lynn who is slated to play third; Pitcher Tom Flannigan, who did good work in Fall River; Gochnaur, formerly of Brockton, who is to play second, and Catcher Duncan, formerly of Portland, Fall River and Springfield.

Pres. Soden received contracts yesterday from Bergen, Willis, Yager and Smith.

Fred Doe stands an excellent chance of making the league staff as he has the support of several league managers, among the rest Burns of Chicago, Selee of Boston and Irwin of Washington.

Washington will abandon the idea of placing Mercer on third base. An endeavor will be made to secure Irwin of the Cleats or Lave Cross. Washington also wants an experienced pitcher and has such seasoned men as Mercer and McGuire to offer for desirable players. Padden will probably captain the team.

HIGGINSON DECLINES PROMOTION.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WASHINGTON, March 13.—Rear Admiral Higginson, who commanded the Massachusetts during the late war, has declined the promotion offered him by the department, on the ground that his services have not been of such conspicuous merit as to warrant it.

KNIGHTS OF COLUMBUS.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

HARTFORD, Conn., March 13.—The Times is authority for the statement that members of the order of the Knights of Columbus in this city and throughout the state are much exercised over the announcement that the National council of the order, at its recent meeting in New Haven had voted $50,000 from the funds of the order to endow a chair in the Catholic University at Washington.

CREDIT TO ALL

IT PAYS

a clothier not to make money at certain months of the year. We, at least, go on that principle. With Spring goods coming in daily, we put forth every effort to dispose of our heavy weight garments. A glance at our windows will show you how good a bargain you can buy at very little money.

Ladies' Jackets, Capes, Skirts and Waists
Men's, Boys and Children's Clothing,

Not a garment that is not reduced, most of them about half and less of what they were a month ago. Of course "On Credit," if you want accommodation. Always remember this store is your store, and Credit is your right.

Caesar Misch
ODD - FELLOWS - BLOCK
78 MIDDLESEX ST., LOWELL.
A. STRAUSS, Manager.

DON'T FORGET THE

GREAT SPECIAL SALE

New Spring Wrappers,

—AT—

JOHN DRAIN

111 CORHAM STREET.

A Bunch of Violets Free with every $1.0 Purchase. Come, Everybody.

TEETH

DR. BICKELL & SON insert teeth without plate. Only dentists in New England who have an Electric Mallet for filling teeth with gold without pain. Gold fillings do not come out when made by this process. Beware of dentists claiming to use Dr. Bickell's New Method of Painless Extraction—as we reserve the exclusive right in Lowell to our own office. Best teeth from $5 to $10 a set, and Dr. Bickell will pay $1000 reward to any person who proves that any dentist in Lowell uses any better quality teeth than Dr. Bickell & Son. No charge for extracting when teeth are to be made. All work warranted. Thirty years' experience. DR. BICKELL & SON, the Painless Dentists, Rooms 21, 25, 32 Runels' Building, cor. Merrimack and Bridge streets. Office hours: 9.00 A. m. to 6.00 p. m. Not in evenings.

BEST TEETH $5 TO $10 A SET.

CLEARANCE SALE! During the month of February we will sell $6, $7 and $8 Dress Suit Cases for $5. Our $3.50 Cases will be sold for $2. Big reductions will be made on all our Leather Novelties, Trunks, Bags, Pocketbooks.

P. F. DEVINE, 88 Merrimack Street, Branch of Lowell Trunk Manufactory.

The Easy Food
Easy to Buy,
Easy to Cook,
Easy to Eat,
Easy to Digest
Quaker Oats
At all grocers
in 2-lb. pkgs. only

WHEN IN DOUBT, TRY
STRONG AGAIN! Sexine Pills

They have stood the test of years, and have cured thousands of cases of Nervous Diseases, such as Debility, Dizziness, Sleeplessness and Varicocele, Atrophy, &c. They clear the brain, strengthen the circulation, make digestive perfect, and impart a healthy vigor to the whole being. All drains and losses are checked permanently. Unless patients are properly cured, their condition often worries them into Insanity, Consumption or Death. Mailed sealed. Price $1 per box; 6 boxes, with iron-clad legal guarantee to cure or refund the money, $5.00. Send for free book. Address, PEAL MEDICINE CO., Cleveland, O.

Sold at Goodale's Drug Store, the best and cheapest place in Lowell for drugs and medicines, 217 CENTRAL STREET.

WANTED.

WANTED—A kitchen girl at 179 Middlesex St.

WANTED—Young attractive lady, one that can speak French, to travel, one that has some knowledge of palmistry and card reading. Call at once at the Farragut House parlor. E. A. Hickson.

WANTED—Razors to canvass and hone. No need to take other while shaving after having them sharpened by Gonzales, the grinder. Every job warranted. 128 Gorham street.

WANTED—A tract of land, 4 to 10 acres, suitable for development and building purposes. Address, giving particulars, New England Suburban Improvement Co., Milford, Mass.

WANTED—An unfurnished front room in St. Peter's parish. Call for Miss O'Day, 93 John street.

WANTED—100 boys call at Room 19, St. Lawrence hotel to sell London Gilmanton Silver Polish at 5c. a package. Prize given to the one selling the most. Gold watch or suit of clothes.

WANTED—Board and rooms in private family by a young man. Address Niboi, Sun office.

WANTED—Christian man or woman to qualify as correspondent. Salary $600. Enclose reference and self-addressed stamped envelope to Secretary, care Sun.

WANTED—Ladies to make sample patches at home; $5 to $10 weekly; no canvassing; reply envelope for sample and particulars. Foster Machine Co., 565 West 23d street, New York.

WANTED—You to know that we pay cash for second-hand furniture. Send postal; we will call. Fogg & Co., 60 Middlesex street.

WANTED—Agents, both sexes, with and without experience. For particulars call between 12 and 2, and 7 and 9 p.m., at No. 46 Suffolk street, City. J. D. Lapriso, Gen. Agt.

WANTED—Two Ladies and three Gentlemen of experience to handle an article of genuine merit. Apply 179 East Merrimack St.

WANTED—Agents, young women, good money. Lowell Chemical Co., 86 Middle street.

PROFITABLE WORK offered agents in every town to secure subscriptions to the Ladies' Home Journal and the Saturday Evening Post. Good pay for good work. We want agents to work thoroughly and with business system to cover each section with our illustrated Bible booklets and other advertising matter. How well some of our agents have succeeded is told in a little booklet we would like to send you—portraits of some of our best agents, with the story of how they made it pay. The Curtis Publishing Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

LADIES to do plain sewing at home. $1.50 per day; four months' work guaranteed; send stamped addressed envelopes for particulars. Utopian Supply Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

DEALERS and boarders wanted at Central Restaurant, 453 Central street, opposite Union street. Price low. Meals at all hours.

WANTED—Girl to do general housework at 82 Hock street.

LADIES WANTED To attend the Lowell Dress Cutting Schools, opened day and evening. First evening free at 65 Merrimack street, room 10, opposite Dickson Bros.' tea store. Nesmith's Block and 370 Central street, near Opera House. First class dress makers and milliners will be employed for teaching. M. J. Greaves, Principal. Hours from 9 a. m. to 9 p. m.

WANTED—500 young and old men to bring their old clothes to Fred P. Law's Dye House and Clothes Cleaning establishment at 477 Merrimack street, where he can make your old suit as good as new for a small sum.

LOST AND FOUND.

FOUND—A bunch of keys at corner of Cross and Adams street. Owner can have same by calling at Sun office.

LOST—A double black shawl, between the old Boston & Maine depot and the corner of Bridge and Seventh streets. Finder return to Farragut House.

LOST—A pocketbook containing a sum of money. Finder will please leave at 180 Broadway.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

Middlesex, ss.

PROBATE COURT.

To the heirs at law, next of kin, and all other persons interested in the estate of BRIDGET A. KELLEY, late of Lowell, in said County, deceased.

Whereas, certain instruments purporting to be the last will and testament—and a codicil—of said deceased has been presented to said Court, for probate, by James F. Sullivan, who prays that letters testamentary may be issued to him, the executor therein named, without giving a surety on his official bond.

You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court to be held at Lowell, in said County of Middlesex on the twenty-first day of March, A. D. 1899, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any you have, why the same should not be granted.

And said petitioner is hereby directed to give public notice thereof, by publishing this citation once in each week, for three successive weeks, in the Lowell Sun, a newspaper published in Lowell, the last publication to be one day at least before said court, and by mailing postpaid, or delivering a copy of this citation to all known persons interested in the estate, seven days at least before said Court.

Witness, Charles J. McIntire, Esquire, Judge of said Court, this sixth day of March, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

S. H. FOLSOM, Register.

Notice is hereby given that the subscriber has been duly appointed administratrix of the estate of Mary Scanlan, alias Mary Scanlon, late of Billerica, in the County of Middlesex, deceased, intestate, and has taken upon herself that trust by giving bond as the law directs. All persons having demands upon the estate of said deceased are required to exhibit the same; and all persons indebted to said estate are called upon to make payment to Annie F. Scanlan, Adm. North Billerica, Mass., Feb. 25, 1899.

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS—State House, Boston, March 10, 1899.—The Committee on Cities will give a hearing to parties interested in a petition of Jerome F. Manning with accompanying bill (House No. 601) "to discontinue and abolish the existing Board of Assessors in the City of Lowell, and create and establish a new Board of Assessors in place thereof, and for other purposes," at Room No. 151, State House, on Tuesday, March 14th, at 10.15 o'clock a. m. Loyd E. Chamberlain, chairman; Edward P. Sands, Clerk of the Committee.

PETER H. SAVAGE,
Undertaker and Funeral Director
169 WORTHEN ST.

Telephone connection 468-4. Calls night or day promptly attended to. Carriages furnished for weddings and christenings.

PETER J. BRADY, GROCER
NEW STORE:
Cor. Gorham and South Highland Streets.
Choice Teas, Coffees, and Spices
Try our New Brands of Flour, the Best in the City. "The King Arthur," "Crown of Gold," and "Bouquet."

OPEN EVENINGS,
Monday and Saturday.

Alcohol,
Ammonia,
Bay Rum,
Benzine.
Best Quality.

C. B. COBURN & CO.
63 TO 67 MARKET ST.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—The largest and best equipped restaurant in N. H., within one half hours' ride from Lowell, across the street from depot, with room; good for $10 a day; hall; private parlor; furniture and everything in it strictly first class. Colored chef, gentleman waiters and plenty of business; satisfactory reasons given for selling. Price ($10,00) one thousand dollars. R., Sun office.

FOR SALE—Lot of land on Highland avenue 5000 feet, by Lewis D. Gumb, 911 Gorham street.

FOR SALE—In N. H. good farm of 180 acres; lots of fruit, wood and timber; two good barns, good 10 room house; running water at house and barn. Price only $600. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

FOR SALE—My residence, 479 Westford street. Fred C. Miller.

FOR SALE—Near Massachusetts mills, two tenement house and barn, all modern improvements; pays 16 per cent. Price $900. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

CALL at 359 Market street to buy or sell second-hand Furniture.

FOR SALE—In Pawtucketville, two tenement house and store, always rented. Price $2300. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

FOR SALE—Ten R.I.P.A.N.S. for 5 cents at druggists. One gives relief.

FOR SALE—Good boarding house of 12 rooms. Well furnished; 25 boarders, good location. Price $600. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

LADIES—Chichester English Pennyroyal Pills (Diamond Brand) are the best, safe, reliable. Take no other. Send 4c. in stamps for particulars, "Relief for Ladies," in letter by return mail. At druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

FOR SALE—In Centralville, near Bridge street, 7 room cottage house, good barn, large lot of land. Price $1600. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

MENTHOL CREAM Shampoo is used in all leading hair-dressing and bath parlors in New England. Menthol Cream Shampoo removes dandruff and all humors of the scalp. It contains alcohol, glycerine and menthol. It gives a rich, creamy lather and when used in the bath will remove pimples, etc., leaving the skin clear and soft. 25c. per bottle. Sold by leading druggists.

FOR SALE—Two tenement house near South street; price $2300. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

LADIES—My Monthly Regulator has brought happiness to hundreds of anxious women. I have never had a single failure; no other doctor can say this. Longest cases relieved in from 2 to 7 days without fail. No pain, no danger, no interference with work; price $3 by mail or at office. Consultation free. All letters truthfully answered. Dr. Tolman Co., 170 Tremont street, Boston.

FOR SALE—Near Broadway, two tenement house, 7 rooms to each tenement; all modern improvements; can be bought right. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

MISCELLANEOUS.

MADAM NATHAN, trance and business medium; ladies and gents 25c. 19 John street.

DRESSMAKING.

Latest styles. Perfect fit. Prices very low for month of March. Dressmaking taught. BON MARCHE BUILDING, Room 28.

BUSINESS woman for permanent traveling position, $90 per month and expenses guaranteed. References required. Clark & Co., 1334 S. 4th street, Philadelphia, Pa.

EMERY LAND
Office Removed to
3 HILDRETH BUILDING

House lots near the new Moody street bridge, on the principal streets and avenues with all modern improvements, such as gas, city water, sewers, sidewalks, schools, etc. The location is one of the best in the city, being by actual measurement only 0.625 feet from the corner of Central and Merrimack streets to the Emery land. Over 800 buildings have been built on the Emery land in the last two years. Is not that a good indication of what this property is going to be? Call for plans. Prices low. Terms easy. Wm. H. Emery
A. J. Ryan, 3 Hildreth Building, Old Post Office.

DAILY BARGAINS.

$100
UPRIGHT PIANO.
Seven and 1-3 octaves. Used but little. Condition fine.
GEORGE A. GARDNER
20 Prescott St., Lowell, Mass.

LOW TELEPHONE RATES.
LOWELL EXCHANGE.

Only $25.00 a year, party metallic circuit, measured service, for a residence telephone.

Can you afford to be without one?

Manager will furnish all particulars.

NEW ENGLAND TELEPHONE AND TELEGRAPH CO.,
LOWELL, MASS.

SUFFOLK LOAN CO.
(CORPORATION.)
315 Washington Street, Boston, up one flight. (Near entrance to Boston Tavern.)
MONEY TO LOAN
At legal rates of interest on diamonds, watches, jewelry, life insurance policies, legacies, shares, bonds or any other good security.

DECISIVE VICTORIES

in the business world are won by those only who have the grit to make the effort by first acquiring that comprehensive knowledge such as given at the

N. E. BUSINESS UNIVERSITY,
Runels Building, Merrimack St., Lowell, Mass.
W. J. Sanders, Pres. C. E. Williams, Mgr.

We are ready to do our part if you are. We know that we can save big money for you if you will call and leave your clothing with us. Hundreds of gentlemen's suits of clothes are in the wardrobe, and are just as good as new as far as wear is concerned, and after passing through our Dye House we will change them to any color that you want at a very small cost to you. Now is the time to bring them in for the spring season. Economy is wealth, and we will help you get wealthy if you let us. Remember it is not what you make, it is what you save that brings happiness. This is the New Years advice of the

BAY STATE
Dye Works
54 PRESCOTT ST.

TO LET.

DESK ROOM to let in the Sun building.

TO LET—Nice seven flats, 631 Broadway. $8.00 per month.

TO LET—3 tenements in block corner Hale and Washington Sts. Apply W. H. Bagshaw. Also stalls to be let on same street.

TO LET—20 first class tenements in all parts of the city. A. G. Bellaret, Room 8, Ben Marcy Block.

TO LET—Two square rooms. Inquire at 715 Merrimack street, corner Austin.

TO LET—Blacksmith shop. Inquire Conners Bros., Thorndike street.

TO LET—A good office in the Sun building. Inquire at Sun office.

TO LET—Rooms with or without board, one large front room on first floor with gas, furnished or unfurnished. Price low. 352 Fayette street.

STORE TO LET—31 Middle street.

ROOMS TO LET in The Sun Building. Inquire at The Sun office.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

LIQUOR SALOON, the Gilt Edge Cafe; centrally located; doing profitable business; finely fitted; owner has other business. Apply to D. L. Hagan, Proprietor, 11 Stokes St., Providence, R. I.

Wanted, Thorough Business People

That can show ability for successful effort, can make an arrangement with a great corporation, that will pay $5.00 yearly and expenses. Substantial people of ability solicited. Address Post Office Box 1681, New York.

We Bottle Betz's Half Stock

And deliver it in cases to all parts of the city. There is no better Ale in the market than Betz's Celebrated Ales. We also keep on draught all the leading brands of Ales, Lager and Porter. Choicest line of foreign and domestic liquors and cigars.

GEORGE W. ENRIGHT.
Corner Willie and Broadway.

BLOOD POISON

Primary, Secondary and Tertiary BLOOD POISON permanently cured in 15 to 35 days. You can be treated at home for same price under same guarantee. If you prefer to come here we will contract to pay railroad fare and hotel bills, and no charge if we fail to cure. If you have taken mercury, iodide, potash, and still have aches and pains; Mucous patches in mouth, sore throat, pimples, copper colored spots, ulcers on any part of the body, hair or eyebrows falling out, it is this secondary BLOOD POISON we guarantee to cure. We solicit the most obstinate cases and challenge the world for a case we cannot cure. This disease has always baffled the skill of the most eminent physicians; $500,000 capital behind our unconditional guarantee. Absolute proofs sent sealed on application. Address COOK REMEDY CO., 1888 Masonic Temple, Chicago, Ill.

COME IN TO OUR
Sacrifice Sale

Don't miss the last chance you have to buy before the MARKET RAISES in price. Everything goes to your PRICE.

LEGAULT & CO.
Jewelers, Opticians.
70 CENTRAL ST.

WE ARE EVER INCREASING

Our Baking Business. The people are with us, and no doubt they will stay with us as long as we keep on manufacturing the high grades of Bread, Cake, and Pastry that have made the name of Peter Watson's Home-Made Bakeries a household word. We sell more Wedding and Fancy Cake than almost any other baking establishment in the city, and our Cream Bread is unsurpassed. Good goods can only be made from the best of stock and skilled workmen. That is why Peter Watson's Bakeries, 52 to 60 Charles street and 465 Lawrence street are so popular. If you have not sampled our goods start in at once and you will be sure to get the best at

Peter Watson's,
52 to 60 Charles St.
465 Lawrence St.

LOWELL RENDERING COMPANY
Wholesale Dealers in
Tallow, Bones, Grease, Neats-foot Oil,
SOAP AND SOAP POWDER,
Hides, Calfskins and Pelts.

Dead Animals Removed Promptly Upon Notification.

532-4—Telephone—322-3.

THE LOWELL
Gas Light Company
Office 22 Shattuck St., cor. Middle.

SEWELL G. MACK, President. JACOB ROGERS, Treasurer; E. F. RAYMOND, Clerk.
DIRECTORS—Sewall G. Mack, Levi Sprague, Jacob Rogers, A. O. Cummings, George S. Motley, Edward M. Tucke, Edward N. Burke.

Price of Gas with the discount off for prompt payment, is

$1.00 ONE THOUSAND FEET.

First class Cooking Stoves set up and rented at a low rate per year, piping included. Coal broken, screened and delivered at $4.50 per chaldron, $2.25 per half chaldron, cash. No charge made for the use of meters. No charge made for running supply pipes from street mains to consumer's cellar. Orders when left at office promptly attended to.

James Walsh,

Florist and nursery man, also landscape gardener. Floral designs for all occasions. Choice cut flowers always on hand. Plants, trees, shrubs, etc. Westford street cars pass our conservatories.

CONCRETE paver and dealer in coal, tar and pitch. Orders solicited for putting down sidewalks, garden walks, warehouse and stable floors, street pavements, etc., etc., also asphalt and gravel roofing. 256 Highland Avenue, Lowell, Mass.

A CARD.

A final cleaning up of all our winter lines of Footwear for ladies, that were formerly $2.00 to close at

$1.50 a Pair.

We do this to make room for our spring goods that are due on the 15th.

J. J. LONERCAN,
215 DUTTON ST.

PREPARATIONS FOR A STAGE PRODUCTION.

What Goes On In the Mysterious Regions "Behind the Scenes" Prior to the First Performance.

[Copyright, 1899.]

The average theater goer, as he sits comfortably in his reserved seat and watches the first performance of some great dramatic work, often wonders in a vague sort of way how such smoothness and nicety of action were ever attained by mortal man. From the first rise of the curtain to the fall of the drop every line has been spoken and every movement has been ordered with the accuracy and precision of a double jeweled chronometer. Never a hitch is there from first to last. But as our complacent theater goer sits and watches the play for which he has paid his dollar or two he has indeed very little idea of the weeks and weeks of toil and study and worry and revising which had to take place before the actor could add his last little quota to the gayety of nations.

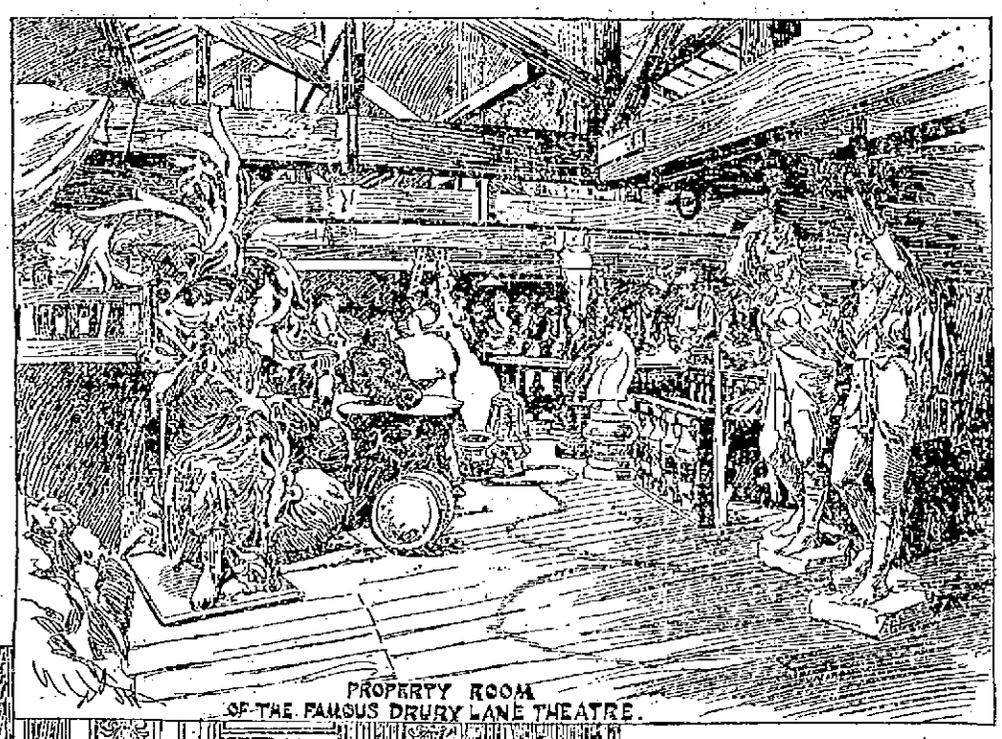
But the actor himself knows only too well the amount of work that was necessary before he could so airily tear a passion to pieces for the delectation of his light hearted audience. In fact, if that imaginative and sadly misled young lady, the stagestruck girl, were once led behind the scenes by some kindly hand and shown just how the ordinary everyday dress rehearsal is conducted she would soon see that they say such things, and they do such things that she would never want to go there any more! She would suddenly realize that the entire duty of even the brightest theatrical star is not to beam effulgently over the footlights and send out her autograph to an ever increasing army of admirers.

Theatrical people, fortunately, make it a point to see that only those persons who have some particular reason for doing so shall witness that laborious and painful preparatory work which necessarily precedes the production of a new play. For this reason a glimpse behind the scenes will be of especial interest to those who have never known the use of rouge and wig.

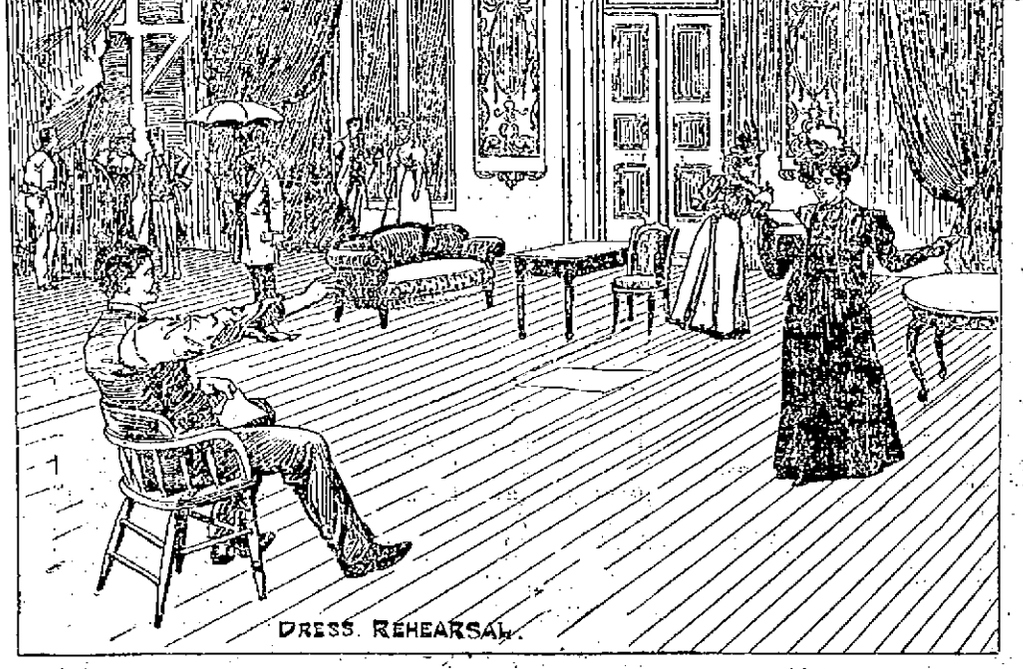
In the first place, a visit behind the scenes of a big theater is invariably disillusioning, interesting as the initial incursion into that once considered realm of enchantment may prove. If the dress rehearsal for some big performance chances to be taking place during this first visit, the intruder will find everything behind the footlights in a state of confusion and activity.

The first thing which will strike the visitor is the surprisingly shabby appearance of the stage scenery when viewed at short range. The lordly mansion of the Capulets will be nothing more than a crudely daubed piece of canvas, and the white swan on which the departing Lohengrin floats so mysteriously away is nothing more than a ridiculous lithe-necked box on wheels, well decorated with very earthly goose feathers. The visitor will venture into the property room with expectant heart, for there, he knows, he will be sure to find the bloody dagger with which Lady Macbeth does her nightly deed of horror, and the Venetian four poster on which the irate Othello strangles the perjured Desdemona, and the anvil that rings so merrily in "Robin Hood," and the great golden goblets from which the Pirates of Penzance have always taken such liberal and yet strangely unintoxicating potions, and indeed the one hundred and one things which mingled comedy and tragedy, tears and laughter, have endeared to those people who have a fondness for seeing the mirror held up to nature.

What the visitor really sees will be in all probability a great, confused, heterogeneous mass of lumber, among which he will distinguish perhaps the sawmill used in "Blue Jeans" and the real gristmill from "The Man Without a Country," a luxurious parlor chair or two piled incongruously on a plain kitchen table, firearms and swords and piles of tin armor for the Roman soldiery, false faces of all sizes and descriptions, rustic looking tree trunks made of boards with painted rags glued to them and a hundred and one outlandish looking pieces of stage furniture. The golden goblets from which the alcoholically inclined chorus drink their foaming beverage are, alas, found to be nothing more substantial than paper, and the delectable young chicken over which the theatrical lunch party smacks its collective lips is found to be a mere creation of stuffed kid or cloth. Unlovely looking pieces of wooden statuary stand carelessly about, strangely hideous without the softening lights of the stage electrician flowing over them. And this same stage electrician, by the way, is a very important man behind the scenes, playing a far greater part in the mounting of a drama than the unthinking spectator ever dreams. The master of the lights spends many an hour of study and experiment in trying the effect of different hues and shades on the different scenes of the play under production. Sometimes it is found that a sickly green light will produce a beautiful enough moonlight effect, but the leading lady protests with much vigor that she is never going to face an audience with her erstwhile roselike complexion bathed in any such universal verdancy. So the master of the lights has to begin all over again and find some more acceptable hue to represent his moonlight, or have the heavens shed a special beam of more acceptable coloring over the unrelenting leading lady.



PROPERTY ROOM OF THE FAMOUS DRURY LANE THEATRE.



DRESS REHEARSAL.

Unless the visitor has wandered into an exceptionally well conducted playhouse he will discover that the different dressing rooms allotted to the leading lady and her colleagues are by no means such luxurious apartments as the outside world dreams. In these rooms will be seen rows and rows of gorgeous looking gowns, but far from being as gorgeous looking as they seem when draped on the heroine while she is being pursued by the villain before the footlights for the amusement of her insatiable audience. Wigs, cosmetics, slippers, shoes, crowns richly dight with glass diamonds, turbans and a theatrical trunk or two will be found scattered promiscuously about.

The bare and dingy rooms in which the ever fascinating chorus girls are made to dress will be viewed with a gentle shock by the visitor, to whom it will seem outrageous that such visions of pink tighted loveliness should have to adorn themselves in a grotto of such dismal hideousness.

When the actual rehearsal starts and the big curtain is rung up before the darkened or dimly lighted house, the really interesting moments of the visit begin. The orchestra at such rehearsals is usually represented by merely the leader of that organization, who presides at the piano and thumps the keyboard and calls out, none too gently, directions to the chorus or the soloist at the same time. If the rehearsal is one of an opera, the revilings and the lecturings to which that poor chorus is subjected are wonderful and terrible to behold. When the leader has grown tired of giving directions and reprimands for the hundredth time, the stage manager comes to the front and takes his turn and pitches into that same much abused chorus for not dressing the stage properly. They are grouped over again, and once more the leader strikes up the old air, and once more a few dozen very tired young ladies—but not always so awfully young—glibly rattle off the same old lightsome ditty and go through the same old fetching movements. Stage managers, as a rule, are not the best tempered beings in the world, and the reason for it is soon understood. Some unfortunate player will insist on standing in the wrong place. She is shifted and shuffled about for the twentieth time and is at last made to cover her own appointed ground only after a big chalk mark has been made showing where she is supposed to stand. Then wrong entrances and exits are made, and once more the manager waxes wrathy and orders the scene done over again. Then perhaps some actor or actress has forgotten his or her lines, and there is a sudden pause in the action, and the even tenor of theatrical life is once more broken into by a calling down from the stage manager. Then it is suddenly discovered that there is something wrong with the scenery, and a new grouping of vile looking canvases is "struck." When this is done, it is seen that the full moon is casting shadows in two directions, a feat which is obviously a lunar impossibility. The manager of the lights is called and consulted, and after half an hour or so of careful trial and experimenting the fit and proper effect in shadows is produced.

Things are once more in apparent smooth running order and the lines are being read along very nicely when it is found that some quite essential piece of stage property is missing and cannot be found. The property man is first called up and then "called down," the article is produced, and still once more the scattered threads of comedy or tragedy, as the case may be, are taken up.

In most performances of any pretensions there are always a certain number of supers engaged. Supers are those gentlemen of theatrical inclinations and evil intentions who usually go to make up the Roman populace or the enraged mob or the courtiers, gentlemen and others used for filling up the back of the stage in certain dramatic performances. Sometimes they even venture to don knightly armor and appear very limp legged and ill at ease as standard bearers. Sometimes, again, one of them will array himself in a well worn dress suit long since discarded by the leading man and essay the part of some apparently very awkward and very embarrassed French waiter. It is these supers who seem to have entered into a conspiracy since time immemorial to drive every stage manager in the world into the deadliest throes of stark and staring madness. If the supers are to carry martial spears and banners, they do so in a manner that at once suggests a gang of weary boys sneaking home after a day's truant fishing. If they are to represent the enraged and long oppressed populace giving vent to their just feelings in mutinous cheers, their howls of anger and rage sound more like the muffled wailing of two or three newborn kittens than like the cries of a hundred lusty Roman citizens pouring forth the vials of their wrath. But the indefatigable stage manager sticks to them, bullies them, roars at them, drives them about the stage like a lot of frightened sheep and shows them how to carry a tin spear without giving the impression that this same spear is an antiquated infernal machine.

If there is any dancing in the piece being prepared, the service of the ballet master is demanded. He is nearly always a Frenchman, and for the enlightenment of the young women who stand about with their skirts pinned up he nimbly gyrates with a strange and beautiful abandon which few enough of his short skirted pupils can successfully emulate. Then, after some repainting of scenery and a few more alterations in the lights and a few hours' debating as to costumes and cues and going over the whole play a few more times, the new performance is voted to be almost ready for presentation. After a dress rehearsal or two the first night arrives, and with it brings the long haired newspaper critics and the rest of the great unwashed, who jauntily sum up the merits and demerits of the new production and go on their careless way rejoicing.

But few of us ever dream of the infinite toil and labor that has taken place behind the curtain before that new play is presented to its first audience.

EVANS COOK.

Von der Ahe and Keeler.

Should Chris Von der Ahe drop out of baseball he would be missed by the many jokers who have all told stories at his expense. The latest that is going the rounds refers to a meeting recently between Von der Ahe and Billy Keeler, who was the League's champion batsman last year.

"Hey, Chris!" said a baseball crank who had Keeler in tow. "Don't you know this fellow?"

"Nein," answered the German, with a puzzled look. "What is he?"

"This is Billy Keeler, Chris, the champion hitter of the country."

Von der Ahe stuck out his hand mechanically and without the semblance of a smile remarked:

"Keeler, many's der time I wished I never saw you! Dem home runs und dem tree baggers on der St. Louis grounds made me feel like I vas dead, ain't it? Keeler, I don't know you any more if you make any more of dem bad hits over my fences. It ain't right, Keeler. It ain't right. I've got other troubles, you bet!"

To Find Out Athletes.

When students face the registrar of Northwestern university at the beginning of next semester, they will be asked to fill what Dr. Hollister calls "athletic blanks." On these the students will be required to write a minute account of the athletics they have ever taken part in. By this way the trainer hopes to find many good athletes who would otherwise go through the school year without being known.

THE BASEBALL SEASON.

Outlook For a Prosperous Year—The Brooklyn and Boston Teams Compared—Why New York Should Have a Winning Nine. Edward Hanlon.

[Copyright, 1899.]

Another baseball season will open in a few weeks, and the air is now filled with all sorts of rumors. There has never been a winter prior to the one just ended when so many and such vast deals were put through or attempted. For weeks past baseball politics has been in a state of effervescence, and the public has been kept on the edge to know what would be the next thing sprung by the magnates.

Of course the biggest coup was the purchase of the Baltimore club by Brooklyn, thus giving to the latter city what will probably prove to be the strongest team in the League. Baltimore and Boston last year had a very even fight for the pennant, with the latter winning out in the finish. It is more than likely this season the Brooklyn team, which will consist of the pick of the two clubs, will be able to give the Bostons a fight that will be memorable in baseball annals. Such being the case, it is of interest to compare the relative strength of the two teams.

The new Brooklyn outfield will consist of Griffin, Jones and Keeler. Against them will be pitted Duffy, Hamilton and Stahl. As regards Keeler and Stahl, the problem is easy. The former is the League's champion bat and the best fielder in his position in the country. Griffin is a much better fielder than Hamilton, whereas in other respects they are about on even terms, with the Bean Eater a shade the better base stealer. Jones is a much better thrower and fielder than the Boston captain and besides has the advantage of being several years younger. He has not had so much experience in the League, being a comparative newcomer in the ranks, but is quicker than his opponent. Duffy, however, at present is the better bat. On the whole Brooklyn seems to have the better of the argument as regards the outfield.

On comparing the infielders the superiority of Brooklyn is not so marked. Kelly is, of course, an experiment at first base, but he is quick to learn and knows all the fine points of the game. He is also a heavier batsman than Tenney, the champions' first base man. Kelly is also a right handed thrower, while Tenney is a "southpaw."

At second base it looks like a stand off between Daly and Lowe. The Bostonian, while not a grand stand or showy player, uses his head at all times and is a splendid team man. Daly can throw better than Lowe and is certainly as equal in stick work. Herman Long, the crack short stop of the Boston aggregation, and Hugh Jennings, who will cover the same territory for Brooklyn, are probably the best two players at this position in the country. Both are very fast fielders. Last year Long had a little the better of the argument because Jennings' arm bothered him, but now that trouble is removed, in batting and base running they rank about equal, so that they ought to have a very pretty fight for the honors.

Collins, the Boston third base man, is an artist in his position and is everywhere regarded as the king pin of them all. However, he will have to exert himself to excel Dahlen, who will cover that point for Brooklyn. The latter has been playing short for several years in Chicago, though previous to that time he was a third base man. Both men are very graceful players and can cover a lot of territory, though whether Dahlen can equal Collins' lightning throws is to be seen. He is a better batsman and base runner than the Bostonian and has the advantage of more experience in League baseball. All in all, Brooklyn seems to have the advantage in hitting ability in the infield, though slightly behind in fielding.

The pitching department of both teams is very strong. Hanlon relies on McJames, Kennedy, Nops, Maul, Hughes and Dunn. If to these he can add Joe Corbett, he will have a great advantage over his opponents. The Boston battery consists of Nichols, Klobedanz, Willis, Lewis and others.

The star catcher of the League, Bergen, is a member of the Boston team, and he has to help him out Yeager, Lake and others. Brooklyn can boast no particular star, but includes such reliable men as Grim, Ryan and A. Smith.

Close students of the game, including Hanlon and Vonderhorst, who have studied the make up of the team, assert that Brooklyn will carry off the pennant this season, though they grant that it will by no means be a walkover. They assert that Brooklyn has the heaviest hitting nine in the League, besides having pitching and catching material, though Boston is conceded the stronger in fielding.

However, there are several other teams that must be reckoned with when figuring out a champion. Cincinnati and Philadelphia are always dangerous. Pittsburg has a great team, and any of these by judicious strengthening can give the others a great fight. New York is always a strong finisher, and with about three additions and good management might be backed for a winner with a good deal of confidence. The new manager, Mr. John B. Day, is out with a statement, however, that no new players will be signed for some time and that the captain will not be chosen until after some practice has been taken at Charleston.

The reason for this unwillingness of President Freedman to strengthen the Giants is believed to arise from the fact that he is preparing to get out of baseball after this season. The only thing that keeps him connected with the sport is the $10,000 salary that is attached to the post, and it is not believed that he can influence a sufficient number of stockholders to vote it to him again. He is owner of a majority of the stock, so can get elected to the presidency, but that will not appeal to him when only a small salary goes with it, and it takes a two-thirds vote of the magnates to decide that point.

On the other hand, every magnate, player and baseball crank in the country would like to see the New York team very strong and in a leading position. They all recognize that that city is the best baseball town in the country. An ordinary gate there in a good year when the Giants were fliers in the race was 3,000, even on off days, whereas on a Saturday the attendance was between 10,000 and 12,000 and on a holiday was several thousands more than the last number, so that a club, even if it only made expenses in other cities, by playing a few profitable games in the metropolis could wind up the season with a comfortable balance in the bank.

It is probable that very little or no kicking for more salary will be done this season by players before signing their contracts. They are beginning to realize that the magnates generally say what they mean and are very independent, so that it is better to submit to their offers rather than waste time making a fuss.

Everybody seems to appreciate by this time the fact that if public interest is to be stimulated and kept up the game must be made livelier. The only way to effect this is by making hitting more of a feature and easier for the batsmen. With the great improvement in the fielding and pitching departments hitting has fallen off in the past few years. Some of the rule makers seem to think that the change should be effected by handicapping the pitcher, whereas the majority of managers and others connected with the game are crying for a livelier ball. At present it is too dead. If more rubber were put into it to make it livelier, there would be more run getting, and that's what the public likes to see.

The most interesting character in the baseball world today is Edward Hanlon, ex-manager of the Baltimores, who will have charge of the new Brooklyn team this season.

Hanlon is the Napoleon of baseball. It is an old saying that the manager of a successful team is a great manager for that reason only—in a word, that it is the team that makes the manager and not the manager the team. Hanlon has proved the untruthfulness of this. He took hold of the Baltimores when they were regarded as "cast offs" and made them triple winners of the pennant. He has the confidence and respect of his men, two elements without which no manager can be successful. He not only knows how to make good men work well together so as to insure success, but he can also pick out men rejected by others and bring out the latent ability in them and make them stars of the first magnitude. He is the ideal leader of a baseball team.

LEO ETHERINGTON.

STORIES OF THE STAGE.

"A man named Ferguson kept a saloon next door to Ford's theater," said Frank Drew to a reporter in Washington, "and the actors used to congregate there. After the assassination of President Lincoln Ford's theater was closed, and business at Ferguson's was very dull. Ferguson testified at the coroner's inquest that Booth had drunk three glasses of whisky at his bar just before he entered the theater to kill Lincoln. After Ford's was closed the actors there were out of work, and they used to sit in Ferguson's place and wait for an angel to come in and buy drinks. A day or two after the inquest a tall, fine looking gentleman came into the saloon and said to Ferguson:

"'I beg your pardon! Is this Mr. Ferguson?'

"'Yes, sir.'

"'I see by the papers, Mr. Ferguson, that you gave evidence before the coroner's jury that Booth had three drinks of whisky here just before the assassination of the president.'

"'Yes, sir.'

"'Be kind enough to let me have a drink, will you?'

"Ferguson went behind the bar and placed a tumbler before the stranger.

"'I wouldn't swear,' said Ferguson, 'that that is not the very tumbler Booth drank from, but I will swear that this is the identical bottle from which he poured the whisky.'

"The stranger poured out a drink, swallowed it and then asked very soberly:

"'Was it the same kind of whisky?'

"'It was.'

"'Then I forgive Booth. If I were to drink three glasses of that, I would go home and kill my grandmother!'

"The stranger walked out, and Ferguson called up all hands and treated them and begged them never to tell the story."

While Walter Perkins and his "My Friend From India" company were waiting recently at a railway junction a runaway horse came careering along, dragging a box wagon with a farmer in it. Perkins dashed to the rescue, seized the checkrein and brought the horse to a standstill. The farmer slowly climbed from his seat, thoughtfully examined the harness and the wagon, climbed up again and resumed the reins.

"You'd orter be more keerful, young feller," said he, biting off a big mouthful of tobacco, "how you grab that cheek. His bit pulls kinder tight." And he drove away.

Perkins says he is through with the hero business now.

A well dressed negro descended from the upper regions of Koster & Bial's Music hall, in New York, the other night and timidly asked the doorman for a return check.

"No return checks are issued," replied that official.

"It's a very important matter," said the gentleman of color. "I want to get some peanuts for a lady."

He was permitted to pass out.

Playwright David Belasco was entering the Garrick theater in New York the other night when a diminutive newsboy rushed up to him and shouted: "Wuxtry! Terrible accident to President McKinley!"

"Dear me!" said Belasco, fumbling in his pocket for change. "What kind of an accident did he meet with?"

"Nearly drowned, sir!" replied the urchin, his eyes dancing with fun. "He fell through a mattress into the spring."

Belasco gave him a nickel.

Many actresses and beauties make very fair incomes out of the sales of their photographs. Few of the public have any idea of the sums paid by photographers for "sole selling rights." Dickens is credited with having been the first notability to exact a fee for the privilege of taking his portrait. A photographer kept bothering him for sittings, and Dickens asked and obtained $250 as an honorarium. On learning of Dickens' triumph Fanny Kemble refused to sit for less than $250, and then Ada Cavendish demanded and received $1,500. Mary Anderson toward the close of her career used to receive $500 a sitting. Recently a firm of Parisian photographers arranged with Sara Bernhardt for a series of sittings at $250 apiece.

A newspaper correspondent at Manila writes: "I visited the Filipino theaters. The actors, management and audience were natives. An opera was in progress, 'The Murdered King.' The scenes were clever imitations of European scenemakers', and the costumes of the actors might grace their betters. A dash of comedy enlivened such parts as the death scene and the funeral, and the comedy lead had the house from start to finish. The hundreds of natives present were hugely entertained by the Tagal jokes and properly impressed with the work of the heavy tragedian. I have seen worse plays with Seabrooke in the title role. The Filipino circus is another popular resort. The native talent is of a clever order and the entertainment is unique. Tumblers, wrestlers, jugglers, clowns and contortionists do their acts creditably and salaam off the ring in real circus style. The native dancing women have a specialty of their own. They do not kick high enough to make an extra demand for front seats, but their movements are graceful and sinuous, while their skirts, though moderately abbreviated, are bright and picturesque."

Saw Several Dixons.

Jack Everhardt has been telling that flock story of his again and has saddled it on Oscar Gardner this time. When Gardner fought Tommy Dixon, Everhardt was seconding him.

"In one of the rounds," says Everhardt, "Gardner gets a hook on the chin that sets him groggy, and he's groggy all the rest of the round. When he comes back to the seat, he's like a dazed lean.

"I says to him, 'What kind of a fight is this you're putting up—swinging any old way?'

"'Never mind,' says he; 'I'll hit one of that flock yet.'

"He was seeing about eight Dixons."

Blind Tom is now making a farewell tour of the world at the head of his concert company.

AMUSEMENT NOTES.

W. S. Gilbert, the librettist, is said to have so little ear for music that he cannot distinguish harmony from discord.

Anna Held has begun the study of Judic's comedy, "Papa's Wife," adapted in English by Harry B. Smith, in which she will appear next season.

One of the pronounced hits of Della Fox's "The Little Host" is a bit of comedy work by H. D. Blakeman. As a white farmhand and also as an Ethiopian in the first act he is said to display rare ability.

A recent occurrence in a Boston theater has called attention once more to that perpetual theatrical nuisance, the encore fiend. In a musical comedy one of the performers, a young woman, did a dance that, while it pleased the audience greatly, subjected her to a very great physical strain. It was always encored, but after one representation the performer usually was able to decline further recalls. But one evening the audience was exceptionally infested with encore fiends. The result was that she was mercilessly compelled to repeat the dance five times, and only after she had succumbed to the strain and collapsed, could the noisy nuisance be induced to allow the performance to proceed. The girl was out of the cast, under the care of a physician, for a week after this ordeal.

Aubrey Boucicault is to appear in a play adapted from the French called "A Court Scandal," in which the central figure is Richelieu as a youth of 19.

Nat C. Goldwin is said to be studying Macbeth, Othello, King Lear and other tragic characters.

The latest story of theatrical device is the tale of an "Uncle Tom" manager who sought to escape personal disaster by skipping out, owing all salaries. Members of the company put the bloodhounds on his trail. They caught up with him, and he stole the dogs and started another show.

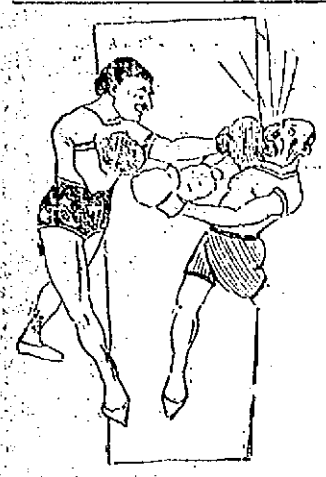
Marie Tempest will shortly play the role of a boy in a Chinese musical comedy in London.

Neil Burgess is lamenting the death of Cold Molasses, the horse so prominent in his "County Fair."

It is announced that Irving and Terry will make a five months' tour of this country next season.

Another name has been added to the dramatic dictionary, "Why Walker Went West."

The news comes from Germany that Mme. Modjeska has made a new translation of "Mazeppa" and will play the title role, which is still associated with the name of Adah Isaacs Menken.



A HAND TO MOUTH EXISTENCE.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

THE SUN ON SALE IN BOSTON.

The five o'clock edition of The Sun is on sale at the news stand in the Union Station, Boston.

STEAMSHIP TICKETS AND DRAFTS.

Sold on the Cunard, Dominion, White Star, American, Anchor, Allen, French and German lines to and from Boston, New York, Queenstown and Liverpool. Drafts issued for any amount on all parts of Ireland by Murphy's agency, 18 Appleton street.

PILGRIM BAKING POWDER CO.

We are the local agents for the Pilgrim Baking Powder Co. of Boston. Dickson Bros., the Big Tea Dealers, 48 Merrimack street.

LOCAL NEWS.

BURN WILSON'S COAL.

Smokers enjoy Old Hundred Cigars.

Good goods and low prices at Merrills.

Sadie Lucas of this city is confined to her home by illness.

Elegant rubber tired hacks at O'Donnell's. Telephone 430-4.

Evening classes now forming. Miss Hard's school, Hildreth building.

New spring goods at Gorman & Sullivan's, tailors, 25 Palmer street.

Mrs. Sarah Hand of Boston, formerly of Lowell, is reported as being quite ill.

Sullivan's down town coal office at O'Brien's tea store, 227 Central street. Telephone, 713-2—679-6.

Mr. Cooper of Merrimack Square has gone to New York to select the very latest imported fashions in Ladies' Spring Tailor Made Suits, Coats, etc.

Mr. John Gaffney, the well known foreman of T. Costello, is smoking the most fragrant of Porto Ricans and inviting his friends to join him. It is a boy.

Miss Kittie Baird of the firm of M. A. Baird & Co., is in New York selecting spring millinery. They can be found at the old stand, 14 Merrimack square. Notice of opening later.

REMOVED FROM OFFICE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

TOPEKA, Kan., March 13.—Governor Stanley today issued an order removing from office, state commissioner of Insurance Webb McNall.

A COACHMAN'S WILL.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BOSTON, March 13.—The will of the late James Keough, a coachman, has been allowed probate by Judge McKim in the Suffolk probate court and it gives his life savings, amounting to $28,100 to public charities.

Keough was employed by Martin Brimmer for many years as coachman. He died, leaving no heirs at law.

A TEA PARTY.

A pleasant tea party was given Saturday evening by Miss Ames at her home on Andover street in honor of her guest, Miss Traak of New York. A delightful musical program was given. Vocal solos were rendered by Miss Ames and Miss Irene Windar; violin solos, Mrs. Alexander Hobbs; whistling solo, Miss Isabella Faulkner.

The dining room was decorated with smilax which was twined from the centre chandelier to the end of the table where it was caught by bunches of violets, white rosebuds and jonquils. Mrs. Frederick T. Walsh and Miss Ludlam were assisted in pouring by a force of a dozen young ladies.

LIQUOR MEN

WANT TO HAVE A WHOLESALE HOUSE AT PELHAM, N. H.

A wholesale liquor house is said to be established at Pelham, N. H., so as to deliver orders easily to this city. Boston wholesale houses are said to have their agents actively at work soliciting orders in this city for delivery after May 1.

MUSIC HALL.

Moving Pictures of the Pope. Music Hall yesterday afternoon and evening held two very large and enthusiastic audiences, the occasion being the first public exhibitions in this city of the marvelous American biograph, which faithfully reproduces those much-talked of and extensively heralded moving pictures of His Holiness, Pope Leo XIII. and a score or more of thrilling and realistic views depicting prominent scenes in our late Spanish-American war and other events of timely and important interest.

That the pictures are the largest and most distinct ever shown is a fact borne out by the exhibition, which bears out much more than has been said in advance by the management. These pictures are certainly nothing short of marvelous and are only the more remarkable from the fact that the views of Pope Leo XIII and other religious celebrities are the only ones ever produced in this manner, and it certainly was a wonderful privilege the biograph company received, that of portraying the wonderful head of the Catholic church and in all probability is the nearest favor to a personal interview with the pope that any audience will ever have.

THE CREW LOST.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

ALEXANDRIA, Va., March 13.—The Potomac river steamer Wakefield which has arrived here, reports that the schooner Annie E. Reynolds from Plymouth, N. C., for Alexandria, was wrecked near Point Lookout on Chesapeake Bay during Tuesday night's storm and Captain B. L. Hill and a crew of six men are said to be lost. The schooner was loaded with lumber. A trunk belonging to one of the crew and a piece of timber on which a sailor had written the supposed fate that awaited the vessel were washed ashore.

Dr. Coburn DENTIST 81 MERK ST.

LAWYER McEVOY

Delivered Very Instructive Address

BEFORE THE TRADES AND LABOR COUNCIL

On Employers' Liability for Employers' Injuries.

The Trades and Labor Council at the regular meeting held yesterday afternoon appointed a committee of three to wait upon the newspapers and invite them to open a subscription column in aid of the Marlboro strikers. The only other business transacted was of a routine nature.

LAWYER McEVOY'S ADDRESS.

After the business John W. McEvoy, Esq., gave the members an instructive address upon "The liability of an employer to his employes."

Lawyer McEvoy said in part that no greater tribute could be paid the great state of Massachusetts than the progress it had made in labor legislation. Beginning almost within the present generation with an act reducing the hours of labor, there is now a large col-

JOHN W. McEVOY, Esq.

lection of various enactments intended to ameliorate the condition of the men, women and children who toil in our mercantile and manufacturing establishments.

In this respect Massachusetts leads all other states, and is second only to Great Britain. But our old commonwealth can still add lustre to its present and remove the reflections on its past by adopting legislation which will as near as possible define the duties of an employer in caring for the safety of his employes, and limit so far as practicable the extent to which a servant shall be deemed to accept the dangers of his employment.

Mr. McEvoy here defined actionable negligence, and its essential ingredients, and discussed the origin of the principles at common law applicable to the relation of employer and employe and those to be applied in actions under the employer's liability act. He said there was too much latitude allowed judges in interpreting the law from the standpoint of their own prejudices and too much weakness displayed by them in adhering to old precedents that should become obsolete with the rapidly changing conditions of the present.

There is no certain test for negligence, and no special rule by which it can be defined. It depends on circumstances of time, place and person, and it is manifestly absurd to confine the servant to the same rule of conduct in the management of the complicated machinery and appliances of today as was held to be the standard in the handling of the simple and crude mechanism of the past. The decisions of our Massachusetts' courts are much cited and admired, but they have been severely and justly criticised for the sympathetic interest they have taken in guarding corporations charged with neglecting the physical protection of its employes. This may not be truly said of the court as presently constituted, but until some further statutory provisions are made our supreme court will continue to be hampered by precedents from which it would doubtless like to be relieved.

It is a rule of common law to abide by former precedents where substantially the same point comes up again for determination, and this rigid adherence gave rise to courts of equity as it did to the employer's liability law. Common law being unwritten and indefinite, there is too much discretion allowed judges in interpreting the law, and moulding it with their own prejudices. Especially should this power be curbed where it involves the life and limb of helpless operatives toward whom the city or state may be compelled to discharge obligations that reckless employers should be made to assume.

The decisions of English courts had become so notoriously in favor of wealthy employers that in 1877 the British parliament, composed almost entirely of that class, appointed a committee to consider what legislation was required to curtail the judge making power, and equalize the conditions between master and servant. As a result of this committee's labor, the employer's liability act was passed in 1880, and offensive judicial legislation thereby received a setback. In 1887 our legislature substantially enacted the British act, and much benefit has since accrued to the working men and women of the state. But the act is too limited in its scope and though it modified the extreme and ridiculous position which our courts took on the doctrine of fellow servants, there still remains the unequal and unjust theory of assumption of risks.

The theory is, in effect, that a servant who knows, or might by the exercise of reasonable care know that his employment is dangerous in any particular, whether from defective machinery, defective methods of work, insufficient help, the negligence of fellow servants, or any other cause, accepts the risks of being hurt without being able to recover at law any damages therefor, without any question as to whether the damage arose from the negligence of the master or not. This doctrine is rigorously enforced in the courts of this commonwealth, although having no foundation on any express will of the people. It is merely a theory invented and enforced by judges who intend evidently to perpetuate it until the legislature steps in, and defines the duty in terms incapable of being misconstrued. It is founded upon a musty old maxim, "Volenti non fit injuria," an injury is not done to the unwilling.

To speak of a man as volens, or willing, who assumes the perils and hazards of a dangerous employment under the coercive influence of obtaining bread and butter for himself and family is trifling with law and reason.

I would have a law passed providing compensation for all accidents received in the course of employment, whether any negligence on the part of either employer or employe could be proved or not. Similar legislation was passed two years ago in Great Britain and last year bills were introduced to the same effect in the legislature of New York state. Its provisions are based on the principle that compensation for injuries is nothing but part of the legitimate cost of the product and that consequently they should be paid by the consumer in the first instance. The objection that the employes might grow careless is obviated by the method adopted for adjusting the amounts and manner of payment. The constitutionality of the New York bill has been passed upon favorably by an eminent New York attorney.

Even France and Germany have adopted measures in this direction and every effort should be made to have our own state maintain its reputation for progress by enacting similar legislation. Such a measure would doubtless encounter great opposition from corporate interests but their losses could be adjusted by a system of insurance and the better feeling it would engender in the help. It would afford great protection to the employe and be a source of security to him and his family.

The Trades and Labor Councils can do much that is beneficial for the present and future welfare of the laboring man in the way that I have endeavored to indicate. But to obtain these results there must be concerted action and unity of purpose. There can be no question, but that the state has the right to legislate for the protection of the lives and limbs of its citizens by preventing unnecessary exposure and the assumption of unreasonable risks, but the state itself will not do this without the intervention of those interested.

At the conclusion of the address, Mr. McEvoy was interrogated as to existing conditions in several of the local corporations and he replied in a comprehensive manner. Upon motion he was extended a rising vote of thanks.

MR. CONNELLY EXPLAINS.

Mr. Thomas F. Connelly, secretary of the Cinders' and Picker's union, has issued the following address to the union.

Fellow Members—The regular monthly meeting of our union will be held at Loomhaus' hall on Tuesday evening, March 14, when the financial report of the union will be placed before you.

We are pleased to note that our local mill managers have fallen into line and agreed to restore in full the wage schedules that were in force prior to January 17, 1898.

It is true that the cotton industry is rapidly improving with every prospect that it will continue so, but it is also true that it is due to the well organized trade unions of Fall River that we are to receive a full restoration of our old wages at this time; it is also true that all mill operatives who are working for fully wages and will not support the union of their trade are greater foes to the onward march of the labor cause than any tyrant employer.

A vigorous canvass is now being made among the textile workers to increase the membership of the several unions and from present indications we are sanguine that the time is not far distant when every textile union will be able to count the dollars in its treasury by the thousands. A well filled treasury is to a labor union what Dewey's guns were to the Spaniards at Manila, an irresistable argument.

The meeting will be open to every employe of the card and picker rooms and we urge every member to strive to bring at least one of these to our meeting who have thus far been wandering aimlessly through the wilderness of individualism for it is by unity of purpose only that our people will reach the goal to which we aspire, namely, fair treatment, reasonable working hours and wages that will maintain us who are the actual producers of wealth as we deserve.

DRAWING SCHOOL GRADUATES.

The graduates of the evening drawing school which closed Friday night are as follows:

Mechanical department, Kenneth James McKittrick, Charles Jenkins, George Eliot Kershaw, Arthur Harrison, Ralph Hayden, Ralph W. Goodhue, and James W. Buchanan; architectural department, G. P. Kimball, F. A. Harris, C. J. Walker, F. W. Huntington, E. V. Dozois, J. G. Marshall, E. P. Draper and Victor Perreault; free hand drawing, Fred Eliot Hindle; Willard Augustus Parker, Arthur Bickford Stront, Emma Gertrude Boire and Edith Clara Merchant; practical design four years' course, Cora Buckland and John Brennan.

BIRTHDAY PARTY.

Mrs. McCoy of 5 Ware street celebrated the anniversary of her birth Saturday at her home. Friends called in large numbers and the following entertainment program was given: Instrumental selections, Mrs. C. E. Woodbury; vocal solo, Mr. E. A. Cheney; duet, Mrs. Gordon and Mr. E. A. Cheney; instrumental music by Mrs. Harriet Shirley. Among the guests was Chief of the fire department, E. S. Hosmer.

BOWLING NEWS.

Although four of the members of Company G rolled into the 400s at the Armory Saturday and the C rollers of 400 scores only numbered three, the latter won. Score:

Company C—Livingston, 385; Varnum, 380; Richardson, 476; Peters, 409; Kittredge, 466; total, 2122.

Company G—Fairweather, 413; Prescott, 359; Driscoll, 429; Brock, 426; Durant, 408; totals, 2040.

LADIES Relief at Last DR. MARTEL'S French Female Pills

Praised by thousands of satisfied ladies as safe, always reliable and without an equal. Ask druggist for Dr. Martel's French Female Pills in metal box with French Flag on top in Blue, White and Red. Insist on having the genuine.

"Pallet for Women" mailed free in plain sealed letter with testimonials and particulars. Address FRENCH DRUG CO., 381 and 383 Pearl St., N. Y.

DOMINION LINE. Fast Twin Screw Passenger Service

BOSTON to QUEENSTOWN and LIVERPOOL.

Average passage under seven days. Sailing from Fitchburg R. R. Docks as follows:

S. S. "DOMINION" Sails WEDNESDAY, Feb. 22, at 8 a. m.

S. S. "NEW ENGLAND" Sails WEDNESDAY, March 1, at 12.30 p. m.

S. S. "CANADA" Sails March 15, at 1 p. m.

Saloon passage $60 and upwards. Second cabin $40; round trip $105. Steerage $25.50.

For passage, plans and information apply at the company's office, 105 State street, Boston, or in Lowell to

Dennis Murphy, Agt., 18 Appleton street; J. F. O'Donnell, Market, corner Worthen streets; C. B. Leeds, 5 Bridge street, C. A. Benson, 159 Gorham street.

New Book Stand in Basement—New Bargains. - - We Fit Corsets. See the P. N. 505, $1.00

THE BON MARCHE DRY GOODS CO.

THE BIG STORE BEING MADE BIGGER.

Extensive alterations fast nearing completion. Entire change made on all three floors. Latest modern storeimprovements for the convenience of our patrons done at a great expense to us. Our pay will be your appreciation. Call in this week, secure a bargain and at the same time get an idea of what we are going to look like a week from Friday next.

HERE ARE A FEW THINGS TO DRAW YOU HITHER:

BOOK DEPT.

This department, now located in basement, foot of new stairway (left).

Full half pound packages Fine Irish Linen Writing Paper for 10 cents.

Full 1 lb packages Irish Linen Writing Paper, ruled and plain, now only 19 cents.

Full pound packages of paper and envelopes, fine quality, 25 cents each.

DOMESTIC DEPT.

Quo Vadis, by Sienkiewicz, bound in linen, our price, 19 cents each.

This department also moved down stairs, foot of new stairway (right.)

1 bale yard wide Unbleached Cotton, in one to 10 yards, only 4 cents yard.

40 inch Unbleached Sheeting to go now at 6 1-4 cents yard.

Unbleached Sheeting, 6 1-4 yards wide for only 12 1-2 cents yard.

DOMESTIC DEPT.

Bleached Sheeting, full 9-4 wide, for only 15 cents yard.

LINEN DEPT.

This department now located in the basement; take new stairway, front of main entrance.

LINEN DEPT.

Bleached and Unbleached Turkish Towels for 5 cents each.

Hemstitch Towels, bleached huck and fancy, only 10 cents each.

Bleached Turkish Towels, large size and very heavy, 19 cents each.

Linen Huck Towels, large size slightly imperfect, 12 1-2 cents each.

WASH GOODS,

This Dept. Now Located in New Part in Basement.

Fancy P. K's, the latest thing for waists, skirts and suits, only 12 1-2 cents a yard.

Wide wale P. K. or English Welts, (white only) 19 cents a yard.

Fine Zephyr effect Ginghams, in natty styles, a bargain at 9 cents a yard.

Sea Island Percales, full yard wide, new patterns, 2 to 10 yards, 7 1-2 cents and 9 cents a yard.

We have a table of organdies worth from 8 cents to 37 cents they now go at 5c to 15c a yard.

New P. K. Dilly cloth, heavy texture, 32 inches. Stylish for waists, at 12 1-2 cents a yard.

GLASS WARE.

Special Item for This Week. See Special Counter.

Etched Tankard Pitchers, 3 quarts size, only 69c each.

Fancy colored Bon Bon Dishes, only 10c each.

Imitation Cut Glass Butter Dishes at 10c each.

Imitation Cut Glass, 4-piece table set (creamer, sugar, butter and spoon) 35c set.

Imitation Cut Glass Salts and Peppers, sterling silver tops, 15c, each.

Imitation Cut Glass Vinegar Jugs, only 10c.

CANDY DEPT.

If you want some Candy cheap (not cheap Candy), come to our Ribbon Dept. and get it at your own price (so to speak). We must close it out this week.

PETTICOATS FOR LADIES.

Having to move these goods this week we will at this time call your attention to a few specials to induce you to find the new location.

Just in. A few dozens of fancy Colored Skirts, in plaid effects, 49 cents each.

The new Metallic Rubber Effect circle flounce skirts, just as good as the $3.00 ones for service, $1.98.

A special lot Black Satine and fancy stripe skirts to go at 79 cents.

SOROSIS SHOES FOR WOMEN, $3.50. NEW IDEA PAPER PATTERNS, All Kinds, All Sizes, 10C.

ANOTHER VICTORY

The Burkes Scored Just in Time.

WEST FITCHBURG TEAM WAS BEATEN

High School Team Won in Lawrence.

The West Fitchburg basket ball team went down in defeat before the Burkes in Associate Hall Saturday night.

The game was the fastest and at the same time the roughest witnessed here this season. It took the Burkes some time to "size up" the game of their opponents and when the locals saw it was a case of "roughing" with the visitors, they went right in to win.

The visitors are a strong team and are credited with a victory over the strong Hudson team.

Their only scoring in Saturday night's game was in the first half minute of play when they threw a goal. The Burkes scored two goals in the second half. Kelleher played a brilliant game and figured in all the scoring. The first goal was thrown after he had carried the ball the entire length of the hall, tossing it to "Pete" Regan who was in waiting for it and dropped it into the basket. The second goal was a dandy for Kelleher. He again took the ball down the side of the hall and with the score a tie and only ten seconds left in which to score, he threw a basket and brought victory to the Burkes. Regan, Neville and Tierney played their usual game.

O'Neil took a rest as his arm is not yet in such a condition as to permit of his playing. Healey took his place and at times played a cleverer game. He is able to play and should jump into the game with the spirit and dash that characterize the play of the others. If he does that he will hold up his end all right.

The visitors played a good, fast game and the two teams are very evenly matched and will play a grand game whenever they meet. The summary:

Burkes.	Y.M.C.U.
Reagan, lf	rg, Sullivan
Tierney, capt. rf	lg, Godley
Healey, c	c, Harper
Kelleher, rg	lf, Orr
Neville, lg	rf Looney capt.
Rooney, sub	sub, Burns

Score—Burkes, 4; Y.M.C.U., 2. Baskets scored from floor, Godley, Reagan, Kelleher. Umpire and referee—J. McCarty. Timekeepers—Coughlin and Hayes. Time of game—Two 20-minute halves.

The Burkes second team and the Y.M.C.A. second team will play in Associate hall Thursday night.

The Mathews and the High Schools will play in Associate Hall Saturday night.

Playing a team of A1 basket ball players and a referee is no easy task to perform but according to all accounts from the rooters of the Lowell High school who accompanied that team to Lawrence Saturday night to play the High's of the down river city. that is what the Lowell boys did and they won, though not without a great effort to which the local team was inspired by Capt. Bob White. In the first half the Lawrence team was a puzzle to their opponents scoring six points to one by the latter. In the second however, the game was played in its entirety by the Lowells who met the rushes and passing of the locals with surpassing quickness and science. The code of signals of the Lowells worked like a charm and the result was that 12 points and a victory were scored in this half by the team from this city. The summary:

Lowell High.	Lawrence High.
Loughlin, lf	rg, Buchold, Taylor
Pierson, rf	lg, C. E. Morrison (capt.)
Crowe, c	c, Brewster
(Capt.) White, lg	rf Bedell
Willnsky, rg	lf, Townsend

Score—Lowell High, 13. Lawrence High 10. Goals—Scored by Willnsky 2, Pierson 2, Loughlin, Townsend 2, Brewster, Bedell. Points on fouls—Scored by Pierson 3 Townsend 2. Referees—F. P. Shaw (Lowell), Fox (Lawrence). Timekeepers—Clifton Hedrick (Lowell), Hescott (Lawrence). Time—20 minute halves.

CRISP GOSSIP.

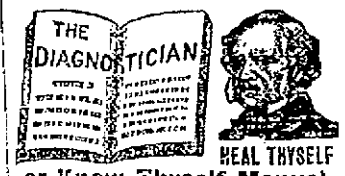
Easter Sunday will be two weeks from Sunday next.

An elderly man created lots of fun for a number of people on Merrimack Square yesterday, although he did not enjoy the joke at all. He slipped and in trying to save himself opened wide his mouth. It was just his luck that his false teeth should drop out and be broken.

Public funerals are expensive. The cost of the funeral of the late Nelson Dingley, whose body was conveyed to his home up in Lewiston, Me., was about $4500. The special train provided for the delegation appointed to represent the both houses cost nearly $3500. The singers at the funeral each got $60 for their services. The undertaker knowing that the entire bill was to be paid from the federal treasury sent in a bill of $500. Other charges, equally exhorbitant, are noted, but the matter of expense is not the only objectionable feature of the affair. People might not be inclined to find fault if these funeral parties, in honor of distinguished legislators, were conducted decently and in order, but when it is known that the government is required to pay for liquors to keep the congressional delegates in good spirits on these junkets, there is occasion for emphatic protest. It is said that "out of respect for the dead statesman's total abstinence ideas." Congressman Boutelle managed to keep the Dingley funeral train free from liquid refreshments as far as Portsmouth in New Hampshire but when that city was reached a large purchase of whiskey and champagne was made "by direction of a prominent statesman."

An unusually large number of empty tenements are noticed about the Southern section of the city.

A bill has been reported to the legislature in behalf of the committee on taxation which imposes a tax on legacies, successions and certain other transfers. It is a very important bill, and goes even further than the bill of last year, which was referred to the general court. This bill provides that a tax on its clear market value shall be imposed on legacies of real and personal property not exceeding $50,000 of one per cent., exceeding $50,000 to $100,000 of two per cent, exceeding $100,000 to $500,000 of three per cent, exceeding $500,000 to $1,000,000 four per cent., exceeding $1,000,000 to $5,000,000, six per cent., exceeding $5,000,000 to $10,000,000.



HEAL THYSELF or Know Thyself Manual.

A 72-page pamphlet by a Humanitarian and eminent medical author.

This is a unique Vade Mecum of Medical Science for MEN ONLY, whether married, unmarried, or about to marry; young, middle-aged or old. Price 5 cents by mail, in sealed envelope. Sent free for 60 days. Address The Peabody Medical Institute, No. 4 Bulfinch St., Boston, Mass. Chief Consulting Physician, graduate of Harvard Medical College, class 1861, Ex-Surgeon 5th Mass. Reg. Vols.; the most eminent specialist in ALWAYS CURES America who Where Others Fail. Consultation in person or by letter, from 9 to 6. Sundays 10 to 1.

The fame of the Peabody Medical Institute for titanic has attained and subjected it to a test which only a tried colossal institution could undergo.—Boston Journal.

The Peabody Medical Institute has many imitators, but no rivals.—Boston Herald.

Weak Men Made Vigorous

What PEFFER'S NERVIGOR Did!

It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young man regain lost manhood; old men recover youthful vigor. Absolutely Guaranteed to Cure Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power either sex, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excesses and indiscretion. Wards of insanity and consumption. Don't let druggist impose a worthless substitute because it yields a greater profit. Insist on having PEFFER'S NERVIGOR, or send for it. Can be carried in vest pocket. Prepaid, plain wrapper, $1 per box, or 6 for $5, with A Written Guarantee to Cure or Refund Money. Pamphlet free. Sold by PEFFER CHEMICAL ASSN'Y, Chicago, Ill.

Sold by Ellingwood & Co., cor. Central and Merrimack Sts.

Cook, Taylor & Co.

CENTRAL STREET.

We bought last week from a prominent New York Importing House at less than auction prices 10,000 yards of Black Satin Duchesse. They are all silk, extra fine quality and have an elegant lustre. They come 22, 24 and 27 inches wide, and are worth 89c, $1 and $1.25 yard, but we shall offer them today and while they last at but 49c, 59c, and 69c a yard.

This is by far the greatest satin bargain ever offered in Lowell.

Black Dress Goods.

Today we open up our New Spring line of Black Dress Goods, comprising all the latest novelties, striped effects, Mohairs, Brilliantines and other popular weaves in all grades, qualities and prices.

SPECIAL.—10 pieces black silk Mohair Crepon, handsome goods with a rich lustre, regular $1.75 and $2 quality at $1.25 and $1.50 a yard.

eight per cent exceeding $10,000,000, ten per cent. The tax is to be distributed among the cities and towns according to population and applied first to the payment of existing debts the residue for ordinary purposes.

I think my friend, the redoubtable John L. Sullivan, is in training for a diplomatic career. Certainly he seems to have ideas that should recommend him to the people at Washington. When asked his opinion the other day regarding the Filipinos, the robust John robustly replied: "We'll always have trouble with that bunch of heathens. I hear they are cannibals and if they catch a white man they boil him and eat him. Will America stand for that? This Aguinaldo is nothing but a fresh kind of citizens? Not in a thousand. Kill and he's making a monkey of himself and the rest of the Filipinos. The way to make peace in the Islands is to exterminate the whole push." I shall be pleased to give John L. a letter of introduction to General Otis at any time if he thinks it would help him.

A judicial decision on the hotel sandwich is said in Lowell to be a long felt want. In Lawrence the sandwich has been adjudged a delusion and a snare.

BLAISDELL WAS DEFAULTED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BOSTON, March 13.—The Suffolk county grand jury reported Saturday in the Superior criminal court for the March sitting. There were fifty true bills and twenty no bills, both lists being unusually large. Among the true bills appears the names of Robert Scott, charged with manslaughter in causing the death of a seaman by throwing him down the hold of a vessel in Charlestown.

An indictment was returned against H. F. Blaisdell, president of the saddlery firm of Charles Atkinson, which did business for a time in this city, for receiving stolen money. Charles Atkinson, the treasurer of the concern, was convicted some time ago upon an indictment in which he was charged with embezzlement in 11 counts and was sentenced for the offence. It was further claimed that he did not receive all the benefit from the transaction and it was this fact that led to the arrest of Blaisdell.

When Blaisdell was called for he failed to respond and was defaulted. He was out on $4000 bail.

Uniformity is essential in all medicinal articles, and never more so than in liquors. Therein is the superiority of the G. O. Taylor Old Bourbon and Pure Rye Whiskey. Ask your physician to test it. C. H. Graves & Sons, sole proprietors, Boston, Mass. Never sold in bulk; always in sealed bottles.

DRAWING PENCILS

MUSIC HALL

W. H. BOODY, Manager.

4 days commencing Sunday, March 12. Sunday, Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday. Daily Matinees at 2.30 p. m.

The world famous Moving Pictures

American Biograph

As shown at Keith's, Boston. Including those marvelous pictures of His Holiness, Pope Leo XIII. Benefit Pawtucketville new Catholic Church Fund. Prices 10 and 20 cents; no higher.

3 nights and 1 matinee, commencing Thursday matinee, March 16. JEROME'S

Black Crook Extravaganza

Headed by MINNIE CLINE.

Seats now on sale.

POLICE NOTICE.

Office of the Board of Police.

Lowell, Mass., March 11, 1899.

Notice is hereby given to all licensed expressmen, job wagon men, hack and coupe drivers, and fish peddlers, that their licenses will expire March 31, 1899. If these persons desire to obtain licenses for any of these businesses for the year 1899-1900, they must make application at this office not later than March 24, 1899.

By order of the

BOARD OF POLICE.

Joseph Smith, Clerk.

NEW SPRING GOODS

Consider yourself personally invited to spend as much time as you like in examining our goods, even if you never buy a cents worth. The store is a store; yet it is also an exhibition.

LOUIS ALEXANDER,

Formerly of Fifth Avenue, New York,

IMPORTER AND TAILOR,

65 CENTRAL STREET.

PAUL O. KABLE, Assistant.

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The Sun reaches the homes of more readers than any two papers in Lowell. It has the support and confidence of the great mass of the people. It is therefore the best medium for advertisers to use in reaching the people who spend money in Lowell.

THE LOWELL SUN

THE PEOPLE'S PAPER.
No corporation, stock company, syndicate, bank, or combine of any kind owns or controls The Sun or dictates its policy. It is the only paper in Lowell owned and conducted by one man and he has dedicated it to the cause of the people forever.

22ND YEAR | LOWELL, MASS., MONDAY, MARCH 13, 1899. | 8 PAGES 1 CENT

SHARP BATTLE

NIGHT EDITION

SIX O'CLOCK.

PASIG IS CAPTURED

City Taken by Gen. Wheaton's Brigade.

After a Hot Battle in Which the Enemy Was Driven Back With Severe Loss—The Resistance Was Desultory and Chiefly From Bands of Men Hidden in the Jungles—This is the First Step Towards Final Defeat of Rebels.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

MANILA, March 13.—11.55 a. m.—At daylight tonight, Brigadier-General Lloyd Wheaton's divisional brigade, consisting of the 20th United States infantry, the 22nd Infantry, eight companies of the Washington volunteers, seven companies of the Oregon volunteers, three troops of the 4th United States cavalry and mounted battery of the 6th artillery, was drawn up on a ridge behind San Pedro Macati, a mile south of the town.

The advance was sounded at 6.30 a. m., the cavalry leading the column, at a smart trot, across the open to the right, eventually reaching a clump commanding the rear of Guadalupe.

Supported by the Oregons the advance force opened a heavy fire on the rebels. The response was feeble and desultory apparently coming from handfuls of men in every covert.

While the right column was swinging towards the town of Pasig the left advanced pouring volleys into the bush.

A small body of rebels made a determined stand at Guadalupe church but the enemy was unable to withstand the assault.

At 7.30 a. m., a river gunboat started towards Pasig. The rebels were first encountered by this vessel in the jungle near Guadalupe.

Steaming slowly, the gunboat poured a terrific fire from her gatling guns into the brush. For all of an hour the whirring of the rapid fire guns alternated with the booming of the heavier pieces on board.

In the meantime, Scott's battery ashore, was shelling the trenches and driving the enemy back. The artillery then advanced to the ridge of bamboo and drove a few of the enemys' sharpshooters away with volleys from their carbines. The artillery then advanced and met with little opposition.

In the meantime the infantry had been sent forward to extend the order, the Washington regiment resting on the bank of the river, each regiment deploying on reaching its station and furnishing its own supports.

The entire column then wheeled towards the river driving the enemy towards its supports and then advanced on Guadalupe. The artillery moved to a ridge commanding Pasig and Parteros.

By this time the enemy was in full flight along a line over a mile long and the firing was continued temporarily in order to give the troops a rest before making the attack on Pasig.

The enemy's loss was believed to be severe, but only eight Americans were wounded.

At this stage of the engagement it was raining heavily.

SOME CASUALTIES.
By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW YORK, March 13.—A special to this city from Manila gives the following list of casualties: Killed: James S. Kine, private, 20th Kansas; wounded: Privates L. F. Alger, Thomas Miller, Charles Davis, 20th U. S. Infantry; Corporal Charles Easley, 22d Infantry.

After a short rest General Wheaton resumed the attack on Pasig.

Scott's battery, supported by two companies of the 20th regiment, advanced on Guadalupe by the road along the river bank, the remainder of the 20th regiment and 22nd regiment following with the reserve of the Oregon volunteers.

At 11.30 a. m., the column came in contact with the enemy and a gunboat steamed to the firing line and cleared the jungles on both sides while the battery took up a position on a bluff at the right. The first shot from the American field pieces, at 1200 yards range, dislodged a gun of the enemy at Pasig.

After the town had been shelled, the 20th regiment filed up on the bluff, and the 22nd took up a position on the left of the place with the cavalry in the centre, whereupon the enemy retreated to the town.

The gunboat then moved into a bend opposite and a hot fire on the rebel position was maintained along the whole American line until 2.30 p. m., when preparations were made for the attack.

At 3 p. m., our gunboat started in pursuit of the enemy's armed tug, chasing her to the lake.

At 3.30 p. m., a large body of the enemy was discovered working around our right flank and the 20th regiment was moved to a commanding ridge. The rebels were met opposite Pateros, but the enemy halted.

The whole American line bivouacked at five o'clock.

About 700 rebels were reported to be marching northwards a few miles to the southwest.

SAMPSON'S REQUEST

He Asks That Officers be Promoted

And That His Name be Removed From the List in Order That There May be No Opposition to it.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WASHINGTON, March 13.—Secretary Long has received a letter from Rear Admiral Sampson in which the admiral after referring to the allegations that the list of officers recommended for promotion for gallantry off Santiago had failed of confirmation because it included his name, asked the secretary to immediately re-appoint these officers, omitting his own name. The text of Rear Admiral Sampson's letter is as follows:

United States flagship New York,
Havana Cuba, March 9, 1899.

Sir: I respectfully ask your attention to the facts contained in this letter and that it may be officially filed as part of my record in the United States navy.

When the late war was threatening I was placed in command of the North Atlantic fleet and after the declaration of war was appointed by the president a rear admiral and confirmed in my command. This duty and responsibility came to me entirely unsought nor had I any special wish for it though recognizing the great honor then conferred upon me. My sole aim was to achieve success, to blockade Cuba, to destroy Cervera's fleet and to maintain an efficient war fleet. It is not necessary to dwell upon the incidents of the war which are now well known. Based upon these incidents certain officers distinguished for faithful service were named by me in the exercise of my natural duty as commander-in-chief for promotion or such other rewards as you, sir, might deem desirable. These names you have been pleased to nominate to the United States senate for promotion and you have done me the honor to add my name to that list of officers.

It now appears that the senate, although well disposed to most of the names on that list has for reasons not necessary to be here discussed, objected to my petition and has similarly failed to confirm the deserving officers about whose merits there has been no doubt or discussion. Hitherto, Mr. President, undisturbed by any eager desire for advancement, or any other form of reward for doing my duty, I have not specially concerned myself with matters outside of that duty. I have felt that I have done my duty in the conduct of the West Indian naval campaign in the utmost extent of my ability, as thoroughly as I was able, and if no reward should come, I could be satisfied with the consciousness of having done my best. I did not, however, anticipate that dissatisfaction with any act or acts of mine would cause the senate to withhold from other officers a promotion which they have well deserved and which has been promptly granted in similar circumstances to others. Therefore, I respectfully suggest, Mr. President, that your appointment of these officers about whom there is no discussion, should at once be renewed, in order that they may thus secure their promotions under the personnel bill to which they are entitled and without creating confusion.

Very respectfully,
W. T. SAMPSON.

To the President of the United States of America, through the Secretary of the Navy.

STATE CONTROL

Of the Telegraph Companies is Favored.

HEARING ON THE MATTER TODAY.

Other Petitions Were Also Heard.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BOSTON, March 13.—The hearings at the State House this forenoon while not numerous were nearly all of general importance and very well attended.

The committee on Mercantile affairs heard the closing arguments on the bill introduced by Col. Whipple of Brockton, which provided for state supervision of charges and service of telegraph companies. Col. Whipple spoke at some length in support of his bill as did George Albree of Swampscott. Arthur Lord of Plymouth, counsel for the Western Union Telegraph company, appeared in opposition. He pointed out that with the exception of the two gentlemen who had already spoken no one had appeared in support of the measure. No municipality nor board of trade had been represented, he said, and absence of demand showed the absence of necessity.

The committee on prisons heard the remonstrants against the control of prisons by a state board. The principal remonstrant was District Attorney Harris of Plymouth.

The committee on agriculture took up the bill introduced by Mr. Tirrell of Braintree which provides that milk inspectors may go outside of their own town. Representative Brigham of Marlboro appeared as a remonstrant against the bill.

The committee on drainage took up the petition of the town of Middleboro which asks that it may construct a sewer system. Charles Grinell and Elliot A. Jones of that town spoke of the need of a sewer system in Middleboro and urged the committee to report favorably on the petition.

Former Senator Bennett of Lynn appeared before the committee on roads and bridges and made the closing argument in favor of the broad tire bill; the committee on probate and insolvency heard remonstrants against granting one day of rest in seven to employes of transportation companies; the committee on metropolitan affairs listened to a number of gentlemen who spoke in favor of the government of the metropolitan park system by legislative body.

SOLDIERS' BODIES

WILL BE FORWARDED DIRECTLY TO THIS CITY.

Mayor Crowley this afternoon received a letter from the quartermaster general's office, stating that the bodies of Lowell's four soldiers to be brought home will be shipped directly to Lowell from New York and it will not be necessary therefore, to have a representative in New York to meet the government transport.

WATER BOARD MEETING.

The Water Board held a meeting this afternoon and re-elected Frank L. Weaver president and Robert J. Thomas superintendent. Fred A. Barron was elected inspector receiving three votes to one for Chas. E. Dickson.

BROTHER OF LOWELL MAN.
By Associated Press to The Sun.

George E. Burtt, aged 59 years, died Friday night at his home in Nashua. He was a brother of Charles H. Burtt, a well known Lowell architect. The funeral took place this afternoon, among those attending being Lowell relatives of the deceased.

LIBRARIAN PUTNAM.
By Associated Press to The Sun.

WASHINGTON, March 13.—The president has appointed Herbert Putnam of Boston, Mass., to be librarian of congress.

LAWLESS ACTS

Committed by a Gang at Black Rock

WHO FIRED ON PATROL MEN.

No One Injured by the Shooting.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BLOCK ISLAND, R. I., March 13.—Several acts of lawlessness have been committed on the north end of the island during the past few days and the residents are greatly alarmed. It was learned this morning that two patrolmen of the new life saving station at Sandy Point were fired on from ambush by some one unknown. The men were on their beat at the time and were obliged to leave their routes and return to the station. No one was injured by the shooting. Several depredations have been committed and life has become so unbearable at the station that the women have tendered their resignations. The windows in an unoccupied house owned by Fred Littlefield have been demolished by unknown persons. It is thought the acts of lawlessness are committed by people who desire the resignation of several members of the life saving crew so that others can obtain the positions.

LIST GIVEN OUT

Of the New Second Lieutenants of Army.

123 NAMES ARE ON THE LIST

As Provided by Army Reorganization Bill.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WASHINGTON, March 13.—The list of second lieutenants appointed under the army reorganization bill was made public this afternoon. There are 123 in the list. Some of them are as follows:

James Kelly Pearsons, first lieutenant Company L, Third Alabama Volunteer Infantry.

Nathaniel R. Chambliss, now first lieutenant, Third Alabama Volunteer Infantry.

Milton Artelis Elliott, sergeant and second lieutenant, First Arkansas Volunteer Infantry.

Joseph Whitehead, private and corporal, First Arkansas Volunteer Corps.

Milville Wilkinson.

Howard Stanbery Avery, now corporal 11th United States Infantry at Manila.

Dan Tyler Moore, second lieutenant, Third Connecticut Volunteers.

Philip H. Bailey of Connecticut.

William S. Bradford.

Wm. D. Pasco, first lieutenant Third U. S. V.

Engineers at Cienfugos: Graham T. Johnson, graduate Military College.

Charles Dubugnon of Georgia.

Albert Brunzell, private First Idaho Volunteers.

Chark Mills Carr, graduate military college.

John R. Thomas, first lieutenant in First U. S. V. cavalry (Rough Riders.)

Charles E. Hay, private Fifth Illinois Volunteers.

Edward F. Schneider, first lieutenant, Third Illinois Volunteers.

Parker C. Hill of Indiana.

George A. Lardner, private 157th Indiana Volunteers.

Abraham H. Lear, private 160th Indiana.

Henry C. Haynes of Iowa.

Frank H. Martin, second lieutenant Second U. S. V. Engineers.

ADDICKS' GAINS

Three Democrats Went Over to Him.

GREAT EXCITEMENT ATTENDS BALLOTING.

Addicks Needs Five More Votes.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

DOVER, Dele., March 13.—Intense excitement attended the meeting of the Delaware legislature, on this, the last day of the session, and the last opportunity to elect a United States senator to succeed Hon. George Gray. During the morning there was much interest over a reported combination between democratic and regular republicans to elect Levi G. Hurd of Wilmington regular republican. Democrats, however, were afraid that any attempt on their part to interfere in the republican factional fight might induce some democrats to vote for J. Edward Addicks and thus secure his election. The democrats did not hold a conference. The union republican members conferred and agreed to stand by Addicks to the end.

The regular republicans decided to support Col. Henry A. Dupont, ex-senator Anthony Higgins and the Rev. Jonathan S. Willis alternately. The 100th ballot for United States senator was taken by the joint assembly this afternoon. It resulted:

J. Edward Addicks (Union Rep.) 20; Willard Saulsbury (Dem.) 12; Anthony Higgins (Reg. Rep.) 10; George Gray (Dem.) 6; Col. H. A. Dupont (Reg. Rep.) 1; John Biggs (Dem.) 1; Absent, 1; total vote, 50; necessary to a choice, 26. No election.

Two democrats, Senator Farlow and Representative King of Sussex, voted for Addicks on this ballot.

On the next ballot, Representative J. R. Clark (Dem.) also voted for Addicks, making his vote 21. A motion to separate was defeated by 37 to 13.

The 102d, 103d and 104th ballots resulted: Addicks 21, Gray 8, Dupont 8, Saulsbury 7, Higgins 3, Biggs, 3; no election.

On the 105th ballot, Gray received 16 votes. The ballot resulted: Addicks 21, Gray 16, Willis 5, Higgins 5, Saulsbury 2, Dupont 1; no election.

After each ballot motions to separate were made, but were lost by a vote of 32 to 18.

On the 106th, 107th and 108th ballots, Addicks was still in the lead with 21 votes, but lacking five of the number necessary to elect. The other votes were scattered.

Ex-Congressmen Handy and Causey democrats attempted to remonstrate with Representatives Clark and King for voting for Addicks, but were rebuffed.

TONS OF TOBACCO BURNED.
By Associated Press to The Sun.

SUFFIELD, Conn., March 13.—The dwelling houses and two large barns of the farm of I. H. Phelon and son, located two miles from the Centre, were totally destroyed by fire at 10.30 a. m. today. Thirty tons of tobacco, one hundred tons of hay, $500 worth of fertilizer, all utensils and the household goods were consumed. The loss will reach a total of $30,000 with insurance of about $10,000.

The origin of the fire is not known.

LEGISLATIVE REPORTS.
By Associated Press to The Sun.

BOSTON, March 13.—In the house today the committee on metropolitan affairs reported a bill for building a bridge over Mystic river. This bridge is to be known as the Malden bridge, will cost $200,000 and will be built at the expense of the city of Boston.

The committee on election laws reported against the bill for allowing a half holiday on state election days, and the committee on liquor laws took similar action on the bill relative to the objection of certain powers of real estate on the matter of granting licenses.

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Is Evident from Every FIRST CLASS CONSTRUCTION, whether BUILDings, BRIDGES, BATTLESHIPS OR

STEEL RANGES

Steel radiates quickly, giving you immediate and full benefit of fire, and saving at least 25 per cent. in fuel. Requires no blacking. Always retains its lustre.

Like a locomotive jacket, always exposed. It looks well and wears better. For sale only at O'Neir & Co's.

Price from $30 to $200. CASH OR CREDIT. THE PEOPLE'S FAVORITE FURNITURE STORE.

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James F. O'Donnell,
UNDERTAKER.
Telephone at Residence, Office, Stables.
MARKET ST. COR. WORTHEN.

MONEY DEPOSITED
On or before Monday, April 3, in the Savings Department of the
TRADERS' NATIONAL BANK.
will draw interest from April 1, at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum Compounded Semi-Annually.
£ FOREIGN DRAFTS At Market Rates
Middlesex St., Cor. Post Office avenue.
Bank Hours { Daily, 8. a. m. to 4 p. m. / Saturdays { 8 a. m. to 1 p. m. / 7 to 9 p. m.
UNITED STATES DEPOSITARY.
Agents for sale of U. S. Revenue Stamps.

A 25c. WINDOW. See the line of goods ware we are offering for 25 cents this week, consisting of tea and coffee pots, sauce pans, stew kettles, etc. O'Brien Bros., Tea Dealers, 167 Central street. Telephone. Sign of the Gold T.

Putnam & Son

Our Hat Stock

is complete—all of the new shapes of Derbys and Fedoras are here—not one missing.

Fine Fur Fedoras,
in pearl, brown and black, handsomely trimmed, sold elsewhere at $1.00.
We supply you at 54 cents.

Ten Cases Just in
Fur Derbys.
in black and brown, new and stylish shapes, well trimmed, sold at other houses for $1.00,
We supply you at 69 cents.

Fur Pearl Fedoras,
with wide white silk band and binding, sold at other houses for $1.25.
We supply you at 89 cents.

The Dunlap Block,
in the new and fashionable maple, brown trimming, sold at other houses for $2.25.
We supply you at $1.67.

Self Conforming Derbys,
all of the new shapes, in black and brown, elegantly trimmed, fully warranted, sold by other houses at $2.50 and $3.00,
We supply you at $1.93.

PUTNAM & SON

166 Central Street.

THE SUN LATEST!

5 O'CLOCK

FROM A CHURCH

A Collector Arrested for Stealing Money

WILLIAM A. DOUCETTE PROVED DISHONEST.

Rev. Fr. Barry Put Detectives on His Trail.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BOSTON, March 13.—William Doucette, a per cent collector at St. Cecilia's Catholic church, Back Bay, was arrested by two headquarters detectives during the 10.30 mass yesterday morning. He is now locked up in the Tombs. The charge against him is that of stealing $4,000 at divers times from Rev. Richard F. Barry and the parishioners of the church. The complainant in the case is Fr. Barry.

Doucette is 22 years old and lives at 506 Massachusetts ave. He is an adopted son of Mrs. Summers, who lives at that address. He is a salesman for a downtown firm and is an intelligent looking fellow. Heretofore he has had an excellent reputation. His arrest caused considerable surprise among the parishioners of the church and social circles where he has been very well known and highly esteemed.

He is said to be engaged to a daughter of a well-known member of the church and was to have been married in a short time.

Detectives caught him by marked bills. A great falling off in the receipts of the church caused the pastor to suspect him and the theft was easily traced to him.

BIG FIRE

DESTROYED HALF A BLOCK AT PORT DAWSON.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

SEATTLE, Wash., March 13.—Half a block of Port Dawson, Alaska, was destroyed by fire on February 13, the loss aggregating $50,000. The fire started in Rogers' bunk house, spread to Fish & Co.'s store and then continued south to the other buildings which were as dry as tinder. The flames were checked just before reaching Kelly & Co.'s store. A quantity of merchandise was stolen from the burned buildings. The business houses burned and their estimated losses were as follows: Fish & Co., general merchandise, $20,000; Rogers' bunk house, $2,500; Dr. Benson, a dentist, $3,500; Pullman restaurant, $5,000; Aliner Bros., groceries, $10,000; Schwartz and Rodleman, general merchandise, $5,000.

MILL AFIRE

BIG CONFLAGRATION AT SALISBURY, MD., THIS MORNING.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

SALISBURY, Md., March 13.—At 4 o'clock this morning fire broke out in Jackson's mill. The flames spread rapidly aided by a high wind which scattered the sparks in every direction and increased the violence of the flames. The fire department worked heroically but the flames got beyond their control and help was asked from Wilmington. The mill and the big lumber yard are now a glowing mass of fire. The flames spread to adjoining property and there was great apprehension that the entire lower part of the town would be destroyed.

CAVITE WOMEN

WANT TO TAKE PLACES OF MEN AND FIGHT.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

TACOMA, Wash., March 13.—Oriental papers brought by the steamer Victoria contain the following extract from the Republica Filipino, the insurgents' paper:

"Splendid demonstrations of the Cavite women, without distinction of class or age, unanimously requested with enthusiasm to be permitted to take the place of men if the men perish in the struggle against the Americans for the defence of the independence of the Philippines. They say that irrespective of the weakness of their sex, the love of their country will make them strong and will animate them to keep combat against the Americans." A telegram published in the Republica says that a letter has been found in Railway offering $5000 reward for the assassination of Aguinaldo.

WAGES RESTORED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

MANCHESTER, N. H., March 13.—The Manchester mills have raised price for weaving in No. 1 mill 10 per cent to take effect April 3, and all reduction in wages that went in to effect in January, 1898, will be restored.

THE GIRLS' DANCE.

The officers of the Girls' Battalion of the Lowell High School will hold their party April 6 at the Highland Club hall. The officers are: General manager, Miss Edith S. Richardson; assistant, Miss Martini McMahon; floor director, Miss Anna G. Fels; chief aid, Miss Raymah Robinson.

LOWELL SOLDIER HOME.

Clarence B. Livingstone, a graduate of the high school, class of '96, returned from Porto Rico Saturday after a continuous service since August 29 in the United States hospital corps.

He expressed himself as being unfavorably impressed with the customs of the Island's inhabitants but says that the spirit of bustle characteristic of the American is becoming evident in the native population.

PETITION REFUSED.

The petition of the school teachers of Lowell for a reduction of fares in teachers schools during the day on the Lowell and Suburban road has been refused.

CONDUCTOR KILLED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW YORK, March 13—Samuel Hudmill, a conductor of the Blue Line express, east bound from Philadelphia on the Central railroad of New Jersey, was knocked from the platform of a car and killed at Bayonne, N. J. Several cars passed over him.

STRIKE SETTLED

Compromise in the Quincy Trouble.

THE STRIKERS HAVE WON A VICTORY.

Cutters to Resume Work Tomorrow at Latest.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

QUINCY, Mass., March 13—The granite strike of 1899 has passed into history. At dawn this morning the final articles in the bill of prices were settled and the strike was declared off.

Throughout the night, the two committees had been wrestling with the various items in the bills submitted by the association and the union. The vital point, the minimum price per hour to be paid, was discussed for hours without any apparent hope for settlement. The men held to 30 cents and the manufacturers were willing to concede 27 1-2. For a long time both sides were obstinate, and more than once an adjournment was attempted, only to be voted down. Finally, at 3.40 in the morning, the men presented a proposition of 28 cents, and it was agreed to by the manufacturers.

Immediately a great cheer went up from both sides, and the members of the two committees vied with each other in making noise. This manifestation of joy relieved the great strain to which the men had been subjected all night, and they yelled and clapped their hands to the point of satiety.

While neither side is claiming a victory, it is conceded that the men have the best of the bargain.

ST. PATRICK'S DAY

HOW IT WILL BE CELEBRATED IN LOWELL.

The Cadet band will hold an Ivy Leaf party in Associate hall.

The Boys of '98 will hold forth in Columbia hall.

The Burkes and Mathews will observe the day by socials complimentary to members.

The Irish Benevolents will toast St. Patrick at a banquet table.

Lowell council, Knights of Columbus, will have a smoke talk and Joseph Smith, clerk of the police commission, will give an address.

As for informal observances there will be one at the rooms of all the rest of the local Irish organizations.

Masses will be celebrated and there will be panegyrics on St. Patrick at every Catholic church in the city. At St. Patrick's the service will be the most extensive and the city government has been invited to attend.

The minstrels of the Sacred Heart parish will hold an entertainment at the parochial school hall.

A dancing party managed by the Actin social club will be held in Prescott hall.

POLICE COURT

A LARGE GRIST OF DRUNKS AND SEVERAL SENT TO BRIDGEWATER.

There was an unusually big grist of drunks before Judge Hadley this morning in police court and in the list were many old timers.

One of the latter had been fourteen times before court for drunkenness since 1895 and was today sentenced to the state farm at Bridgewater. Among the other old drunk offenders sent to the same institution were John J. Hart, John Mulvey, John J. Jennings, Wm. B. Eagan and William Hammond. The latter appealed and was ordered in $200 for his appearance before the grand jury.

John Fissmainzs, drunkenness was sentenced to the Massachusetts reformatory.

George Brady, drunk, two months in jail.

The drunks fined $5 were: John Cuff, Frank Hart, Patrick McNamara, Jas. Scullin, Christopher Whalen, and Owen McCaffrey. The latter in addition to the fine of $5 was ordered to give sureties in the sum of $100 to keep the peace for six months.

Patrick J. Ford, drunk, was fined $2.

Mary E. Foss, drunk, was ordered in $100 until Friday next for trial.

Samuel Goodhue, barged with snowballing, had his case continued until the juvenile session of court on Friday.

Six simple drunks were released by court and five fore each fined $1.

Peter J. Labelle was found not guilty of assaulting L. McMahon and was discharged.

Nellie Hammond was adjudged guilty of being a night walker and was sentenced fifteen months at Sherburne.

Frank Cornek, Joseph Christinca, Michael Norak, John Winetrki, Charles Cojer and Andrew Merhask, for being present at a game of cards on the Lord's Day were each fined $2.

Michael F. Casey, for stealing a purse from Mary E. Pelree in the store of A. G. Pollord & Co.'s was sentenced four months in jail.

Joseph Clover, charged with neglect of child, was placed on probation until April 13.

William Hughes, charged with vagrancy, had his case continued until March 14.

Lillian Smith, stubborn child, continued until the juvenile session next Friday.

A. D. C. Ghent, charged with embezzlement from T. H. Kelly, had his case dismissed having settled civil damages.

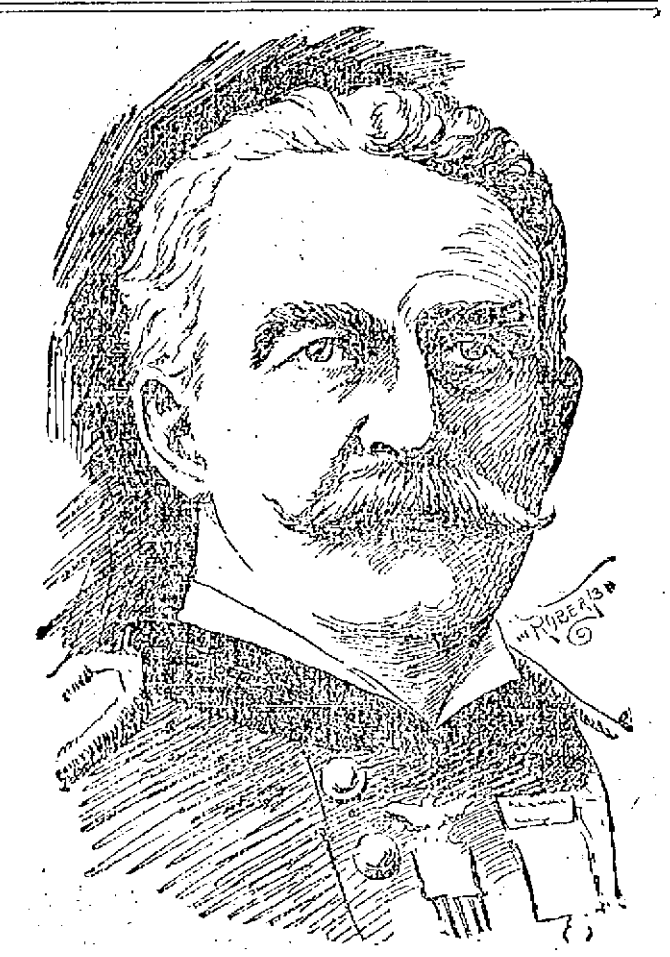
MORTALITY OF YOWELL, FOR WEEK ENDING MARCH 11, 1899.

Population, 88,641; total deaths, 20; deaths under five, 5; acute lung diseases, 5.

Death rate for the week: 17.6 against 26.9 and 15.25 for previous two weeks.

Infectious diseases reported for the week: Scarlet fever, 9; membraneous croup, 1; measels, 25.

G. O. Taylor Whistles relieve throat and lung trouble



GENERAL NELSON A. MILES, Soon to be the Guest of Adjutant General Dalton at Boston.

BEATS THE WORLD

Stupendous Undertaking at South Trinidad.

BIGGEST ROLL LIFT EVER MADE

Millions of Pounds of Steel to be Employed.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BOSTON, March 13.—Among the numerous great engineering undertakings in connection with the south terminal station and its connections is that of building the massive roll lift bridge now under construction across Fort Point channel on the line of the Plymouth division of the consolidated system. After a long and careful study of the location by the railroad officials and numerous consultations with those having an expert knowledge of bridge construction it was decided to apply the roll lift principle to the draw of the span as promising the least delay in the opening and the closing for passing vessels.

Owing to the frequent service over the line of the road and the embarrassment that has resulted through the weakness of the old bridge, it was concluded that the new bridge should be of the utmost stability and of the best possible design as guarantees against the interruption of traffic on this busy division of the system.

The enormous size of the lifts will be appreciated when it is learned that the ends are 163 feet above high water mark when the draw is up. Into their construction will enter 3,150,000 pounds of steel, while the weight of metal on the north side of the channel will be 4,361,000 pounds, largely composed of girders weighing 100,000 pounds each. In the transportation of these massive pieces of steel there will be employed 20 cars, each with a capacity of 80,000 pounds, the equipment being the same as that used in hauling the heaviest ordnance of the United States government. In setting these huge ribs of steel a novel method will be employed. First, they will be raised upon barges, and floated out to the piers and when the tide falls it will be arranged that they will settle into their prospective resting places.

Not the least interesting part of this famous bridge, which will be the largest of its kind in the world is the plan designed for lifting and lowering the draw. In the process counter weights will be an important element, their total weight being 1,700,000 pounds. In the operation electricity will be employed.

The draw proper will be divided into three sections, each section carrying three tracks. This will provide facilities for the operation of all the trains that are likely to be run on this division of the system for the next 100 years.

An important feature of the construction are the six great granite piers that have been built in the channel. These represent 5000 cubic feet of masonry, while in the abutments 2000 cubic feet have been used. Each of the piers is 165 feet long and 34 feet high.

No definite time has been set for the completion of this gigantic span, but it is the opinion of the engineers in charge that it will not be ready for use until some etime next fall.

JULIUS VOGEL DEAD.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

LONDON, March 13.—Sir Julius Vogel the colonial statesman and writer is dead.

PLANTING THE BIBLE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BOSTON, March 13.—Advices have been received here to the effect that the first steps in Porto Rico have been taken by the American Bible society whose agent, Rev. Andrew J. McKitn, has begun the work of planting the bible in the Island.

GEN. MILES.

WILL BE IN BOSTON NEXT WEEK.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BOSTON, March 13.—One week from today Boston will open wide her hospitable doors to the one man whose coming can rival in popular interest the visit of the president of the United States.

The nation's chief executive came in the sombre garb prescribed by tradition for the occupant of the White House, but was surrounded by all the martial pomp and military display to which his high office entitled him.

The chief soldier of the nation will come resplendent in the gold and lace of the general commanding the army of the United States and will be surrounded by throngs of friends and admirers clad in habiliments of peace that will represent the highest circles—social political and professional—of the Bay State, which proudly claims him as her son.

Major-General Nelson A. Miles comes to Boston, not as a private citizen returning "home," but officially and hence to be officially recognized as the "first soldier of the land." The difference is a very decided one.

400 HUNDRED DROWNED

IN THE RECENT HURRICANE OFF THE COAST OF QUEENSLAND.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BRISBANE, Queensland, March 13.—A search steamer which has just returned here from Cooktown on the Endeavor river, this colony, reports that three schooners and eighty luggers were lost and that four hundred colored persons and eleven whites were drowned during the recent hurricane that swept the northeast coast of Queensland.

25TH. ANNIVERSARY

OF FIFTH ST. BAPTIST CHURCH OCCURS THIS WEEK.

The 25th anniversary of the Fifth Street Baptist church will occur on March 17 and religious services appropriate to such an occasion were held yesterday with a large congregation participating, for few churches have enjoyed more continued prosperity than the Fifth Street Baptist. Remarks reminiscent were eloquently made by Rev. T. J. R. House, the first pastor of the flourishing parish whose foundations he so soundly laid. Then Deacons Floyd, Tibbetts, Davis and Leighton who have ever been identified with the success of the parish delivered addresses and the present zealous pastor also spoke.

THE CHURCHES

FIRST TRINITARIAN.

Rev. George F. Kenngott of the First Trinitarian church last night preached a special sermon to the members of Washington Commandery, Golden Cross. The preacher took his text from Luke x, 25-37, the parable of the Good Samaritan.

PIN HOCKEY

GREAT GAME PLAYED BY P. A. A. AND VESPERS.

The third game of a series of pin hockey games by the Providence Athletic association of Providence, R. I., and the Vespers of Lowell played Saturday at Providence resulted in a tie, the score being 35 to 35. The Rhode Island team had won the other two games and the thought of another victory for their opponents spurred the Vespers on when defeat seemed certain, the score when the game was half played being 11 to 0 for Providence. The teams:

P. A. A.	VESPERS.
H. D. Wilson, (capt.)	F. Bean (capt.)
H. H. Udell	Fred Knapp
Dr. P. H. Keefe	Fred H. Grover
Dr. J. F. Lennon	A. D. Butterfield
(Dr. E. W. Carroll)	

Wirth, Timekeeper—James A. Rogers. The officials were: Referee—Philip Scorers—Carl Eschle, C. M. Warner.

Ex-Mayor William F. Courtney was down town today and is looking fine, considering the siege of illness which he has gone through.

A group picture of forty-eight altar boys of St. Patrick's church was taken this morning at a local photographer's. The boys were arrayed in their cassocks and surplices.

HAD THREE WIVES

Jesse Fountain a Travelling Salesman

FOUND TO BE A BASE DECEIVER.

Has Three Wives, All Around Boston.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BOSTON, March 13.—Two pretty women, one the mother of two children, are expected to appear in Cambridge city court today to testify to a charge of alleged bigamy against Jesse W. Fountain, a pleasant-faced, athletic looking commercial traveller, who was arrested in Monson a few days ago and brought from Palmer to Cambridge jail Saturday by Chief Inspector James E. Murray of the Cambridge police force.

The story of Fountain's flight from Cambridge a year ago was told together with the formal complaints made by the two women, both of whom, though they live now in the western part of the state, formerly resided in Boston.

And it was here that the dual married life of Fountain was said to have begun.

Fountain's arrest in Monson last Thursday was a fortunate accident as viewed by the Cambridge police. Fountain has been a drummer latterly for Dunn & Co., soap manufacturers of New Haven, Conn. In this capacity he visited Monson Thursday and at the Boston & Albany station he was seen alighting from a train by James Rogers, a nephew of Gertrude (Rogers) Fountain, who claims to be wife No. 1.

The nephew recognized Fountain instantly and upon his information the arrest took place soon afterward. Then Chief Inspector Murray of Cambridge was notified and hastened to bring the prisoner back to Cambridge.

Chief Murray believes he has an excellent case against the prisoner and the circumstances, he says, make it one of the meanest on record.

DR. DICKINSON DEAD.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

CHICAGO, March 13.—Rev. W. C. Dickinson, D.D., a well known Presbyterian minister, died yesterday at his home in Evanstown.

THOMSON LINER OVERDUE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

MONTREAL, March 13.—The Thomson line steamer Aroma is still "to be heard from" and this is the 45th day she has been out having sailed from Portland, Me., on the afternoon of January 27.

FOUND IN CANAL

BODY OF MRS. JAMES KENNEDY OF LAWRENCE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

LAWRENCE, March 12.—Yesterday morning the body of Mrs. James Kennedy, who disappeared from home last Saturday evening, was found in the North canal. She is believed to have committed suicide. She was 40 years of age. She leaves a widower and five children.

RELATIVES IN LOWELL.

Mrs. Maria Lether, who was recently shot and killed in Lawrence by a man named John Roberts, who claims she was his wife, had friends here in Lowell, where a cousin, Mrs. Burns of Riverside avenue, resides.

MAN KILLED

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NASHUA, March 13.—Frank Baker, aged about 50 years, was struck by the 9.12 a. m. passenger train at Elmwood, Hancock Junction, Saturday, and was almost instantly killed. He was conveyed to the Emergency hospital in this city where he died. It is not known whether the occurrence was an accident or suicide as inquiries of the circumstances made by newspapermen of the engineer and fireman received misleading replies. The victim is a resident of Marlow, N. H.

THE WEATHER.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BOSTON, March 13.—For Boston and vicinity: Generally fair weather tonight; fair Tuesday; colder; northerly winds.

PENSION CHANGES.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WASHINGTON, March 13.—The following pension changes, resulting from the issue of February 28th are announced:

Massachusetts.

Original widows, etc.—Caroline E. Eaton, Taunton, $8; Lucy A. Richards, $6; John Carroll, West Brookfield, $6; James W. Bunce, Groveland, $6.

Increase—John A. Pettsinger, Westfield, $14 to $17.

Weymouth, $8; Rosalie R. Drummett, Cochitate, $12; Maria F. Stetson, Danversport, $8; Anna M. Creaton, Malden, $12.

ADJT GENERAL'S DENIAL.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WASHINGTON, March 11.—It was positively denied in the adjutant general's office today that any dispatch had been received last night from General Otis regarding a conference with General Lawton. It is well understood, however, that General Otis is only awaiting the arrival of the remainder of his reinforcements to inaugurate an active campaign. The war department according to its officials is awaiting with quite as much interest as the public some definite news from the Philippines which will show how General Otis intends to utilize General Lawton and his reinforcements in the campaign against the natives. It has been quite generally understood without official confirmation, however, that General Lawton on his arrival would be assigned to active command of operations in the field, leaving General Otis more time for the administrative duties of military government. The department avers that it has not tied the command military government. The department fast orders and that the only instructions sent him have been in general terms. General Lawton's training in Indian fighting has peculiarly fitted him for his present command.

FOR INDIGESTION TRY SMALL TABLETS All Druggists 10,25,50!

CENSUS OFFICERS

Outline the Policy Governing Their Task.

POLITICAL INFLUENCE WILL NOT COUNT

Unless Applicants for Work are Competent.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WASHINGTON, March 13.—The policy that will govern the task of taking the census of 1900, was outlined in an official statement made Saturday by Director Merriam and Assistant Director Wines. Director Merriam starts for Minnesota this afternoon leaving Assistant Director Wines in charge. On Governor Merriam's return, Dr. Wines will go home to settle his private affairs. The statement of policy in in part as follows:

"As to prospective appointments to office, the services of no more staff officers can be utilized at present and there will be no others selected, certainly within 30 days. Prof. Henry Gannett, the well known geographer of the geological survey who was the political and statistical geographer of the last census, has been asked to take charge of the same work for the coming census and if the geological survey is willing to spare him sufficiently to do so, he will be entrusted with it and given an absolutely free hand. When the schedules come back in July, 1900, there will be a large force of employes appointed. All applications for office will receive consideration and a large number already have been receive and placed on file. While the impression has gone abroad that the census is to be a refuge for incompetency, the truth and the actual facts is that all the applicants will be subject to an examination before appointment which will be as rigid as the examinations before the civil service commission. The political influence will not be sufficient to put an employe on the census pay roll of whose competency to do the work assigned him the director is not satisfied in advance. And furthermore, if any employe is found to be incompetent on trial such employe will be discharged regardless of his or her political backing. After the general administrative officers are selected there must be 300 supervisors appointed and in their selection consultation will be had with senators and representatives in the respective states. It may be announced also that senators and representatives who do not belong to the republican party will receive the same fair treatment and consideration along this line that is given republicans. These supervisors will be appointed by the president and confirmed by the senate. None of these, as not contemplated, is to receive appointments, but the list will be ready for submission to the senate at the opening of the next session. The supervisors in turn will also appoint 40,000 enumerators to do the actual work throughout the country, but the list of appointments must first have the approval of the directors of the census. Assuming the population of the United States at this time to be 80,000,000 people, there must be 400,000 sheets issued for the population schedules alone. Adding to those the other schedules there will have to be in the aggregate not less than half a million such sheets in printed form issued. All this mass of paper will be manufactured and printed without delay.

"The chances are that a system of machine calculating which admits of counting facts in combination and which worked so well in the last census will be adopted for that of 1900. Taking all in all, the complete number of appointments that will be made during the course of the census will be over 15,000.

DEATHS.

QUINN—The many friends of Mrs. Isabella Quinn will be pained to hear of her death which occurred at her late home, 7 Oak street, Saturday afternoon at 4 o'clock, aged 63 years. Deceased is survived by five daughters, Mrs. Rose Gaffney, Mrs. McKiernan, Catherine B., wife of P. J. O'Brien, Sister Veronunda of D'Arville academy, New York, and Miss Mary; also three sons, Lawrence, Peter, and M. J., of the Young Men's Catholic Institute. The deceased was an old resident of Lowell and a devout member of the Immaculate church. She had many virtues, traits of character which endeared her to every body. She passed away peacefully after receiving the rites of her church and surrounded by her family. Funeral Tuesday morning at 9 o'clock from the Immaculate Conception church.

SWEET—Dr. Edward Forrest Sweet of Boston, aged 32 years, son of Dr. O. Preston Sweet, also of that city, died at St. John's hospital Saturday night. He had been ill but a short time, having been taken with an attack of pneumonia Friday night at the Washington Tavern and removed to the hospital. The body was sent to Boston today.

FARR—Samuel Farr, Jr., who died Saturday at his home, 142 Market street aged 26 years, leaves besides a mother, two sisters, Isabella R., of this city and Mrs. Mary Davidson of Amherst, N. H. The deceased was a young man of very bright promise and highly respected in the community. He was a most devoted son and a fond and loving brother. The bereaved relatives have the heartfelt sympathy of numerous friends and relatives in and out of the city. Funeral tomorrow afternoon at 2.30 o'clock. Friends invited.

FARRELL—Mrs. Elizabeth Farrell, aged 41 years, died yesterday morning at her home, 92 Common street. She was the wife of Francis Farrell. Funeral tomorrow morning from St. Patrick's church.

THOMAS Catherine, infant daughter of Patrick and Nellie Thomas, died this morning at her parents home, 413 Adams street.

CORBY—Margaret, daughter of Wm. and Mary Corby died at her parents home, 8 Crosby street, yesterday. She was three years and six months old. The funeral took place this afternoon and burial was in the Catholic cemetery.

MURPHY—Michael Murphy, aged 45 years, died yesterday at his home, 9 Andover street. He was unmarried.

FUNERALS.

FARR—The funeral services of Fabyan J. Farr were held from his late residence, 5 Hazeltine street, yesterday afternoon. Rev. Hibbert J. Lockhart of Chelsea officiated and the bearers were Thomas R. Knight, W. J. Scott, and O. R. Barclay of the Odd Fellows and Mr. J. O. Storm. There was singing by Miss Edna M. Sawtell and Miss Jessie Noyes. A delegation from Mechanics lodge, I. O. O. F., attended and held ritualistic services at the grave. Interment was at the Edson cemetery.

HUNTRESS—The funeral services of Mrs. Julia A. Huntress, wife of Elisha Huntress, took place from her late residence at North Chelmsford yesterday afternoon. Rev. Robert Dunbar officiated and the bearers were F. F. Blodgett, W. Joslin, E. F. Small and J. Simpson. There was singing by Mr. and Mrs. Hubert Bearce, Mrs. Scribner and Mr. Arthur Slater. Interment in the Edson cemetery.

McDERMOTT—The funeral of Mrs. Mary McDermott took place yesterday afternoon from her late home at 29 Wamesit street, and was largely attended, the cortege consisting of about 25 carriages. The remains were taken to St. Peter's church, where services over the body were held by Rev. Edward F. Saunders. There was a large congregation present and singing by the choir was very effective. Solos were rendered at intervals by Misses Louise J. McLaughlin and Lilla Cook and Mr. James E. Donnelly. Burial was in the Catholic cemtery in charge of Undertaker Davey and the bearers were Jas. Higgins, James Sparks, Patrick O'Brien, Thomas Brennan and Thomas Kane.

TURCOTTE—Joseph U. Turcotte, brother of Louis P. Turcotte, died yesterday morning aged 46 years, at 194 Middlesex street, his home. Mr. Turcotte had suffered from a heart trouble more or less for several yeas but his recent illness was brief. He is survived by his wife and a daughter. The funeral will take place Wednesday morning from St. Joseph's church at 9 o'clock.

PASSED GIBRALTAR.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

GIBRALTAR, March 13.—The United States hospital ship Relief from New York on March 3rd, for Manila has arrived here.

MANY PIRES.

CAUSED BY A GANG OF INCENDIARIES IN WILKESBARRE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., March 13—The people residing in the town of Ashley near here are terrorstricken over the work of a gang of incendiaries. On Saturday they set fire to valuable property causing a loss of $20,000 and early this morning they fired the large public school building. The building was entirely destroyed together with two dwellings. Loss, $25,000, insured for $14,000.

THE OLD WAY

Of Treating Dyspepsia and Indigestion by Dieting a Dangerous and Useless One.

We say the old way, but really it is a very common one at the present time and many dyspeptics and physicians as well consider the first step to take in attempting to cure indigestion is to diet either by selecting certain foods and rejecting others or to greatly diminish the quantity usually taken; in other words, the starvation plan is by many supposed to be the first essential.

The almost certain failure of the starvation cure for dyspepsia has been proven time and again, but still the moment dyspepsia makes its appearance, a course of dieting is at once advised.

All this is radically wrong. It is foolish and unscientific to recommend dieting starvation to a man suffering from dyspepsia, because indigestion itself starves every organ and every nerve and every fibre in the body.

What the dyspeptic wants is abundant nutrition, which means plenty of good, wholesome, well cooked food and something to assist the weak stomach to digest it. This is exactly the purpose for which Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are adapted and this is the method by which they cure the worst cases of dyspepsia; in other words the patient eats plenty of wholesome food, and Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets digest it for him. In this way the system is nourished and the overworked stomach rested, because the tablets will digest the food whether the stomach works or not. One of those tablets will digest 3,000 grains of meat or eggs.

Your druggist will tell you that Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets is the purest and safest remedy for stomach troubles and every trial makes one more friend for this excellent preparation. Sold at 50 cents for full sized package at all drug stores.

A little book on stomach diseases mailed free by addressing F. A. Stuart Co., Marshall, Mich.

"No Eye Like the Master's Eye."

You are master of your health, and if you do not attend to duty, the blame is easily located. If your blood is out of order, Hood's Sarsaparilla will purify it.

It is the specific remedy for troubles of the blood, kidneys, bowels or liver.

Kidneys—"My kidneys troubled me, and on advice took Hood's Sarsaparilla which gave prompt relief. Better appetite. My sleep is refreshing. It cured my wife also." MICHAEL BOYLE, 3473 Denny Street, Pittsburg, Pa.

Scrofulous Humor—"I was in terrible condition from the itching and burning of scrofulous humor. Grew worse under treatment of several doctors. Took Hood's Sarsaparilla and Hood's Pills. These cured me thoroughly." J. J. LITTLE, Fulton, N. Y.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Never Disappoints

Hood's Pills cure liver ills; the non irritating and only cathartic to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Why not rent a Piano until you are ready to buy? We rent good Doll, Baus & Stoddart Uprights at $4 to $5 per month, and allow one year's rent toward purchase.

Jacob Doll

216 MERRIMACK STREET, LOWELL, MASS.

CARL D. BURTT, Assistant Teacher in the Lowell High School and Principal of the Evening High School.

THE POLICE ACTIVE

All Sorts of Offenders Taken in.

Officer Healey About to Sit up—The Vaughns Not Yet Bailed—Polish Card Players Pinched—Hotels Visited—"Peeping Tom" in the Highlands.

The condition of Reserve Officer John F. Healey who was so brutally assaulted by burglars a week ago yesterday is so much improved that it is expected that he will be able to sit up for a short time today or tomorrow. His improvement has been particularly rapid for the past three days and it is said an effort will be made to locate the two bullets which are still in his body. The wound in his head required 16 stitches.

The Vaughns are still in jail in default of bail in the sums of $1500 and $600, comparatively small under ordinary circumstances. In the event of getting bail they would be immediately rearrested on a charge of alleged assault on Officer Healey and alleged burglary of Dickinson's and Goodridge's establishments.

The two men were in good spirits when taken to jail Friday, Olie being particularly good natured. George suffered much pain from his injured hand and it is believed suffered internally as the result of recent illness and was therefore in no mood to be jolly. The defendant's counsel notified the jail officials that he did not want the prisoners taken out of jail for the purpose of identification and to allow them to see no one unless in his presence.

The police were kept busy Saturday night and Sunday for, a sure indication of returning prosperity, there were many drunks about. Yesterday they kept about the hotels, going in squads in citizens' clothing and making a thorough search of the premises. A report was started that one place was caught again but no arrests were made.

Officer John B. Crowley on Saturday afternoon arrested Michael F. Casey for alleged pocket-picking, his victim being Mrs. Mary Pierce of No. 9 Sayles street. Mrs. Pierce was shopping in Pollard's when she felt her pocketbook being removed and turning quickly she caught Casey in the act of putting it into his pocket. She accused him of the theft, and he admitted it, at the same time passing the book back to her with the request that she say nothing about it. He was immediately made captive by some of the male clerks and Officer Crowley was notified. To the officer, he said that it was his first offence and that he was tempted to the crime by seeing Mrs. Pierce put the purse in her pocket carelessly as she entered the store from Merrimack street. Mrs. Pierce says she entered from the Palmer street side. When searched, one $10 bill and one $5 bill was found in Casey's pockets and the police records show that he has previously been arrested for larceny.

Supt. Davis has inaugurated a system of photography of thieves and suspicious ones, not only for the purpose of keeping the rogues' gallery in good, up-to-date condition but to assist out-of-town officials in identifying strange criminals. William Fallon who snatched Marie Tremblay's pocketbook has been "mugged" and so has Powell Rea who is now doing 8 months. Rea objected to be photographed for "just going off on a little drunk," but the superintendent knows his business.

Bold sneak thieves were about Saturday and visited a number of down town stores early in the afternoon. Gookin Bros.' establishment on Prescott street was their first visit and while one engaged the attention of the only clerk on the lower floor, the other went into the office and opening the door of the safe found nothing. The same game was played at the stores of O'Neil & Co., the Singer company, Harry Raynes' and G. C. Prince's. At the hardware store of C. E. Adams & Co., in Middlesex street they took $1 from the money drawer. At some of these stores, three men called.

One of them is described as being 30 years old, smooth faced, swarthy complexion and dark hair. The second is said to be about 36 years old, has a rough skin, light complexion and a sandy moustache. An accurate description of the third could not be obtained.

A man named Alfred M. Deghen, was brought by Inspector Donaldson from Fall River on Saturday night, charged with larceny of a mileage book valued at $7. Lawyer D. J. Donahue was notified in advance of the prisoner's arrival and called on him at the jail. The man will be arraigned today.

UnroleI shaDorinforf Fall etaoin

"Dutchey" Decker and another youth who also gave his name as Decker were arrested from The Sun building late on Saturday night on suspicion. By climbing over a transom the boys had got into a back room in the building when discovered by Officer Ryan while on his rounds. They claimed to be there only to "bunk" for the night.

Saturday night Officer Noye arrested Peter J. Labelle, aged 18, for an assault on an unknown person. Labelle is a blacksmith and lives in Pearl street.

A young woman giving the name of Nellie A. Hammond and claiming Nashua, N. H., as her home was arrested Saturday night by Officer Frank Fox, who charges her with being a common night walker.

For some time the people of Little Canada have been greatly annoyed by boys throwing snow balls. Yesterday, Samuel Chovinard, aged 16 years who is said to be one of the chief offenders, was arrested and will be arraigned in the police court this morning on a charge of violating the city ordinances in such cases made and provided.

At 1.25 o'clock Sunday morning Lieut. Palmer, Sergeant Connors and Officer Atkinson raided a house in Williams street and surprised a gaming party of Poles. There were seven in the party and they were caught in the act with cards and money on a table around which they were seated. One of the number made his escape. The names of those who were caught are Frank Cornek, Joseph Christinac, Michael Norak, John Winetrki, Charles Copper and Andrew Meghosk. With the exception of one young man, all were bailed out. He declares that he was merely a spectator and did not know that his presence was a crime against the state. After five of the six captured men had been bailed, papers were made out to bail the sixth man but when the young fellow was taken from his cell to the guard room it was discovered that he was not the man whom the bailer was looking for. Later it developed that the man he was looking for had taken leg bail and the boy was returned to his cell.

Charles D. Oakley of Methuen, tripped and fell on Green street about noon on Saturday receiving a bad gash over his right eye. He was taken to the police station where his wound was dressed.

The police board organ after several apologies reads The Sun and discovers that Inspector Allen was the man who is entitled to special recognition for his good work in the Healey case. Considering its grand opportunities for getting news at the police station which no other paper has, the police board organ is "dead slow."

There is a dangerous character hanging about the Highlands terrorizing women and should he be captured and found guilty a stiff sentence should be given him. He has been seen, it is said peeping into houses on Branch, Coral and Nichols street. In one house a woman is on the verge of nervous prostration as a result of the marauder's visit. On Queen street, the wife of a well known merchant was unpardonably insulted by the villain

Bartholomew Dunn, a Dunstable milkman, reports that he was held up by a lone highwayman while passing a stretch of woods between Tyngsboro and North Chelmsford, Friday morning. Dunn flashed a revolver and the highwayman flew.

FREE TO MEN

Normoney in advance. Weak, stunted, shrunken and feeble portions of the body quickly enlarged and strengthened. Medicines and instrument sent on trial. Medical indorsements. Particulars sent in plain sealed letter. Correspondence confidential.

ERIE MEDICAL CO., BUFFALO, N.Y.

Blood Poison

W. R. NEWMAN, Staunton, Va. says: "I was afflicted with Contagious Blood Poison, and the best doctors did me no good. In fact, I seemed to get worse all the while. I took almost every so-called blood remedy, but they did not reach the disease. At the advice of a friend, I then took S. S. S., and began to improve. I continued the medicine and it cured me completely, and for ten years I have never had a sign of the disease to to return."

S.S.S. For The Blood

(Swift's Specific) is the only remedy which can eradicate Contagious Blood Poison. It is guaranteed *purely vegetable*. Book on self-treatment mailed free by Swift Specific Company, Atlanta, Ga.

PUBLIC SCHOOLS

Received Pupils of St. Patric's School Today

THE ACADEMY CLASS TO ENTER HIGH SCHOOL.

The Other Scholars Are Also Cared For.

The complications arising from the burning of St. Patrick's school were adjusted today when the pupils were provided for in the public schools. Sixteen pupils, as it had been arranged, resumed their studies in the High school while the pupils of the eighth and seventh grades as well as a portion of the scholars of the sixth and fifth class rooms entered the Green and Pawtucketville grammar schools. The other pupils have been instructed to apply to the schools nearest to their homes. Extra teachers have been supplied and in a short time it is expected that things will run smoothly.

Rev. Fr. O'Brien has stated that work on the rebuilding of the school will not begin until the loss is adjusted with the insurance men and that it is likely that the building will not be ready for occupancy until fall. Meanwhile the brothers are awaiting the arrival of the provincial, Brother Alexis, whose principal office is at Louisville, Ky. Bro. Alexis is daily expected to arrive and settle the matter of whether the brothers are to remain in this city pending the rebuilding of the school.

Scholars from the St. Patrick's parochial school have been applying this morning at all the public schools in the part of the city in which they reside in large numbers and many have been accommodated and are already at work in their new school homes. To accommodate the rest the old Bartlett school building will be opened for registration tomorrow morning at 8 o'clock and regular session of the school will be held thereafter as soon as it can be told from the registration what rooms and teachers will be needed. The Bartlett was chosen for the new school rather than the Mann in accordance with the opinion of the board of health that the sanitaries of the former were in better condition for use than the latter

SOUTH ENDS.

WILL BE RUN AS AN INDEPENDENT BASE BALL TEAM IN 1899.

James P. Casey and John R. Shea will run the South Ends as an independent team. They completed arrangement on Saturday night for using the Fair Grounds on Saturdays from May 6 to September 9. The South Ends will play strong teams from out-of-town and will open the season on April 19. Mid-week games will also be played.

CITY HALL NOTES.

Supt. Doherty is busy at the Bartlett school renovating it preparatory to opening it tomorrow for the children of St. Patrick's boys' school.

The street committee will meet tomorrow afternoon at 4 o'clock.

A resolution will be introduced tomorrow night when the city council meets appropriating money to defray the expense of the burial of the body of Hospital Steward Leslie Hunting whose remains are now at Mt. Auburn cemetery Cambridge.

J. Whitelaw Duncan, the well known plumber of Church street is rejoicing over the birth of a ten pound son.

J. ADAMS BARTLETT, A Popular Resident of Chelmsford Centre.

J. ADAMS BARTLETT

ONE OF CHELMSFORD'S MOST POPULAR RESIDENTS.

Mr. J. Adams Bartlett of the firm of Bartlett & Dow, the well known and hustling firm of hardware dealers in Lowell, is one of Chelmsford's most popular and highly respected citizens, and The Sun today takes great pleasure in the publication of his portrait. The success of the recent sheet and pillow case party at the town hall was in a great measure due to the untiring efforts of Mr. Bartlett who was the efficient floor director on that occasion.

CHELMSFORD CENTRE NOTES.

Saturday the selectmen drew from the jury box the names of Walter S. Simons and Oliver M. Green who are to serve as jurors at the superior court in Lowell, the term beginning March 27.

The selectmen have appointed as tellers at the annual town meeting Arthur E. Reed, William P. Hall, George H. Ripley, John P. Scoboria.

At a citizens' caucus held in South Chelmsford Saturday evening to nominate local candidates for town offices Walter R. Winning, a present member of the board of selectmen, received a renomination; Alexander J. Park was nominated as a member of the school board and Walter Berry for constable.

R. F. Emerson, a well known resident, was prostrated Friday night an attack of illness resembling apoplexy.

Harry L. Merrill, who has been quite ill several months, has perceptibly lost ground in the last two weeks. His feeble condition enlists the deepest sympathy of those who know how patiently and bravely he has borne the many trials which have fallen to his lot.

Miss Katherine S. Donovan has presented to St. John's hospital $101.45, the proceeds of the comedy, "Rice Pudding" recently given in the Highland club hall.

M. L. Hamblet is confined by illness to his home.

Peter H. Donohoe is rejoicing at the birth of a son.

MAKES PEOPLE HUNGRY Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is an appetite maker, and helps the stomach do its work right. It is the great blood cleanser, flesh-builder and nerve tonic. Best medicine in the world for the run-down, weak and debilitated.

Try a bottle and see for yourself how much good it will do.

Hostetter's Stomach Bitters

Chichester's English Diamond Brand.

PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine.

Safe, always reliable. Ladies ask Druggist for Chichester's English Diamond Brand Pennyroyal Pills in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with Blue Ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, Sold by all Local Druggists. PHILADA., PA.

General Agents. Boston, Mass

MADAM ALBERTER CHESTER of Chicago, the most gifted Clairvoyant in the world, will be at Lowell, Room 28, Bon Marche building, on and after March 13, for 10 days only. Those wishing to consult her on business will find it to their advantage to call. Many a home has been made happy and the clouds lifted from it by a visit to this gifted lady. Thousands can testify as to her great powers as a healing medium. The sick and suffering who have been treated, bless the day they met her. Hours from 9 a. m. to 12 m; 1 to 5 and 6 to 10 p. m. Sundays 10 a. m. to 3 p. m.

MINARD'S "KING OF PAIN" LINIMENT

When suffering with **Rheumatic** Pains,
Sore feet, **Neuralgia** or **Chilblains,**
Use **Minard's Liniment,**
King of pain,
And **Rub It In.**

Minard's Liniment is the best selling liniment we have—this is the strongest indorsement that Minard's can have.
R. J. LANG & CO.,
City Hall Pharmacy.

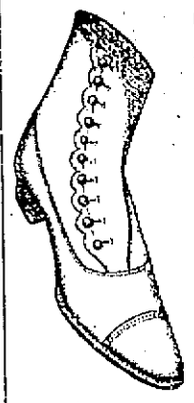
DR. WILLIAMS' **PINK PILLS FOR PALE PEOPLE**

Nerve tonic—Blood Maker. Send for descriptive pamphlet. Sold by druggists everywhere. 50 cents per box—six for $2.50.

Dr. Williams' Med. Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

JUST CONSIDER

Before buying your Spring Shoes. The ladies delight is in the Trionfo $2.50 Shoes. These Shoes are creating a sensation among the ladies. Imported cork Innersole, renders walking a pleasure. Sold only at the **Sunlight Shoe Store,** 100 Central St.



High Grade Repair Ing.

W. S. Grady.

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS—State House, Boston, March 11, 1899.—The Joint Committee on the Judiciary will give a hearing to parties interested in House Bills 833, 931, 932, as to the assumption of the risks of danger by employees, and to amend the employers' liability act, at room No. 227, State House, on Wednesday, March 14, at 10.30 o'clock a. m. F. N. Williams, Chairman, Geo. S. Baldridge, Clerk of the Committee.

WANTED—Everybody to store their sleighs at Guyette's Sign and Carriage Shop, corner of Thorndike and Congress streets. tfsu

MADAM TRUE CLAIRVOYANT.

She gives advice on all points of interest, such as love, marriage, courtship, divorce, business and transactions of all kinds. She tells whether sweetheart is true or false; gives their names in full as well as your own, same in full without asking questions. If she fails to do all she claims, or does not fully satisfy you, then you pay nothing. To call is to be convinced. Is this not honest? Could anything be fairer? She receives ladies only. Hours 9 a. m. to 8.30 p. m. Parlors located 72 Appleton street, next to Postoffice.

SAVOY THEATRE.

MONDAY EVENING, MAR. 13

10—VAUDEVILLE STARS—10.

Headed by the great

O. C. Seymour,

assisted by

Miss Minnie Dupree,

These artists are direct from Mr. Keith's Providence theatre. Excellent dancing and musical act and Mr. Seymour's wonderful jumping act. He jumps over an upright piano.

Edwin R. Lang,

The poetic tramp appearing as the Prince of Wales. Without doubt the greatest and best of all tramps. (Direct from Proctors' Leland Opera house Albany, N. Y.

Mr. and Mrs. Gene Hughes,

Delightful and refined sketch artists appearing in their highly amusing comedietta, "A Model Husband." (From Keith's, Philadelphia.)

Barrett and Learned,

High class Irish comedy sketch artists, will present their laughable comedy, "Fun in a Milliner's Shop." (From Keith's, Boston.)

St. Onge and Clay,

Screaming, comedy, bicycle experts, "The White Team."

Miss Marion Sawtelle,

Sprightly, singing comedienne. (Daughter of the late murdered Hiram Sawtelle.)

TWO HOURS OF FUN.

Evenings, - - 10c, 20c, and 30c.
Matinees (except Monday) 10c and 20c.
Matinees, 2.30; Evenings, 8.15.
Doors open 1.30 and 7.30.

O'Donnell & Gilbride Co.

AN ANTICIPATION SALE OF LACE CURTAINS AND PORTIERES

In anticipation of the usual spring house cleaning demand for Lace Curtains and Portieres, we were influenced last week to take advantage of an unusual opportunity to buy a vast quantity of curtains and portieres, at a special discount from regular rates. These goods will be placed on sale today and for the next 3 days, at least you may count on securing unusual values in Lace Curtains and Portieres.

150 pairs of Nottingham Curtains, an excellent quality at 98c a pair.

136 pairs of Nottingham Brussell effects. A great bargain at $1.49 a pair.

200 pairs of Muslin Ruffled Curtains, (nicely made). A special bargain at 45c a pair.

200 pairs of Ruffled Muslin Curtains, 2 1-2 yards long. An extraordinary value at 59c a pair.

50 pairs of Bobinet Ruffled Curtains at $1.19 a pair.

75 pairs of extra quality Bobinet Curtains at $1.98 a pair.

100 pairs of Irish Point Lace Curtains, the greatest value ever shown at $2.49 a pair.

100 pairs of extra quality Irish Point Curtains at $3.98 a pair.

200 pairs of Fish Net Ruffled Curtains, an excellent chamber curtain to 79c a pair.

155 pairs of a heavier Fish Net Ruffled Curtains at 98c a pair.

PORTIERES.

75 pairs of Tapestry Portieres, full width, you would pay in the regular way $2.75. Special price $1.98 a pair.

60 pairs of a heavier grade of Tapestry Portiere, sold in the regular way $5.00. Special price $3.69 a pair.

45 Couch Covers made to sell at $5.00. Special price $3.98 each.

37 Odd Portieres in half pairs you can buy at 50 cents on th dollar.

We have one of the Best Upholstery Departments in New England. Styles the Newest. Prices the lowest. Come in and see our stock,

O'DONNELL & GILBRIDE CO.

MERRIMACK, PALMER AND MIDDLE STREETS.

Dr. Sweet's Visit Postponed.

OWING to the death of his son, Edmund F. Sweet, at St. John's Hospital, Saturday night, Dr. Sweet will have to postpone his visit to the American House till March 20th, when he will be ready to attend to those desiring his services. Then he will be at the American House till further notice.

Every Man has his Prejudice

and every woman her bias, but they all agree that Dows' Tonic Liniment quickly loosens stiff joints, cures lame back, rheumatic and neuralgic pains. 389 Central St.

WANTED—Girls in our looping and finishing departments. Pickering Knitting Co.

Teague & Teague

MEN'S FURNISHERS.

SPRING '99.

New Hats,
New Neckwear.
New Shirts.

TEAGUE & TEAGUE

MEN'S FURNISHERS.

COR. CENTRAL AND MIDDLE STS.

GO CARTS

To go through the streets with your baby is a great improvement over a carriage when the child is strong enough to sit up.

FOR INFANTS

Of course, we recommend the carriage, of which we have a very nice assortment from $4.50 upwards.

TABLES.

We have a handsome line just opened up. For style and price they are all right.

HAT RACKS.

We have a few of those 50 cent hat racks we are closing out for 25 cents.

GAYNOR & CO.

35 Prescott Street.

G. O. Taylor Whiskies, import strength and vigor.

THE LOWELL SUN
JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor.
SUN BUILDING, LOWELL, MASS.
Member of the Associated Press.
$5.00 Per Year. 25c. Per Month

CHEATED

The merchant who pays for advertising and doesn't get it cries out that advertising doesn't pay. He is wrong. Advertising pays if you get it. If you pay for any commodity that is never delivered, you lose money on it, just the same as you lose on advertising that you pay for but never get.

When merchants learn to buy their advertising space in the newspapers as they buy their merchandise—by measure and weight—it will pay them. Buy space by the inch per thousand of circulation and see that you get what you pay for. Then you will never be cheated in advertising and it will pay you. The Sun will give you more advertising for your money than any other paper in Lowell

LOWELL'S GREATEST NEWSPAPER

Druggists' licenses are the last resort of the liquor dealers. But in this they will also be beaten.

Speaker Reed has entered literature in a very able article on Genral Sheridan published in the current number of the Cosmopolitan magazine.

The present legislature is making some extra work for that of next year by passing a lot of fool bills that will have to be repealed on the earliest opportunity.

The German emperor's message of sympathy to Rudyard Kipling was probably sent on account of Kipling's poem, "The Truce of the Bear," as there is considerable jealousy between Germany and Russia.

Ex-Governor Altgeld of Illinois is put forward as a candidate for mayor of Chicago against Mayor Harrison on the democratic side. There is danger that by this splitting up the party in the windy city, a republican may have a chance to slip in.

Officer Palmer's officious manner of grabbing the elder Vaughn and marching him to the police box when Officer Kane had arrested him reminded us of Sampson demanding the surrender of Cervera's fleet after it had been vanquished by Schley.

The police are now apparently getting on the to the men who have been committing depredations in our city for some time. Every good citizen should help them in the work until absolute security for life and property shall have been restored.

The next step in order at Manila if this country is to pursue the regular course of conquest in colonization is to offer a reward for Aguinaldo's head. It will be remembered that England has repeatedly resorted to this officacious method of overcoming rebels and Spain we believe, adopted it against the Cubans in her effort to subdue them.

Whoever started the story that Secretary Alger would resign mistook alike the man and the situation. Alger is as close a friend of the president as any other member of the cabinet and Alger by remaining serves as a scapegoat. They are both guilty of gross mismanagement as the present controversies in the war department amply show. When incompetent men are placed in command in such cases they soon get that which they control all tied up in a knot. That is the condition of the war department today and it will never be remedied until a capable man is put in Alger's place.

John Bowers, the civilian, who followed up and arrested William Fallon for snatching a purse from a little girl on the street, deserves recognition of some kind. We would advocate a medal by the Humane society if such deeds came under the category for which honors are awarded; but that being inadmissible, it seems the police board should provide some suitable token as a mark of appreciation. Had the culprit escaped the police would probably never have been able to find him out. It is well to encourage such protection of the weak by citizens in general.

THE LEADING ISSUES.

There is much speculation in various quarters as to what the issues of the next presidential campaign will be but with the rate at which bloated trusts are forming, all over the country monthly for the purpose of wringing extortionate prices from the people it seems that there will be, there can be no more important issue than whether this nation is to be preyed upon indefinitely by the trusts or whether the policy of its government shall continue to foster such oppressive agencies.

The democratic party will make the trusts one of the leading issues and the republican party, in anticipation of the wrath to come will probably put a plank in its platform condemning trusts but the party is today composed of such combinations; from them it receives the corruption money with which to buy elections and in return it gives the trusts government protection.

The trusts would rather give money enough to have their friends elected than have to buy the votes of others after election. There are in this country at present ninety trusts capitalized at $3,754,515,000.

Is it any wonder that our state legislatures and even congress itself are controlled by these iniquitous combines.

Boss Croker is to have a Jeffersonian banquet presided over by Perry Belmont. It is no wonder that prominent democrats have refused to attend such a banquet because from all accounts it will be an outrage on the memory of Jefferson. Mr. Bryan has refused to attend because he was to be restricted as to what he should talk about, the desire being to avoid discussing the money question and the policy of expansion, on both of which Croker is opposed to the majority of the democratic party and unable to maintain his position against the logic of Mr. Bryan on these questions. Croker will soon lose his pull if he continues to run counter to the democratic party despite the fact that he happened to dictate the nomination of the first mayor of the Greater New York.

Captain Atkin of the Pavonia while he succeeded in bringing his good ship safely to shore seemed at times to have less faith in her chances for safety than her crew and passengers. When the captain weakens in such a case it is hard for the passengers to keep up confidence. The mistake which Captain Atkin made appears to be the giving expression to his inmost fears that his ship would be lost. That surely was a very grave mistake and one which no man should make unless he saw death inevitable which was far from being the case at any time during the Pavonia's terrible experience while drifting disabled at the mercy of the wind and waves.

CURRENT COMMENT.

Columbus Press Post—Perhaps Mr. McKinley is opposed to hauling down the flag because all the flags in this country are manufactured by the bunting trust.

Chicago Record—The chief difficulty seems to be that the insurgents fail to agree with General Otis' optimistic view regarding the ease and celerity with which the insurrection is to be put down.

Chicago News—If it is true that the North Pole has been discovered the president might with popular approval by appointing Alger custodian of it at a larger salary than he is now receiving.

Washington Times—If Mr. Alger will subscribe to any good clipping bureau he can get a thousand documents a day to prove to him just what the people think of him, and just what they want him to do.

Philadelphia Record—The roll of the Cuban army shows that half of the 50,000 men on the lists were officers, and they insist upon officers' pay. The insurgent establishment seems to have been organized very much on the same lines as is the Republican state machine. It is known that the machine always had more officials than private machinists, and a hungrier gang never infested a State since the locusts overran Egypt.

LOCAL MILL NEWS.

H. E. Perham, treasurer of the Kitson Machine Co., accompanied by Mrs. Perham, left last week for a trip to Southern California, to be absent until sometime in April.

The Massachusetts cotton mills, Lindale, Georgia, shipped on March 1, 1500 bales of cotton goods to China, Japan and Africa. The mills are now running double turn for a time to catch up with orders.

Thomas E. Ainley of Lowell, Mass., has taken the position of overseer of carding with the Amsterdam Woolen Co., Amsterdam, N. Y.

George S. Gilman of the Lowell Machine shop, Lowell, Mass., has accepted the position of general foreman of the American Bolt company.

C. E. Daw, formerly with the Metallic Drawing Roll Co., Indian Orchard, but for the past two years general manager of the American Bolt Co., Lowell, Mass. has resigned that position.

UP GO WAGES.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., March 13.—An official announcement was made Saturday to the effect that the Warner Bros.' company, manufacturers of corsets, has made a general advance in wages of from 10 to 20 per cent. Fourteen hundred hands are employed.

that cough or throat trouble may go to your lungs. What does that mean?

HALE'S HONEY OF HOREHOUND AND TAR

Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar isn't claimed to cure consumption, but it will often prove it. A positive cure for a cough. Sold by druggists.

Piko's Toothache Drops cure in a minute.

LABOR MATTERS

CRY OF PATRIOTISM.

EMPLOYED FOR THE PROTECTION OF CORPORATE CRIME.

Pharisaical Philanthropists Who Have Need to Throw Away Their Telescopes—A Slavery In Our Country Worse Than Ever Cursed Cuba.

Some time ago I saw a pathetic picture in a Cleveland newspaper. The cut showed a number of poor people of Havana sleeping on the benches in a public park. It was intended to portray the terrible hardships endured by the Cubans and extract sympathy and silver from the American citizens. The situation is such as to excite profoundest pity in the impulsive and unthinking, and it certainly is deplorable. But stop a minute and reflect a moment. These hybrid tramps of Havana are playing in great luck. Just compare their seemingly forlorn lot with that of our own homeless ones. In these United States, the land of liberty, the "home" of the free, the poor are not even allowed to sleep on the park benches. If they try it, they are run in. Besides, the Cuban climate has its advantages in winter for the pauper population.

Wouldn't it be just as well to think of our own starving and freezing fellow citizens and do a little inexpensive weeping before we lose any sleep because of these lazy and lousy Cuban savages?

We are told that the people in Cuba are starving. Last summer a young woman starved to death in Cleveland! We are told that in Cuba there are human beings without shelter—in a tropical climate. Last month an aged woman froze to death in the very heart of this civilized aye, charitable—city! Why is it that the cry of distress which comes from a distant shore so easily stirs the heart to sympathy? Ah, my pharisaical philanthropists, you have need to cast away your telescopes and take up magnifying glasses!

In "free" America we make laws that make men vagrants and then punish them for vagrancy. I am second to none in my love for this land, and my Americanism is of the very best brand. It is because of this love and this Americanism, because of my pure patriotism and lofty loyalty that I give utterance to such sentiments. My Americanism does not demand that I shall indorse statutory injustice and authorized tyranny; that I shall approve iniquitous laws framed by low bred lawyers and administered by pie-yunne politicians. I love my country, but, God help me, I love my fellows more. I am brave enough and honest enough to say with George Francis Train, "Am for country right, but d—n country wrong!"

And I say to you now, with no chance of challenge, that there is in the United States today a worse slavery, a more cruel bondage, than that with which Spain ever cursed Cuba in the day of her pride and power. Would you have the evidence? Go to the workshops and the mines where the weary toilers drudge through the day for a pauper's pittance. Go to their hopeless homes where want and woe have been before, where weak women shiver in fireless rooms and children cry for a paltry crust. Go to our great factories where delicate girls give their life from day to day to feel the maw of the monster of greed. Go find the children slaving in the shop instead of studying at school. And for further evidence look in at the prison and the poorhouse, the hospital or the morgue.

Yet I love my country with every vital drop within my veins. That's the trouble. I think more of my own country than I do of Cuba. My patriotism is of the practical sort. To me patriotism is more than a meaningless word, an empty sentiment. Patriotism and charity are closely allied, and it is true that both begin at home. So I would strike the shackles of industrial slavery from the limbs of the brothers of my blood and feed a fellow citizen before I would furnish to the Cubans firearms wherewith they may murder one another or send a shipload of overcoats to a lot of naked niggers in equatorial Africa.

This cry of "Patriotism!" is too often the weapon of tyranny, the bulwark of the money barons, the refuge of robbery. The tyrant shrieks "Treason!" when the tongue of the worker would voice his woes. "Shame upon you to complain!" he is told. "Don't you know that this is the best and most blessed country on all this planet of paint? Don't you know that it is a sanctuary for all the world's slaves, the promised land of all oppressed peoples? This is the greatest and most glorious government that ever existed, and nothing under our grand old flag can go wrong. See? Shut up, and be glad that you're allowed to live."

It is this doctrine of dogged and silent submission, this gospel of content, garnished with the misunderstood words "liberty," "loyalty" and "patriotism," that prevents the betterment of the condition of the common people. Truly these be terms to conjure with.

I have no use for that patriotism which is the protection of corporate crime.

Mine is the patriotism of protest.—Gatling Gun.

Lattimer Indictments Quashed.

District Attorney Martin of Luzerne county, Pa., announces one year after the famous Lattimer trial that the 19 indictments for murder and the 36 indictments for felonious wounding found against Sheriff James Martin and his 68 deputies have been quashed. Entries of nolle prosqui were made in each case last September, but it was kept secret at the time, chiefly for fear of the effect the news might have on friends and relatives of the miners killed. There is now no danger of an outbreak, and accordingly the announcement is made.—Williamsport (Pa) Grit.

BLOOD WILL TELL.

Two Different Applications of This Expression to Existing Conditions.

"Blood will tell. It tells for unity and for duty. It tells for valor, which it also attests. It tells for fortitude, which it also approves. It tells for sacrifice, which it also reflects and inspires. It tells for the leveling of walls of separation, which it should remove. It tells for the wiping out of party lines, which it should efface. Yes, blood will tell—and it has told. It has told the American people that they must face the responsibility of a nation, in a world of nations. It has told our race that it must rise to obligation as well as to opportunity. It has told them that if in the midst of arms laws are not silent, that at least, when law is attacked by arms, armies must carry out law. It has told them that, while democracy is a great thing and while republicanism is a great thing, country is more than party; that the sovereignty which the republic has in its collective people, as truly as monarchy has in any reigning house, is more than constitutionalism, with its restrictions and infinitely more than quibbles or fetiches or devices or doctrinairism or hair splitting about constitutionalism. This is the story that blood tells—to a people greater than their president, but well represented by him at this time, and greater than their senate, which they peremptorily expect and demand shall represent them at this time."

The paragraph quoted above is from a leading editorial in the Brooklyn Eagle anent the crisis in the Philippines. Some abstract truths are most forcibly stated, and perhaps the time will come when they may be applied to domestic affairs in a manner that would startle their author.

"Blood will tell. It tells for unity and duty; it tells for valor which it also attests; it tells for fortitude which it also proves; tells for sacrifice which it also reflects and inspires; it tells for the leveling of walls of separation which it should remove; it tells for the wiping out of party lines which it should efface. Yes, blood will tell, and it has told," at Homestead, at Hazleton, at Pana, at Chicago and on dozens of minor fields of labor's battles. "It has told the American people that they must face the responsibility of a nation," not only in a world of nations, but in its dealings with 70,000,000 of people. It has told our race that it must rise to the dignity of justice as well as to the strength of power. It has told them that if in the midst of strife there is a prostitution of authority, that at least when justice is assaulted by force of arms, force may be resorted to to make the law just. It has told them that while Democracy is a great thing and while Republicanism is a great thing humanity is more than gold; that the sovereignty which the republic has, in its collective people, as truly as monarchy has in any reigning house, is more than constitutionalism with its restrictions and infinitely more than quibbles, fetiches or devices or doctrinairism or hair splitting about constitutionalism, in the momentous affairs that concern the lives and liberty of those who create the nation's wealth and who constitute its strength. If we are to have no hair splitting of constitutionalism when it comes to the execution of the schemes of organized wealth, will we permit quibbles or fetiches or devices or doctrinairism or constitutionalism with its restrictions to stand in the way of the enforcement of those policies that may be necessary to secure an equitable distribution of the results of our productive forces and resources, to secure to every man the full enjoyment of the results of his own toil? Blood will tell, and it has told in many stirring scenes in the great world drama. Blood has marked the mile posts on the highway of progress, and the blood that has been shed in labor's cause, and the misery and suffering which thousands of human beings endure in this country today that a pampered few may revel in the luxuries of princes will tell in the great struggle for industrial freedom and a higher civilization.—Louisville (Ky.) Dispatch.

Taunting Poor People's Skins.

A London cablegram says: "Discovery has been made here of an extraordinary traffic that has recently grown up in human skin. Reputable jewelers admit that they have made belts and card cases from human skin. Tanners say that they have recently prepared quantities of it after the fashion of alligators' and monkeys' skins. Women boast of having articles made of the stuff in their possession, and it is said that nicely tanned human skin recently formed a novel though considerable portion of the trousseau of a fashionable bride. The skin is procured from the bodies of the indigent poor that are not claimed by their relatives and friends. These bodies are turned over to the various scientific institutions for dissection, and impecunious students started the scheme by selling the skins to tanners and jewelers. Being scarce, the skin brings a high price, and as it is now a fad there is a steady demand for it."

The cablegram doesn't explain the scarcity of poor people's skin, but it must be because most of them are thoroughly skinned before they die.

No Unemployed.

Practically there are no unemployed in New Zealand. That is to say, the unemployed difficulty—the grave problem based on the presence in a community of large bodies of able-bodied men unable to obtain work—does not exist. Such seems to be the plain fact in New Zealand, without the least indulgence in hyperbole.

No corporation or individual can own enormous tracts of land or other real estate unless he pays the "penalty of success." The railway and telegraph lines are owned by the government. The graduated land tax has been in operation for some time, and the friends of the government claim that it works admirably.

OPPOSED TO COMPETITION.

A Charity Organization Officer Who Is "Afraid of His Job."

A bill now before the legislature authorizes the board of estimate and apportionment of this city to expend $25,000 for the purchase of coal for the poor of Greater New York. This bill was prompted by the recent revelation of suffering that exists in New York whenever the weather becomes intensely cold. It was offered in a philanthropic spirit and would no doubt have become a law had not sudden and unexpected opposition sprung up, and this from no less philanthropic a body than the Charity Organization society.

The representative of this society, General Secretary Edward T. Devine, protested against the passage of the bill because he thought private effort succeeded in this work much better than any public distribution of coal could possibly succeed. Furthermore, he said, private charity would act cheerfully so long as the city did not take up the work.

This is rather staggering at first, but when you pause to consider the peculiar character of this wealthy organization its opposition becomes explicable. If the state were to undertake all care of its poor, a cozy number of very fine gentlemen would be out of their jobs, and a magnificent building with splendid furnishings would be "to let," and several very fat funds would actually be distributed among the poor without any "rake off" of salaries or investigation fees.

We have the utmost respect for the aims and objects of the Charity Organization society. We know that most men who contribute to its wealth do so in order to shirk the moral obligation to give to those who need and to investigate for themselves in order that they may give judiciously. Nevertheless a great deal of the money really reaches its destination and accomplishes good. But Mr. Fleischmann, the Broadway baker who feeds all who ask for his charity and does not investigate or keep them waiting while a physician determines whether they are really hungry, is a philanthropist of a higher order than the Charity Organization society.

It would be a credit to the enlightenment and humanity of this state were its government to establish its own charities—a bakery, a milk store, a coalyard and a grocery store upon the Fleischmann plan and not upon the Charity Organization plan. And then if Mr. Edward T. Devine were still aching to devote his life to the cause of the poor he could be employed at $10 a week to tie up packages.—New York Journal.

Sweatshops In New York.

There hardly is a block in the tenement district of the east side where thousands of garments for the soldiers in the field—overcoats, blouses and trousers—have not been made during the last ten months. Thousands of these garments now are being made under conditions which cannot fail to infect the clothing with all sorts of dangerous and loathsome diseases.

And, too, prices have gone down. Where once the subcontractor got $1 for a complete overcoat with cape he now gets only 95 cents. For this pittance the operators must do the basting, sewing, buttonholing, trimming, pressing, lining and finishing, which includes the hooks and eyes and the sewing on of 17 buttons.

The government pays $0.49 for the completed overcoat. Only 95 cents of this goes for labor, and so miserable is the wage and so slow the work that only the poorest, the lowest beings in the social scale, will do it. They take the coats home from the shops of subcontractors, who in turn get them from contractors who have influence at Washington.

World reporters saw some of these coats in sweatshops. They lay in piles on floors that reeked with filth. Men, women and children huddled together so closely that their elbows touched as they toiled. The air was nauseating, for there was no ventilation. Great stoves, used to heat the pressing irons, vitiated the air even faster than human lungs.

In some of these places the workers sleep and eat, toiling 16 and 18 hours and then sleeping till tired nature shall have recuperated; only to begin another day's toil.—New York World.

The Social Problem.

The social problem is a problem of how so to organize the world that all men may be equally secure in the material means and social resources needful for a complete life. The hope of the social reformer is to open wide the gates of opportunity so that every creature, from the least to the greatest, may make his life a moral adventure and a joy and exhaust his possibilities in the thing he can best do. All that is good in civilization must be for the equal use of all in order that each man may make his life most worth while to the common life and to himself, and there must be equal freedom for each to choose the work that will best fulfill his serving capacity and individuality. —Professor George D. Herron.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP

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CENTRAL ST., LOWELL, MASS.
Opposite Old Boston & Maine Depot.
The house is now under a new management, thoroughly refitted and refurnished, with all the modern improvements, steam heat and electric call bells in each room. Electric cars pass the door every few minutes. Choice cigars in sample room. Special rates to the profession.
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Is the only preparation that will restore the hair to its original healthfulness.
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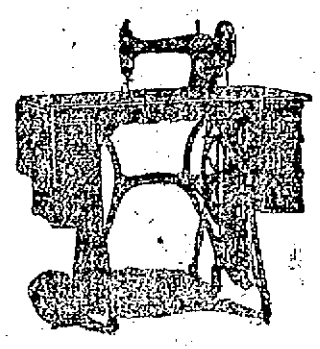

Points to Remember
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Every Singer machine is tested by actual sewing at the factory; it is always ready for every kind of stitching and will do better work and do it longer than any other, because it is of better design and construction.

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YOU will receive careful instruction from a competent teacher at your home.

YOU can obtain necessary accessories directly from the company's offices.

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YOU will be dealing with the leading sewing machine manufacturers in the world, having an unequaled experience and an unrivaled reputation—the strongest guarantee of excellence. Singer machines are sold only by our employees; they cannot be obtained through dealers or department stores, totally unable to render the service specified above, and whose guarantee is therefore worthless.

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175 Middlesex St., Lowell.

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A. M. BERTRAND, 24 Middle St.
Few doors from the corner of Central St.

CALIFORNIA.
Homes in Myles Standish Colony. 6 per cent. guaranteed investments on best security. Home seekers' Excursion to California personally conducted by William E. Smythe and Colonel B. H. Leavitt. Call or write for particulars to
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MISS HELEN WRIGHT.
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Knowledge of the future is power for the present.
Know your future and guide yourself accordingly. You can do so by consulting THE GREAT AND ONLY THE ORIGINAL
Edward Paxton,
The world's Greatest Trance, Test, Business and Independent Slate Writing Medium,
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He has success where others fail.
Mediums are born, not made. He is not a medium by choice, but a medium because fate has so decreed it. He comes from a family of mediums for his ancestors, who were all powerful mediums, have for generations handed him down their combined knowledge and power, in predicting and helping those in trouble; so he received the rich inheritance of the golden experience and knowledge of generations.
HE ASKS NO QUESTIONS, BUT READS YOUR LIFE LIKE AN OPEN BOOK, AND BEFORE YOU CAN UTTER A WORD HE TELLS YOU YOUR NAME IN FULL.
Names of your friends, enemies or rivals; whether husband, wife or sweetheart is true or false; if so, giving names in full. He tells name in full of the one you will marry also gives advice on how to gain the love of the one you most desire. How to overcome enemies and rivals. How best to prosper in business, whether best to buy, sell or trade, where best to locate, how to gain lost or stolen goods, wills or mislaid deeds, absent friends and buried treasures. Gives advice on points of interest, such as love, marriage, courtship, divorce, business, speculations and transactions of all kinds. In fact, he guarantees perfect satisfaction or no charge is made. No money accepted in advance nor do you pay a cent until reading is entirely over. Then if you are not satisfied, you pay nothing.
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Large brick house, cor. of South St.

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GARDEN AND LAWN SUPPLIES
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218 CENTRAL STREET.

FRANK JONES BREWING CO.
(LIMITED.)
PORTSMOUTH N. H.
Golden Cream
India Pale Ale
AND PORTER.
OUR WHOLESALE AGENTS IN LOWELL ARE
JOHN LENNON & CO.,
—AND—
PETER H. DONOHUE & CO.
They keep a full line of our goods in hogsheads, barrels and half barrels.
Many dealers claim to run Jones' ale who do not.
The following is a complete list of those who use the same. Jones' Ale is used exclusively by
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It can also be found at the following places:
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(LIMITED.)
MONARCH MIXED PAINTS,
ABSOLUTELY PURE.
Color card free.
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The Up-Town Hardware Store,
653 MERRIMACK ST.
Plasters Like Dough
are always needed. The best kind are the right kind; the right kind are Dows' old-fashioned kind. He has made them for forty years. 10 and 25 cts. each. 369 Central St.
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The Wonderful New Drink.
GLORIA
IS NOT A MEDICINE.
You better drink GLORIA in "ninety nine,"
Knock 'round the earth a longer time.
GLORIA gives you vigor and health,
Thereby adding pleasure to wealth.
You know not what good feelings are
Until you drink the "GLORIA."
Don't get foolish, don't get gay,
This new drink is here to stay.
Take some GLORIA home tonight,
Make you sleep and feel all right.
Saints and sinners all drink GLORIA.
5 CENTS A GLASS.
S. Bartlett, Agt., 160 Middlesex.

THE SUN EXTRA!

6 O'CLOCK

ALLAN LINER LOST

The Castilian Queen of the Fleet a Total Loss.

Struck Gannett Ledge Near Yarmouth, Nova Scotia—The Passengers Rescued by Tugs Yesterday—Derangement of Compass the Cause.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

HALIFAX, N. S., March 13.—The new Allan liner Castilian, bound for this port from Portland with passengers and a general cargo for Liverpool, went ashore at Gannet Rock, twelve miles southwest from Yarmouth, at 4.30 o'clock yesterday morning in a dense fog, the cause of the accident being the derangement of the compasses. The fifty passengers and most of her crew, with their baggage, were taken off in safety, the others remaining on the ship, which is in immediate danger of going to pieces.

Immediately after the vessel struck she began to make water. The best of discipline prevailed, the passengers returning to their berths, from whence they were later summoned to don life belts, which many were when they landed at Yarmouth from tugs last evening.

Two compartments aft filled with water. The place of the disaster is a few miles from where the Moravian of the Allan line was lost some years ago.

The first and second holds are full of water. The steamer is aground aft to the engine room, and there are six feet of water in the engine room. The steamer is bulged badly up from the saloon, and there are six fathoms of water under her aft.

The Castilian left Portland, Me., for Liverpool, at one o'clock Saturday afternoon. During the night the weather became hazy. The steamer was proceeding slowly. A vigilant lookout for buoys and other signals was maintained.

The strictest watch seems to have been kept, but suddenly, a few minutes before 3.30 o'clock, breakers were sighted on the port beam. The telegraph rang with orders to reverse the engines, but before the order could be obeyed the big liner struck on the edges, running up gently and with so little shock that the 50 passengers sleeping in their berths were not awakened.

The steamer was fifteen miles out of her course, with a fresh southwest wind which would increase the current. Four hundred head of cattle, 100 sheep and 100 horses are on board, and in good condition. A well-known Boston-Nova Scotia captain says a southwest wind always makes the current run swiftly.

Rockets were fired and every possible signal given for help.

When daylight came men were sent ashore and after driving nine miles tugs were sent to take off the passengers who were awaiting the work with life preservers on.

The Castilian has had a brief career. She was launched in January, ran her trials February 9 on the Clyde, left Liverpool February 24 and Halifax March 1 for Portland. She was the largest Allan liner afloat and was the pioneer of the new fleet of 10,000-ton ships the Allans are building for the Canadian trade. She was in charge of the Commodore-Captain of the line, Capt. Barrett, and this is probably his first accident. The passengers and crew of the wrecked steamship leave Yarmouth this morning for Halifax to catch the mail steamer Vancouver for England.

RELIEF STEAMER.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

On receiving word of the wreck of the Castilian, the agents here at once made arrangements for the steamer Aberdeen to go to the scene of the wreck. She left this morning. The steamers City of Ghent and Delta will leave today to assist in saving the cargo, etc.

VESSEL INJURED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

MONTREAL, March 13.—Capt. J. J. Riley, the marine insurance expert, who was a passenger on the Castilian when here last night that he believed the vessel could be saved. The Allans carry their own insurance on all their vessels.

WILL BE TOTAL LOSS.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BOSTON, March 13.—A special from Halifax, says: The Allan line steamer Castilian which ran on Gannet Rock ledges near Yarmouth yesterday morning is doomed to total destruction. A heavy gale came up during the night and she was driven tight into the rocks where she lay this morning rent asunder by the storm and the swelling grain within the holds, which caused her to burst forward. Captain Barrett and all his officers and men have abandoned the steamer.

lowing is a complete list of passengers on the Castilian when she sailed from this port Saturday:

First Cabin—Captain L. Carbuthnot, London; Mr. George A. Paynes, Montreal, Mrs. Betisford, Montreal; the Rev. Lord Archibald Douglass, London; Mr. Frank Duckett, Mr. Fred Fowler, Miss M. J. Frith, Miss Hattie Gardner, Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Hird, Montreal; Mr. William Hendrie, Jr., Miss C. M. Hendrie, Miss Maude Hendrie, Hamilton, Ont., the Revd A. Johnston, Brockville, Ont.; the Rev. D. W. Morrison and Mrs. Morrison, Omsville, P. Q.; Colonel J. R. M'Lean, Montreal; Mr. Robert Ness, Howick, P. Q.; Mr. H. Phillips, Captain J. J. Riley, Jr.; Mr. William Wylie, Montreal.

Second Cabin—Mr. H. G. Wilson, Montreal; Mr. Rutherford, Miss Boyce, Toronto; Mr. William Sheppard, Mr. T. P. Burke, Victoria, B. C.; Mrs. E. T. Evans, Kingston, Ont.

Steerage—Victor Witola, Winnipeg; Mrs. A. E. Mann, Mrs. Eliza Rice, Annie Chamberlain, Mr. and Mrs. Max Olender, Montreal; J. Timmons, Winnipeg; William Duncan, Victoria, B. C.; John Emanuel, Duluth; Robert Patterson, Chicago; Michael Bras, A. H. Mulmsadel, Minneapolis; Otto B. Johnson, Chicago; Dora Christiansen, Portland; Mr. and Mrs. William Gibson and two children, Jessie and Susie.

The following is a list of officers in charge of the Castilian: Captain Lieutenant R. Barrett, R. N. R.; Chief Officer D. McAffer; purser, John Stewart; surgeon, Dr. Neville; chief engineer, Daniel Golan; chief steward, Edwin Hartnell, stewardess, Miss Adams.

STONES THROWN

THROUGH THE WINDOWS OF GEO. DUFAULT'S HOUSE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

MARLBORO, Mass., March 13.—Soon after the family of George Dufault, an employe in one of the shoe factories here, had retired last night, several stones were thrown through a window of the room in which they had been sitting during the evening. The window was smashed to fragments but as no one was in the room at the time, no further damage was done. Several young men who were detained on suspicion were permitted to go after they had been questioned, as nothing could be learned to connect them with the act.

DEAD BODY,

OF A MAN FOUND IN A BROOK.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WORCESTER, Mass., March 13.—The dead body of a man evidently an Italian, was found early this morning in a brook at Sawyer's mills, Boylston. The body was taken to Clinton and an examination of the head made by Medical examiner G. L. Tobey. He found no bruises or indication of foul play. But Dr. Baker, the Worcester medical examiner, was sent for and a thorough autopsy of the whole body will be made this afternoon. The brook in which the body was found is a small one and does not appear probable that the man drowned himself.

HOT FROM THE WIRE.

Surgeon-General Sternberg has received a report stating that the hospital ship Relief has reached Gibraltar with all well on board.

Eugene P. Nute has been appointed United States marshal for the district of New Hampshire.

Mayor Frank W. Robinson and the first city government of Greater Portland, were inaugurated in the common council chamber, at 10 o'clock this morning. W. H. Dow, grandson of General Neal Dow, was elected chairman of the board of aldermen by acclamation. Walter H. Brown is president of the common council.

There was a popular demonstration at Christinia yesterday evening against the crown prince, Prince Gustaf, Duke of Wormland, who was recently appointed regent on account of the illness of his father, King Oscar II.

The stockholders of the Laurel Lake mills of Fall River voted this noon to reduce the capital stock from $400,000 to $300,000.

It was expected that the plant of the Rhode Island locomotive works would be transferred to the International air power company today and representatives of the latter concern came to this city today for the purpose of concluding the deal which has been on foot for some time.

The West Boylston Manufacturing company will return on April 3 to the scale of wages paid before the cut down of January, 1898.

Senors Lopez and Losada, the members of the Filipino junta who remained in Washington after Agoncillo's flight, departed for New York today at 11 o'clock. They will sail for Europe Wednesday.

SURVEYORS AT WORK.

Surveyors were at work this afternoon on Chelmsford street beginning at a point near Westford street and continuing in a southerly direction. It is said that this is preliminary to laying of a double track on Chelmsford street to Chelmsford Centre to connect with the line that will soon run through Acton in which town the Lowell and Suburban street railway have already secured a franchise to lay tracks.

RUDYARD KIPLING IMPROVES.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW YORK, March 13.—Rudyard Kipling passed a good night and felt considerably refreshed this morning.

Mr. Doubleday said to-day that Mr. Kipling showed decided improvement over yesterday. There is a belief that the patient will now make even faster progress towards good health than before, as each day the author's sleep and rest become more refreshing to him.

A BOLD HOLD-UP

Eleven Masked Men Entered Power House

AND BLEW OPEN THE SAFE.

They Secured $175 in Cash.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WAVERLY, N. Y., March 13.—A hold-up in true western bandit style occurred here at two o'clock this morning. Eleven masked men entered the power house of the Waverly, Sayrer and Athens traction company and ordered the three employees to hold up their hands, bound them securely and placed them in an empty car where they secured them by ropes. Then leaving one man to guard them, they blew open the safe in the office and secured $175 in cash.

About four o'clock one of the employes succeeded in freeing his hands and the others were quickly cut loose. The police were summoned but there is no clue. To judge by their work, the robbers were professionals.

CHINESE REBELS

Administered Bad Defeat to Imperial Forces

AND CAPTURED CITY OF SHOCHUN

Five Hundred Rebels Were Killed.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

TACOMA, Wash., March 13.—The steamer Victoria brings news from Nankin that 12,000 Chinese rebels have crossed the Annui borders into Honan, there joining the rebels, their combined forces numbering over 20,000. Thus combined, they marched against and captured Shouchun, the second city of the Annui province, badly defeating General Kuao and the Imperial forces. They secured large quantities of arms and have sent out a body of raiders into Honan to secure ammunition. The telegraph lines in north Annui have been cut and the Imperial troops are gradually being hemmed in. The latter have re-occupied but not captured Kuyang. Five hundred rebels and many soldiers were killed in the battle in North Kiangsu between the rebels and the combined forces of Generals Kuo, Wu and Liu. Several leaders were taken, but the main body of the rebels escaped and started for Annui.

GEN. BOOTH RECOVERING.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

LONDON, March 13.—Inquiries made regarding the dispatch from Melbourne, Victoria, published in New York, saying that General Wm. Booth, commander-in-chief of the Salvation Army, was lying so seriously ill there and that his recovery was doubtful, show that a dispatch has been received at the headquarters of the Salvation Army here, from Adelaide, Australia, saying that General Booth has been suffering from dysentery and that he is recovering as rapidly as possible.

INJURIES WERE FATAL.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

PAWTUCKET, R. I., March 13.—Everett Wilcox, a hired man employed by Dr. Wightman, of South Attleboro, was struck by an electric car last Friday and received a fracture of the skull. He died this morning. A peculiar feature of the accident was that no motorman knew or professed to know that it had happened. The man's head was covered with axle grease such as is used on the cars. He never fully regained his senses.

WILL GO TO ITALY.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BOSTON, March 13.—Chief Inspector Watts was detained by Superintendent Eldridge today to go to Italy with Lieut. Rossetta, and present the papers asking for the extradition of Antonio di Blasi, the alleged murderer of James Ellis. Di Blasi is in jail at Palermo. The papers will be presented at Rome and if they are honored the trip to Palermo will be taken instead of Di Blasi being brought to Rome and delivered up there. In Boston officers will leave on the Canada, Wednesday.

NORTH CHELMSFORD

The public schools opened this morning after several weeks' vacation.

At a meeting of the St. John T. A. society yesterday morning it was shown that the society was unanimously in favor of a no-license vote at the coming town meeting.

Rep. Quigley delivered an address to the St. John T. A. society at its meeting yesterday.

This evening the North Chelmsford Debating society will have a debate in the vestry of the Second Congregational church. This subject will be discussed: "Resolved, that the consolidating of the many living commodities under one business firm is a menace to the many smaller dealers and a great detriment to the laboring classes."

THE PLATEA ASHORE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

KEY WEST, Fla., March 13.—The British steamer Platea, Captain Allen, from Baltimore on March 3 for Havana, with a cargo of railroad iron and hay, went ashore on Friday last on Coffin's Patches, fifty miles from here. Her cargo is being jettisoned. The Platea belongs to William Thompson & Co., and hails from Liverpool.

LAWYER HAMBLET

Died This Morning After Protracted Illness.

RESPECTED MEMBER OF MIDDLESEX BAR

Man of Upright Life Without Vice.

M. L. Hamblett, one of the oldest and most respected members of the Middlesex bar, died this morning at his home, 359 Walker street, aged 58 years. Mr. Hamblett had been ailing for some time. He was a man of upright life without any vices. His practice was extensive and confined to probate and other legal business of a civil nature. He was of a reserved disposition but of sterling character which those who knew him intimately fully appreciated.

Martin Luther Hamblett was the son of Leonard and Lucy Hamblett, and was born in Worcester, Vt., August 20, 1841. He was educated in the public schools of Worcester, the Union high school of Montpelier, the Royalton academy in Royalton, the University of Michigan at Ann Arbor. At the latter place he received the degree of L.L.B. in the class of 1870 and remained a additional year as a post-graduate.

He continued his law studies with Park Colby and Heaton & Reed, at Montpelier and was admitted to the bar at Detroit April 18, 1870. He was admitted to the bar in this state in December, 1872. The same year he was admitted to the Middlesex county bar. He settled in Lowell and was associated with Joshua N. Marshall, with whom he remained for many years under the first name of Marshall & Hamblett. This firm was dissolved a few years ago when Mr. Hamblett remained in his old offices in the Hildreth building. Mr. Hamblett married January 8, 1874 Mary Eliza Kemp.

The Lowell bar association will take action on Lawyer Hamblett's death tomorrow and will appoint a delegation to attend the funeral.

BLOODY TRAGEDY

MURDER AND SUICIDE OF A THEATRICAL COUPLE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

VANCOUVER, B. C., March 13.—A bloody tragedy is reported from Nanaimo. Dave Evans shot Libbie White dead and committed suicide in their room at a hotel. Both were public entertainers, Evans being a wrestler and Libbie White a singer. Unrequited love is supposed to have been the cause of the tragedy.

PROF. HOPPING RESIGNS

AFTER THIRTY-EIGHT YEARS SERVICE AT YALE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., March 13.—Prof. James Mason Hoppin, Yale '40, announced today his resignation of the professorship of the History of Art in the Yale School of Fine Arts.

This closes thirty-eight years of continuous service in Yale university. His first connection with the college was as professor of Homiletics and Pastoral Theology in the Divinity School. This professorship he held for eighteen years.

Twenty years ago he took up the professorship which he has just laid down.

Prof. Hoppin's published writings on art subjects have been numerous and valuable.

GEN. OTIS

SENDS A REPORT OF CASUALTIES AT SAN PEDRO MACATI.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WASHINGTON, March 13.—General Otis today cabled the War Department as follows:

Manila, March 13.

Adjutant General,
Washington.

Casualties near San Pedro Macati:

Wounded March 7: Private Warner Marshall, First Washington, thumb, slight; March 10, Captain Edward Smith, First Idaho, leg, slight; March 11: Private A. B. Seigenthaler, 22d infantry, rib, severe.

Near San Felipe, March 7: Private J. McConnell, First Wyoming, ankle, slight; near Caloocan, March 11, 20th Kansas, killed: Private Oscar G. Sehrne; wounded, Corporal William B. Blemhley, hand, moderate. March 12, wounded 20th Kansas, Private Arthur G. Howe, shoulder, severe.

OTHER DEATHS.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WASHINGTON, March 13.—The following cablegram has been received at the War Department.

Manila, March 13.

Adjutant General,
Washington:

Following deaths since last weekly report:

March 8, Private Alexander B. Chapline, Co. M, 14th infantry, accidentally shot.

March 9, Henry O. Offahery, Co. L, 2d Oregon; Edward J. Fulcan, Co. I, 13th Minnesota, variola.

March 10, Albert W. Hartrigesen, Co. E, Fourth Cavalry, accidentally shot.

March 11, Louis E. Westphal, Co. E, 1st California, dysentery.

Died of wounds received in action March 9, Private Joseph Shpacth, Co. G, First Wyoming.

OTIS.

JOHNNY GRIFFIN DEAD.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW YORK, March 13.—John T. Griffin, in his day a clever featherweight, died in a West Sixtieth street boarding house early yesterday morning. His body is now in the morgue, and, unless some of his friends care for it, it is likely to find a resting place in Potter's field.

A few weeks ago Griffin injured himself quite seriously, and was taken to the Bellevue hospital. He refused to remain there, however, for any length of time, and suddenly collapsed at his boarding house yesterday morning. He became unconscious and died before medical attendance could reach him.

Late WILLIAM H. McGUNNIGLE, Veteran Base Ball Captain and Manager.

CAPT. McGUNNIGLE

A Great Man in Base Ball.

CAPTAIN AND MANAGER OF GREAT ABILITY

Won Several Championships in His Time.

The recent death and burial of the late veteran base ball manager, William H. McGunnigle, formerly of the champion Lowells, brings to mind incidents in connection with his career on the base ball diamond.

"Capt." McGunnigle, as he was familiarly known, began to play ball about 30 years ago. He was a catcher then and he also had the usual pitching ability which every young player possesses to a greater or less degree. He belonged to the Old Bayards of Brockton, played with them through 1874 and then went to Fall River, where he became known as a widely known player of the minor league class. His talents as an all-round player attracted attention, and his rise was rapid till in 1878 and 1879 he figured as the star right fielder and change pitcher with the Buffalo, N. Y., leaguers, of which club the regular twirler was the famous "Jeems" Galvin. In '79 he pitched for his team against the Brocktons, then including Ed. Shaunessy, Gene Stoughton, Donovan, Kent Howard, Bobby Fair, Owen F. Canary, Quinn, McLaughlin and others on the old Court street grounds, Brockton. Of the above Stoughton and McLaughlin are now residents of Lowell. It was in these two years that he won the Clipper medal as the best of the country's right fielders. He is credited in the traditions of the game with having made one catch while in Buffalo that was at least equal to Gochnaur's sensational catch at Taunton in 1897 and was the same kind of play: catching a home run hit just as it was going over the fence.

After considerable experience, some of it in the west, McGunnigle returned to Brockton and in 1885 started a base ball team with Henry S. Bicknell as a side partner. Grounds were secured at Grove and Main streets, Brockton, and a team was organized for the New England league. The best known members, perhaps, outside of McGunnigle himself, was the brilliant James A. Cudworth now of the Hotel Belvidere, Lowell, who never had a superior as a judge of difficult fly balls hit right in the glare of the sun. The team prospered and some money was made. The team finished second.

In 1886 a company was formed to carry on the game in Brockton. Mr. Bicknell remained in it and McGunnigle was the manager. The venture this second year was not financially successful.

In the team during that year appeared such players as Cudworth, Tommy McCarthy, Coughlin, Sh., Dewey, Fulton, s.s., "Big Jim" Davis, 3b., Billy Hawes of Lowell, and Campana, lb., Meister, 2b., Charlie Wilts, p., Dan Burke, rf., McGunnigle, Tuckerman, Dilworth and others, along with Wilts as the twirling force.

McGunnigle, after getting through for the time with Brockton, won several championships as a manager. The most sensational was during his management of the Brooklyns in the American association. That resulted in a banquet being tendered him when he returned to Brockton in the fall. A band met him at the railroad station, and amid red fire and marching escort he was driven to the Hotel Belmont that city, where he was the toast of all present and the theme for congratulatory telegrams from well-known lovers of the game all over the country.

In 1892 he took the management of the Brocktons after the starters of the team dropped out, and finished the season at Highland park, that city, as right fielder, pitcher and manager. His averages were in the middle of August, when the team had nearly finished its season: .292 for batting and .828 for fielding. He played regularly no more after that season. In 1895 he managed the Louisville leaguers for awhile and after that abandoned base ball as a business, though he retained a keen interest in the sport.

William H. McGunnigle was one of the cleverest base ball men in many ways that ever stepped before a base ball loving public. In his best days he had the game reduced to an exact science. He played ball with his brains. He was not a man of powerful physique not a slugger at the bat or a fast thrower; not remarkable for the fashion in which he could make wonderful catches. When he went into the pitchers' box he had comparatively little speed [illegible] in 1885 his arm was so nearly gone that it was only by throwing his body with it that he could get speed on the ball he delivered. Yet for several years after that he was a dangerous foe in a game against even the best of minor league teams.

How did he hold his base ball eminence during this time? Simply through the possession of a first-class base ball brains. He knew a player's strong points and weaknesses after he had once faced him. He could deliver an apparently easy ball to a home run batsman, time after time, when he was pitching, that would result in a fly or a weak grounder because he knew just where to put the ball so that the batsman's favorite weakness was consulted in the ball's height and curve.

He was a terror to opposing pitchers. Getting a good position on the coaching lines he would follow the movements of the twirler for a few moments and then would return to the players' bench, at least three times out of five, with a theory as to the pitcher's signs that was more or less correct—sufficiently near the truth at all events to greatly aid his own batsmen and to rattle the enemy, who would soon get the idea that "Mac" knew every move of the pitcher in advance.

He seldom hit the ball for more than a base—in one season we recall but one long hit that he made and that a two-bagger—but with men on bases he had a wonderful facility for "sizing up" a good ball or waiting for a base on called balls. If he hit the ball it would be very likely to pop just over the heads of the infields, advancing the men another base and perhaps sending in runs. He was skilful, too, in working the pitchers for bases on balls, and so between these two points of excellence he was a timely man to have at the bat in an emergency.

He was a great schemer as a captain and manager. With ordinary sharp men in any team that he control he was able to conceive and have carried out points of play that had seldom or never been tried before. Any crew of players in McGunnigle's control was a team to be feared. Nobody knew what they would do if the game became close.

McGunnigle was severely injured in 1886 while playing with Brockton against Lawrence. The famous "Dick" Conway of Lowell who was pitching for Lawrence, and he had been shooting the ball close to the batsmen to drive them away from the plate. There was no rule then which gave a man a base when hit by the pitcher, and the fast pitchers were therefore dangerous to a degree, a batsman's only hope of escape being to dodge.

Conway, with McGunnigle at the bat, sent a lightning drive right at his head. It struck the batsman fairly with a crash that could be heard in the grand stand, and he dropped as if shot. He was taken home in a practically senseless state, and the effects of the awful blow that he received lingered with him for a considerable time.

McGunnigle had a standing as an actual player of baseball for a period of perhaps 25 years—a record that few men ever equalled. As a manager he made his last appearance at the head of the Louisville league team in 1896. He got some good work out of the club, started the players on a winning streak, and got a great reception. When he walked out into the field before 9000 people at one Sunday game he was cheered to the echo, and treated as loyally as a Melba or an Eames in an American Opera house. But there were too many interests working against him; others "wanted his job," and Mr. McGunnigle after a few weeks' service had to drop out. He got the short end of the deal with the Louisville club in ways about which the general public knew nothing.

Capt. McGunnigle's playing record after he became noted in professional circles included Buffalo, 1878 and 1879, and then he was out of baseball until 1883, when he played in Saginaw, Mich., acting as captain and manager part of the time. He played in 1884 in Bay City, Mich., catching some games, one of the pitchers that he received being John Clarkson, afterwards of the "$10,000 beauties," Clarkson and Kelly, of Chicago and Boston. In 1885-'6 he was in Brockton and the next year in Lowell, where he won the New England League championship. In '88 and '89 he managed the Brooklyn American association team, the team coming in second the first year and first the second year. He remained with Brooklyn in 1890 and part of '91, and then went to Pittsburg, where he remained part of the season. At Pittsburg he lifted the team somewhat in the race.

In 1892 he managed the Brocktons the latter half of the season, and the team won 12 straight games after he took hold, and finished the season in a respectable position in the New England League. He then dropped out of base ball till 1896, when he had a brief experience as manager of the Louisvilles.

WIRE CLOTH MANUFACTURERS.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BUFFALO, N. Y., March 13.—The wire cloth manufacturers of the United States formed an association in this city on Thursday under the name of the Wire Cloth Manufacturers' Association of America. H. S. Swinerce of Clinton, Mass., was elected president tary. A uniform price list was unanimously adopted.

INSURGENT MOROS

Murdered the Spanish Governor and Assistants.

A CHURCH AND OTHER BUILDINGS DESTROYED

Spaniards Taken by Them as Prisoners.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

TACOMA, Wash., March 13.—Advices by the steamer Victoria confirm the story that the insurgent Moros, of Palawan island, one of the insurgent group north of Borneo, murdered the Spanish governor of Palawan, residing at Port Royalist, and killed his assistants. His head was severed from his body and carried back into the hills to incite a rebellion among the natives, who had previously feared Spain's power. A church and other Spanish buildings were burned, after which the rebellious Moros, retreated to the hills of Palawan, carrying with them several dozen men, women and children, all Spaniards, as prisoners.

The Spanish mail steamship which called at Port Royalist after the massacre, did nothing except to make inquiries. Captain Pfort, of the steamer Labuan, brought away the governor's wife, several other women and children a priest and twelve soldiers who were landed at Sandakan.

ROBERT HOWARD

SPEAKS ON SOUTHERN MILLS BEFORE INDUSTRIAL COMMISSION.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WASHINGTON, March 13.—Robert Howard, ex-secretary of the National Spinners' union, was before the industrial commission Saturday. He said that the southern mills could not be seriously considered as competitors of the northern mills because they produced a different class of articles and because southern workmen could not be pressed to expedition as could the northern operatives. He quoted a foreman in a southern mill as saying that if he should tell an operative in his institution to hasten her work she was liable to be after him with a shotgun.

Mr. Howard told of the difficulties encountered in getting legislation providing for weekly payments to laborers. The manufacturers had opposed the measure on the ground that it was a species of socialism and that it would produce drunkenness. The measure, however, had proved a success and instead of causing an increase of drunkenness, it had proved a promoter of temperance. There was not so much temptation to spend money for liquor when received weekly as when the entire month's wages were received in a lump sum.

DRACUT

IN THE POLICE PATROL OF THE TOWN.

The board of selectmen of Dracut held their regular meeting Saturday afternoon, and considerable business was transacted. John Hutchinson, the present police officer at the Navy Yard, was reappointed. Edward Kennedy was chosen police officer for Dracut Centre in place of Officer Jacques, and George Tucker was appointed at Collinsville in place of Frank I. Hill, the present incumbent.

Besides the appointment of the regular police officers several special officers were appointed at the different villages.

John Smith, Collie Smith and Henry Varnum were appointed game and fish wardens.

Mr. Edward St. Ledger, Jr., secretary of the Dracut Democratic committee, has been appointed registrar of voters, for a ter mof three years in place of Nicholas Gallagher, who at the recent town meeting was elected selectman.

A BITTER FIGHT.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, March 13.—A special from Akron, Ohio, says:

A bitter fight will be instituted at Cleveland next Wednesday when the independent telephone companies will meet to form a combine to make war on the Central union and Bell telephone companies. The independent concerns represent a capital stock of $8,000,000.

HARVARD-YALE CONFERENCE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., March 13.—F. R. Nourse, and J. F. Roche, Jr., representing the Harvard athletic association and Thomas R. Fisher, 2nd, and James Magee, representing the Yale athletic association, met in conference at the Massasoit House Saturday afternoon, to arrange for the dual contest between the athletic associations of their respective colleges. Before the meeting, Manager Magee of the Yale association said that the meet would be held in New Haven, probably on May 13.

CATALINA IS AGROUND.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

LONDON, March 13.—The Spanish steamer Catalina, which sailed from Barcelona, on March 8, for Havana, is ashore at Valenda in a critically unsafe position. Her passengers and crew have been landed.

A BIG FIRE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

ATCO, N. J., March 13.—Fire today did $30,000 worth of damage to the Atco glass works. The flames originated in the engine room. There were ten thousand boxes of window glass in the warehouse valued at about $25,000. Loss of buildings $5,000, partially insured.

A CAVE IN.

Quite a cave-in of a portion of Dutton street in front of the First Trinitarian church was occasioned by the storm last night. Officer Buchanan, upon seeing the cave-in this morning, placed a barrel in the street to warn teamsters.

TAKEN TO HAVERHILL.

Inspector Durgin of Haverhill came to this city this noon and returned home with Henry I. Pollard, a well known young man of Lowell who is wanted in that city for the alleged obtaining of money under false pretences by means of checks.

COLD WAVE COMING.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BOSTON, March 13.—A special bulletin sent out by the Weather Bureau says a cold wave will reach this section tonight or tomorrow morning. Temperature will fall about 20 degs

MARLBORO STRIKE

Appeal to the Unions Hereabouts.

A FEW WEEKS MORE WILL BRING VICTORY

Funds Needed to Maintain the Struggle.

A representative of the Marlboro strikers was in town Saturday soliciting funds to enable them to hold out for a few weeks longer, confident that by so doing they will win a victory over those who attempt to deprive the laborers of their right to organize. Their cause is a good one and deserves the support of all true friends of labor. It is all very well to talk of free shops. The phrase sounds well but by free shops is meant shops in which the employes cannot join any union. In which membership in a union will not be recognized or tolerated. The manufacturers are organized in this fight but they deny their employes the privilege of organizing for mutual protection. The Marlboro manufacturers should be beaten because if they succeed, their plans and policy will be adopted in other cities. Their action is a menace to laborers in general. How would it be in our mills if the operatives were forbidden to join a union, if no delegation representing organized labor were to be recognized?

The Marlboro strikers have justice on their side and on that they are strong, but the money is on the other side and they appeal to the friends of justice in neighboring cities to aid them in this struggle. They have issued the subjoined appeal and any subscriptions sent to The Sun office for the Marlboro strikers will be duly acknowledged and forwarded to the proper parties:

STRIKERS' APPEAL.

Fellow Workers of All Trades: The Union Shoe Workers of Marlboro, Mass., about 3000 in number, are obliged to call upon their fellow unionists, and all sympathizers throughout the country for financial assistance. For many years our unions and our employers have met on equal terms and settled prices and conditions of labor, but November 10, 1898, our manufacturers posted notices requiring each person to renounce the union and sign individual agreements for one year at prices reduced from 15 per cent. to 40 per cent.

Our members have unanimously decided to refuse to surrender their right to maintain organization and Nov. 14, 1898, the union men and women unanimously ceased work to remain out until such time as the employers will recognize them as unionists. If the hundreds of thousands of organized wage workers will make a small weekly contribution, we shall be able to hold out indefinitely. We ask our affiliated trades to circulate these subscriptions by reliable parties each week in factories, quarries or other places and keep them goin geach week until our victory is won. All favors, small or large, will be thankfully received. Send all money to John J. Dalton, 128 Main street, treasurer relief committee, Marlboro, Mass, and send notice of remittance to B. P. Dorsey, 193A Main street, Marlboro, Mass.

As the S. H. Howe Shoe company, J. A. Frye, Rice & Hutchins, and John O'Connell & Sons, have boycotted organized labor, we deem it the duty of all labor unions to withdraw their patronage from all class dealers who sell shoes made by either of the above mentioned unfair firms. Please appoint committees at once to wait upon your shoe dealers with the above object in view. Thanking all in anticipation of their generous assistance, we remain in the noble cause of labor,

Joint Council No. 5.
Boot & Shoe Workers' Union.

To all affiliated Trades: The undersigned heartily endorse the above appeal and on behalf of our national union which is now facing a crisis we beg unionists of all trades to circulate these petitions weekly and thus aid our worthy members in Marlboro, Mass., in their determined struggle to maintain their organization.

Boot and Shoe Workers' Union.
John F. Tobin, General President.
Horace M. Eaton, General Secretary and Treasurer.

Headquarters American Federation of Labor, 423 G St., N. W.
Washington, D. C., Jan. 4, 1899.

John F. Tobin, President Boot and Shoe Workers' Union:

Dear Sir and Brother: Replying to yours for verification regarding our interview with Mr. Howe of the firm of S. H. Howe & Co., of Marlboro, Massachusetts, I beg leave to say that your statements are founded upon facts as follows: During the convention of the American Federation of Labor at Kansas City, I wired Mr. Howe asking for an interview with a view to adjusting the shoe workers' trouble. Mr. Howe wired his assent but subsequently withdrew it and then wired his willingness to meet me personally. Desirous of being of some assistance to the Boot and Shoe Workers' union, I consented to meet Mr. Howe even upon this condition. The interview lasted three hours. During this time Mr. Howe adroitly endeavored to convey expressions of friendliness to the boot and shoe workers and disinterestedness toward organized labor, but he persisted in enforcing the reduction of wages and refused to even confer with a committee of his striking employes.

Yes, he even went so far as to say that he would only recognize those few who had violated their faith to their fellow workmen by returning to work during the trouble. How absurd or hostile to labor such an attitude is, needs no demonstration at my hands. Yes; he even refused to allow the state board of arbitration to consider, much less make an effort to adjust the difficulty.

While Mr. Howe declared that he would not have the state board of arbitration endeavor to effect a settlement, he declared that he was one of those personally responsible in calling for the state police for the purpose, as he euphoniously styled it, "to protect the interests of all." While he endeavored to qualify or modify his utterances at the banquet of the Shoe and Leather association of Massachusetts, the paper which he submitted clearly showed that he asserted it as his purpose to wreck the power of the Shoe Workers' union and destroy the American Federation of Labor.

If ever workers were justified in a contest and were deserving of the financial aid and practical support of organized labor and a sympathetic public the shoe workers of Marlboro certainly are.

The shoe manufacturers of Marlboro are antagonistic to organized labor, and certainly Mr. Howe convinced me that he is one of the most cunning of them all. Sincerely hoping that victory may come to our shoe workers of Marlboro, I am fraternally yours,

Samuel Gompers,
President American Federation of Labor.

Representatives of the strikers are in this city soliciting aid and it is hoped they will meet a generous response. Already many of the local unions have contributed liberally to the strikers.

REAL ESTATE

TRANSACTIONS FOR WEEK ENDING March 11.

LOWELL.

Nathaniel Peabody to Chas. A. Richardson, land with buildings on Ludlam street, $1.

D. Moody Prescott to John J. Downing, land with buildings on Meade street, $1.

Chas. W. Webster to Asro H. Schoolcraft, a lot of land on Trotting Park road, $1.

James Clegg to Sarah Ann Swallow, lot of land on Sydney street, $1.

John Brady to Bezey Brady, land with buildings on Clare street, $1.

Morris Rugin to Nathan A. Chapland with buildings on Bartlett street, $1.

Frank L. Bogan to Claude Leblanc, lot of land on Perkins street, $1.

Aclesah McAlvin to Daniel H. Varnum, lot of land on Varnum street, $1.

WESTFORD.

Geo. D. Kimball to John A. Healey, lot of land, $1.

TEWKSBURY.

Wm. H. Wiggin to Chas. H. Searle, land with buildings in Wigginville, $1.

TYNGSBORO.

Olive C. Pickford et al., to Asa B. Pickford et al., lot of land $1.

WILMINGTON.

Ira E. Burnham et ux., to Harriet Pierpont, land with buildings, $1600.

DRACUT.

L. R. J. Varnum et al. to Jennie G. Manchester, lot of land at Mt. Pleasant, $1.

Mary J. Wilson to John Marren, lot of land on new Meeting House road, $500.

Dudley L. Page, trustee, to George Ququin, lot of land at Elsmere, $1.

L. R. J. Varnum et al. to Chas. H. Jones, lot of land at Mt. Pleasant,

BILLERICA.

Thomas F. McElligott et al to James Copeland, land with buildings on Maple street, $1.

REPORT OF DEATHS

FOR THE WEEK ENDING MARCH 11, 1899.

2—Bridget Kelley, 50, peritonitis.
3—Henry H. Barnes, 83, acute gastritis.
Robert Ledford, 26, peritonitis.
4—Margaret Hagan, 16, hepatitis.
5—Sidney Davis, 84, cardiac debility.
Eliza Walker, 78, pneumonia.
Susan Walsh, 63, cerebral apoplexy.
Cornelius F. Hart, 39, phthisis.
Olivine Plenty, 5, cer. meningitis.
Hickles Govestes, 9 mos, cap. bronchitis.
6—Harriet P. Langley, 77, heart failure.
Sarah Kearnes, 70, old age.
Elizabeth Ray, 7, rantasmus.
7—Johanna Hierlihey, 63, pneumonia.
Ann McKane, 49, peritonitis.
David Murphy, 29, pulm. hemorrhage.
Thomas Lyons, 27, tuberculosis.
Abraham Lappin, 1 mo., tuberculosis.
——— McAleer, 10 min., cyanosis.
8—George W. Lane, 46, consumption.
Mary Mullin, 26, colitis.
Cecil F. Nichols, 3, accidental drowning.
Joseph Maronski, 1, bronchitis.
9—Cyrus K. Russell, 83, cerebral anaemia.
Mary Gately, 53, pneumonia.
Felix Forth, 49, fracture of skull.
James Driscoll, 41, phthisis.
Edward J. Garrigan, 21, tuberculosis.
Thomas F. Golden, 16, phthisis.
10—Fabyan J. Farr, 48, phthisis.
GIRARD P. HADMAN, City Clerk.
mrg CG m HCh WqPP3 ...

LOWELL GENERAL HOSPITAL.

Following are additional subscriptions to the hospital:

A. C. Wheelock	$50.00
James Whittet	5.00
Mrs. R. P. Coburn	3.00
Daniel M. Leary	5.00
Levi S. Sprague	25.00
J. W. R. Shaw	5.00
James U. Gage	5.00
A Friend	15.00
Carl G. Pihl	5.00
Edward N. Burke	25.00
Josiah B. French	5.00
Edmund B. Fletcher	100.00
Frederick Ayer	25.00
James W. Bennett	5.00
Mrs. Kate S. Martin	5.00
Mrs. Elvira R. Hutchins	5.00
	$288.00
Previously acknowledged	1073.40
Total	$1361.40

CRESCENT CLUB.

The Crescent club held a social on Saturday evening at its club house in the Highlands and about 25 members and a few invited friends were present. A phonograph exhibition was given by W. H. Dodge. The club's quartette contributed to the evening's enjoyment. Refreshments were served and the affair was voted a success.

FIRST STREET LANDSLIDE.

About 6.30 o'clock last evening a landslide on First street in the vicinity of Llewellyn street completely covered the tracks of the Lowell, Lawrence & Haverhill street railway. Passengers to and from Lowell had to be transferred from cars on either side of this miniature mountain of gravel until a clearance was made. Verily, it is about time something should be done to this dangerous hill in the way of protection for public safety demands it.

BASE BALL.

Unless the players who made up the New York team last year show more signs of life in returning the contracts sent to them, Manager John B. Day will not have enough men on his practice trip south to make up a nine.

One of the Cleveland salary cuts is undoubtedly on the document that was sent to Louis Sockalexis, the erstwhile Indian phenom, and this is not surprising. The only wonder is that the club offered Sox a contract at all. If the people of Cleveland are as forgiving toward the club as the club has been toward the Indian, there will be good times in base ball the coming season, for the throw-down that Sox gave the club was about equal to the throw-down that the club gave the people of Cleveland.

Next year Jesse Burkett thinks there will be a great big revolution in base ball and there will come into existence from the troubles in the National league another league which will be known as the American Association of professional base ball clubs, of which so much has been written and talked this winter. He feels sure that will be the outcome and Cleveland will be represented in that organization. He laughs at the proposition that another team will be put into Cleveland with the National League franchise and says if the crack team of last year could not make the game pay there a team of less ability surely could not.

There promises to be a regular cat and parrot matinee when the time comes for the appointment of a captain for the Brooklyn team. The old Brooklyn players want Griffin to direct them while the former Orioles, Keeler, Jennings, Kelley and McGraw are holding out for Kelley. The greatest weakness of the consolidated team is apt to come from internal jealousies.

Manager Selee of the Bostons says that the new balk rule will require catchers who can line the ball down to second base with the speed of a shot and the accuracy of a rifle. He thinks that in Bergen and Clarke he has two such catchers.

Burkett has signed with Cleveland and it is said has obtained an increase in salary.

Captain Duffy has decided to leave with the Boston team on March 21.

Manager Rusty Wright has got together a good team for Paterson, N. J. It contains some men who are well known in this section, "Hi" Ladd, the Fall River left fielder; Tommie Niland, of Lynn who is slated to play third; Pitcher Tom Flannigan, who did good work in Fall River; Gochnaur, formerly of Brockton, who is to play second, and Catcher Duncan, formerly of Portland, Fall River and Springfield.

Pres. Soden received contracts yesterday from Bergen, Willis, Yager and Smith.

Fred Doe stands an excellent chance of making the league staff as he has the support of several league managers, among the rest Burns of Chicago, Selee of Boston and Irwin of Washington.

Washington will abandon the idea of placing Mercer on third base. An endeavor will be made to secure Irwin of the Cleats or Lave Cross. Washington also wants an experienced pitcher and has such seasoned men as Mercer and McGuire to offer for desirable players. Madden will probably captain the team.

HIGGINSON DECLINES PROMOTION.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WASHINGTON, March 13.—Rear Admiral Higginson, who commanded the Massachusetts during the late war, has declined the promotion offered him by the department, on the ground that his services have not been of such conspicuous merit as to warrant it.

KNIGHTS OF COLUMBUS.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

HARTFORD, Conn., March 13.—The Times is authority for the statement that members of the order of the Knights of Columbus in this city and throughout the state are much exercised over the announcement that the National council of the order, at its recent meeting in New Haven had voted $50,000 from the funds of the order to endow a chair in the Catholic University at Washington.

CREDIT TO ALL IT PAYS

a clothier not to make money at certain months of the year. We, at least, go on that principle. With Spring goods coming in daily, we put forth every effort to dispose of our heavy weight garments. A glance at our windows will show you how good a bargain you can buy at very little money.

Ladies' Jackets, Capes, Skirts and Waists
Men's, Boys and Children's Clothing,

Not a garment that is not reduced, most of them about half and less of what they were a month ago. Of course "On Credit," if you want accommodation. Always remember this store is your store, and Credit is your right.

Caesar Misch
ODD - FELLOWS - BLOCK
78 MIDDLESEX ST., LOWELL.
A. STRAUSS, Manager.

DON'T FORGET THE

GREAT SPECIAL SALE

New Spring Wrappers,

—AT—

JOHN DRAIN

111 GORHAM STREET.

A Bunch of Violets Free with every $1.0 Purchase. Come, Everybody.

TEETH

DR. BICKELL & SON insert teeth without plate. Only dentists in New England who have an Electric Mallet for filling teeth with gold without pain. Gold fillings do not come out when made by this process. Beware of dentists claiming to use Dr. Bickell's New Method of Painless Extraction—as we reserve the exclusive right in Lowell to our own office. Best teeth from $5 to $10 a set, and Dr. Bickell will pay $1000 reward to any person who proves that any dentist in Lowell uses any better quality teeth than Dr. Bickell's. No charge for extracting when teeth are to be made. All work warranted. Thirty years' experience. DR. BICKELL & SON, the Painless Dentists, Rooms 31, 35, 37 Runels' Building, cor. Merrimack and Bridge streets. Office hours: 9.00 a. m. to 5.00 p. m. Not in evenings.

BEST TEETH $5 TO $10 A SET.

CLEARANCE SALE! During the month of February we will sell $6, $7 and $8 Dress Suit Cases for $5. Our $3.50 Cases will be sold for $2. Big reductions will be made on all our Leather Novelties, Trunks, Bags, Pocketbooks.

P. F. DEVINE, 38 Merrimack Street, Branch of Lowell Trunk Manufactory.

The Easy Food
Easy to Buy,
Easy to Cook,
Easy to Eat,
Easy to Digest.
Quaker Oats
At all grocers
in 2-lb. pkgs. only

WHEN IN DOUBT, TRY
STRONG AGAIN! Sexine Pills

They have stood the test of years, and have cured thousands of cases of Nervous Diseases, such as Debility, Dizziness, Sleeplessness and Varicocele, Atrophy, &c. They clear the brain, strengthen the circulation, make digestion perfect, and impart a healthy vigor to the whole being. All drains and losses are checked *forthwith*. Unless patents are properly cured, their condition often worries them into Insanity, Consumption or Death. Mailed sealed. Price $1 per box; 6 boxes, with iron-clad legal guarantee to cure or refund the money, $5.00. Send for free book. Address, PEARL MEDICINE CO., Cleveland, O.

Sold at Goodale's Drug Store, the best and cheapest place in Lowell for drugs and medicines, 217 CENTRAL STREET.

WANTED.

WANTED—A Kitchen girl at 179 Middlesex St.

WANTED—Young attractive lady, one that can speak French, to travel, one that has some knowledge of palmistry and card reading. Call at once at the Farragut House parlor. E. A. Hickson.

WANTED—Razors to concave and hone. No need to take either while shaving after having them sharpened by Gonzales, the grinder. Every job warranted. 195 Gorham street.

WANTED—A tract of land, 4 to 10 acres, suitable for development and building purposes. Address, giving particulars, New England Suburban Improvement Co., Milford, Mass.

WANTED—An unfurnished front room in St. Peter's parish. Call for Miss O'Day, 58 John street.

WANTED—100 boys call at Room 10, St. Lawrence hotel to sell London Champion Silver Polish at 5c. a package. Prize given to the one selling the most. Gold watch or suit of clothes.

WANTED—Board and rooms in private family by a young man. Address Niliot, Sun office.

WANTED—Christian man or woman to qualify as correspondent. Salary $900. Enclose references and self-addressed stamped envelope to Secretary, care Sun.

WANTED—Ladies to make sample patches at home; $5 to $10 weekly; no canvassing; reply envelope for sample and particulars. Foster Machine Co., 322 West 59th street, New York.

WANTED—You to know that we pay cash for second hand furniture. Send postal; we will call. Dogg & Co., 60 Middlesex street.

WANTED—Agents, both sexes, with and without experience. For particulars call between 12 and 2, and 7 and 9 p. m., at No. 498 Suffolk street, City. J. D. Lajoie, Gen. Agt.

WANTED—Two Ladies and three Gentlemen of experience to handle an article of genuine merit. Apply 179 East Merrimack St.

WANTED—Agents, young women, good money. Lowell Chemical Co., 60 Middle street.

PROFITABLE WORK offered agents in every town to secure subscriptions to the Ladies' Home Journal and the Saturday Evening Post. Good pay for good work. We want agents to work thoroughly and with business system to cover each section with our illustrated little booklets and other advertising matter. How well some of our agents have succeeded is told in a little booklet we would like to send you—portraits of some of our best agents, with the story of how they made it pay. The Curtis Publishing Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

LADIES to do plain sewing at home. $1.50 per day; four months' work guaranteed; send stamped addressed envelopes for particulars. Utopian Supply Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

DEALERS and boarders wanted at Central Restaurant, 484 Central street, opposite Union street. Price low. Meals at all hours.

WANTED—Girl to do general housework at 32 Rock street.

LADIES WANTED To attend the Lowell Dress Cutting Schools, opened day and evening. First evening free at 15 Merrimack street, room 16, opposite Dickson Bros.' tea store. Nesmith's Block and 376 Central street, near Opera House. First class dress makers and milliners will be employed for teaching. M. J. Greaves, Principal. Hours from 9 a. m. to 9 p. m.

WANTED—100 young and old men to bring their old clothes to Fred P. Low's Dye House and Clothes Cleaning establishment at 477 Merrimack street, where he can make your old suit as good as new for a small sum.

LOST AND FOUND.

FOUND—A bunch of keys at corner of Cross and Adams street. Owner can have same by calling at Sun office.

LOST—A double black shawl, between the old Boston & Maine depot and the corner of Bridge and Seventh streets. Finder return to Farragut House.

LOST—A pocketbook containing a sum of money. Finder will please leave at 190 Broadway.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

Middlesex, ss.

PROBATE COURT.

To the heirs at law, next of kin, and all other persons interested in the estate of BRIDGET A. KELLEY, late of Lowell, in said County, deceased.

Whereas, certain instruments purporting to be the last will and testament—and a codicil—of said deceased has been presented to said Court, for probate, by James F. Sullivan, who prays that letters testamentary may be issued to him, the executor therein named, without giving a surety on his official bond.

You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court to be held at Lowell, in said County of Middlesex, on the twenty first day of March, A. D. 1899, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any you have, why the same should not be granted.

And said petitioner is hereby directed to give public notice thereof, by publishing this citation once in each week, for three successive weeks, in the Lowell Sun, a newspaper published in Lowell, the last publication to be one day at least before said Court, and by mailing postpaid, or delivering a copy of this citation to all known persons interested in the estate, seven days at least before said Court.

Witness, Charles J. McIntire, Esquire, Judge of said Court, this sixth day of March, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

S. H FOLSOM, Register.

Notice is hereby given that the subscriber has been duly appointed administratrix of the estate of Mary Scanlon, alias Mary Scanlon, late of Billerica, in the County of Middlesex, deceased, intestate, and has taken upon herself that trust by giving bond as the law directs. All persons having demands upon the estate of said deceased are required to exhibit the same; and all persons indebted to said estate are called upon to make payment to Annie F. Scanlon, Adm. North Billerica, Mass., Feb. 25, 1899.

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS.
State House, Boston, March 10, 1899.—The Committee on Cities will give a hearing to parties interested in a petition of Jerome F. Manning with accompanying bill (House No. 601) "to discontinue and abolish the existing Board of Assessors in the City of Lowell, and create and establish a new Board of Assessors in place thereof, and for other purposes, at Room No. 446, State House, on Tuesday, March 14th, at 10.30 o'clock a. m. Loyd E. Chamberlain, chairman; Edward P. Shaub, Clerk of the Committee.

PETER H. SAVAGE.
Undertaker and Funeral Director
160 WORTHEN ST.
Telephone connection 464-4. Calls night or day promptly attended to. Carriages furnished for weddings and christenings.

PETER J. BRADY, GROCER
NEW STORE:
Cor. Gorham and South Highland Streets.
Choice Teas, Coffees, and Spices
Try our New Brands of Flour, the Best in the City, "The King Arthur," "Crown of Gold," and "Banquet."

OPEN EVENINGS,
Monday and Saturday.

Alcohol,
Ammonia,
Bay Rum,
Benzine.
Best Quality.

C. B. COBURN & CO.
63 TO 67 MARKET ST.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—The largest and best equipped restaurant in N. H., within one half hours' ride from Lowell, across the street from depot, whole room; good for $70 a day; ladies' private parlor; furniture and everything in it strictly first class. Colored chef, gentleman waiters and plenty of business; satisfactory reasons given for selling. Price ($1900) one thousand dollars. R. Sun office.

FOR SALE—Lot of land on Highland avenue 6000 feet, by Lewis D. Crumb, 214 Gorham street.

FOR SALE—In N. H. good farm of 130 acres; lots of fruit, wood and timber; two good barns, good 10 room house; running water at house and barn. Price only $500. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

FOR SALE—My residence, 479 Westford street. Fred C. Miller.

FOR SALE—Near Massachusetts mills, two tenement house and barn, all modern improvements; pays 15 per cent. Price $3300. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

CALL at 339 Market street to buy or sell second-hand Furniture.

FOR SALE—In Pawtucketville, two tenement house and store; always rented. Price $2300. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

FOR SALE—Tan R.I.P.A.N.S for 5 cents at druggists. One gives relief.

FOR SALE—Good boarding house of 21 rooms. Well furnished; 25 boarders, good location. Price $350. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

LADIES—Chichester English Pennyroyal Pills (Diamond Brand) are the best, safe, reliable. Take no other. Send 4c. in stamps for particulars, "Relief for Ladies," in letter by return mail. At druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

FOR SALE—In Centralville, near Bridge street, 7 room cottage house, good barn, large lot of land. Price $1600. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

MENTHOL CREAM Shampoo is used in all leading hair-dressing and bath parlors in New England. Menthol Cream Shampoo removes dandruff and all humors of the scalp. It contains alcohol, glycerine and menthol. It gives a rich, creamy lather and when used in the bath will remove pimples etc., leaving the skin clear and soft. 25c. per bottle. Sold by leading druggists.

FOR SALE—Two tenement house near South street; price $2300. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

LADIES—My Monthly Regulator has brought happiness to hundreds of anxious women. I have never had a single failure; no other doctor can say this. Longest cases relieved in from 2 to 5 days without fail. No pain, no danger, no interference with work; price $3 by mail or at office. Consultation free. All letters truthfully answered. Dr. Tolman Co., 179 Tremont street, Boston.

FOR SALE—Near Broadway, two tenement house, 7 rooms to each tenement; all modern improvements; can be bought right. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

MISCELLANEOUS.

MADAM NATHAN, trance and business medium; ladies and gents 25c. 49 John street.

DRESSMAKING.

Latest styles. Perfect fit. Prices very low for month of March. Dressmaking taught. BON MARCHE BUILDING, Room 23.

BUSINESS woman for permanent traveling position, $60 per month and expenses guaranteed. References required. Clark & Co., 934 S. 4th street, Philadelphia, Pa.

EMERY LAND

Office Removed to
3 HILDRETH BUILDING

House lots near the new Moody street bridge, on the principal streets and avenues with all modern improvements, such as gas, city water, sewers, sidewalks, schools, etc. The location is one of the best in the city, being by actual measurement only 0.625 feet from the corner of Central and Merrimack streets to the Emery land. Over 200 buildings have been built on this Emery land in the last two years. Is not that a good indication of what this property is going to be? Call for plans. Prices low. Terms easy.

Wm. H. Emery
A. J. Ryan, 3 Hildreth Building, Old Post Office.

DAILY BARGAINS.

$100
UPRIGHT PIANO.
Seven and 1-3 octaves. Used but little. Condition fine.
GEORGE A. GARDNER
30 Prescott St., Lowell, Mass.

LOW TELEPHONE RATES.

LOWELL EXCHANGE.

Only $25.00 a year, party metallic circuit, measured service, for a residence telephone.

Can you afford to be without one?

Manager will furnish all particulars.

NEW ENGLAND TELEPHONE AND TELEGRAPH CO.,
LOWELL, MASS.

SUFFOLK LOAN CO.

(CORPORATION.)
345 Washington Street, Boston, up one flight. (Near entrance to Boston Tavern.)
MONEY TO LOAN
At legal rates of interest on diamonds, watches, jewelry, life insurance policies, legacies, shares, bonds or any other good security.

DECISIVE VICTORIES

in the business world are won by those only who have the grit to make the effort by first acquiring that comprehensive knowledge, such as given at the

N. E. BUSINESS UNIVERSITY,
Runels Building, Merrimack St., Lowell, Mass.
W. J. Sanders, Prin. C. E. Williams, Mgr.

We are ready to do our part if you are. We know that we can save big money for you if you will call and leave your clothing with us. Hundreds of gentlemen's suits of clothes are in the wardrobe, and are just as good as new as far as wear is concerned, and after passing through our Dye House we will change them to any color that you want at a very small cost to you. Now is the time to bring them in for the spring season. Economy is wealth, and we will help you get wealthy if you let us. Remember it is not what you make, it is what you save that brings happiness. This is the New Years advice of the

BAY STATE
Dye Works
54 PRESCOTT ST.

TO LET.

DESK ROOM to let in the Sun building.

TO LET—Nice 4-room flats, 631 Broadway, $8.00 per month.

TO LET—3 tenements in block corner Hale and Washington Sts. Apply W. H. Bagshaw. Also stalls to be let on same street.

TO LET—50 first class tenements in all parts of the city. A. G. Belcourt, Room 8, Bon Marche Block.

TO LET—Two square rooms. Inquire at 713 Merrimack street, corner Austin.

TO LET—Blacksmith shop. Inquire Connors Bros., Thorndike street.

TO LET—A good office in the Sun building. Inquire at Sun office.

TO LET—Rooms with or without board, one large front room on first floor with gas, furnished or unfurnished. Price low. 322 Fayette street.

STORE TO LET—93 Middle street.

ROOMS TO LET in The Sun Building. Inquire at The Sun office.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

LIQUOR SALOON, the Gilt Edge Cafe; centrally located; doing profitable business; finely fitted; owner has other business. Apply to D. L. Hagan, Proprietor, 11 Stokes St., Providence, R. I.

Wanted, Thorough Business People

That can show ability for successful effort, can make an arrangement with a great corporation, that will pay $5,000 yearly and expenses. Substantial people of ability solicited. Address Post Office Box 1961, New York.

We Bottle Belz's Half Stock

And deliver it in cases to all parts of the city. There is no better Ale in the market than Belz's Celebrated Ales. We also keep on draught all the leading brands of Ales, Lager and Porter. Choicest line of foreign and domestic liquors and cigars.

GEORGE W. ENRIGHT.
Corner Willie and Broadway.

BLOOD POISON

Primary, Secondary and Tertiary BLOOD POISON permanently cured in 15 to 35 days. You can be treated at home for same price under same guarantee. If you prefer to come here we will contract to pay railroad fare and hotel bills, and no charge if we fail to cure. If you have taken mercury, iodide, potash, and still have aches and pains, Mucous patches in mouth, sore throat, pimples, copper colored spots, ulcers on any part of the body, hair or eyebrows falling; out, it is this secondary BLOOD POISON we guarantee to cure. We solicit the most obstinate cases and challenge the world for a case we cannot cure. This disease has always baffled the skill of the most eminent physicians; $500,000 capital behind our unconditional guarantee. Absolute proofs sent sealed on application. Address COOK REMEDY CO., 1887 Masonic Temple, Chicago, Ill.

COME IN TO OUR
Sacrifice Sale

Don't miss the last chance you have to buy before the MARKET RAISES in price. Everything goes to your PRICE.

LEGAULT & CO.
Jewelers, Opticians.
70 CENTRAL ST.

WE ARE EVER INCREASING

Our Baking Business. The people are with us, and no doubt they will stay with us as long as we keep on manufacturing the high grades of Bread, Cake, and Pastry that have made the name of Peter Watson's Home-Made Bakeries a household word. We sell more Wedding and Fancy Cake than almost any other baking establishment in the city, and our Cream Bread is unsurpassed. Good goods can only be made from the best of stock and skilled workmen. That is why Peter Watson's Bakeries, 52 to 60 Charles street and 465 Lawrence street are so popular. If you have not sampled our goods start in at once and you will be sure to get the best at

Peter Watson's,
52 to 60 Charles St.
465 Lawrence St.

LOWELL RENDERING COMPANY
Wholesale Dealers in
Tallow, Bones, Grease, Neatsfoot Oil,
SOAP AND SOAP POWDER,
Hides, Calfskins and Pelts.
Dead Animals Removed Promptly Upon Notification.
532-4—Telephone—322-3.

THE LOWELL
Gas Light Company

Office 22 Shattuck St., cor. Middle

SEWELL C. MACK, President; JACOB ROGERS, Treasurer; E. E. RAYMOND, Clerk.
DIRECTORS—Sewall C. Mack, Levi Sprague, Jacob Rogers, A. G. Cumnock, George S. Motley, Edward M. Tucker, Edward N. Burke.

Price of Gas with the discount off for prompt payment, is

$1.00 ONE THOUSAND FEET.

First class Cooking Stoves set up and rented at a low rate per year, piping included. Coke broken, screened and delivered at $4.00 per chaldron. $2.50 per half chaldron, cash. No charge made for the use of meters. No charge made for running supply pipes from street mains to consumer's cellar. Orders when left at office promptly attended to.

James Walsh,

Florist and nursery man, also landscape gardner. Floral designs for all occasions. Choice cut flowers always on hand. Plants, trees, shrubs, etc. Westford street cars pass our conservatories.

CONCRETE paver and dealer in coal, tar and pitch. Orders solicited for putting down sidewalks, garden walks, warehouse and stable floors, street pavements, etc., etc., also asphalt and gravel roofing. 166 Highland Avenue, Lowell, Mass.

A CARD.

A final cleaning up of all our winter lines of Footwear for ladies, that were formerly $2.00 to close at

$1.50 a Pair.

We do this to make room for our spring goods that are due on the 15th.

J. J. LONERGAN,
215 DUTTON ST.

PREPARATIONS FOR A STAGE PRODUCTION.

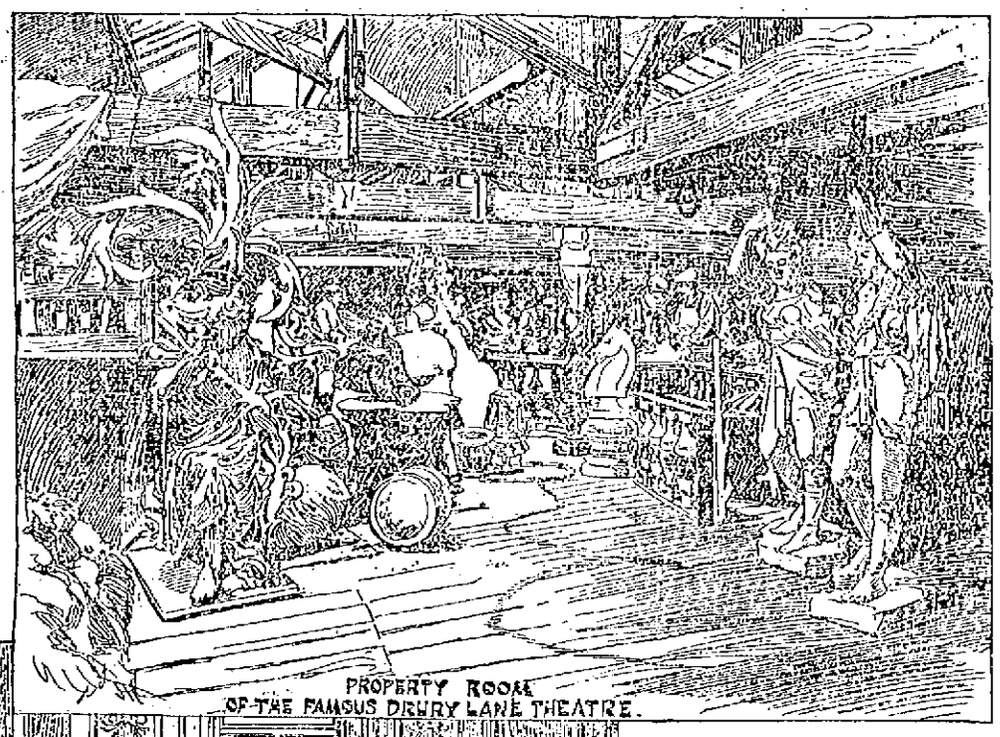
What Goes On In the Mysterious Regions "Behind the Scenes" Prior To the First Performance.

[Copyright, 1899.]

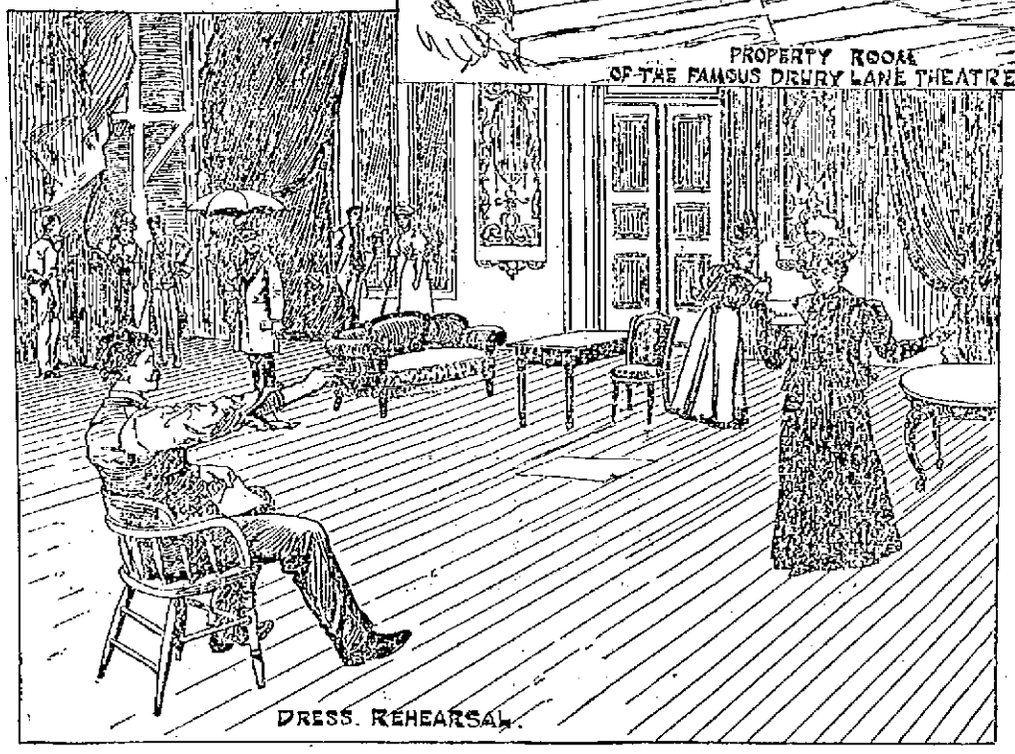
The average theater goer, as he sits comfortably in his reserved seat and watches the first performance of some great dramatic work, often wonders in a vague sort of way how such smoothness and nicety of action were ever attained by mortal man. From the first rise of the curtain to the fall of the drop every line has been spoken and every movement has been ordered with the accuracy and precision of a double jewled chronometer. Never a hitch is there from first to last. But as our complacent theater goer sits and watches the play for which he has paid his dollar or two he has indeed very little idea of the weeks and weeks of toil and sundy and worry and revising which had to take place before the actor could add his last little quota to the gayety of nations.

But the actor himself knows only too well the amount of work that was necessary before he could so airily tear a passion to pieces for the delectation of his light hearted audience. In fact, if that imaginative and sadly misled young lady, the stagestruck girl, were once led behind the scenes by some kindly hand and shown just how the ordinary everyday dress rehearsal is conducted she would soon see that they say such things and they do such things that she would never want to go there any more! She would suddenly realize that the entire duty of even the brightest theatrical star is not to beam effulgently over the footlights and send out her autograph to an ever increasing army of admirers.

Theatrical people, fortunately, make it a point to see that only those persons



PROPERTY ROOM OF THE FAMOUS DRURY LANE THEATRE.



DRESS. REHEARSAL.

who have some particular reason for doing so shall witness that laborious and painful preparatory work which necessarily precedes the production of a new play. For this reason a glimpse behind the scenes will be of especial interest to those who have never known the use of rouge and wig.

In the first place, a visit behind the scenes of a big theater is invariably disillusioning, interesting as the initial incursion into that once considered realm of enchantment may prove. If the dress rehearsal for some big performance chances to be taking place during this first visit, the intruder will find everything behind the footlights in a state of confusion and activity.

The first thing which will strike the visitor is the surprisingly shabby appearance of the stage scenery when viewed at short range. The lordly mansion of the Capulets will be nothing more than a crudely daubed piece of canvas, and the white swan on which the departing Lohengrin floats so mysteriously away is nothing more than a ridiculous lithe-necked box on wheels, well decorated with very earthly goose feathers. The visitor will venture into the property room with expectant heart, for there, he knows, he will be sure to find the bloody dagger with which Lady Macbeth does her nightly deed of horror, and the Venetian four poster on which the irate Othello strangles the perjured Desdemona, and the anvil that rings so merrily in "Robin Hood," and the great golden goblets from which the Pirates of Penzance have always taken such liberal and yet strangely unintoxicating potions, and indeed the one hundred and one things which mingled comedy and tragedy, tears and laughter, have endeared to those people who have a fondness for seeing the mirror held up to nature.

What the visitor really sees will be in all probability a great, confused, heterogeneous mass of lumber, among which he will distinguish perhaps the sawmill used in "Blue Jeans" and the real gristmill from "The Man Without a Country," a luxurious parlor chair or two piled incongruously on a plain kitchen table, firearms and swords and piles of tin armor for the Roman soldiery, false faces of all sizes and descriptions, rustic looking tree trunks made of boards with painted rags glued to them and a hundred and one outlandish looking pieces of stage furniture. The golden goblets from which the alcoholically inclined chorus drink their foaming beverage are, alas, found to be nothing more substantial than paper, and the delectable young chicken over which the theatrical lunch party smacks its collective lips is found to be a mere creation of stuffed kid or cloth. Unlovely looking pieces of wooden statuary stand carelessly about, strangely hideous without the softening lights of the stage electrician flowing over them. And this same stage electrician, by the way, is a very important man behind the scenes, playing a far greater part in the mounting of a drama than the unthinking spectator ever dreams. The master of the lights spends many an hour of study and experiment in trying the effect of different hues and shades on the different scenes of the play under production. Sometimes it is found that a sickly green light will produce a beautiful enough moonlight effect, but the leading lady protests with much vigor that she is never going to face an audience with her erstwhile roselike complexion bathed in any such universal verdancy. So the master of the lights has to begin all over again and find some more acceptable hue to represent his moonlight, or have the heavens shed a special beam of more acceptable coloring over the unrelenting leading lady.

Unless the visitor has wandered into an exceptionally well conducted playhouse he will discover that the different dressing rooms allotted to the leading lady and her colleagues are by no means such luxurious apartments as the outside world dreams. In these rooms will be seen rows and rows of gorgeous looking gowns, but far from being as gorgeous looking as they seem when draped on the heroine while she is being pursued by the villain before the footlights for the amusement of her insatiable audience. Wigs, cosmetics, slippers, shoes, crowns richly dight with glass diamonds, turbans and a theatrical trunk or two will be found scattered promiscuously about.

The bare and dingy rooms in which the ever fascinating chorus girls are made to dress will be viewed with a gentle shock by the visitor, to whom it will seem outrageous that such visions of pink tighted loveliness should have to adorn themselves in a grotto of such dismal hideousness.

When the actual rehearsal starts and the big curtain is rung up before the darkened or dimly lighted house, the really interesting moments of the visit begin. The orchestra at such rehearsals is usually represented by merely the leader of that organization, who presides at the piano and thumps the keyboard and calls out, none too gently, directions to the chorus or the soloist at the same time. If the rehearsal is one of an opera, the revilings and the lecturings to which that poor chorus is subjected are wonderful and terrible to behold. When the leader has grown tired of giving directions and reprimands for the hundredth time, the stage manager comes to the front and takes his turn and pitches into that same much abused chorus for not dressing the stage properly. They are grouped over again, and once more the leader strikes up the old air, and once more a few dozen very tired young ladies—but not always so awfully young—glibly rattle off the same old lightsome ditty and go through the same old fetching movements. Stage managers, as a rule, are not the best tempered beings in the world, and the reason for it is soon understood. Some unfortunate player will insist on standing in the wrong place. She is shifted and shuffled about for the twentieth time and is at last made to cover her own appointed ground only after a big chalk mark has been made showing where she is supposed to stand. Then wrong entrances and exits are made, and once more the manager waxes wrathy and orders the scene done over again. Then perhaps some actor or actress has forgotten his or her lines, and there is a sudden pause in the action, and the even tenor of theatrical life is once more broken into by a calling down from the stage manager. Then it is suddenly discovered that there is something wrong with the scenery, and a new grouping of vile looking canvases is "struck." When this is done, it is seen that the full moon is casting shadows in two directions, a feat which is obviously a lunar impossibility. The manager of the lights is called and consulted, and after half an hour or so of careful trial and experimenting the fit and proper effect in shadows is produced.

Things are once more in apparent smooth running order and the lines are being read along very nicely when it is found that some quite essential piece of stage property is missing and cannot be found. The property man is first called up and then "called down," the article is produced, and still once more the scattered threads of comedy or tragedy, as the case may be, are taken up.

In most performances of any pretensions there are always a certain number of supers engaged. Supers are those gentlemen of theatrical inclinations and evil intentions who usually go to make up the Roman populace or the enraged mob or the courtiers, gentlemen and others used for filling up the back of the stage in certain dramatic performances. Sometimes they even venture to don knightly armor and appear very limp legged and ill at ease as standard bearers Sometimes, again, one of them will array himself in a well worn dress suit long since discarded by the leading man and essay the part of some apparently very awkward and very embarrassed French waiter. It is these supers who seem to have entered into a conspiracy since time immemorial to drive every stage manager in the world into the deadliest throes of stark and staring madness. If the supers are to carry martial spears and banners, they do so in a manner that at once suggests a gang of weary boys sneaking home after a day's truant fishing. If they are to represent the enraged and long oppressed populace giving vent to their just feelings in mutinous cheers, their howls of anger and rage sound more like the muffled wailing of two or three newborn kittens than like the cries of a hundred lusty Roman citizens pouring forth the vials of their wrath. But the indefatigable stage manager sticks to them, bullies them, roars at them, drives them about the stage like a lot of frightened sheep and shows them how to carry a tin spear without giving the impression that this same spear is an attenuated infernal machine.

If there is any dancing in the piece being prepared, the service of the ballet master is demanded. He is nearly always a Frenchman, and for the enlightenment of the young women who stand about with their skirts pinned up he nimbly gyrates with a strange and beautiful abandon which few enough of his short skirted pupils can successfully emulate. Then, after some repainting of scenery and a few more alterations in the lights and a few hours' debating as to costumes and cues and going over the whole play a few more times, the new performance is voted to be almost ready for presentation. After a dress rehearsal or two the first night arrives, and with it brings the long haired newspaper critics and the rest of the great unwashed, who jauntily sum up the merits and demerits of the new production and go on their careless way rejoicing.

But few of us ever dream of the infinite toil and labor that has taken place behind the curtain before that new play is presented to its first audience.

EVANS COOK.

Von der Ahe and Keeler.

Should Chris Von der Ahe drop out of baseball he would be missed by the many jokers who have all told stories at his expense. The latest that is going the rounds refers to a meeting recently between Von der Ahe and Billy Keeler, who was the League's champion batsman last year.

"Hey, Chris!" said a baseball crank who had Keeler in tow. "Don't you know this fellow?"

"Nein," answered the German, with a puzzled look. "What is he?"

"This is Billy Keeler, Chris, the champion hitter of the country."

Von der Ahe stuck out his hand mechanically and without the semblance of a smile remarked:

"Keeler, many's der time I wished I never saw you! Dem home runs und dem tree baggers on der St. Louis grounds made me feel like I vas dead, ain't it? Keeler, I don't know you any more if you make any more of dem bad hits over my fences. It ain't right, Keeler. It ain't right. I've got other troubles, you bet!"

To Find Out Athletes.

When students face the registrar of Northwestern university at the beginning of next semester, they will be asked to fill what Dr. Hollister calls "athletic blanks." On these the students will be required to write a minute account of the athletics they have ever taken part in. By this way the trainer hopes to find many good athletes who would otherwise go through the school year without being known.

THE BASEBALL SEASON.

Outlook For a Prosperous Year—The Brooklyn and Boston Teams Compared—Why New York Should Have a Winning Nine. Edward Hanlon.

[Copyright, 1899.]

Another baseball season will open in a few weeks, and the air is now filled with all sorts of rumors. There has never been a winter prior to the one just ended when so many and such vast deals were put through or attempted. For weeks past baseball politics has been in a state of effervescence, and the public has been kept on the edge to know what would be the next thing sprung by the magnates.

Of course the biggest coup was the purchase of the Baltimore club by Brooklyn, thus giving to the latter city what will probably prove to be the strongest team in the League. Baltimore and Boston last year had a very even fight for the pennant, with the latter winning out in the finish. It is more than likely this season the Brooklyn team, which will consist of the pick of the two clubs, will be able to give the Bostons a fight that will be memorable in baseball annals. Such being the case, it is of interest to compare the relative strength of the two teams.

The new Brooklyn outfield will consist of Griffin, Jones and Keeler. Against them will be pitted Duffy, Hamilton and Stahl. As regards Keeler and Stahl, the problem is easy. The former is the League's champion bat and the best fielder in his position in the country. Griffin is a much better fielder than Hamilton, whereas in other respects they are about on even terms, with the Bean Eater a shade the better base stealer. Jones is a much better thrower and fielder than the Boston captain and besides has the advantage of being several years younger. He has not had so much experience in the League, being a comparative newcomer in the ranks, but is quicker than his opponent. Duffy, however, at present is the better hat. On the whole Brooklyn seems to have the better of the argument as regards the outfield.

On comparing the infielders the superiority of Brooklyn is not so marked. Kelly is, of course, an experiment at first base, but he is quick to learn and knows all the fine points of the game. He is also a heavier batsman than Tenney, the champions' first base man. Kelly is also a right handed thrower, while Tenney is a "southpaw."

At second base it looks like a stand off between Daly and Lowe. The Bostonian, while not a grand stand or showy player, uses his head at all times and is a splendid team man. Daly can throw better than Lowe and is certainly as equal in stick work. Herman Long, the crack short stop of the Boston aggregation, and Hugh Jennings, who will cover the same territory for Brooklyn, are probably the best two players at this position in the country. Both are very fast fielders. Last year Long had a little the better of the argument because Jennings' arm bothered him, but now that trouble is removed. In batting and base running they rank about equal, so that they ought to have a very pretty fight for the honors.

Collins, the Boston third base man, is an artist in his position and is everywhere regarded as the king pin of them all. However, he will have to exert himself to excel Dahlen, who will cover that point for Brooklyn. The latter has been playing short for several years in Chicago, though previous to that time he was a third base man. Both men are very graceful players and can cover a lot of territory, though whether Dahlen can equal Collins' lightning throws is to be seen. He is a better batsman and base runner than the Bostonian and has the advantage of more experience in League baseball. All in all, Brooklyn seems to have the advantage in hitting ability in the infield, though slightly behind in fielding.

The pitching department of both teams is very strong. Hanlon relies on McJames, Kennedy, Nops, Maul, Hughes and Dunn. If to these he can add Joe Corbett, he will have a great advantage over his opponents. The Boston battery consists of Nichols, Klobedanz, Willis, Lewis and others.

The star catcher of the League, Bergen, is a member of the Boston team, and he has to help him out Yeager, Lake and others. Brooklyn can boast no particular star, but includes such reliable men as Grim, Ryan and A. Smith.

Close students of the game, including Hanlon and Vanderhorst, who have studied the make up of the team, assert that Brooklyn will carry off the pennant this season, though they grant that it will by no means be a walkover. They assert that Brooklyn has the heaviest hitting nine in the League, besides having pitching and catching material, though Boston is conceded the stronger in fielding.

However, there are several other teams that must be reckoned with when figuring out a champion. Cincinnati and Philadelphia are always dangerous. Pittsburg has a great team, and any of these by judicious strengthening can give the others a great fight. New York is always a strong finisher, and with about three additions and good management might be backed for a winner with a good deal of confidence. The new manager, Mr. John B. Day, is out with a statement, however, that no new players will be signed for some time and that the captain will not be chosen until after some practice has been taken at Charleston.

The reason for this unwillingness of President Freedman to strengthen the Giants is believed to arise from the fact that he is preparing to get out of baseball after this season. The only thing that keeps him connected with the sport is the $10,000 salary that is attached to the post, and it is not believed that he can influence a sufficient number of stockholders to vote it to him again. He is owner of a majority of the stock, so can get elected to the presidency, but that will not appeal to him when only a small salary goes with it, and it takes a two-thirds vote of the magnates to decide that point.

On the other hand, every magnate, player and baseball crank in the country would like to see the New York team very strong and in a leading position. They all recognize that that city is the best baseball town in the country. An ordinary gate there in a good year when the Giants were factors in the race was 3,000, even on off days, whereas on a Saturday the attendance was between 10,000 and 12,000 and on a holiday was several thousands more than the last number, so that a club, even if it only made expenses in other cities, by playing a few profitable games in the metropolis could wind up the season with a comfortable balance in the bank.

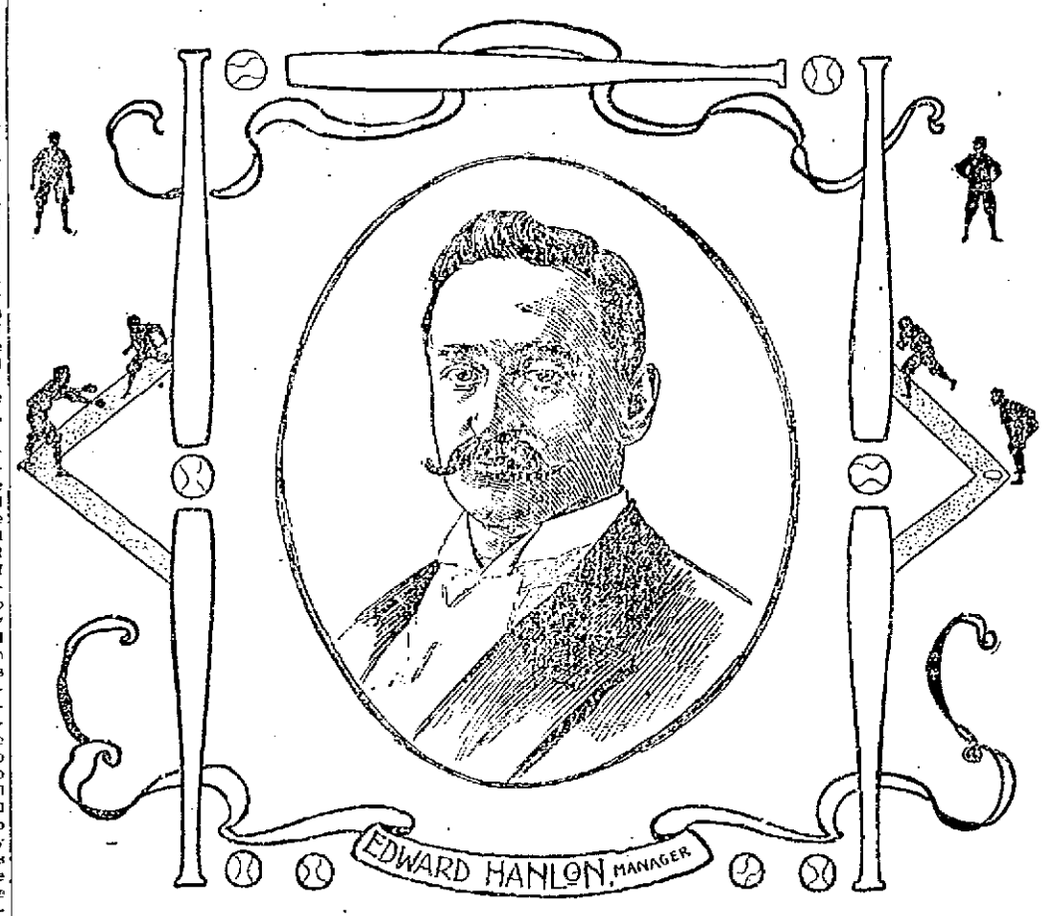
It is probable that very little or no kicking for more salary will be done this season by players before signing their contracts. They are beginning to realize that the magnates generally say what they mean and are very independent, so that it is better to submit to their offers rather than waste time making a fuss.

Everybody seems to appreciate by this time the fact that if public interest is to be stimulated and kept up the game must be made livelier. The only way to effect this is by making hitting more of a feature and easier for the batsmen. With the great improvement in the fielding and pitching departments hitting has fallen off in the past few years. Some of the rule makers seem to think that the change should be effected by handicapping the pitcher, whereas the majority of managers and others connected with the game are crying for a livelier ball. At present it is too dead. If more rubber were put into it to make it livelier, there would be more run getting, and that's what the public likes to see.

The most interesting character in the baseball world today is Edward Hanlon, ex-manager of the Baltimores, who will have charge of the new Brooklyn team this season.

Hanlon is the Napoleon of baseball. It is an old saying that the manager of a successful team is a great manager for that reason only—in a word, that it is the team that makes the manager and not the manager the team. Hanlon has proved the untruthfulness of this. He took hold of the Baltimores when they were regarded as "cast offs" and made them triple winners of the pennant. He has the confidence and respect of his men, two elements without which no manager can be successful. He not only knows how to make good men work well together so as to insure success, but he can also pick out men rejected by others and bring out the latent ability in them and make them stars of the first magnitude. He is the ideal leader of a baseball team.

LEO ETHERINGTON.



STORIES OF THE STAGE.

"A man named Ferguson kept a saloon next door to Ford's theater," said Frank Drew to a reporter in Washington, "and the actors used to congregate there. After the assassination of President Lincoln Ford's theater was closed, and business at Ferguson's was very dull. Ferguson testified at the coroner's inquest that Booth had drunk three glasses of whisky at his bar just before he entered the theater to kill Lincoln. After Ford's was closed the actors there were out of work, and they used to sit in Ferguson's place and wait for an angel to come in and buy drinks. A day or two after the inquest a tall, fine looking gentleman came into the saloon and said to Ferguson:

"'I beg your pardon! Is this Mr. Ferguson?'

"'Yes, sir.'

"'I see by the papers, Mr. Ferguson, that you gave evidence before the coroner's jury that Booth had three drinks of whisky here just before the assassination of the president.'

"'Yes, sir.'

"'Be kind enough to let me have a drink, will you?'

"Ferguson went behind the bar and placed a tumbler before the stranger.

"'I wouldn't swear,' said Ferguson, 'that that is not the very tumbler Booth drank from, but I will swear that this is the identical bottle from which he poured the whisky.'

"The stranger poured out a drink, swallowed it and then asked very soberly:

"'Was it the same kind of whisky?'

"'It was.'

"'Then I forgive Booth. If I were to drink three glasses of that, I would go home and kill my grandmother!'

"The stranger walked out, and Ferguson called up all hands and treated them and begged them never to tell the story."

While Walter Perkins and his "My Friend From India" company were waiting recently at a railway junction a runaway horse came careering along, dragging a box wagon with a farmer in it. Perkins dashed to the rescue, seized the checkrein and brought the horse to a standstill. The farmer slowly climbed from his seat, thoughtfully examined the harness and the wagon, climbed up again and resumed the reins.

"You'd orter be more keerful, young feller," said he, biting off a big mouthful of tobacco, "how you grab that check. His bit pulls kinder tight." And he drove away.

Perkins says he is through with the hero business now.

A well dressed negro descended from the upper regions of Koster & Bial's Music hall, in New York, the other night and timidly asked the doorman for a return check.

"No return checks are issued," replied that official.

"It's a very important matter," said the gentleman of color. "I want to get some peanuts for a lady."

He was permitted to pass out.

Playwright David Belasco was entering the Garrick theater in New York the other night when a diminutive newsboy rushed up to him and shouted: "Wurstry! Terrible accident to President McKinley!"

"Dear me!" said Belasco, fumbling in his pocket for change. "What kind of an accident did he meet with?"

"Nearly drowned, sir!" replied the urchin, his eyes dancing with fun. "He fell through a mattress into the spring."

Belasco gave him a nickel.

Many actresses and beauties make very fair incomes out of the sales of their photographs. Few of the public have any idea of the sums paid by photographers for "sole selling rights." Dickens is credited with having been the first notability to exact a fee for the privilege of taking his portrait. A photographer kept bothering him for sittings, and Dickens asked and obtained $250 as an honorarium. On learning of Dickens' triumph Fanny Kemble refused to sit for less than $250, and then Ada Cavendish demanded and received $1,600. Mary Anderson toward the close of her career used to receive $500 a sitting. Recently a firm of Parisian photographers arranged with Sara Bernhardt for a series of sittings at $250 apiece.

A newspaper correspondent at Manila writes: "I visited the Filipino theaters. The actors, management and audience were natives. An opera was in progress, 'The Murdered King.' The scenes were clever imitations of European scene-makers', and the costumes of the actors might grace their betters. A dash of comedy enlivened such parts as the death scene and the funeral, and the comedy lead had the house from start to finish. The hundreds of natives present were hugely entertained by the Tagal jokes and properly impressed with the work of the heavy tragedian. I have seen worse plays with Seabrooke in the title role. The Filipino circus is another popular resort. The native talent is of a clever order and the entertainment is unique. Tumblers, wrestlers, jugglers, clowns and contortionists do their acts creditably and salaam off the ring in real circus style. The native dancing women have a specialty of their own. They do not kick high enough to make an extra demand for front seats, but their movements are graceful and sinuous, while their skirts, though moderately abbreviated, are bright and picturesque."

Saw Several Dixons.

Jack Everhardt has been telling that flock story of his again and has saddled it on Oscar Gardner this time. When Gardner fought Tommy Dixon, Everhardt was seconding him.

"In one of the rounds," says Everhardt, "Gardner gets a hook on the chin that sets him groggy, and he's groggy all the rest of the round. When he comes back to the seat, he's like a dazed man.

"I says to him, 'What kind of a fight is this you're putting up—swinging any old way?'

"'Never mind,' says he; 'I'll hit one of that flock yet.'

"He was seeing about eight Dixons."

Blind Tom is now making a farewell tour of the world at the head of his concert company.

AMUSEMENT NOTES.

W. S. Gilbert, the librettist, is said to have so little ear for music that he cannot distinguish harmony from discord.

Anna Held has begun the study of Judic's comedy, "Papa's Wife," adapted in English by Harry B. Smith, in which she will appear next season.

One of the pronounced hits of Della Fox's "The Little Host" is a bit of comedy work by H. D. Blakeman. As a white farmhand and also as an Ethiopian in the first act he is said to display rare ability.

A recent occurrence in a Boston theater has called attention once more to that perpetual theatrical nuisance, the encore fiend. In a musical comedy one of the performers, a young woman, did a dance that, while it pleased the audience greatly, subjected her to a very great physical strain. It was always encored, but after one representation the performer usually was able to decline further recalls. But one evening the audience was exceptionally infested with encore fiends. The result was that she was mercilessly compelled to repeat the dance five times, and only after she had succumbed to the strain and collapsed could the noisy nuisance be induced to allow the performance to proceed. The girl was out of the cast, under the care of a physician, for a week after this ordeal.

Aubrey Boucicault is to appear in a play adapted from the French called "A Court Scandal," in which the central figure is Richelieu as a youth of 19.

Nat C. Goodwin is said to be studying Macbeth, Othello, King Lear and other tragic characters.

The latest story of theatrical device is the tale of an "Uncle Tom" manager who sought to escape personal disaster by skipping out, owing all salaries. Members of the company put the bloodhounds on his trail. They caught up with him, and he stole the dogs and started another show.

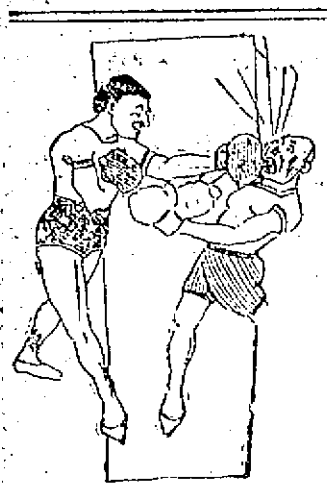
Marie Tempest will shortly play the role of a boy in a Chinese musical comedy in London.

Neil Burgess is lamenting the death of Cold Molasses, the horse so prominent in his "County Fair."

It is announced that Irving and Terry will make a five months' tour of this country next season.

Another name has been added to the dramatic dictionary, "Why Walker Went West."

The news comes from Germany that Mme. Modjeska has made a new translation of "Mazeppa" and will play the title role, which is still associated with the name of Adah Isaacs Menken.



A HAND TO MOUTH EXISTENCE.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

THE SUN ON SALE IN BOSTON.

The five o'clock edition of The Sun is on sale at the news stand in the Union Station, Boston.

STEAMSHIP TICKETS AND DRAFTS.

Sold on the Cunard, Dominion, White Star, American, Anchor, Allen, French and Germania lines to and from Boston, New York, Queenstown and Liverpool. Drafts issued for any amount on all parts of Ireland at Murphy's agency, 18 Appleton street.

PILGRIM BAKING POWDER CO.

We are the local agents for the Pilgrim Baking Powder Co. of Boston. Dickson Bros., the Big Ten Dealers, 69 Merrimack street.

LOCAL NEWS.

BURN WILSON'S COAL.

Smokers enjoy Old Hundred Cigars.

Good goods and low prices at Merrills.

Sadie Lucas of this city is confined to her home by illness.

Elegant rubber tired hacks at O'Donnell's. Telephone 450-4.

Evening classes now forming. Miss Hard's school, Hildreth building.

New spring goods at Gorman & Sullivan's, tailors, 25 Palmer street.

Mrs. Sarah Hand of Boston, formerly of Lowell, is reported as being quite ill.

Sullivan's down town coal office at O'Brien's tea store, 227 Central street. Telephone, 713-2—670-5.

Mr. Cooper of Merrimack Square has gone to New York to select the very latest imported fashions in Ladies' Spring Tailor Made Suits, Coats, etc.

Mr. John Gaffney, the well known foreman of T. Costello, is smoking the most fragrant of Porto Ricans and inviting his friends to join him. It is a boy.

Miss Kittie Baird of the firm of M. A. Baird & Co., is in New York selecting spring millinery. They can be found at the old stand, 14 Merrimack square. Notice of opening later.

REMOVED FROM OFFICE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

TOPEKA, Kan., March 13.—Governor Stanley today issued an order removing from office, state commissioner of Insurance Webb McNall.

A COACHMAN'S WILL.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BOSTON, March 13.—The will of the late James Keough, a coachman, has been allowed probate by Judge McKim in the Suffolk probate court and it gives his life savings, amounting to $28,100 to public charities.

Keough was employed by Martin Brimmer for many years as coachman. He died, leaving no heirs at law.

A TEA PARTY.

A pleasant tea party was given Saturday evening by Miss Ames at her home on Andover street in honor of her guest, Miss Trask of New York. A delightful musical program was given. Vocal solos were rendered by Miss Ames and Miss Irene Pinder; violin solos, Mrs. Alexander Hobbs; whistling solo, Miss Isabella Faulkner.

The dining room was decorated with smilax which was twined from the centre chandelier to the end of the table where it was caught by bunches of violets, white rosebuds and jonquils. Mrs. Frederick T. Walsh and Miss Ludlam were assisted in pouring by a force of a dozen young ladies.

LIQUOR MEN

WANT TO HAVE A WHOLESALE HOUSE AT PELHAM, N. H.

A wholesale liquor house is said to be established at Pelham, N. H., so as to deliver orders easily to this city. Boston wholesale houses are said to have their agents actively at work soliciting orders in this city for delivery after May 1.

MUSIC HALL.

Moving Pictures of the Pope. Music Hall yesterday afternoon and evening held two very large and enthusiastic audiences, the occasion being the first public exhibitions in this city of the marvelous American biograph, which faithfully reproduces those much-talked of and extensively heralded moving pictures of His Holiness, Pope Leo XIII, and a score or more of thrilling and realistic views depicting prominent scenes in our late Spanish-American war and other events of timely and important interest.

That the pictures are the largest and most distinct ever shown is a fact borne out by the exhibition, which bears out much more than has been said in advance by the management. These pictures are certainly nothing short of marvelous and are only the more remarkable from the fact that the views of Pope Leo XIII and other religious celebrities are the only ones ever produced in this manner, and it certainly was a wonderful privilege the biograph company received, that of portraying the wonderful head of the Catholic church and in all probability is the nearest favor to a personal interview with the pope that any audience will ever have.

THE CREW LOST.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

ALEXANDRIA, Va., March 13.—The Potomac river steamer Wakefield which has arrived here, reports that the schooner Annie E. Reynolds from Plymouth, N. C., for Alexandria, was wrecked near Point Lookout on Chesapeake Bay during Tuesday night's storm and Captain B. L. Hill and a crew of six men are said to be lost. The schooner was loaded with lumber. A trunk belonging to one of the crew and a piece of timber on which a sailor had written the supposed fate that awaited the vessel were washed ashore.

Dr. Coburn DENTIST 81 MERK ST.

LAWYER McEVOY

Delivered Very Instructive Address

BEFORE THE TRADES AND LABOR COUNCIL

On Employers' Liability for Employers' Injuries.

The Trades and Labor Council at the regular meeting held yesterday afternoon appointed a committee of three to wait upon the newspapers and invite them to open a subscription column in aid of the Marlboro strikers. The only other business transacted was of a routine nature.

LAWYER McEVOY'S ADDRESS.

After the business John W. McEvoy, Esq., gave the members an instructive address upon "The Liability of an employer to his employes."

Lawyer McEvoy said in part that no greater tribute could be paid the great state of Massachusetts than the progress it had made in labor legislation. Beginning almost within the present generation with an act reducing the hours of labor there is now a large col-

JOHN W. McEVOY, Esq.

lection of various enactments intended to ameliorate the condition of the men, women and children who toil in our mercantile and manufacturing establishments.

In this respect Massachusetts leads all other states, and is second only to Great Britain. But our old commonwealth can still add lustre to its present and remove the reflections on its past by adopting legislation which will as near as possible define the duties of an employer in caring for the safety of his employes, and limit so far as practicable the extent to which a servant shall be deemed to accept the dangers of his employment.

Mr. McEvoy here defined actionable negligence, and its essential ingredients, and discussed the origin of the principles at common law applicable to the relation of employer and employe and those to be applied in actions under the employer's liability act. He said there was too much latitude allowed judges in interpreting the law from the standpoint of their own prejudices and too much weakness displayed by them in adhering to old precedents that should become obsolete with the rapidly changing conditions of the present.

There is no certain test for negligence, and no special rule by which it can be defined. It depends on circumstances of time, place and person, and it is manifestly absurd to confine the servant to the same rule of conduct in the management of the complicated machinery and appliances of today as was held to be the standard in the handling of the simple and crude mechanism of the past. The decisions of our Massachusetts' courts are much cited and admired, but they have been severely and justly criticised for the sympathetic interest they have taken in guarding corporations charged with neglecting the physical protection of its employes. This may not be truly said of the court as presently constituted, but until some further statutory provisions are made our supreme court will continue to be hampered by precedents from which it would doubtless like to be relieved.

It is a rule of common law to abide by former precedents where substantially the same point comes up again for determination, and this rigid adherence gave rise to courts of equity as it did to the employer's liability law Common law being unwritten and indefinite, there is too much discretion allowed judges in interpreting the law, and inculding it with their own prejudices. Especially should this power be curbed where it involves the life and limb of helpless operatives toward whom the city or state may be compelled to discharge obligations that reckless employers should be made to assume.

The decisions of English courts had become so notoriously in favor of wealthy employers that in 1877 the British parliament, composed almost entirely of that class, appointed a committee to consider what legislation was required to curtail the judge making power, and equalize the conditions between master and servant. As a result of this committee's labor, the employer's liability act was passed in 1880, and offensive judicial legislation thereby received a setback. In 1887 our legislature substantially enacted the British act, and much benefit has since accrued to the working men and women of the state. But the act is too limited in its scope and though it modified the extreme and ridiculous position which our courts took on the doctrine of fellow servants, there still remains the unequal and unjust theory of assumption of risks.

The theory is, in effect, that a servant who knows, or might by the exercise of reasonable care know that his employment is dangerous in any particular, whether from defective machinery, defective methods of work, insufficient help, the negligence of fellow servants, or any other cause, accepts the risks of being hurt without being able to recover at law any damages therefor, without any question as to whether the damage arose from the negligence of the master or not. This doctrine is rigorously enforced in the courts of this commonwealth, although having no foundation on any express will of the people. It is merely a theory invented and enforced by judges who intend evidently to perpetuate it until the legislature steps in, and defines the duty in terms incapable of being misconstrued. It is founded upon a musty old maxim, "Violenti non fit injuria," an injury is not done to the unwilling.

To speak of a man as violens, or willing, who assumes the perils and hazards of a dangerous employment under the coercive influence of obtaining bread and butter for himself and family is trifling with law and reason.

I would have a law passed providing compensation for all accidents received in the course of employment, whether any negligence on the part of either employer or employe could be proved or not. Similar legislation was passed two years ago in Great Britain and last year bills were introduced to the same effect in the legislature of New York state. Its provisions are based on the principle that compensation for injuries is nothing but part of the legitimate cost of the product and that consequently they should be paid by the consumer in the first instance. The objection that the employes might grow careless is obviated by the method adopted for adjusting the amounts and manner of payment. The constitutionality of the New York bill has been passed upon favorably by an eminent New York attorney.

Even France and Germany have adopted measures in this direction and every effort should be made to have our own state maintain its reputation for progress by enacting similar legislation. Such a measure would doubtless encounter great opposition from corporate interests but their losses could be adjusted by a system of insurance and the better feeling it would engender in the help. It would afford great protection to the employe and be a source of security to him and his family.

The Trades and Labor Councils can do much that is beneficial for the present and future welfare of the laboring man in the way that I have endeavored to indicate. But to obtain these results there must be concerted action and unity of purpose. There can be no question, too, that the state has the right to legislate for the protection of the lives and limbs of its citizens by preventing unnecessary exposure and the assumption of unreasonable risks, but the state itself will not do this without the intervention of those interested.

At the conclusion of the address, Mr. McEvoy was interrogated as to existing conditions in several of the local corporations and he replied in a comprehensive manner. Upon motion he was extended a rising vote of thanks.

MR. CONNELLY EXPLAINS.

Mr. Thomas F. Connelly, secretary of the Carders' and Picker's union, has issued the following address to the union.

Fellow Members—The regular monthly meeting of our union will be held at Loomfixers' hall on Tuesday evening, March 14, when the financial report of the union will be placed before you.

We are pleased to note that our local mill managers have fallen into line and agreed to restore in full the wage schedules that were in force prior to January 17, 1898.

It is true that the cotton industry is rapidly improving with every prospect that it will continue so, but it is also true that it is due to the well organized trade unions of Fall River that we are to receive a full restoration of our old wages at this time; it is also true that all mill operatives who are working for daily wages and will not support the union of their trade are greater foes to the onward march of the labor cause than any tyrant employer.

A vigorous canvass is now being made among the textile workers to increase the membership of the several unions and from present indications we are sanguine that the time is not far distant when every textile union will be able to count the dollars in its treasury by the thousands. A well filled treasury is to a labor union what Dewey's guns were to the Spaniards at Manila, an irristatable argument.

The meeting will be open to every employe of the card and picker rooms and we urge every member to strive to bring at least one of these to our meeting who have thus far been wandering aimlessly through the wilderness of individualism for it is by unity of purpose only that our people will reach the goal to which we aspire, namely, fair treatment, reasonable working hours and wages that will maintain us who are the actual producers of wealth as we deserve.

DRAWING SCHOOL GRADUATES.

The graduates of the evening drawing school which closed Friday night are as follows:

Mechanical department, Kenneth James McKittrick, Charles Jenkins, George Eliot Kershaw, Arthur Harrison, Ralph Hayden, Ralph W. Goodhue, and James W. Buchanan; architectural department, G. P. Kimball, E. A. Barris, G. L. Walker, F. W. Huntington, E. V. Dozois, J. G. Marshall, E. C. Draper and Victor Perreault; free hand drawing, Fred Eliot Hindle; Willard Augustus Parker, Arthur Bickford Stroul, Emma Gertrude Boire and Edith Clara Merchant; practical design four years' course, Cora Buckland and John Brennan.

BIRTHDAY PARTY.

Mrs. McCoy of 5 Ware street celebrated the anniversary of her birth Saturday at her home. Friends called in large numbers and the following entertainment program was given: Instrumental selections, Mrs. C. E. Woodbury; vocal solo, Mr. E. A. Cheney; duet, Mrs. Gordon and Mr. E. A. Cheney; instrumental music by Mrs. Harriet Shirley. Among the guests was Chief of the fire department, E. S. Hosmer.

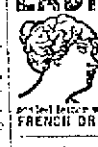
BOWLING NEWS.

Although four of the members of Company G rolled into the 400s at the Armory Saturday and the 6 rollers of 400 scores only numbered three, the latter won. Score:

Company C—Livingston, 385; Varnum 386; Richardson, 476; Peters, 469; Kittredge, 466; total, 2122.

Company G—Fairweather, 413; Prescott, 369; Driscoll, 429; Brock, 426; Durrant, 403; totals, 2040.

LADIES Relief at Last DR. MARTEL'S French Female Pills



Trained by thousands of satisfied ladies as safe, always reliable and without an equal. Ask druggist for Dr. Martel's French Female Pills in metal box with French Face on top in Blue, White and Red. Take no other. Sold by druggists, or "Relief for Women" mailed (sealed) in plain wrapper, letter with testimonials and particulars, 4 stamps. FRENCH DRUG CO., 301 and 303 Pearl St., N. Y.

DOMINION LINE. Fast Twin Screw Passenger Service

BOSTON to QUEENSTOWN and LIVERPOOL.

Average passage under seven days. Sailing from Fitchburg R. R. Docks as follows:

S. S. "DOMINION" Sails WEDNESDAY, Feb. 22, at 8 a. m.

S. S. "NEW ENGLAND" Sails WEDNESDAY, March 1, at 12:30 p. m.

S. S. "CANADA" Sails March 15 at 1 p. m.

Saloon passage $50 and upwards. Second cabin $30; round trip $56. Steerage $22.50.

For passage, plans and information apply at the company's office, 108 State street, Boston, or in Lowell to Dennis Murphy, Agt., 18 Appleton street; J. F. O'Donnell, Market, corner Worthen streets; F. B. Leeds, 5 Bridge street, O. A. Bernston, 780 Gorham street.

New Book Stand in Basement—New Bargains. - - We Fit Corsets. See the P. N. 505, $1.00

THE BON MARCHE DRY GOODS CO.

THE BIG STORE BEING MADE BIGGER.

Extensive alterations fast nearing completion. Entire change made on all three floors. Latest modern storeimprovements for the convenience of our patrons done at a great expense to us. Our pay will be your appreciation. Call in this week, secure a bargain and at the same time get an idea of what we are going to look like a week from Friday next.

HERE ARE A FEW THINGS TO DRAW YOU HITHER:

BOOK DEPT.

This department, now located in basement, foot of new stairway (left).

Full half pound packages Fine Irish Linen Writing Paper for 10 cents.

Full 1 lb packages Irish Linen Writing Paper, ruled and plain, now only 19 cents.

Full pound packages of paper and envelopes, fine quality, 25 cents each.

DOMESTIC DEPT.

Quo Vadis, by Sienkiewicz, bound in linen, our price, 19 cents each.

This department also moved down stairs, foot of new stairway (right.)

1 bale yard wide Unbleached Cotton, in one to 10 yards, only 4 cents yard.

40 inch Unbleached Sheeting to go now at 6 1-4 cents yard.

Unbleached Sheeting, 6 1-4 yards wide for only 12 1-2 cents yard.

DOMESTIC DEPT.

Bleached Sheeting, full 9-4 wide, for only 15 cents yard.

LINEN DEPT.

This department now located in the basement; take new stairway, front of main entrance.

LINEN DEPT.

Bleached and Unbleached Turkish Towels for 5 cents each.

Hemstitch Towels, bleached huck and fancy, only 10 cents each.

Bleached Turkish Towels, large size and very heavy, 19 cents each.

Linen Huck Towels, large size, slightly imperfect, 12 1-2 cents each.

WASH GOODS,

This Dept. Now Located in New Part in Basement.

Fancy P. K's, the latest thing for waists, skirts and suits, only 12 1-2 cents a yard.

Wide wale P K or English Welts, (white only) 19 cents a yard.

Fine Zephyr effect Ginghams, in natty styles, a bargain at 9 cents a yard.

Sea Island Percales, full yard wide, new patterns, 2 to 10 yards, 7 1-2 cents and 9 cents a yard.

We have a table of organdies worth from 8 cents to 37 cents they now go at 5c to 15c a yard.

New P. K. Dilly cloth, heavy texture, 32 inches. Stylish for waists, at 12 1-2 cents a yard.

GLASS WARE.

Special Item for This Week. See Special Counter.

Etched Tankard Pitchers, 2 quarts size, only 69c each.

Fancy colored Bon Bon Dishes, only 10c each.

Imitation Cut Glass Butter Dishes at 10c each.

Imitation Cut Glass, 4-piece table set (creamer, sugar, butter and spoon) 35c set.

Imitation Cut Glass Salts and Peppers, sterling silver tops, 19c. each.

Imitation Cut Glass Vinegar Jugs, only 10c.

CANDY DEPT.

If you want some Candy cheap (not cheap Candy), come to our Ribbon Dept. and get it at your own price (so to speak). We must close it out this week.

PETTICOATS FOR LADIES.

Having to move these goods this week we will at this time call your attention to a few specials to induce you to find the new location.

Just in. A few dozens of fancy Colored Skirts, in plaid effects, 49 cents each.

The new Metallic Rubber Effect circle flounce skirts, just as good as the $3.00 ones for service, $1.98.

A special lot Black Satine and fancy stripe skirts to go at 79 cents.

SOROSIS SHOES FOR WOMEN, $3.50. NEW IDEA PAPER PATTERNS, All Kinds, All Sizes, 10C.

ANOTHER VICTORY

The Burkes Scored Just in Time.

WEST FITCHBURG TEAM WAS BEATEN

High School Team Won in Lawrence.

The West Fitchburg basket ball team went down in defeat before the Burkes in Associate Hall Saturday night.

The game was the fastest and at the same time the roughest witnessed here this season. It took the Burkes some time to "size up" the game of their opponents and when the locals saw it was a case of "roughing" with the visitors, they went right in to win.

The visitors are a strong team and are credited with a victory over the strong Hudson team.

Their only scoring in Saturday night's game was in the first half minute of play when they threw a goal. The Burkes scored two goals in the second half. Kelleher played a brilliant game and figured in all the scoring. The first goal was thrown after he had carried the ball the entire length of the hall, tossing it to "Pete" Regan who was in waiting for it and dropped it into the basket. The second goal was a dandy for Kelleher. He again took the ball down the side of the hall and with the score a tie and only ten seconds left in which to score, he threw a basket and brought victory to the Burkes. Regan, Neville and Tierney played their usual game.

O'Neil took a rest as his arm is not yet in such a condition as to permit of his playing. Healey took his place and at times played a cleverer game. He is able to play and should jump into the game with the spirit and dash that characterize the play of the others. If he does that he will hold up his end all right.

The visitors played a good, fast game and the two teams are very evenly matched and will play a grand game whenever they meet. The summary:

Burkes.	Y.M.C.U.
Reagan, lf	rg, Sullivan
Tierney, capt. rf	lg, Godley
Healey, c	c, Harper
Kelleher, rg	lf, Orr
Neville, lg	rf Looney capt.
Rooney, sub	sub, Burns

Score—Burkes, 4; Y.M.C.U., 2. Baskets scored from floor, Godley, Reagan, Kelleher. Umpire and referee—J. J. McCarty. Timekeepers—Coughlin and Hayes. Time of game—Two 20-minute halves.

The Burkes second team and the Y.M.C.A. second team will play in Associate hall Thursday night.

The Mathews and the High Schools will play in Associate Hall Saturday night.

Playing a team of A1 basket ball players and a referee is no easy task to perform but according to all accounts from the rooters of the Lowell High school who accompanied that team to Lawrence Saturday night to play the High's of the down river city, that is what the Lowell boys did and they won, though got without a great effort to which the local team was inspired by Capt. Bob White. In the first half the Lawrence team was a puzzle to their opponents scoring six points to one by the latter. In the second however, the game was played in its entirety by the Lowells who met the rushes and passing of the locals with surpassing quickness and science. The code of signals of the Lowells worked like a charm and the result was that 12 points and a victory were scored in this half by the team from this city. The summary:

Lowell High.	Lawrence High.
Loughlin, lf	rg, Buchold, Taylor
Pierson, rf	lg, C. E. Morrison (capt.)
Crowe, c	c, Brewster
(Capt.) White, lg	rf Bedell
Wilinsky, rg	lf, Townsend

Score—Lowell High, 13. Lawrence High 10. Goals—Scored by Wilinsky 2, Pierson 2, Loughlin, Townsend 2, Brewster, Bedell. Points on fouls—Scored by Pierson 3 Townsend 2. Referees—F. P. Shaw (Lowell), Fox (Lawrence). Timekeepers—Clifton Hedrick (Lowell), Hescott (Lawrence). Time—20 minute halves.

CRISP GOSSIP.

Easter Sunday will be two weeks from Sunday next.

An elderly man created lots of fun for a number of people on Merrimack Square yesterday, although he did not enjoy the joke at all. He slipped and in trying to save himself opened wide his mouth. It was just his luck that his false teeth should drop out and be broken.

Public funerals are expensive. The cost of the funeral of the late Nelson Dingley, whose body was conveyed to his home up in Lewiston, Me., was about $4500. The special train provided for the delegation appointed to represent the both houses cost nearly $3500. The singers at the funeral charged $60 for their services. The undertaker knowing that the entire bill was to be paid from the federal treasury sent in a bill of $500. Other charges, equally exhorbitant, are noted, but the matter of expense is not the only objectionable feature of the affair. People might not be inclined to find fault if these funeral parties, in honor of distinguished legislators, were conducted decently and in order, but when it is known that the government is required to pay for liquors to keep the congressional delegates in good spirits on these junkets, there is occasion for emphatic protest. It is said that "out of respect for the dead statesman's total abstinence ideas." Congressman Boutelle managed to keep the Dingley funeral train free from liquid refreshments as far as Portsmouth in New Hampshire but when that city was reached a large purchase of whiskey and champagne was made "by direction of a prominent statesman."

An unusually large number of empty tenements are noticed about the Southern section of the city.

A bill has been reported to the legislature in behalf of the committee on taxation which imposes a tax on legacies, successions and certain other transfers. It is a very important bill, and goes even further than the bill of last year, which was referred to the general court. This bill provides that a tax on its clear market value shall be imposed on legacies of real and personal property not exceeding $50,000 of one per cent., exceeding $50,000 to $100,000 of two per cent, exceeding $100,000 to $500,000 of three per cent, exceeding $500,000 to $1,000,000 four per cent., exceeding $1,000,000 to $5,000,000 six per cent., exceeding $5,000,000 to $10,000,000, eight per cent exceeding $10,000,000, ten per cent. The tax is to be distributed among the cities and towns according to population and applied first to the payment of existing debts the residue for ordinary purposes.

I think my friend, the redoubtable John L. Sullivan, is in training for a diplomatic career. Certainly he seems to have ideas that should recommend him to the people at Washington. When asked his opinion the other day regarding the Filipinos, the robust John vociferously replied: "We'll always have trouble with that bunch of heathens. I hear they are cannibals and if they catch a white man they boil him and eat him. Will American stand for that? This Aguinaldo is nothing but a fresh kind of citizens? Not in a thousand. kid and he's making a monkey of himself and the rest of the Filipinos. The way to make peace in the Islands is to exterminate the whole push." I shall be pleased to give John L. a letter of introduction to General Otis at any time if he thinks it would help him.

A judicial decision on the hotel sandwich is said in Lowell to be a long felt want. In Lawrence the sandwich has been adjudged a delusion and a snare.

BLAISDELL WAS DEFAULTED.

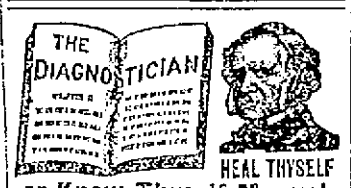
By Associated Press to The Sun.

BOSTON, March 13.—The Suffolk county grand jury reported Saturday in the Superior criminal court for the March sitting. There were fifty true bills and twenty no bills, both lists being unusually large. Among the true bills appears the names of Robert Scott, charged with manslaughter in causing the death of a seaman by throwing him down the hold of a vessel in Charlestown.

An indictment was returned against B. F. Blaisdell, president of the saddlery firm of Charles Atkinson, which did business for a time in this city, for receiving stolen money. Charles Atkinson, the treasurer of the concern, was convicted some time ago upon an indictment in which he was charged with embezzlement in 11 counts and was sentenced for the offence. It was further claimed that he did not receive all the benefit from the transaction and it was this fact that led to the arrest of Blaisdell.

When Blaisdell was called for he failed to respond and was defaulted. He was out on $4000 bail.

Uniformity is essential in all medicinal articles, and never more so than in liquors. Therein is the superiority of the G. O. Taylor Old Bourbon and Pure Rye Whiskey. Ask your physician to test it. C. H. Graves & Sons, sole proprietors, Boston, Mass. Never sold in bulk; always in sealed bottles.



or Know Thyself Manual.

A 70-page pamphlet by a Philanthropist and eminent medical authority.

This unique Vade Mecum of Medical Science for MEN ONLY, whether married, unmarried, or about to marry; young, middle aged or old. Price 25 cents by mail, sealed; sent free for 6 days. Address The Peabody Medical Institute, No. 4 Bulfinch St., Boston, Mass. Chief Consulting Physician, graduate of Harvard Medical College, class 1861. Has Screen on his face, body, etc., the most eminent specialist in ALWAYS CURES America, who Cures Others Fail. Consultation in person or by letter, from 9 to 6. Sundays 10 to 1.

The Peabody Medical Institute has not retained but subjected it to a test with as only a meritorious institution could undergo.—Boston Journal.

The Peabody Medical Institute has many imitators but no equals.—Boston Herald.

Weak Men Made Vigorous

What PEFFER'S NERVIGOR Did!

It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men regain lost manhood; old men recover youthful vigor. Absolutely Guaranteed to Cure Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power either sex, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excesses and indiscretion. Wards off insanity and consumption. Don't let druggist impose a worthless substitute on you because it yields a greater profit. Insist on having PEFFER'S NERVIGOR, or send for it. Can be carried in vest pocket. Prepaid, plain wrapper, $1 per box, or 6 for $5, with A Written Guaranty to Cure or Refund Money. Pamphlet free. PEFFER MEDICAL ASS'N, Chicago.

Sold by Ellingwood & Co., cor. Central and Merrimack Sts.

Cook, Taylor & Co.

CENTRAL STREET.

We bought last week from a prominent New York Importing House at less than auction prices 10,000 yards of Black Satin Duchesse. They are all silk, extra fine quality and have an elegant lustre. They come 22, 24 and 27 inches wide, and are worth 89c, $1 and $1.25 yard, but we shall offer them today and while they last at 49c, 59c, and 69c a yard.

This is by far the greatest satin bargain ever offered in Lowell.

Black Dress Goods.

Today we open up our New Spring line of Black Dress Goods, comprising all the latest novelties, striped effects, Mohairs, Brilliantines and other popular weaves in all grades, qualities and prices.

SPECIAL.—10 pieces black silk Mohair Crepon, handsome goods with a rich lustre, regular $1.75 and $2 quality at $1.25 and $1.50 a yard.

THE WALKER BROTHERS

MUSIC HALL

W. H. BOODY, Manager.

4 days commencing Sunday, March 12. Sunday, Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday. Daily Matinees at 2.30 p. m.

The world famous Moving Pictures

American Biograph

As shown at Keith's, Boston. Including those marvelous pictures of His Holiness, Pope Leo XIII. Benefit Pawtucketville new Catholic Church Fund. Prices 10 and 20 cents; no higher.

3 nights and 1 matinee, commencing Thursday matinee, March 16, JEROME'S

Black Crook Extravaganza

Headed by MINNIE CLINE.

Seats now on sale.

POLICE NOTICE.

Office of the Board of Police, Lowell, Mass., March 11, 1899.

Notice is hereby given to all licensed expressmen, job wagon men, hack and coupe drivers, and fish peddlers, that their licenses will expire March 31, 1899. If these persons desire to obtain licenses for any of these businesses for the year 1899-1900, they must make application at this office not later than March 24, 1899.

By order of the BOARD OF POLICE, Joseph Smith, Clerk.

NEW SPRING GOODS

Consider yourself personally invited to spend as much time as you like in examining our goods, even if you never buy a cents worth. The store is a store; yet it is also an exhibition.

LOUIS ALEXANDER,

Formerly of Fifth Avenue, New York, IMPORTER AND TAILOR, 65 CENTRAL STREET. PAUL O. KABLE, Assistant.